



**THE DATASHEET OF
AP7362A-18SP-13**



**1.5A, LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT, FAST TRANSIENT
ULTRA-LOW DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATOR**
Description

The AP7362 is a 1.5A adjustable output voltage linear regulator with ultra-low dropout. The device includes pass element, error amplifier, band-gap, current limit and thermal shutdown circuitry. The integrated Enable block allows the part to be turned on and off via a logic signal. A logic high level on EN turns the device on and a logic low turns the part off.

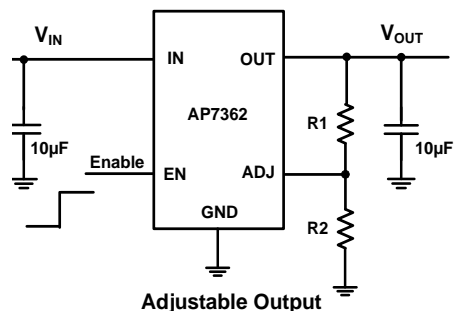
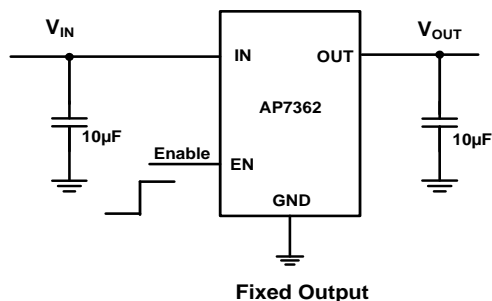
The low dropout voltage characteristics and fast transient response to step changes in load make it suitable for low voltage microprocessor applications. The typical quiescent current is approximately 0.5mA and changes little with load current. The built-in current-limit and thermal-shutdown functions prevent damage to the IC in fault conditions.

This device is available in U-DFN2030-8 and SO-8EP packages.

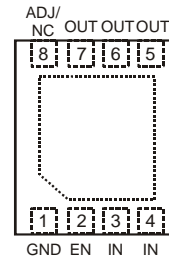
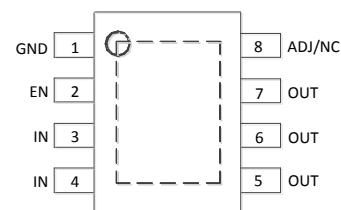
Features

- 1.5A Ultra-Low Dropout Linear Regulator with EN
- Ultra-Low Dropout: 190mV at 1.5A
- Stable with 10µF Input/Output Capacitor, any Type
- Wide Input Voltage Range: 2.2V to 5.5V
- Adjustable Output Voltage: 0.6V to 5.0V
- Fixed Output Options: 1V, 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V
- Low Ground Pin Current
- 25nA Quiescent Current in Shutdown Mode
- V_{ADJ} Accuracy of $\pm 1.5\%$ @ +25°C
- V_{ADJ} Accuracy of $\pm 3\%$ Over Line, Load and Temperature
- Excellent Load/Line Transient Response
- Current Limit and Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Ambient Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C
- U-DFN2030-8, SO-8EP Packages
- **Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)**
- **Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)**

- Notes:
1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
 2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead_free.html for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

Typical Application Circuit


$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right) \text{ where } R2 \leq 10k\Omega$$

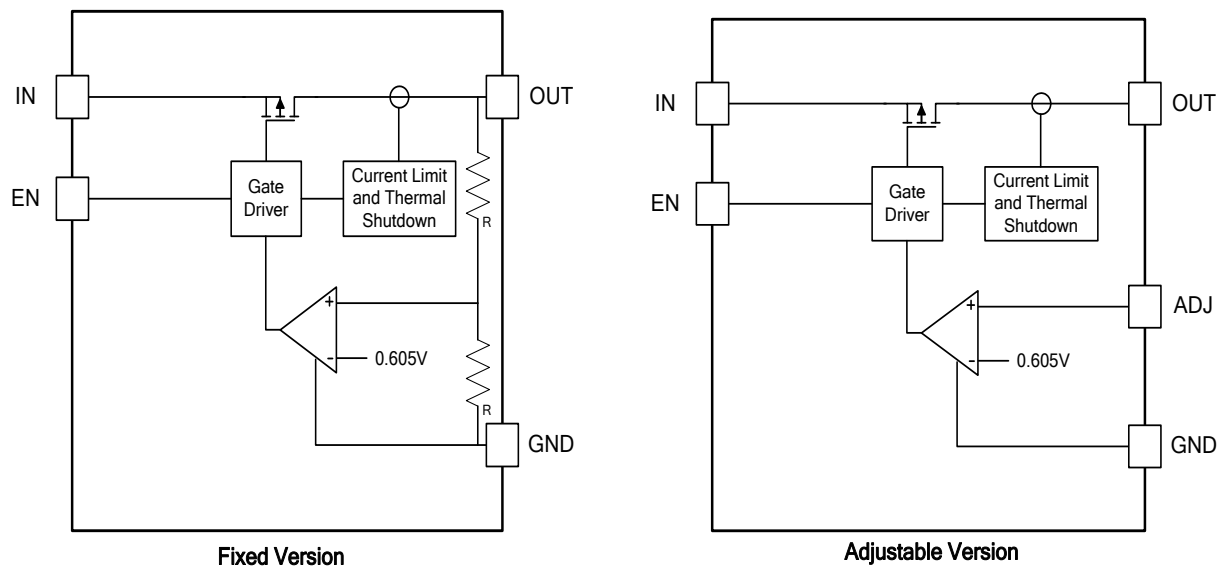
Pin Assignments
(Top View)

U-DFN2030-8
(Top View)

SO-8EP
Applications

- ASIC Power Supplies in Printers, Graphics Cards, DVD Players, STBs, Routers, etc.
- FPGA and DSP Core or I/O Power Supplies
- SMPS Regulator
- Conversion from 3.3V or 5V Rail

Pin Descriptions

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Function |
|------------|----------|--|
| 1 | GND | Ground. |
| 2 | EN | Enable input, active high. |
| 3, 4 | IN | Voltage input pin. |
| 5, 6, 7 | OUT | Voltage output pin. |
| 8 | ADJ/NC | Output feedback pin for adjustable version only – a resistor divider from this pin to the OUT pin and ground sets the output voltage. / No connection for fixed output version. |
| – | EP | The exposed pad (EP) is used to remove heat from the package and it is recommended that it is connected to a copper area. The die is electrically connected to the exposed pad. It is recommended to connect it externally to GND, but should not be the only ground connection. |

Functional Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 4) (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

| Symbol | Parameter | Ratings | Unit |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------|
| ESD HBM | Human Body Model ESD Protection | 2000 | V |
| ESD MM | Machine Model ESD Protection | 200 | V |
| V _{IN} | Input Voltage | -0.3 to 6.0 | V |
| V _{OUT} , V _{EN} | OUT, EN Voltage | -0.3V to 6.0 | V |
| I _{OUT} | Continuous Load Current | Internal Limited | A |
| T _{ST} | Storage Temperature Range | -65 to +150 | °C |
| T _J | Maximum Junction Temperature | +150 | °C |

Note: 4. Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress Ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Recommended Operating Conditions (@ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit |
|-----------|---|-----|------|------------------|
| V_{IN} | Input Voltage | 2.2 | 5.5 | V |
| I_{OUT} | Output Current | 0 | 1.5 | A |
| T_A | Operating Ambient Temperature | -40 | +85 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| T_J | Operating Junction Temperature (Note 5) | -40 | +125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Note: 5. Operating junction temperature must be evaluated and derated as needed, based on ambient temperature (T_A), power dissipation (P_D), maximum allowable operating junction temperature (T_{J-MAX}), and package thermal resistance (θ_{JA}).

Electrical Characteristics

(@ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 10\mu\text{F}$, $C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$, $V_{EN} = 2\text{V}$, unless otherwise stated.)

Minimum and maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, and are provided for reference purposes only.

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|
| V_{ADJ} | ADJ Pin Voltage | $V_{IN} = V_{IN-MIN}$ to V_{IN-MAX} , $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ to 1.5A | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | 0.584 | 0.605 | 0.626 | V |
| | | | Over temp | 0.575 | – | 0.635 | |
| V_{ADJ} | ADJ Pin Voltage (A Grade) | $V_{IN} = V_{IN-MIN}$ to V_{IN-MAX} , $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ to 1.5A | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | 0.596 | 0.605 | 0.614 | V |
| | | | Over temp | 0.587 | – | 0.623 | |
| I_{ADJ} | ADJ Pin Bias Current | $V_{IN} = V_{IN-MIN}$ to V_{IN-MAX} | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | – | 50 | – | nA |
| | | | Over temp | – | – | 750 | |
| $V_{DROPOUT}$ | Dropout Voltage (Note 6) | $I_{OUT} = 1.5\text{A}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{V}$ | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | – | 190 | 240 | mV |
| | | | Over temp | – | – | 280 | |
| $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$ | Line Regulation (Note 7) | $V_{IN} = V_{IN-MIN}$ to V_{IN-MAX} | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | – | 0.04 | – | %V |
| | | | Over temp | – | 0.05 | – | |
| $\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$ | Load Regulation (Note 7) | $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ to 1.5A | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | – | 0.18 | – | %A |
| | | | Over temp | – | 0.33 | – | |
| I_{GND} | Ground Pin Current in Normal Operation Mode | $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ to 1.5A | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | – | 1 | 1.2 | mA |
| | | | Over temp | – | – | 1.3 | |
| I_{SHDN} | Ground Pin Current | $V_{EN} < V_{IL}$ | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | – | 0.025 | 0.125 | μA |
| | | | Over temp | – | – | 15 | |
| I_{OUT-PK} | Peak Output Current | $V_{OUT} \geq V_{OUT-NOM} - 5\%$ | | – | 3.6 | – | A |
| I_{SC} | Short Circuit Current | OUT Grounded | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | – | 3.7 | – | A |
| | | | Over temp | 2 | – | – | |
| V_{IH} | Enable Logic High | $V_{IN} = V_{IN-MIN}$ to V_{IN-MAX} | Over temp | 1.4 | – | – | V |
| V_{IL} | Enable Logic Low | $V_{IN} = V_{IN-MIN}$ to V_{IN-MAX} | Over temp | – | – | 0.65 | |
| I_{IH} | Enable Pin High Current | $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ | | – | 1 | – | nA |
| I_{IL} | Enable Pin Low Current | $V_{EN} = 0\text{V}$ | | – | 0.1 | – | |
| $t_{D(OFF)}$ | Turn-Off Delay | From $V_{EN} < V_{IL}$ to $V_{OUT} = \text{OFF}$, $I_{OUT} = 1.5\text{A}$ | | – | 25 | – | μs |
| $t_{D(ON)}$ | Turn-On Delay | From $V_{EN} > V_{IH}$ to $V_{OUT} = \text{ON}$, $I_{OUT} = 1.5\text{A}$ | | – | 25 | – | μs |

Notes: 6. Dropout voltage is the minimum voltage difference between the input and the output at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value. For any output voltage less than 2.5V, the minimum V_{IN} operating voltage is the limiting factor.
7. The line and load regulation specification contains only the typical number. However, the limits for line and load regulation are included in the adjust voltage tolerance specification.

Electrical Characteristics (Cont.)

(@T_A = +25°C, V_{IN} = 3.3V, V_{OUT} = 1.8V, I_{OUT} = 10mA, V_{EN} = V_{IN}, C_{IN} = 10μF, C_{OUT} = 10μF, V_{EN} = 2V, unless otherwise stated.)

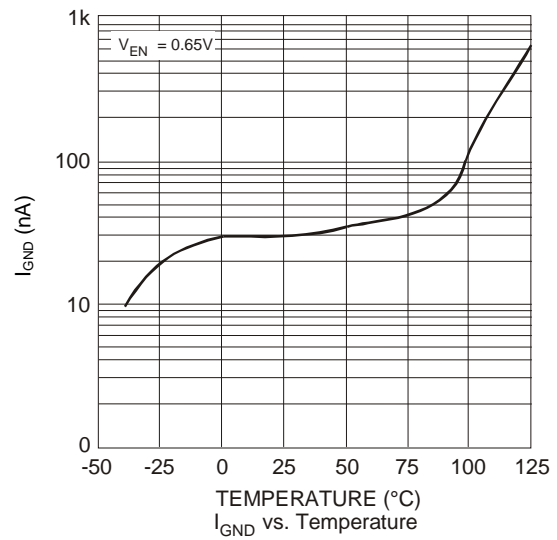
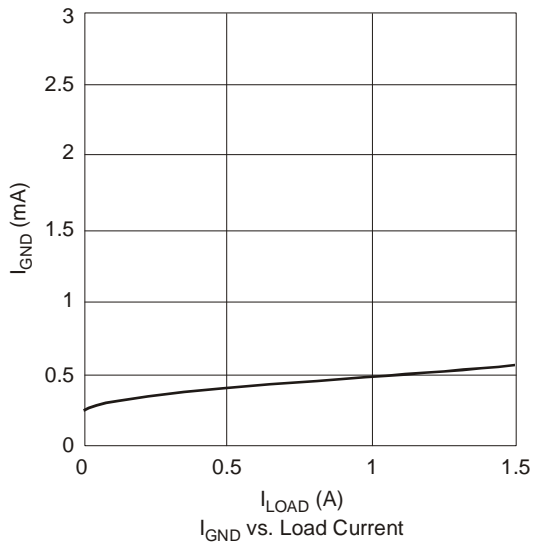
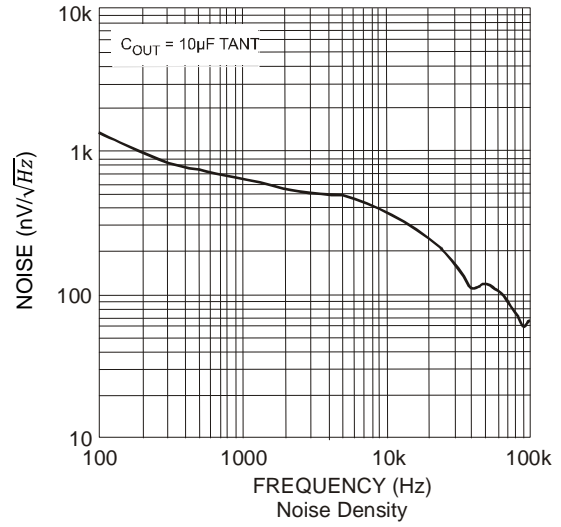
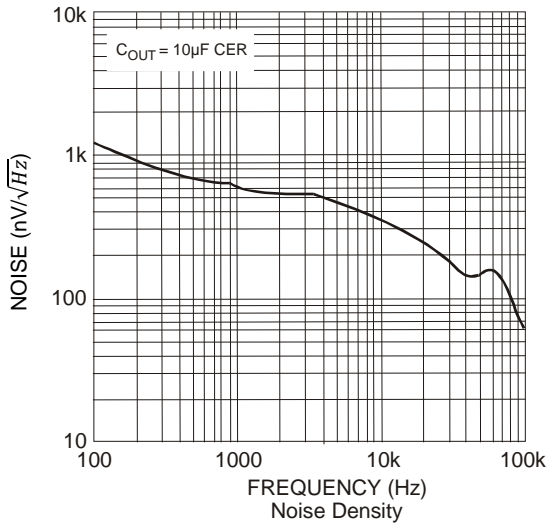
Minimum and maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at T_A = +25°C, and are provided for reference purposes only.

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|--|--|-----|------|-----|---------|
| PSRR | Ripple Rejection | V _{IN} = 3.0V, I _{OUT} = 1.5A, f = 120Hz | – | 65 | – | dB |
| | | V _{IN} = 3.0V, I _{OUT} = 1.5A, f = 1kHz | – | 61 | – | |
| ρ _{n(l/f)} | Output Noise Density | f = 120Hz, C _{OUT} = 10μF ceramic | – | 1.0 | – | μV/√Hz |
| e _n | Output Noise Voltage | BW = 100Hz – 100kHz, C _{OUT} = 10μF ceramic | – | 90 | – | μV(rms) |
| T _{SHDN} | Thermal Shutdown Threshold | T _J Rising | – | +170 | – | °C |
| T _{HYS} | Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis | T _J Falling from T _{SHDN} | – | +10 | – | |
| θ _{JA} | Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient | U-DFN2030-8 (Note 8) | – | 85.0 | – | °C/W |
| | | SO-8EP (Note 8) | – | 52.8 | – | |
| θ _{JC} | Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case | U-DFN2030-8 (Note 8) | – | 17.0 | – | °C/W |
| | | SO-8EP (Note 8) | – | 10.0 | – | |

Note: 8. Device mounted on 2" x 2" FR-4 substrate PCB, 2oz copper with minimum recommended pad layout.

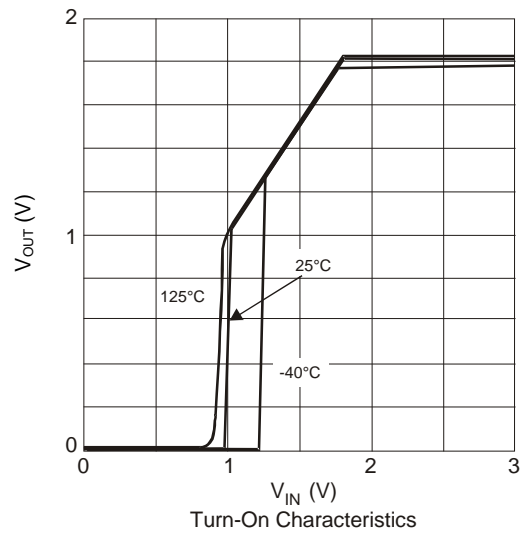
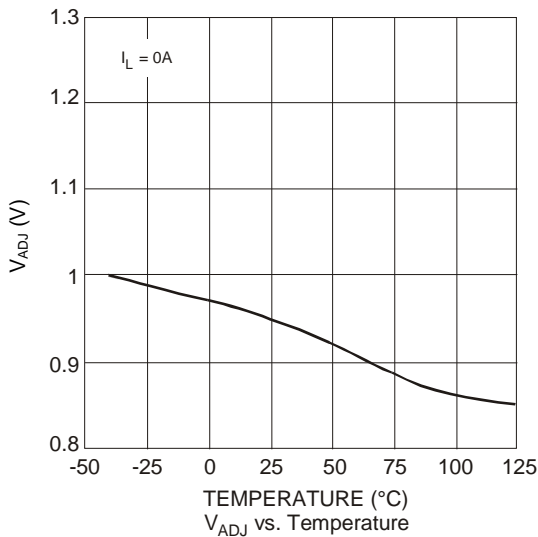
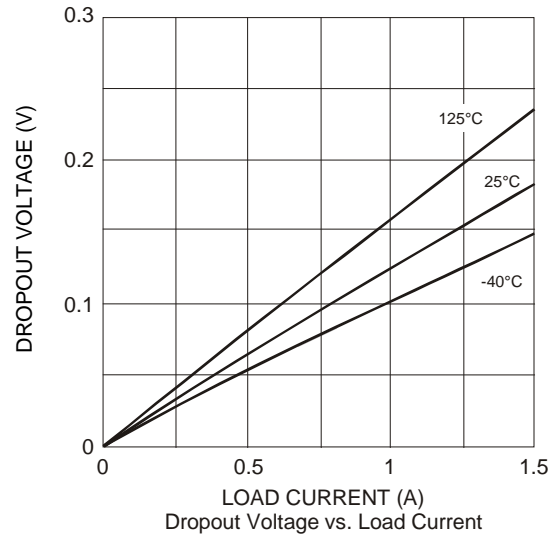
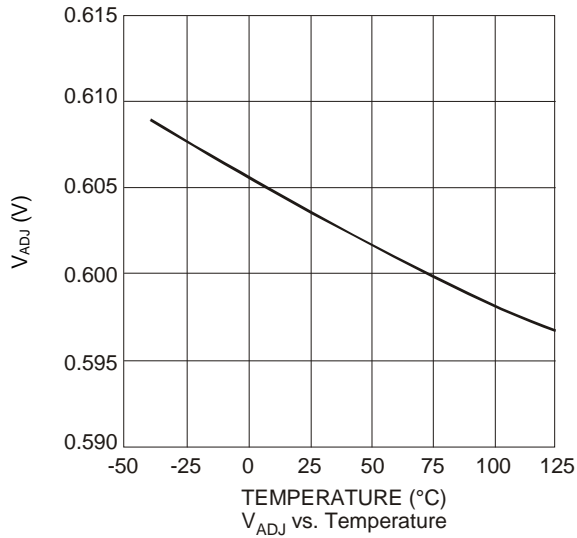
Typical Performance Characteristics

(@T_A = +25°C, V_{IN} = 2.7V, V_{EN} = V_{IN}, C_{IN} = 10μF, C_{OUT} = 10μF, I_{OUT} = 10mA, V_{OUT} = 1.8V, unless otherwise stated.)



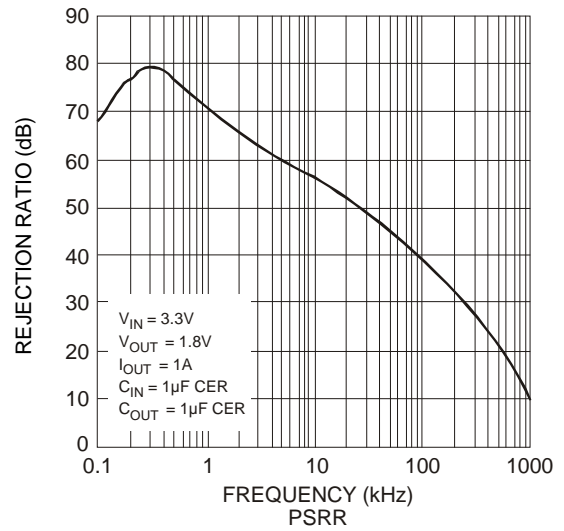
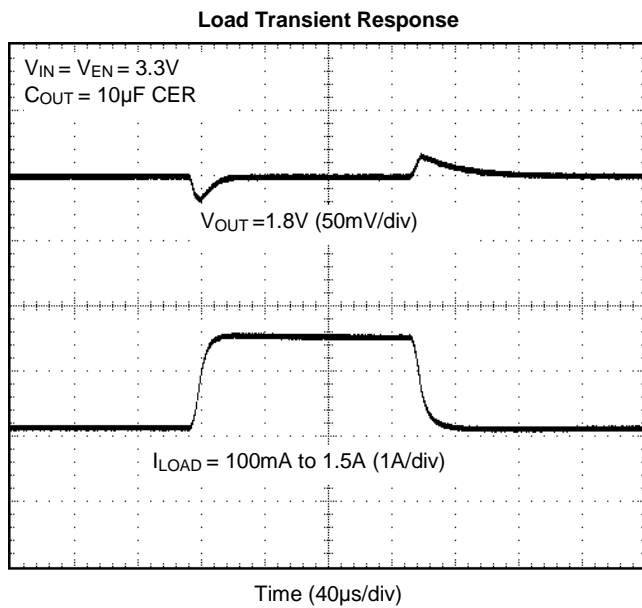
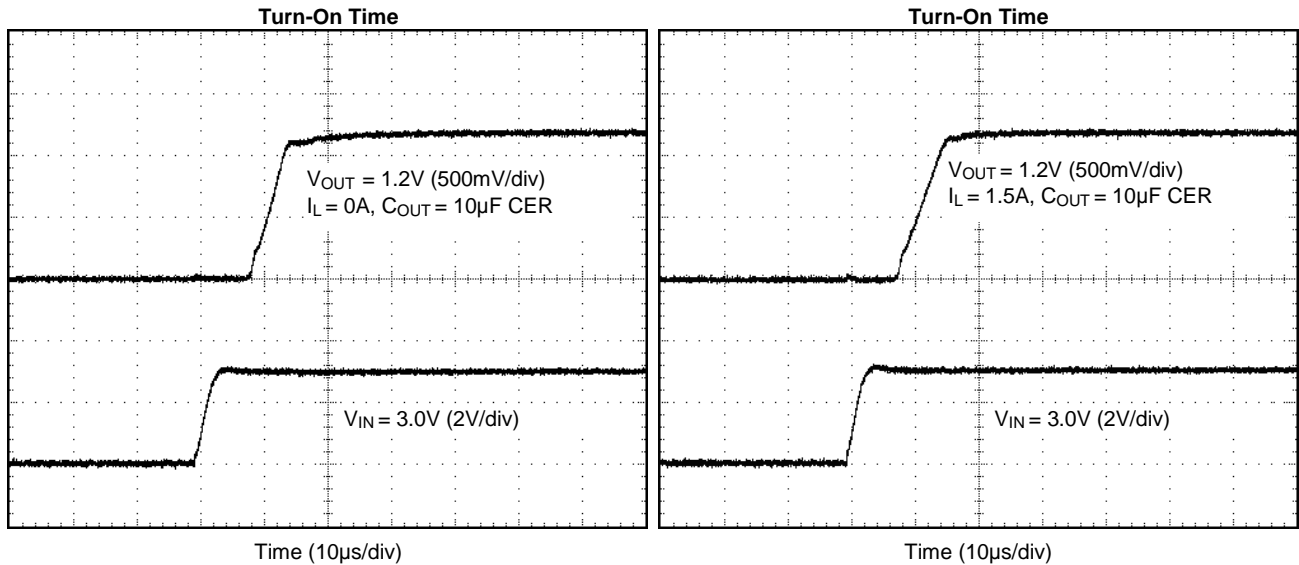
Typical Performance Characteristics (Cont.)

(@ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 2.7\text{V}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = 10\mu\text{F}$, $C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$, unless otherwise stated.)



Typical Performance Characteristics (Cont.)

(@T_A = +25°C, V_{IN} = 2.7V, V_{EN} = V_{IN}, C_{IN} = 10μF, C_{OUT} = 10μF, I_{OUT} = 10mA, V_{OUT} = 1.8V, unless otherwise stated.)



Application Information

Input Capacitor

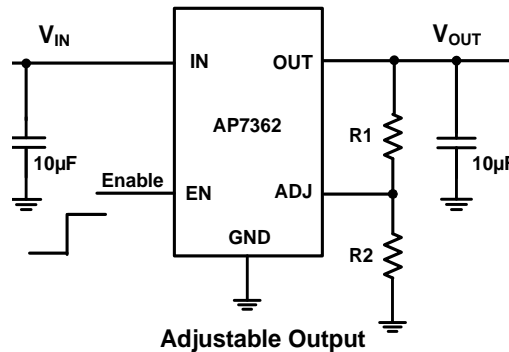
A minimum 2.2µF ceramic capacitor is recommended between IN and GND pins to decouple input power supply glitch and noise. The amount of the capacitance may be increased without limit. Larger input capacitor like 10µF will provide better load transient response. This input capacitor must be located as close as possible to the device to assure input stability and reduce noise. For PCB layout, a wide copper trace is required for both IN and GND pins. A lower ESR capacitor type allows the use of less capacitance, while higher ESR type requires more capacitance.

Output Capacitor

The output capacitor is required to stabilize and help the transient response of the LDO. The AP7362 is stable with any type of capacitor, with no limitations on minimum or maximum ESR. The device is designed to have excellent transient response for most applications with a small amount of output capacitance. The device is also stable with multiple capacitors in parallel, which can be of any type of value. Additional capacitance helps to reduce undershoot and overshoot during transient loads. This capacitor should be placed as close as possible to OUT and GND pins for optimum performance.

Adjustable Operation

The AP7362 provides output voltage from 0.6V to 5.0V through external resistor divider as shown below.



The output voltage is calculated by:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right)$$

Where $V_{REF} = 0.6V$ (the internal reference voltage)

Rearranging the equation will give the following that is used for adjusting the output to a particular voltage:

$$R1 = R2 \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}} - 1 \right)$$

To maintain the stability of the internal reference voltage, R2 need to be kept smaller than 10kΩ.

No Load Stability

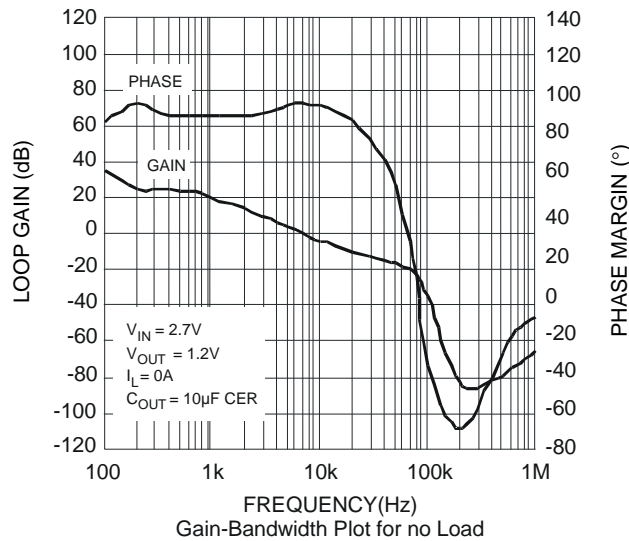
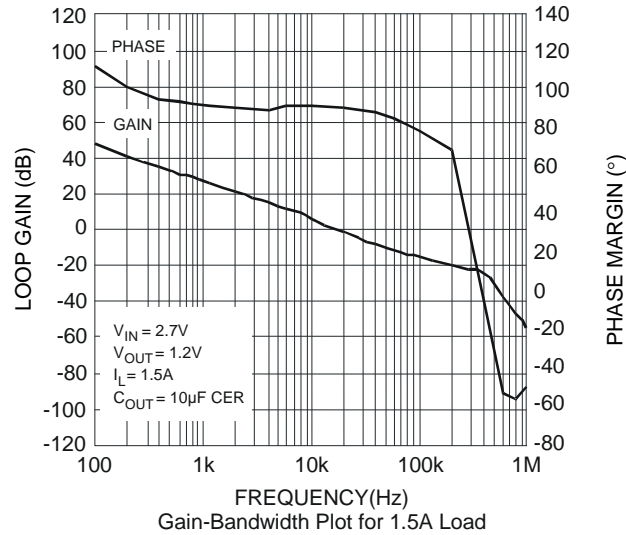
Other than external resistor divider, no minimum load is required to keep the device stable. The device will remain stable and regulated in no load condition.

Application Information (Cont.)

Stability and Phase Margin

Any regulator which operates using a feedback loop must be compensated in such a way as to ensure adequate phase margin, which is defined as the difference between the phase shift and -180 degrees at the frequency where the loop gain crosses unity (0dB). For most LDO regulators, the ESR of the output capacitor is required to create a zero to add enough phase lead to ensure stable operation. The AP7362 has an internal compensation circuit which maintains phase margin regardless of the ESR of the output capacitor, any type of capacitor can be used.

Below two charts show the gain/phase plot of the AP7362 with an output of 1.2V, 10µF ceramic output capacitor, delivering 1.5A load current and no load. It can be seen the phase margin is about 90° (which is very stable).



ON/OFF Input Operation

The AP7362 is turned on by setting the EN pin high, and is turned off by pulling it low. If this feature is not used, the EN pin should be tied to IN pin to keep the regulator output on at all time. To ensure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the EN pin must be able to swing above and below the specified turn-on/off voltage thresholds listed in the Electrical Characteristics section under V_{IL} and V_{IH} .

Application Information (Cont.)

Short Circuit Protection

When output current at OUT pin is higher than current limit threshold, the current limit protection will be triggered and clamp the output current to prevent over-current and to protect the regulator from damage due to overheating.

Thermal Shutdown Protection

Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately +170°C, allowing the device to cool down. When the junction temperature reduces to approximately +160°C the output circuitry is enabled again. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This cycling limits the heat dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage due to overheating.

Low Quiescent Current

The AP7362, consumes only around 0.5mA for all input voltage range and load currents, this provides great power saving in portable and low power applications.

Output Noise

This is the integrated value of the output noise over a specified frequency range. Input voltage and output load current are kept constant during the measurement. Results are expressed in μVrms or $\mu\text{V} \sqrt{\text{Hz}}$.

The AP7362 is a low noise regulator and needs no external noise reduction capacitor. Output voltage noise is typically 100 μVrms overall noise level between 100Hz and 100kHz.

Noise is specified in two ways:

Output noise density is the RMS sum of all noise sources, measured at the regulator output, at a specific frequency (measured with a 1Hz bandwidth). This type of noise is usually plotted on a curve as a function of frequency.

Output noise voltage is the RMS sum of spot noise over a specified bandwidth. Spot noise is measured in units $\mu\text{V}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ or $\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ and total output noise is measured in $\mu\text{V(RMS)}$. The primary source of noise in low-dropout regulators is the internal reference.

Power Dissipation

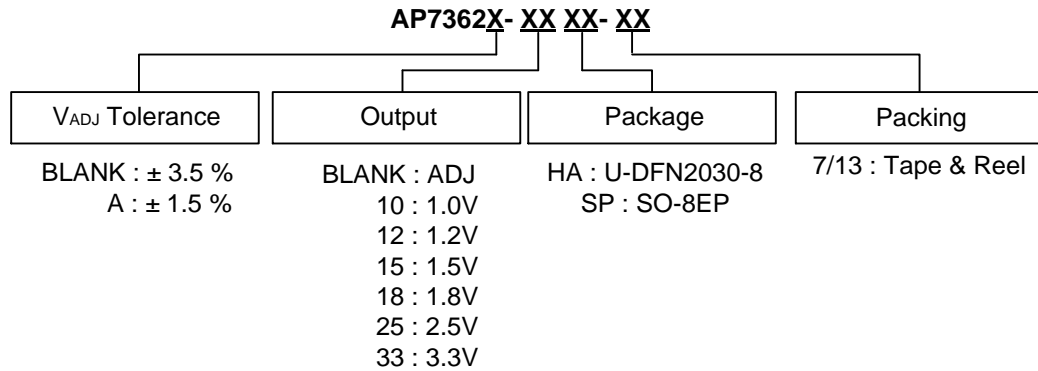
The device power dissipation and proper sizing of the thermal plane that is connected to the thermal pad is critical to avoid thermal shutdown and ensure reliable operation. Power dissipation of the device depends on input voltage and load conditions and can be calculated by:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT}$$

The maximum power dissipation, handled by the device, depends on the junction to ambient thermal resistance, and maximum ambient temperature, which can be calculated by the equation in the following:

$$P_{D_MAX} = \frac{(+150^\circ\text{C} - T_A)}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

Ordering Information

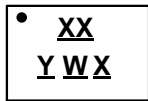


| Part Number | Package Code | Packaging | 7"/13" Tape and Reel | |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| | | | Quantity | Part Number Suffix |
| AP7362-XXHA-7 | HA | U-DFN2030-8 | 3000/Tape & Reel | -7 |
| AP7362A-XXHA-7 | HA | U-DFN2030-8 | 3000/Tape & Reel | -7 |
| AP7362-XXSP-13 | SP | SO-8EP | 2500/Tape & Reel | -13 |
| AP7362A-XXSP-13 | SP | SO-8EP | 2500/Tape & Reel | -13 |

Marking Information

(1) U-DFN2030-8

(Top View)

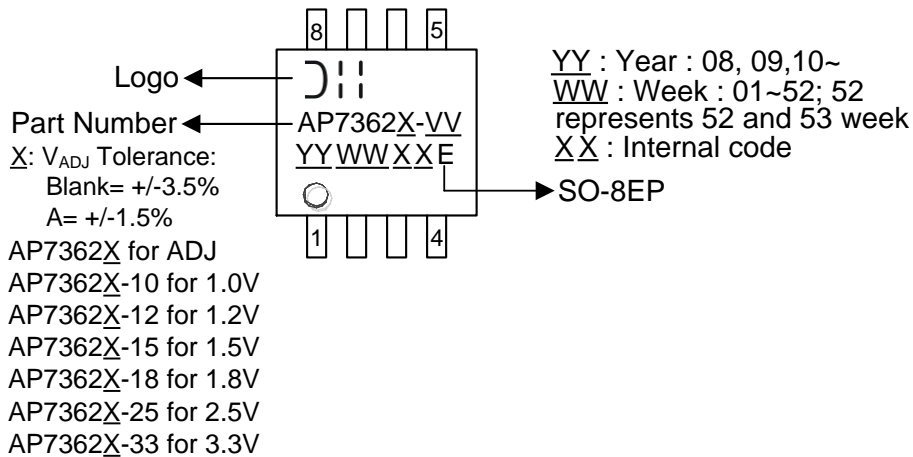


XX : Identification Code
Y : Year : 0~9
W : Week : A~Z : 1~26 week;
 a~z : 27~52 week; z represents
 52 and 53 week
X : A~Z : Internal code

| Device | Package | Identification Code |
|---------------|-------------|---------------------|
| AP7362 (ADJ) | U-DFN2030-8 | RA |
| AP7362-10 | U-DFN2030-8 | RB |
| AP7362-12 | U-DFN2030-8 | RC |
| AP7362-15 | U-DFN2030-8 | RD |
| AP7362-18 | U-DFN2030-8 | RE |
| AP7362-25 | U-DFN2030-8 | RF |
| AP7362-33 | U-DFN2030-8 | RG |
| AP7362A (ADJ) | U-DFN2030-8 | QA |
| AP7362A-10 | U-DFN2030-8 | QB |
| AP7362A-12 | U-DFN2030-8 | QC |
| AP7362A-15 | U-DFN2030-8 | QD |
| AP7362A-18 | U-DFN2030-8 | QE |
| AP7362A-25 | U-DFN2030-8 | QF |
| AP7362A-33 | U-DFN2030-8 | QG |

(2) SO-8EP

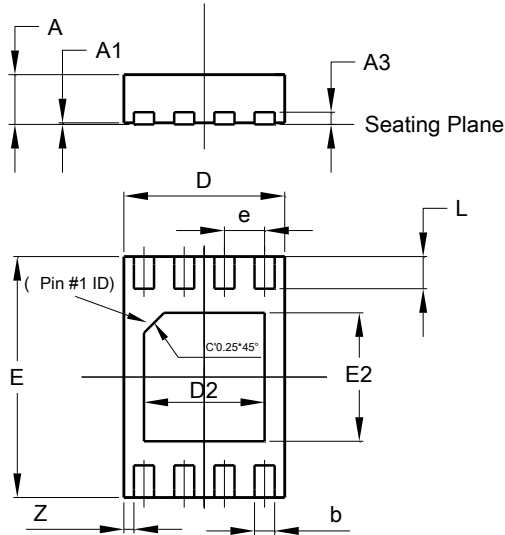
(Top View)



Package Outline Dimensions

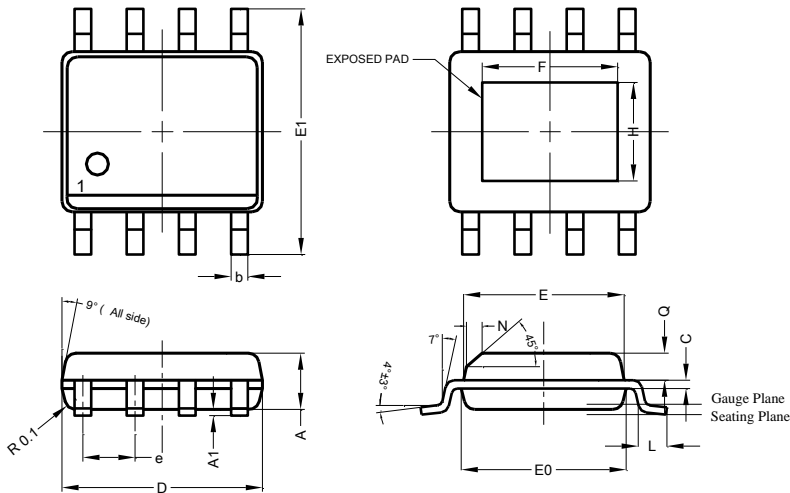
Please see <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html> for the latest version.

(1) U-DFN2030-8



| U-DFN2030-8 | | | |
|----------------------|------|------|-------|
| Dim | Min | Max | Typ |
| A | 0.57 | 0.63 | 0.60 |
| A1 | 0 | 0.05 | 0.02 |
| A3 | - | - | 0.15 |
| b | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.25 |
| D | 1.95 | 2.05 | 2.00 |
| D2 | 1.40 | 1.60 | 1.50 |
| e | - | - | 0.50 |
| E | 2.95 | 3.05 | 3.00 |
| E2 | 1.50 | 1.70 | 1.60 |
| L | 0.35 | 0.45 | 0.40 |
| Z | - | - | 0.125 |
| All Dimensions in mm | | | |

(2) SO-8EP

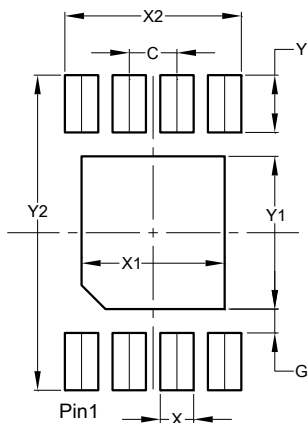


| SO-8EP | | | |
|----------------------|------|------|------|
| Dim | Min | Max | Typ |
| A | 1.40 | 1.50 | 1.45 |
| A1 | 0.00 | 0.13 | - |
| b | 0.30 | 0.50 | 0.40 |
| C | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.20 |
| D | 4.85 | 4.95 | 4.90 |
| E | 3.80 | 3.90 | 3.85 |
| E0 | 3.85 | 3.95 | 3.90 |
| E1 | 5.90 | 6.10 | 6.00 |
| e | - | - | 1.27 |
| F | 2.75 | 3.35 | 3.05 |
| H | 2.11 | 2.71 | 2.41 |
| L | 0.62 | 0.82 | 0.72 |
| N | - | - | 0.35 |
| Q | 0.60 | 0.70 | 0.65 |
| All Dimensions in mm | | | |

Suggested Pad Layout

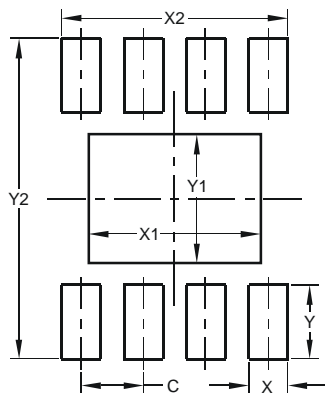
Please see <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html> for the latest version.

(1) U-DFN2030-8



| Dimensions | Value (in mm) |
|------------|---------------|
| C | 0.500 |
| G | 0.250 |
| X | 0.350 |
| X1 | 1.500 |
| X2 | 1.850 |
| Y | 0.600 |
| Y1 | 1.600 |
| Y2 | 3.300 |

(2) SO-8EP



| Dimensions | Value (in mm) |
|------------|---------------|
| C | 1.270 |
| X | 0.802 |
| X1 | 3.502 |
| X2 | 4.612 |
| Y | 1.505 |
| Y1 | 2.613 |
| Y2 | 6.500 |

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