THE DATASHEET OF

SN74LVCH16245AZRDR

SN74LVCH16245A 16-bit Bus Transceiver With 3-state Outputs

1 Features

- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus™ Family
- Operates From 1.65 V to 3.6 V
- Inputs Accept Voltages to 5.5 V
- Max t_{pd} of 4 ns at 3.3 V
- Typical V_{OLP} (Output Ground Bounce) <0.8 V at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C
- Typical V_{OHV} (Output V_{OH} Undershoot) >2 V at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C
- Supports Mixed-Mode Signal Operation on All Ports (5-V Input/Output Voltage With 3.3-V V_{CC})
- I_{off} Supports Live Insertion, Partial-Power-Down Mode, and Back-Drive Protection
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup or Pulldown Resistors
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)

2 Applications

- Electronic Points of Sale
- Test and Measurement
- Wearable Health and Fitness Devices
- Tablets

3 Description

This 16-bit (dual-octal) noninverting bus transceiver is designed for 1.65-V to 3.6-V V_{CC} operation. The SN74LVCH16245A device is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses.

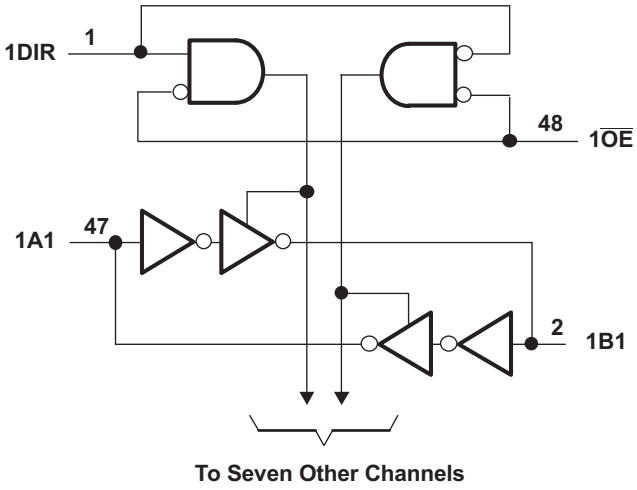
This device can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. Active bus-hold circuitry holds unused or undriven data inputs at a valid logic state.

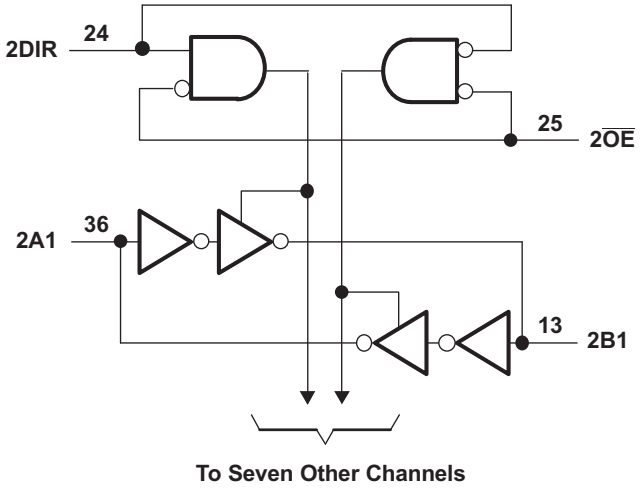
Device Information(1)

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN74LVCH16245A	TSSOP (48)	12.50 mm × 6.10 mm
	TVSOP (48)	9.70 mm × 4.40 mm
	SSOP (48)	15.88 mm × 7.49 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

4 Simplified Schematic





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5 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision B (August 2006) to Revision C **Page**

- Updated document to new TI data sheet format. ... 1
- Removed Ordering Information table. ... 1
- Updated I_{off} Feature bullet. ... 1
- Added Applications. ... 1
- Added Device Information table. ... 1
- Added Handling Ratings table. ... 6
- Changed MAX ambient temperature to 125°C. ... 7
- Added Thermal Information table. ... 7
- Updated $t_{sk(o)}$ values in Switching Characteristics table. ... 9
- Added Typical Characteristics. ... 9

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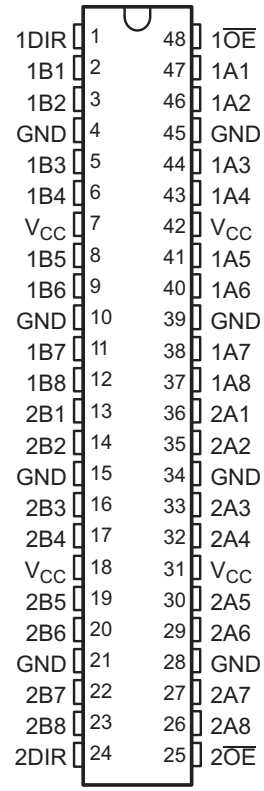
6 Pin Configuration and Functions

DGG, DGV, OR DL PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
1	1DIR	I	Direction pin 1
2	1B1	I/O	1B1 input or output
3	1B2	I/O	1B2 input or output
4	GND	—	Ground pin
5	1B3	I/O	1B3 input or output
6	1B4	I/O	1B4 input or output
7	VCC	—	Power pin
8	1B5	I/O	1B5 input or output
9	1B6	I/O	1B6 input or output
10	GND	—	Ground pin
11	1B7	I/O	1B7 input or output
12	1B8	I/O	1B8 input or output
13	2B1	I/O	2B1 input or output
14	2B2	I/O	2B2 input or output
15	GND	—	Ground pin
16	2B3	I/O	2B3 input or output
17	2B4	I/O	2B4 input or output
18	VCC	—	Power pin
19	2B5	I/O	2B5 input or output
20	2B6	I/O	2B6 input or output

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Pin Functions (continued)

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
21	GND	—	Ground pin
22	2B7	I/O	2B7 input or output
23	2B8	I/O	2B8 input or output
24	2DIR	—	Direction pin 2
25	$2\overline{OE}$	I	Output Enable 2
26	2A8	I/O	2A8 input or output
27	2A7	I/O	2A7 input or output
28	GND	—	Ground pin
29	2A6	I/O	2A6 input or output
30	2A5	I/O	2A5 input or output
31	VCC	—	Power pin
32	2A4	I/O	2A4 input or output
33	2A3	I/O	2A3 input or output
34	GND	—	Ground pin
35	2A2	I/O	2A2 input or output
36	2A1	I/O	2A1 input or output
37	1A8	I/O	1A8 input or output
38	1A7	I/O	1A7 input or output
39	GND	—	Ground pin
40	1A6	I/O	1A6 input or output
41	1A5	I/O	1A5 input or output
42	VCC	—	Power pin
43	1A4	I/O	1A4 input or output
44	1A3	I/O	1A3 input or output
45	GND	—	Ground pin
46	1A2	I/O	1A2 input or output
47	1A1	I/O	1A1 input or output
48	$1\overline{OE}$	I	Output Enable 1

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GQL OR ZQL PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

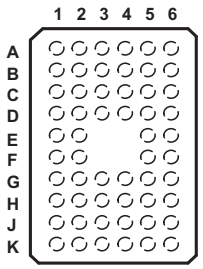

Table 1. Pin Assignments(1) (56-Ball GQL or ZQL Package)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	1DIR	NC	NC	NC	NC	$1\overline{OE}$
B	1B2	1B1	GND	GND	1A1	1A2
C	1B4	1B3	V_{CC}	V_{CC}	1A3	1A4
D	1B6	1B5	GND	GND	1A5	1A6
E	1B8	1B7			1A7	1A8
F	2B1	2B2			2A2	2A1
G	2B3	2B4	GND	GND	2A4	2A3
H	2B5	2B6	V_{CC}	V_{CC}	2A6	2A5
J	2B7	2B8	GND	GND	2A8	2A7
K	2DIR	NC	NC	NC	NC	$2\overline{OE}$

(1) NC – No internal connection

GRD OR ZRD PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

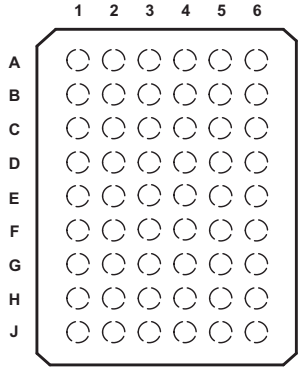

Table 2. Pin Assignments(1) (54-Ball GRD or ZRD Package)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	1B1	NC	1DIR	$1\overline{OE}$	NC	1A1
B	1B3	1B2	NC	NC	1A2	1A3
C	1B5	1B4	V_{CC}	V_{CC}	1A4	1A5
D	1B7	1B6	GND	GND	1A6	1A7
E	2B1	1B8	GND	GND	1A8	2A1
F	2B3	2B2	GND	GND	2A2	2A3
G	2B5	2B4	V_{CC}	V_{CC}	2A4	2A5
H	2B7	2B6	NC	NC	2A6	2A7
J	2B8	NC	2DIR	$2\overline{OE}$	NC	2A8

(1) NC – No internal connection

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7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage range		–0.5	6.5	V
V_I	Input voltage range(2)		–0.5	6.5	V
V_O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state(2)		–0.5	6.5	V
V_O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state(2)(3)		–0.5	V_{CC} + 0.5	V
I_{IK}	Input clamp current	V_I < 0		–50	mA
I_{OK}	Output clamp current	V_O < 0		–50	mA
I_O	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through each V_{CC} or GND			±100	mA

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
(3) The value of V_{CC} is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

7.2 Handling Ratings

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		–65	150	°C
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins(1)	0	2000	V
		Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins(2)	0	1000	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

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7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	Operating	1.65	3.6	V
		Data retention only	1.5		
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	V_{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V_{CC}		V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7		
		V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2		
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	V_{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		0.35 × V_{CC}	V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		0.7	
		V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		0.8	
V_I	Input voltage		0	5.5	V
V_O	Output voltage	High or low state	0	V_{CC}	V
		3-state	0	5.5	
I_{OH}	High-level output current	V_{CC} = 1.65 V		–4	mA
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V		–8	
		V_{CC} = 2.7 V		–12	
		V_{CC} = 3 V		–24	
I_{OL}	Low-level output current	V_{CC} = 1.65 V		4	mA
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V		8	
		V_{CC} = 2.7 V		12	
		V_{CC} = 3 V		24	
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise and fall rate			5	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature		–40	125	°C

(1) All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC(1)		DGG	DGV	DL	UNIT
		48 PINS	48 PINS	48 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	67.1	80.2	70.6	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	19.9	32.7	36.8	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	34.2	43.5	43.1	
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.8	4.7	13.9	
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	33.9	42.9	42.6	
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	n/a	n/a	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953.

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7.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		V_{CC}	MIN	TYP(1)	MAX	UNIT
V_{OH}		I_{OH} = –100 µA		1.65 V to 3.6 V	V_{CC} – 0.2			V
		I_{OH} = –4 mA		1.65 V	1.2			
		I_{OH} = –8 mA		2.3 V	1.7			
		I_{OH} = –12 mA		2.7 V	2.2			
				3 V	2.4			
		I_{OH} = –24 mA		3 V	2.2			
V_{OL}		I_{OL} = 100 µA		1.65 V to 3.6 V			0.2	V
		I_{OL} = 4 mA		1.65 V			0.45	
		I_{OL} = 8 mA		2.3 V			0.7	
		I_{OL} = 12 mA		2.7 V			0.4	
		I_{OL} = 24 mA		3 V			0.55	
I_I	Control inputs	V_I = 0 to 5.5 V		3.6 V			±5	µA
$I_{I(hold)}$	A or B port	V_I = 0.58 V		1.65 V	15			µA
		V_I = 1.07 V			–15			
		V_I = 0.7 V		2.3 V	45			
		V_I = 1.7 V			–45			
		V_I = 0.8 V		3 V	75			
		V_I = 2 V			–75			
		V_I = 0 to 3.6 V(2)		3.6 V			±500	
I_{off}		V_I or V_O = 5.5 V		0			±10	µA
I_{OZ}(3)		V_O = 0 V or (V_{CC} to 5.5 V)		2.3 V to 3.6 V			±5	µA
I_{CC}		V_I = V_{CC} or GND	I_O = 0	3.6 V			20	µA
		3.6 V ≤ V_I ≤ 5.5 V(4)					20	
ΔI_{CC}		One input at V_{CC} – 0.6 V, Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND		2.7 V to 3.6 V			500	µA
C_i	Control inputs	V_I = V_{CC} or GND		3.3 V		5		pF
C_{io}	A or B port	V_O = V_{CC} or GND		3.3 V		7.5		pF

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.
(2) This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current required to switch the input from one state to another.
(3) For the total leakage current in an I/O port, consult the $I_{I(hold)}$ specification for the input voltage condition 0 V < V_I < V_{CC}, and the I_{OZ} specification for the input voltage conditions V_I = 0 V or V_I = V_{CC} to 5.5 V. The bus-hold current, at input voltage greater than V_{CC}, is negligible.
(4) This applies in the disabled state only.

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7.6 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V_{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V_{CC} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V_{CC} = 2.7 V		V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{pd}	A or B	B or A	1.5	7.1	1	4.5	1	4.7	1	4	ns
t_{en}	$\overline{OE}$	A or B	1.5	8.9	1	5.6	1.5	6.7	1.5	5.5	ns
t_{dis}	$\overline{OE}$	A or B	1.5	11.9	1	6.8	1.5	7.1	1.5	6.6	ns
$t_{sk(o)}$				1		1		1		1	ns

7.7 Operating Characteristics

T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	V_{CC} = 1.8 V	V_{CC} = 2.5 V	V_{CC} = 3.3 V	UNIT
				TYP	TYP	TYP	
C_{pd}	Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver	Outputs enabled	f = 10 MHz	36	36	40	pF
		Outputs disabled		3	3	4	

7.8 Typical Characteristics

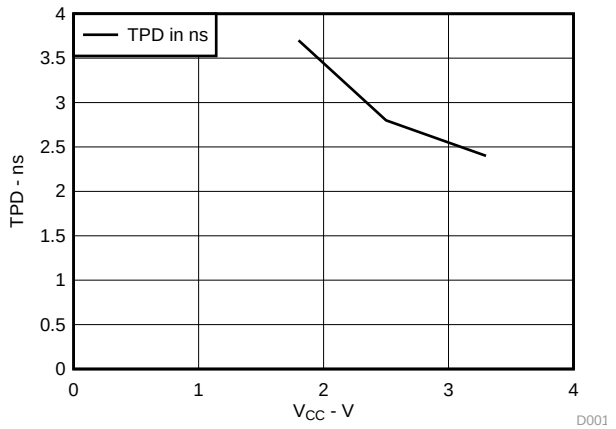


Figure 1. TDP Across V_{CC} at 25°C

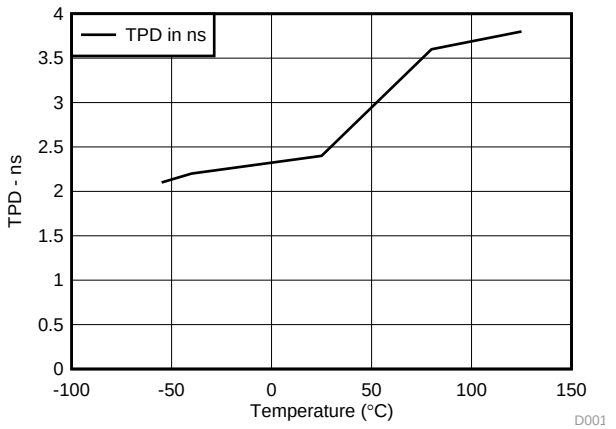
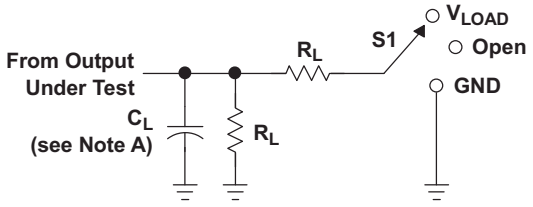


Figure 2. TPD Across Temperature at 3.3 V

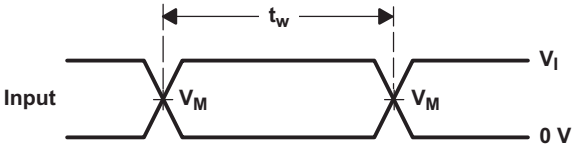
8 Parameter Measurement Information



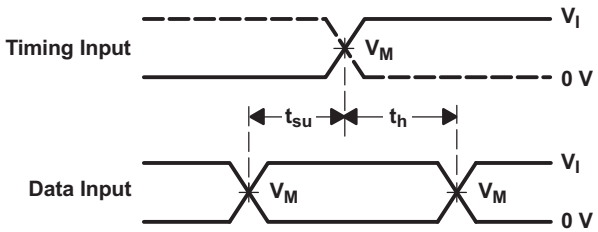
LOAD CIRCUIT

TEST	S1
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Open
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	V_{LOAD}
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	GND

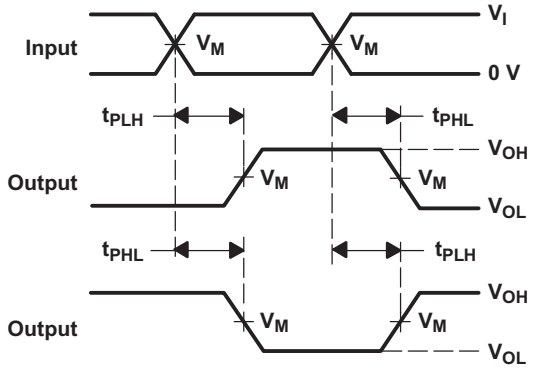
V_{CC}	INPUTS		V_M	V_{LOAD}	C_L	R_L	V_Δ
	V_I	t_r/t_f					
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V_{CC}	≤2 ns	$V_{CC}/2$	2 × V_{CC}	30 pF	1 kΩ	0.15 V
2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V_{CC}	≤2 ns	$V_{CC}/2$	2 × V_{CC}	30 pF	500 Ω	0.15 V
2.7 V	2.7 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V
3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.7 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V



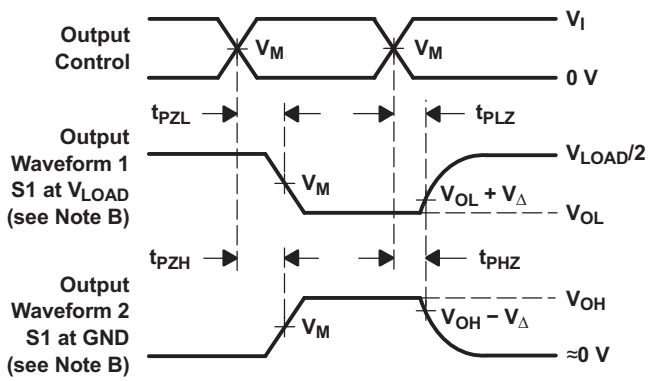
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PULSE DURATION



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
SETUP AND HOLD TIMES



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES
INVERTING AND NONINVERTING OUTPUTS



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES
LOW- AND HIGH-LEVEL ENABLING

NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω.
D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis}.
F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en}.
G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd}.
H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

The SN74LVCH16245A device is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The logic levels of the direction-control (DIR) input and the output-enable ($\overline{OE}$) input activate either the B-port outputs or the A-port outputs or place both output ports into the high-impedance mode. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus when the B-port outputs are activated, and from the B bus to the A bus when the A-port outputs are activated. The input circuitry on both A and B ports always is active and must have a logic high or low level applied to prevent excess I_{CC} and I_{CCZ}.

Active bus-hold circuitry holds unused or undriven data inputs at a valid logic state. Use of pullup or pulldown resistors with the bus-hold circuitry is not recommended. The bus-hold circuitry is part of the input circuit and is not disabled by $\overline{OE}$ or DIR.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, $\overline{OE}$ should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

Inputs can be driven from either 3.3-V or 5-V devices. This feature allows the use of these devices as translators in a mixed 3.3-V and 5-V system environment.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off}. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, thus preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram

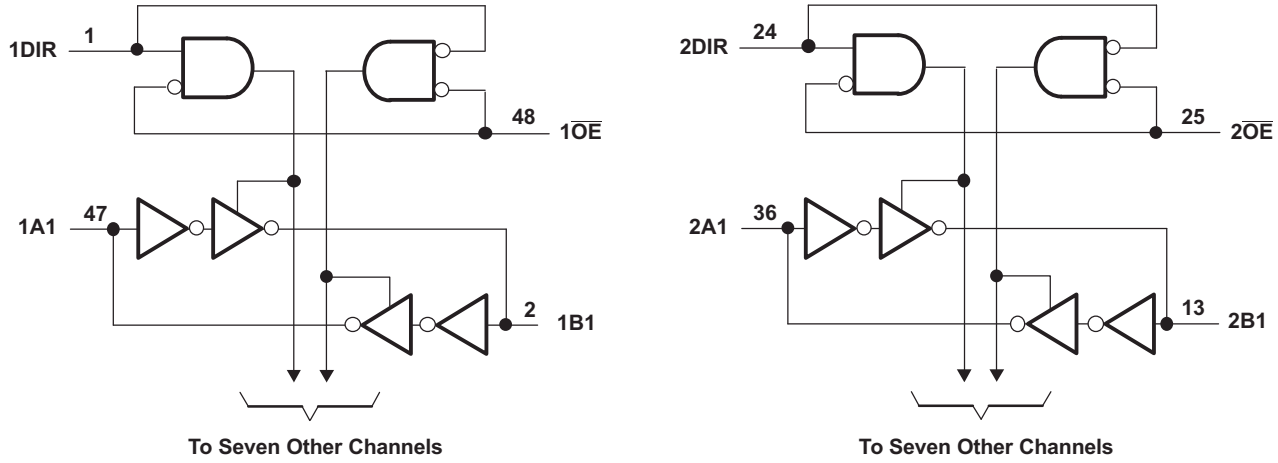

Figure 4. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

9.3 Feature Description

- Wide operating voltage range
  - Operates from 1.65 V to 3.6 V
- Allows down voltage translation
  - Inputs accept voltages to 5.5 V
- I_{off} feature
  - Allows voltages on the inputs and outputs when V_{CC} is 0 V

9.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 3. Function Table(1)
(Each 8-bit Section)

CONTROL INPUTS		OPERATION
$\overline{OE}$	DIR	
L	L	B data to A bus
L	H	A data to B bus
H	X	Isolation

(1) Input circuits of the data I/Os always are active.

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10 Application and Implementation

10.1 Application Information

The SN74LVC16245A device is a 16-bit bidirectional transceiver. This device can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. It allows data transmission from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable ($\overline{OE}$) input can be used to disable the device so that the buses are effectively isolated. The device has 5.5 V tolerant inputs at any valid V_{CC}. This allows it to be used in multi-power systems, and it can be used for down translation.

10.2 Typical Application

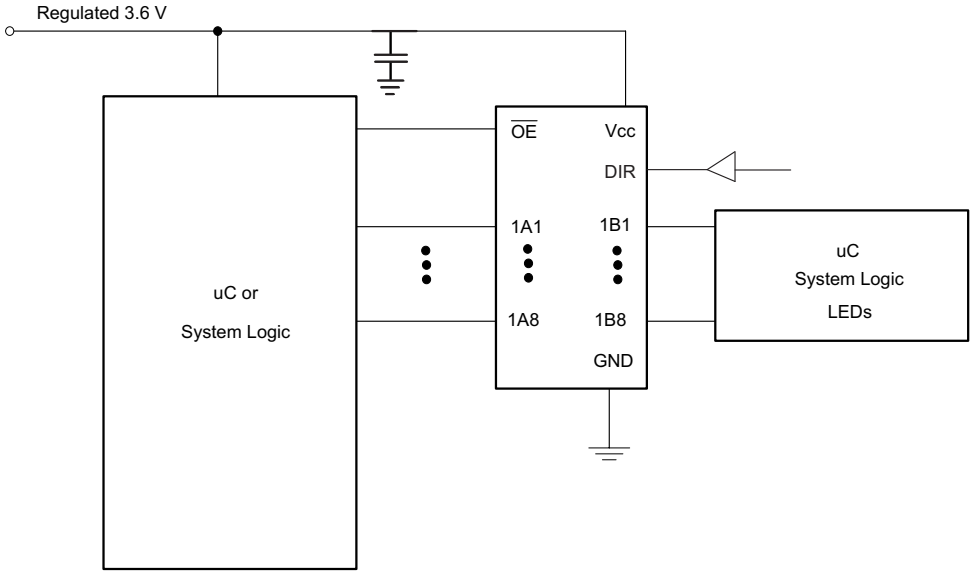

Figure 5. Typical Application Diagram

10.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Care should be taken to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits. The high drive will also create fast edges into light loads; therefore, routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing.

10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

1. Recommended Input Conditions
   - Rise time and fall time specs: See (Δt/ΔV) in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
   - Specified high and low levels: See (V_{IH} and V_{IL}) in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
   - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 5.5 V at any valid V_{CC}.
2. Recommend Output Conditions
   - Load currents should not exceed 25 mA per output and 50 mA total for the part.
   - Outputs should not be pulled above V_{CC}.

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Typical Application (continued)

10.2.3 Application Curves

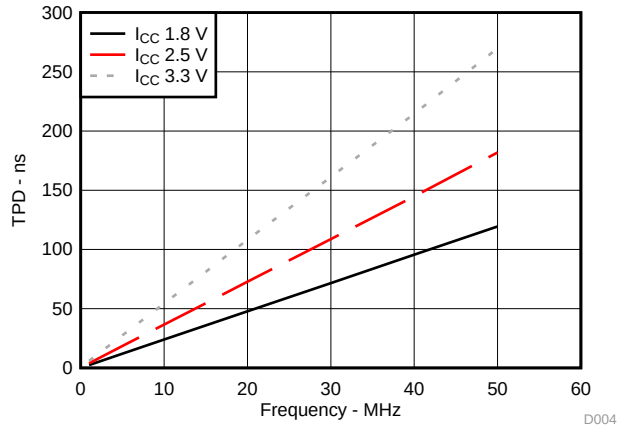

Figure 6. I_{CC} vs Frequency

11 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the MIN and MAX supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

Each V_{CC} pin should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, 0.1 µf is recommended; if there are multiple V_{CC} pins, then 0.01 µf or 0.022 µf is recommended for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. A 0.1 µf and a 1 µf are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-bit logic devices, inputs should never float.

In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused, for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. Figure 7 specifies the rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or V_{CC}, whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is generally acceptable to float outputs, unless the part is a transceiver. If the transceiver has an output enable pin, it will disable the output section of the part when asserted. This will not disable the input section of the I/Os, so they cannot float when disabled.

12.2 Layout Example

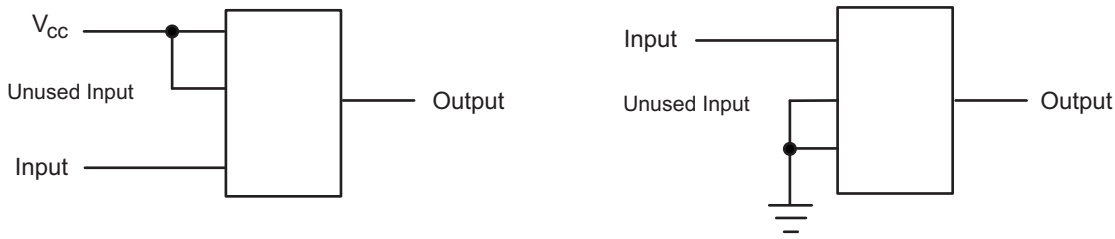

Figure 7. Layout Diagram

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13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Trademarks

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All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

13.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

13.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
74LVCH16245ADGGRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVCH16245A	Samples
SN74LVCH16245ADGGR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVCH16245A	Samples
SN74LVCH16245ADGVR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LDH245A	Samples
SN74LVCH16245ADL	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	48	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVCH16245A	Samples
SN74LVCH16245ADLR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	48	1000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVCH16245A	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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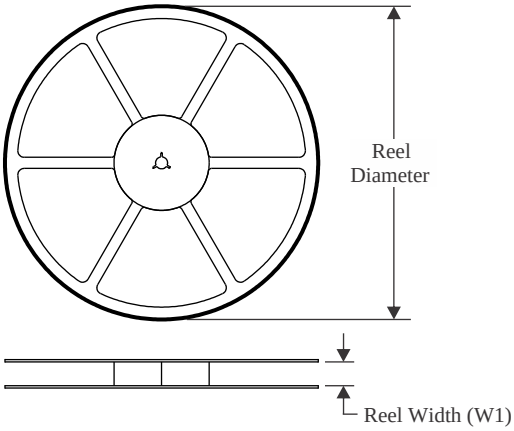
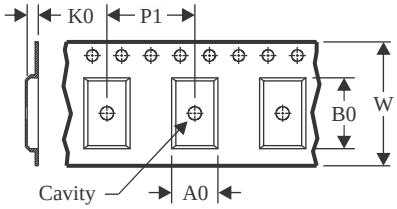
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

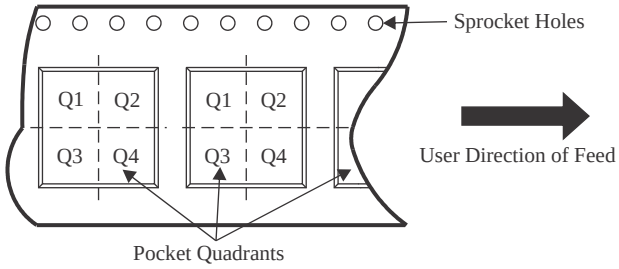


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

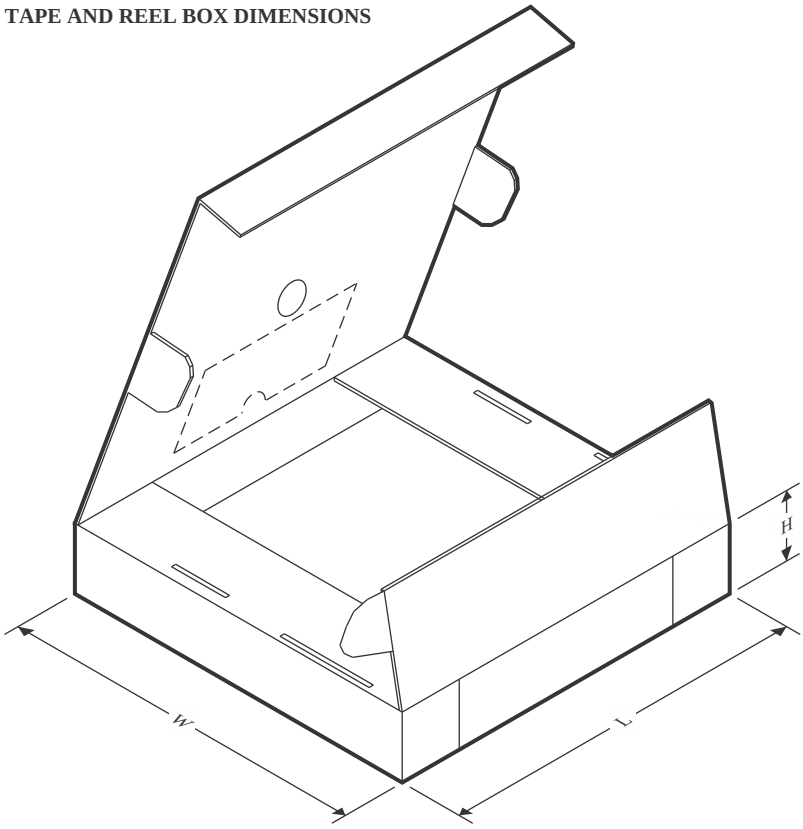
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVCH16245ADGGR	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	13.0	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74LVCH16245ADGVR	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	330.0	16.4	7.1	10.2	1.6	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LVCH16245ADLR	SSOP	DL	48	1000	330.0	32.4	11.35	16.2	3.1	16.0	32.0	Q1

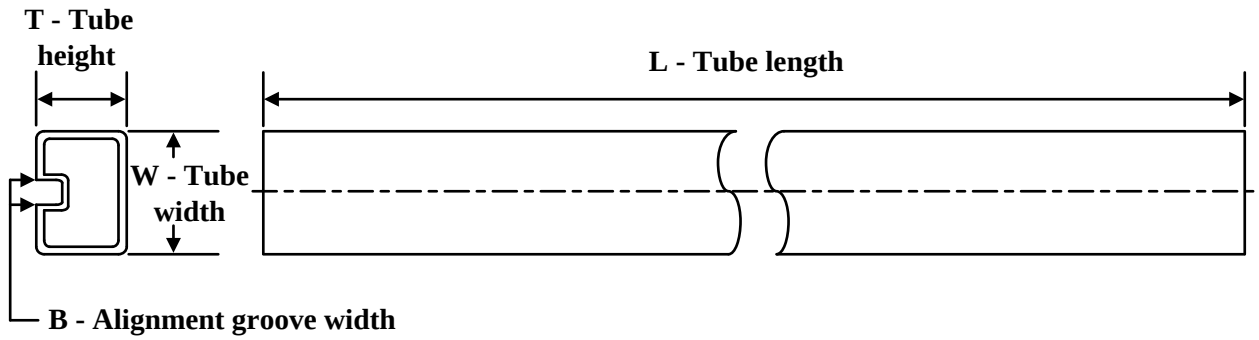
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LVCH16245ADGGR	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74LVCH16245ADGVR	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74LVCH16245ADLR	SSOP	DL	48	1000	367.0	367.0	55.0

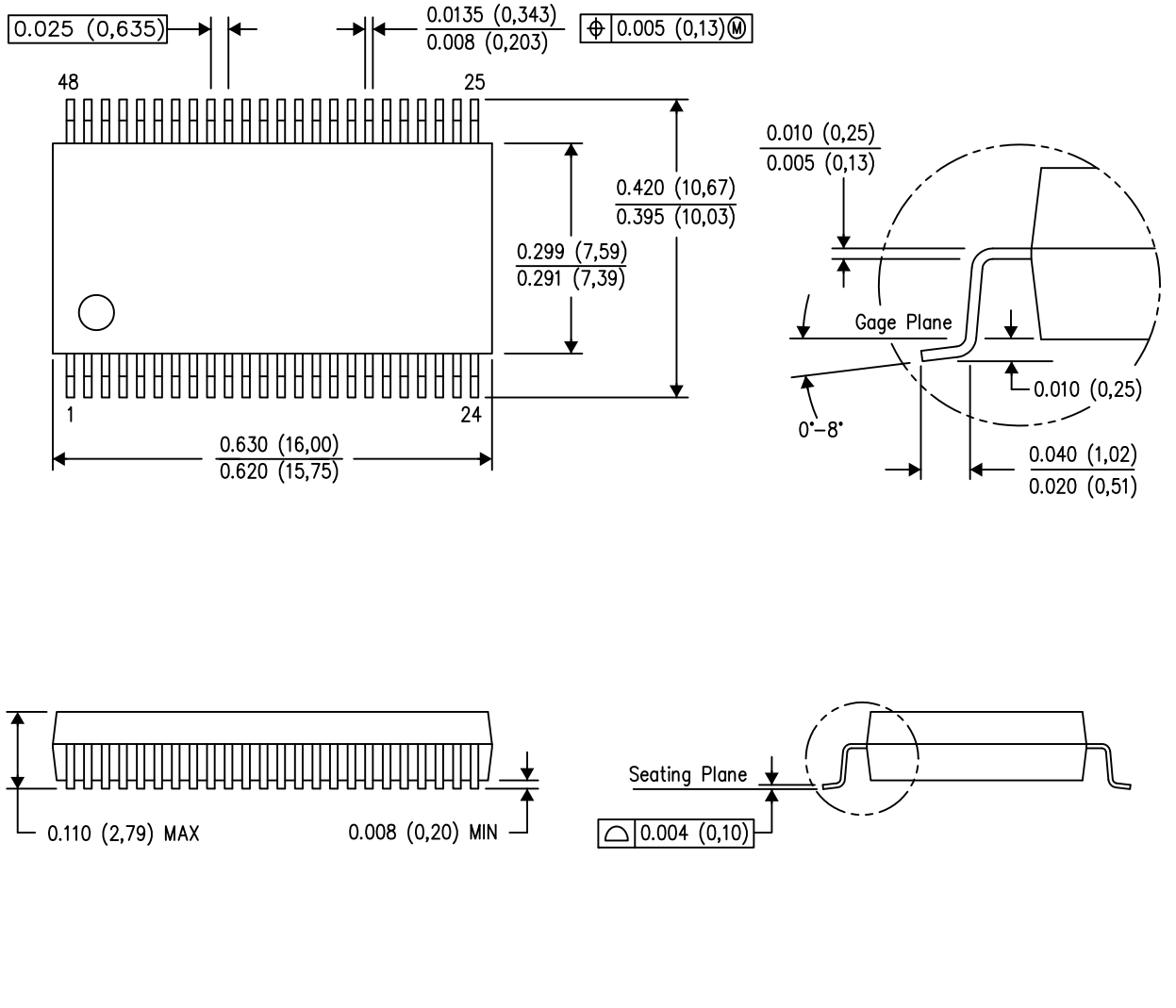
TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
SN74LVCH16245ADL	DL	SSOP	48	25	473.7	14.24	5110	7.87

DL (R–PDSO–G48) PLASTIC SMALL–OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
D. Falls within JEDEC MO–118

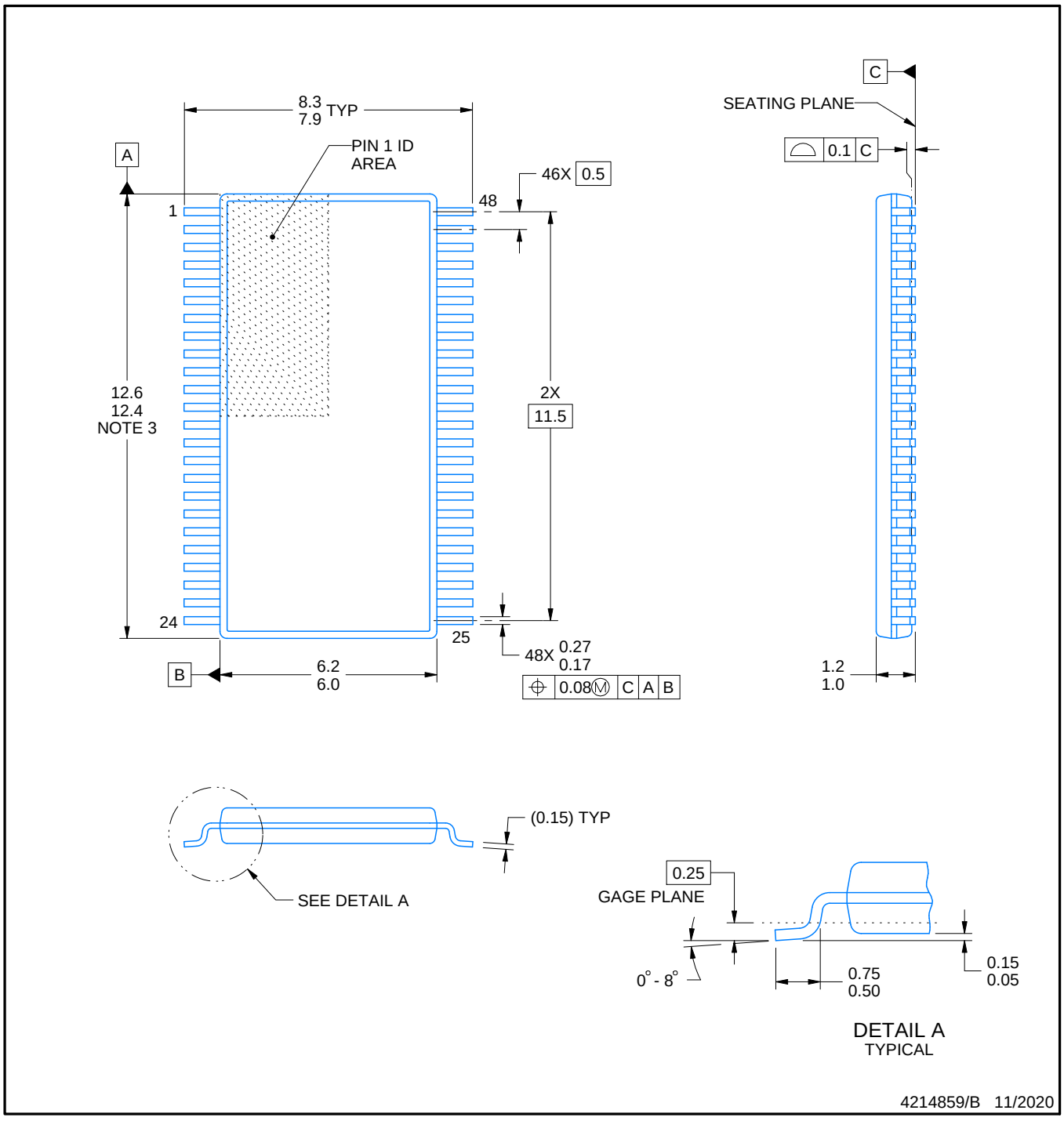
PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

PACKAGE OUTLINE

DGG0048A

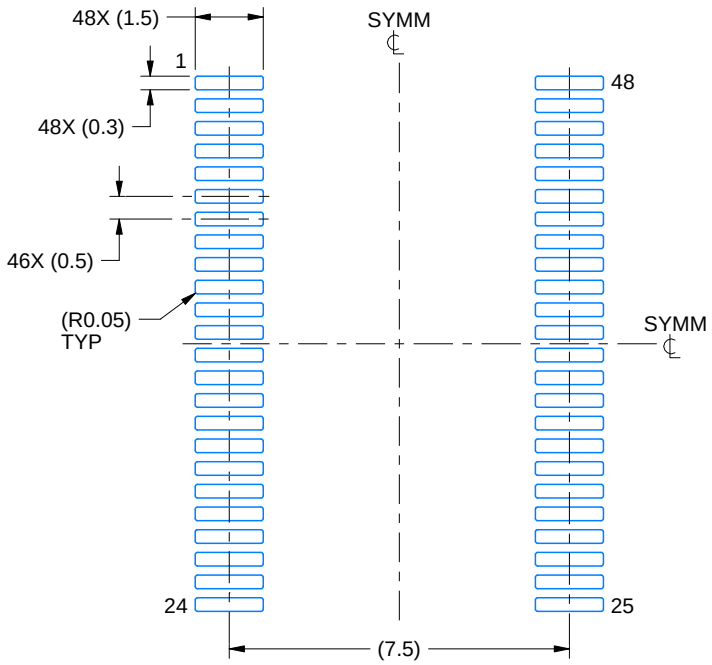
TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

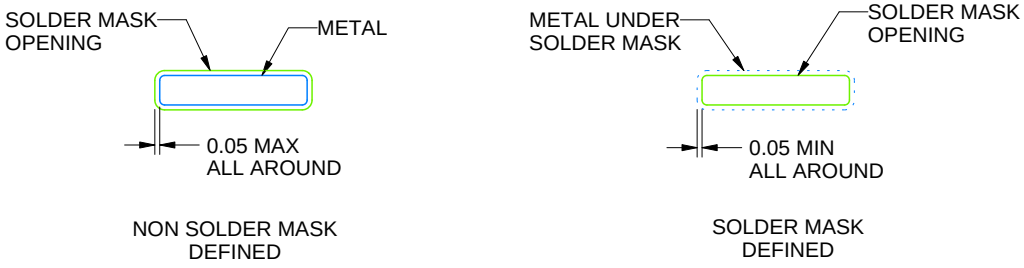


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:6X

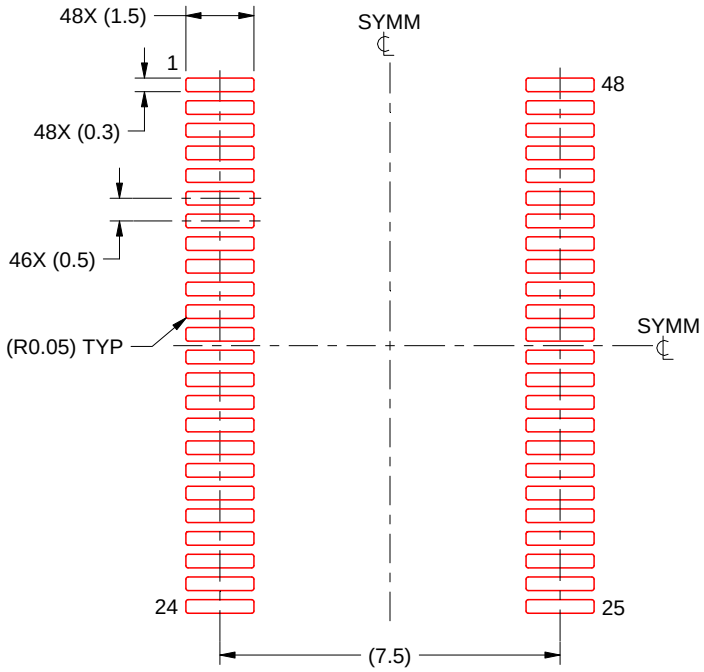


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214859/B 11/2020

NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:6X

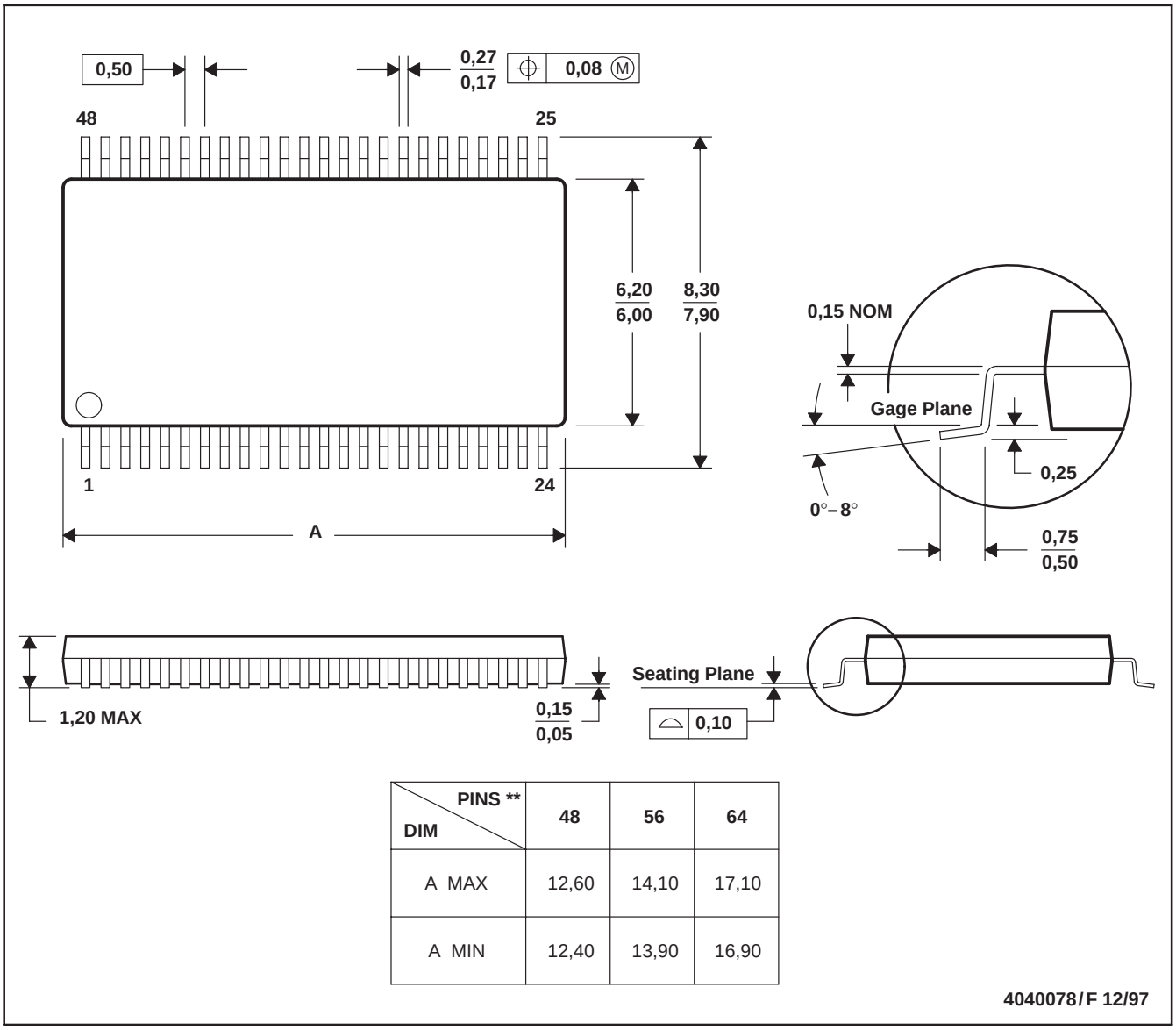
4214859/B 11/2020

NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

DGG (R-PDSO-G)** **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**

48 PINS SHOWN



DIM \ PINS **	48	56	64
A MAX	12,60	14,10	17,10
A MIN	12,40	13,90	16,90

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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