



THE DATASHEET OF IRGB4086PBF



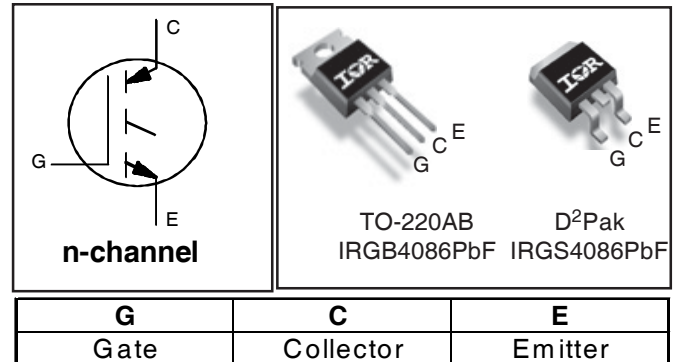
PDP TRENCH IGBT

IRGB4086PbF
IRGS4086PbF

Features

- Advanced Trench IGBT Technology
- Optimized for Sustain and Energy Recovery Circuits in PDP Applications
- Low $V_{CE(on)}$ and Energy per Pulse (E_{PULSE}^{TM}) for Improved Panel Efficiency
- High Repetitive Peak Current Capability
- Lead Free Package

Key Parameters		
$V_{CE\ min}$	300	V
$V_{CE(ON)}\ typ.\ @\ I_C = 70A$	1.90	V
$I_{RP}\ max\ @\ T_C = 25^\circ C\ ①$	250	A
$T_J\ max$	150	°C



Description

This IGBT is specifically designed for applications in Plasma Display Panels. This device utilizes advanced trench IGBT technology to achieve low $V_{CE(on)}$ and low E_{PULSE}^{TM} rating per silicon area which improve panel efficiency. Additional features are 150°C operating junction temperature and high repetitive peak current capability. These features combine to make this IGBT a highly efficient, robust and reliable device for PDP applications.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	±30	V
$I_C\ @\ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current, $V_{GE}\ @\ 15V$	70	A
$I_C\ @\ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector, $V_{GE}\ @\ 15V$	40	
$I_{RP}\ @\ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Repetitive Peak Current ①	250	
$P_D\ @\ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	160	W
$P_D\ @\ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	63	
	Linear Derating Factor	1.3	W/°C
T_J	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-40 to + 150	°C
T_{STG}			
	Soldering Temperature for 10 seconds	300	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	N

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$ (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT) ②	—	0.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount) ②④	—	40	
	Weight	6.0 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
BV_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	300	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_{CE} = 1\text{ mA}$
$\Delta BV_{CES}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.29	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_{CE} = 1\text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(on)}$	Static Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	—	1.29	1.55	V	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_{CE} = 25A$ ③
		—	1.49	1.67		$V_{GE} = 15V, I_{CE} = 40A$ ③
		—	1.90	2.10		$V_{GE} = 15V, I_{CE} = 70A$ ③
		—	2.57	2.96		$V_{GE} = 15V, I_{CE} = 120A$ ③
		—	2.27	—		$V_{GE} = 15V, I_{CE} = 70A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.6	—	5.0	V	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_{CE} = 500\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-11	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
I_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	2.0	25	μA	$V_{CE} = 300V, V_{GE} = 0V$
		—	5.0	—		$V_{CE} = 300V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$
		—	100	—		$V_{CE} = 300V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GE} = 30V$
	Gate-to-Emitter Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GE} = -30V$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance	—	29	—	S	$V_{CE} = 25V, I_{CE} = 25A$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	65	—	nC	$V_{CE} = 200V, I_C = 25A, V_{GE} = 15V$ ③
Q_{gc}	Gate-to-Collector Charge	—	22	—		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	36	—	ns	$I_C = 25A, V_{CC} = 196V$ $R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu\text{H}, L_S = 200\text{nH}$ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise time	—	31	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	112	—		
t_f	Fall time	—	65	—		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	30	—	ns	$I_C = 25A, V_{CC} = 196V$ $R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu\text{H}, L_S = 200\text{nH}$ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise time	—	33	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	145	—		
t_f	Fall time	—	98	—		
t_{st}	Shoot Through Blocking Time	100	—	—	ns	$V_{CC} = 240V, V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.1\Omega$
E_{PULSE}	Energy per Pulse	—	1075	—	μJ	$L = 220\text{nH}, C = 0.40\mu\text{F}, V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CC} = 240V, R_G = 5.1\Omega, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	1432	—		$L = 220\text{nH}, C = 0.40\mu\text{F}, V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CC} = 240V, R_G = 5.1\Omega, T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	2250	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	110	—		$V_{CE} = 30V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	58	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, See Fig.13
L_C	Internal Collector Inductance	—	5.0	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.)
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—		from package and center of die contact

Notes:

- ① Half sine wave with duty cycle = 0.1, $t_{on} = 2\mu\text{sec}$.
 ② R_{θ} is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C .

- ③ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
 ④ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material).
 For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.

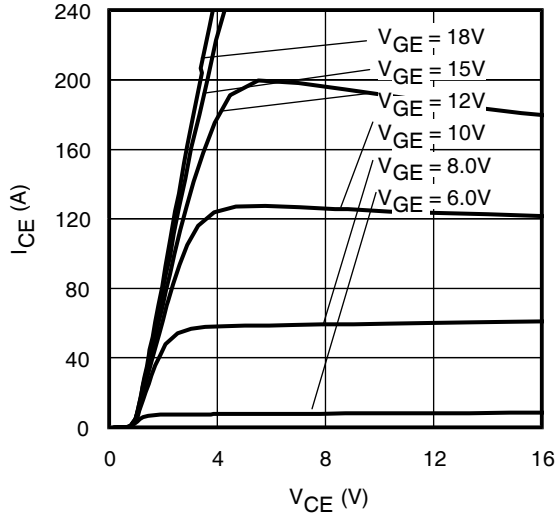


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics @ 25°C

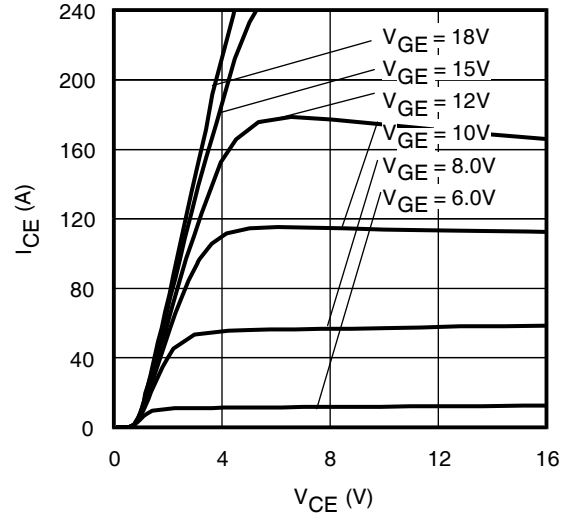


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics @ 75°C

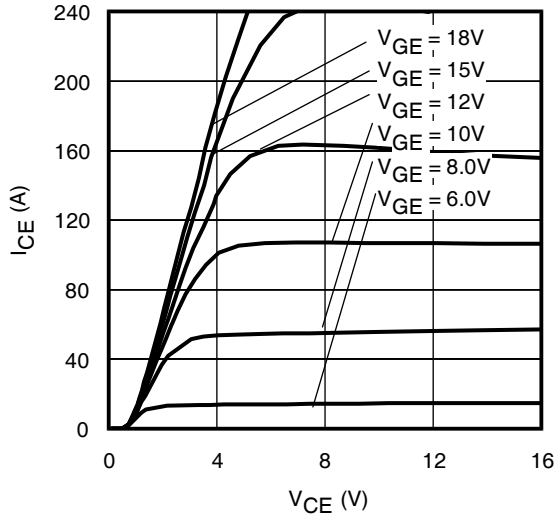


Fig 3. Typical Output Characteristics @ 125°C

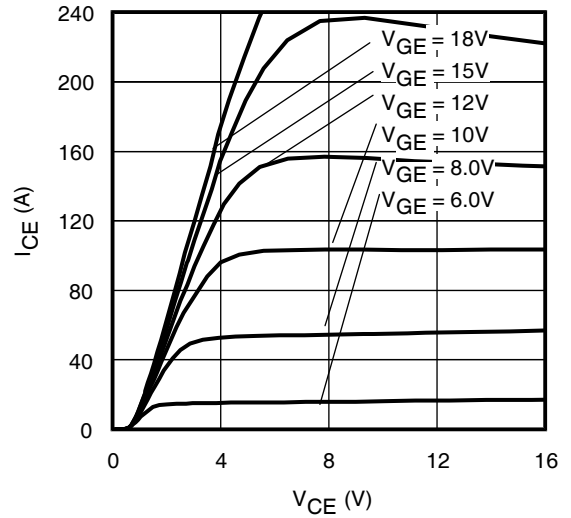


Fig 4. Typical Output Characteristics @ 150°C

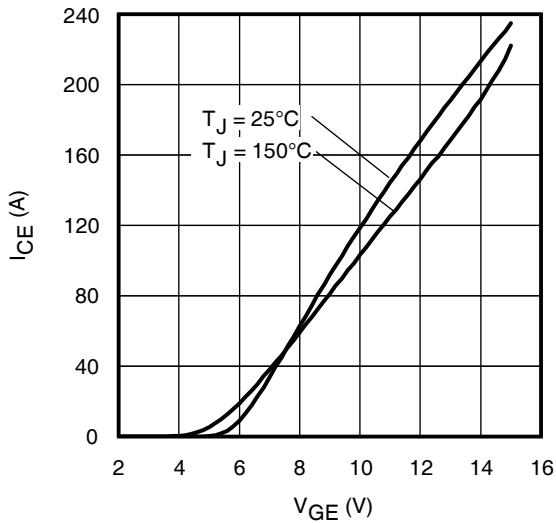


Fig 5. Typical Transfer Characteristics

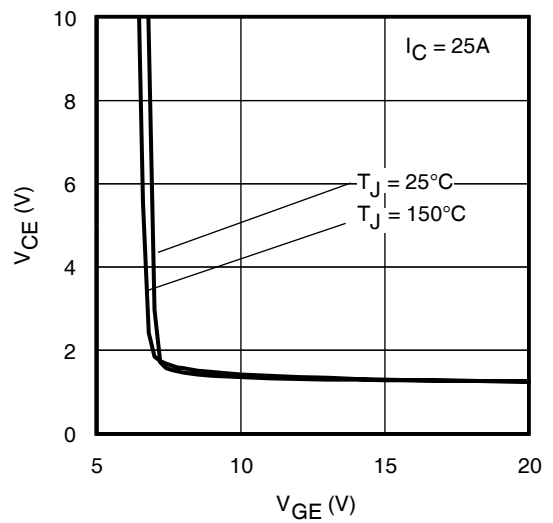


Fig 6. $V_{CE(ON)}$ vs. Gate Voltage

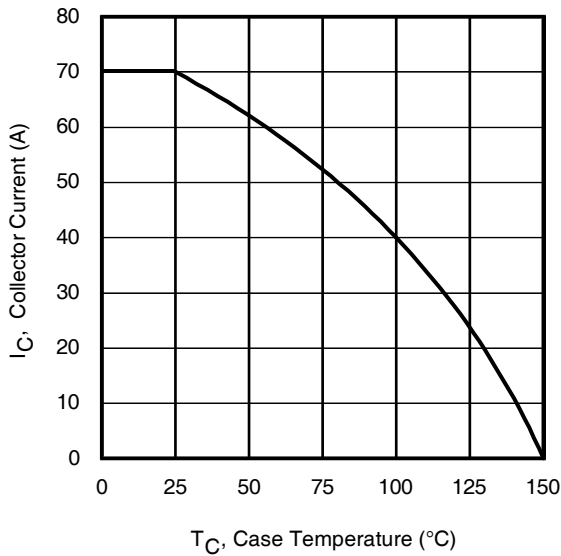


Fig 7. Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

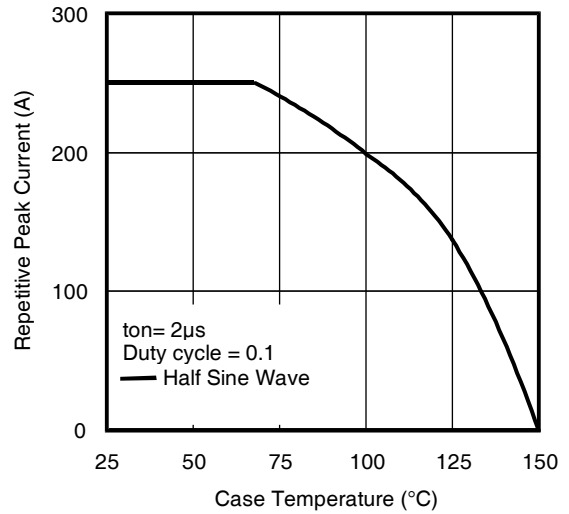


Fig 8. Typical Repetitive Peak Current vs. Case Temperature

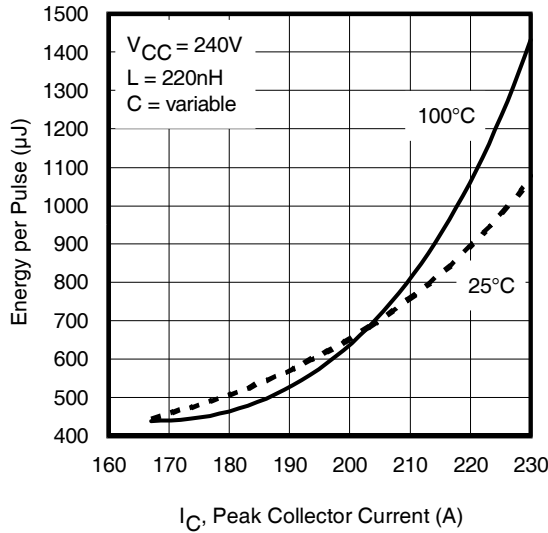


Fig 9. Typical E_{PULSE} vs. Collector Current

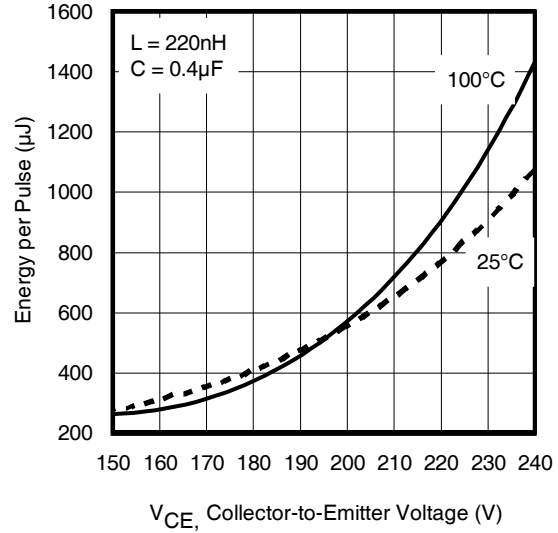


Fig 10. Typical E_{PULSE} vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

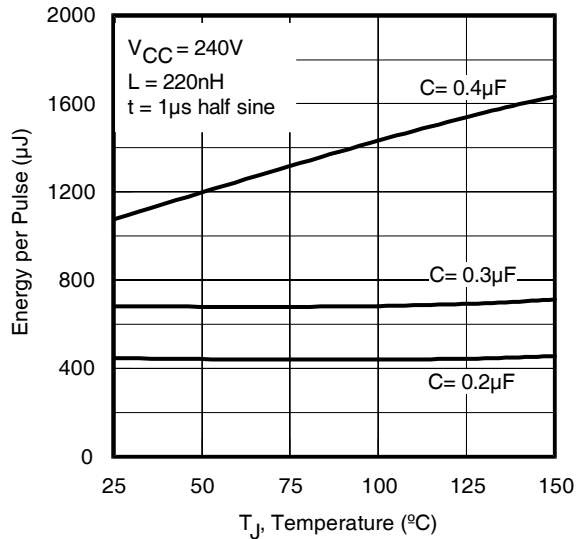


Fig 11. E_{PULSE} vs. Temperature

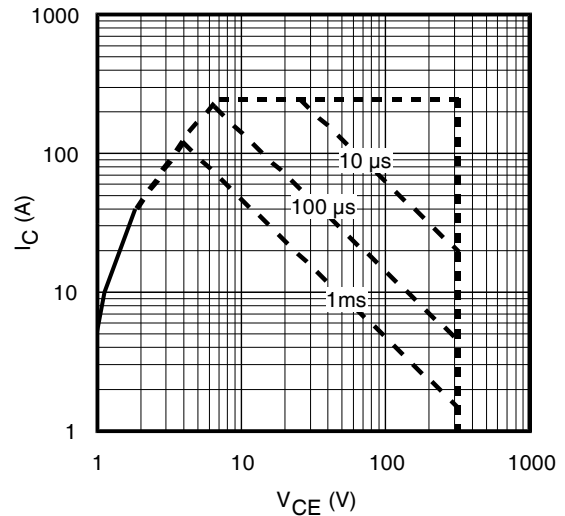


Fig 12. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

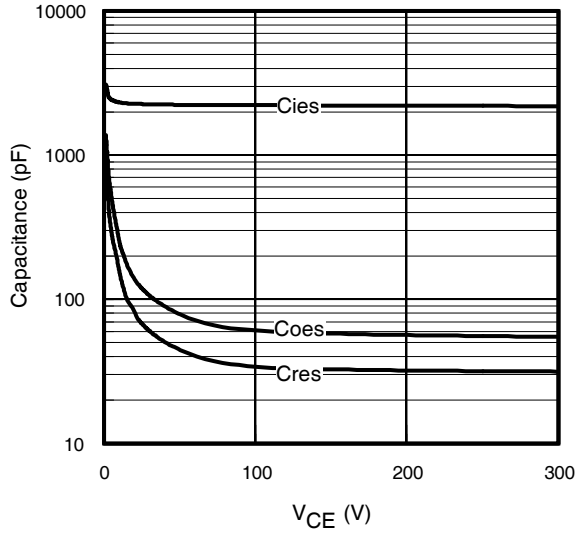


Fig 13. Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

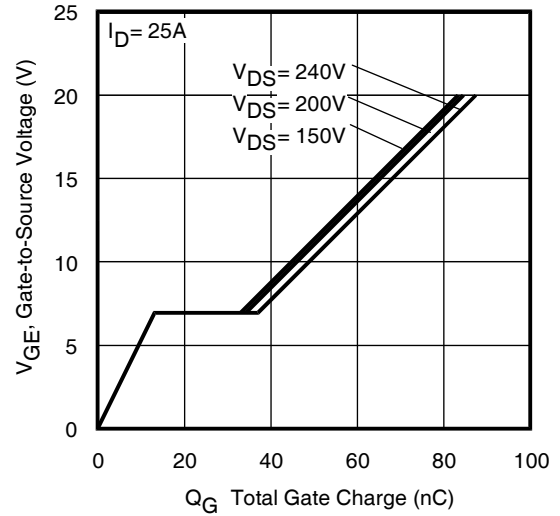


Fig 14. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

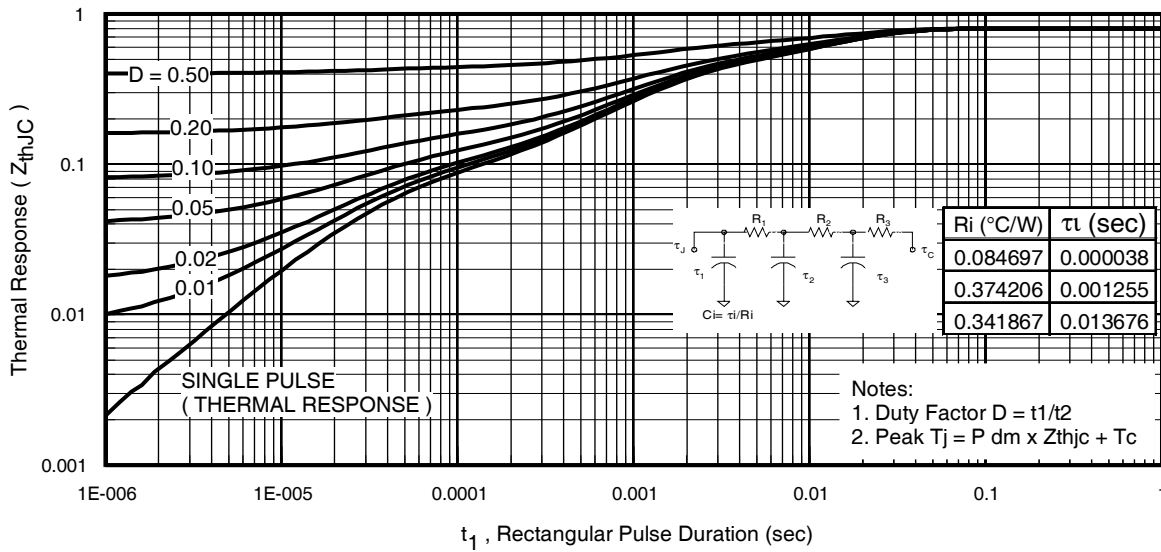


Fig 15. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

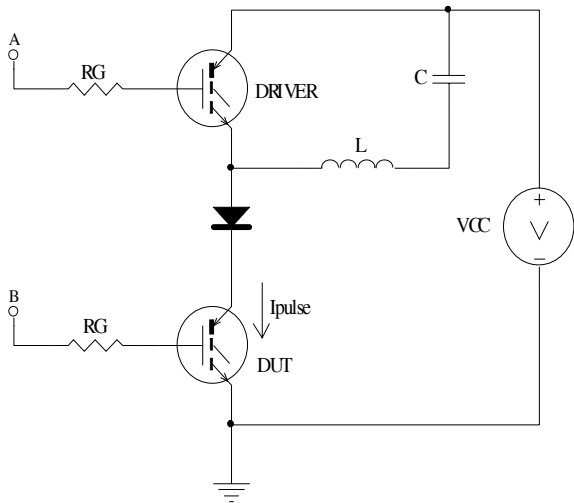


Fig 16a. t_{st} and E_{PULSE} Test Circuit

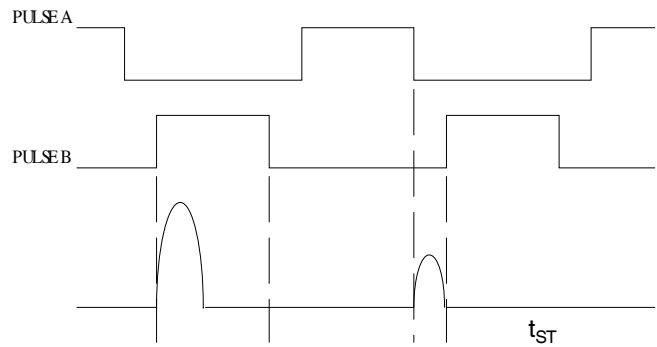


Fig 16b. t_{st} Test Waveforms

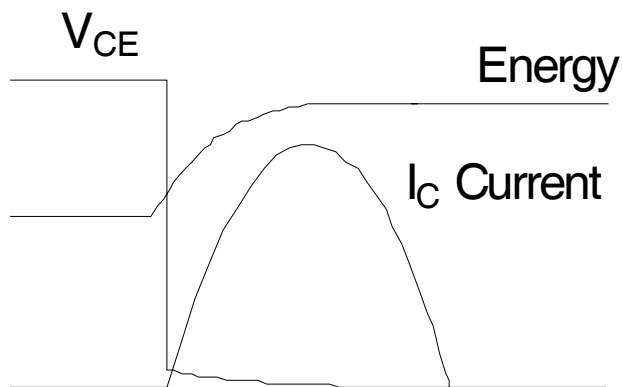


Fig 16c. E_{PULSE} Test Waveforms

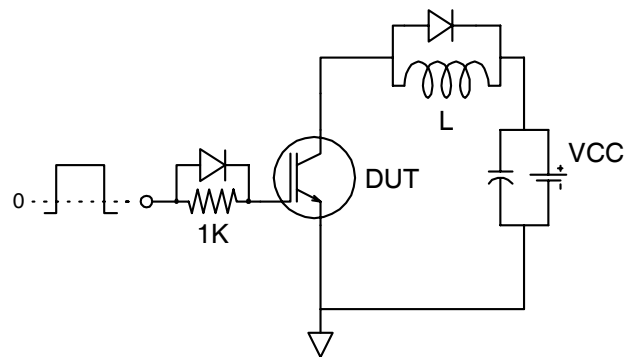
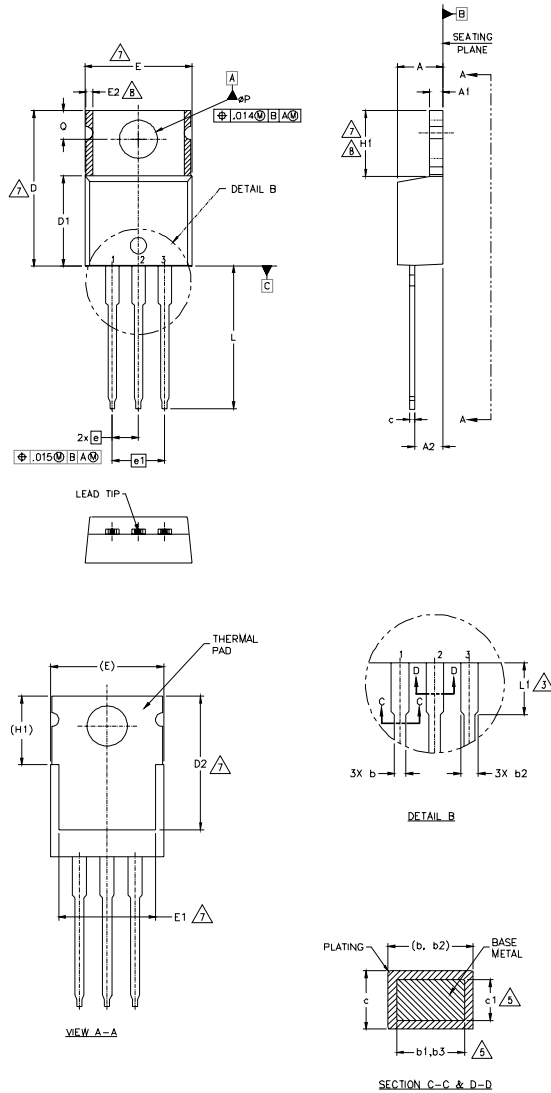


Fig. 17 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

TO-220AB Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- 3.- LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- 4.- DIMENSION D, D1 & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 6.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
- 7.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E,H1,D2 & E1
- 8.- DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
- 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC TO-220, EXCEPT A2 (max.) AND D2 (min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	3.56	4.83	.140	.190	
A1	0.51	1.40	.020	.055	
A2	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040	
b1	0.38	0.97	.015	.038	5
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	5
c	0.36	0.61	.014	.024	
c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	5
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	4
D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355	
D2	11.68	12.88	.460	.507	7
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	4,7
E1	6.86	8.89	.270	.350	7
E2	-	0.76	-	.030	8
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		
e1	5.08 BSC		.200 BSC		
H1	5.84	6.86	.230	.270	7,8
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580	
L1	3.56	4.06	.140	.160	3
øP	3.54	4.08	.139	.161	
Q	2.54	3.42	.100	.135	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

- HEXFET**
 1.- GATE
 2.- DRAIN
 3.- SOURCE

IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
 2.- COLLECTOR
 3.- EMITTER

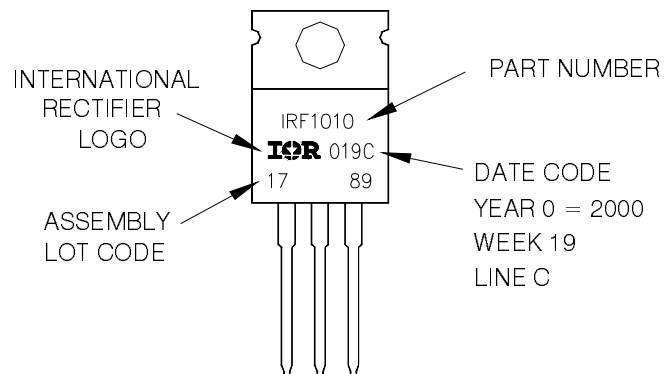
DIODES

- 1.- ANODE
 2.- CATHODE
 3.- ANODE

TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010
 LOT CODE 1789
 ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 2000
 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

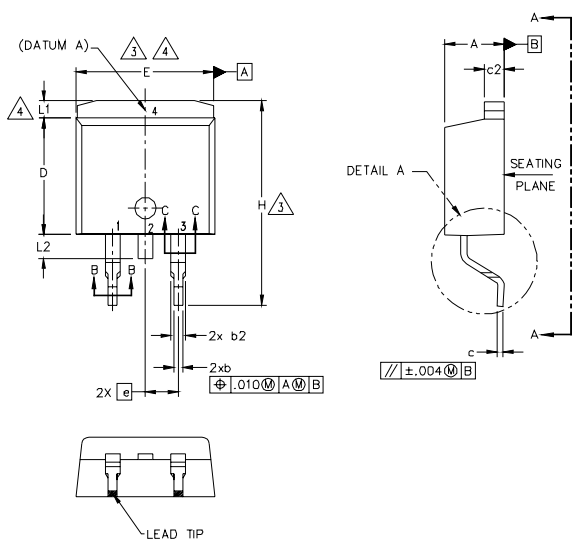
Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead - Free"



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

D²Pak Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	5
A1	0.00	0.254	.000	.010	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065	
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	
D1	6.86	-	.270	-	4
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4
E1	6.22	-	.245	-	4
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		4
H	14.61	15.88	.575	.625	
L	1.78	2.79	.070	.110	
L1	-	1.65	-	.066	
L2	1.27	1.78	-	.070	4
L3	0.25 BSC		.010 BSC		
L4	4.78	5.28	.188	.208	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

DIODES

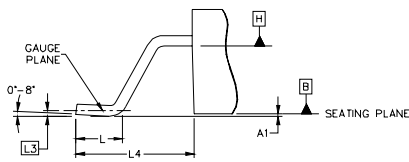
- 1.- ANODE (TWO DIE) / OPEN (ONE DIE)
- 2, 4.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

HEXFET

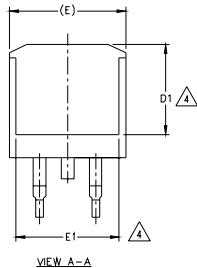
- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

IGBTs, CoPACK

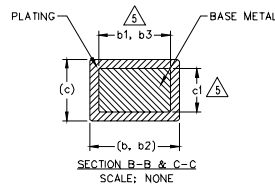
- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER



DETAIL "A"
ROTATED 90° CW
SCALE 8:1



VIEW A-A



SECTION B-B & C-C
SCALE: NONE

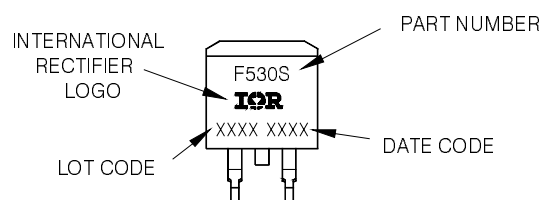
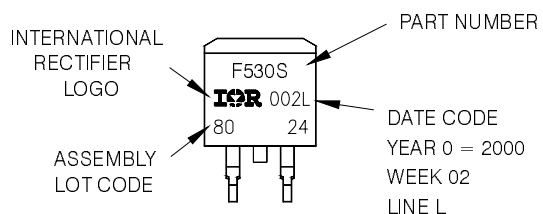
NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [0.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
4. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSION E, L1, D1 & E1.
5. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
6. DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
7. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-263AB.

D²Pak Part Marking Information

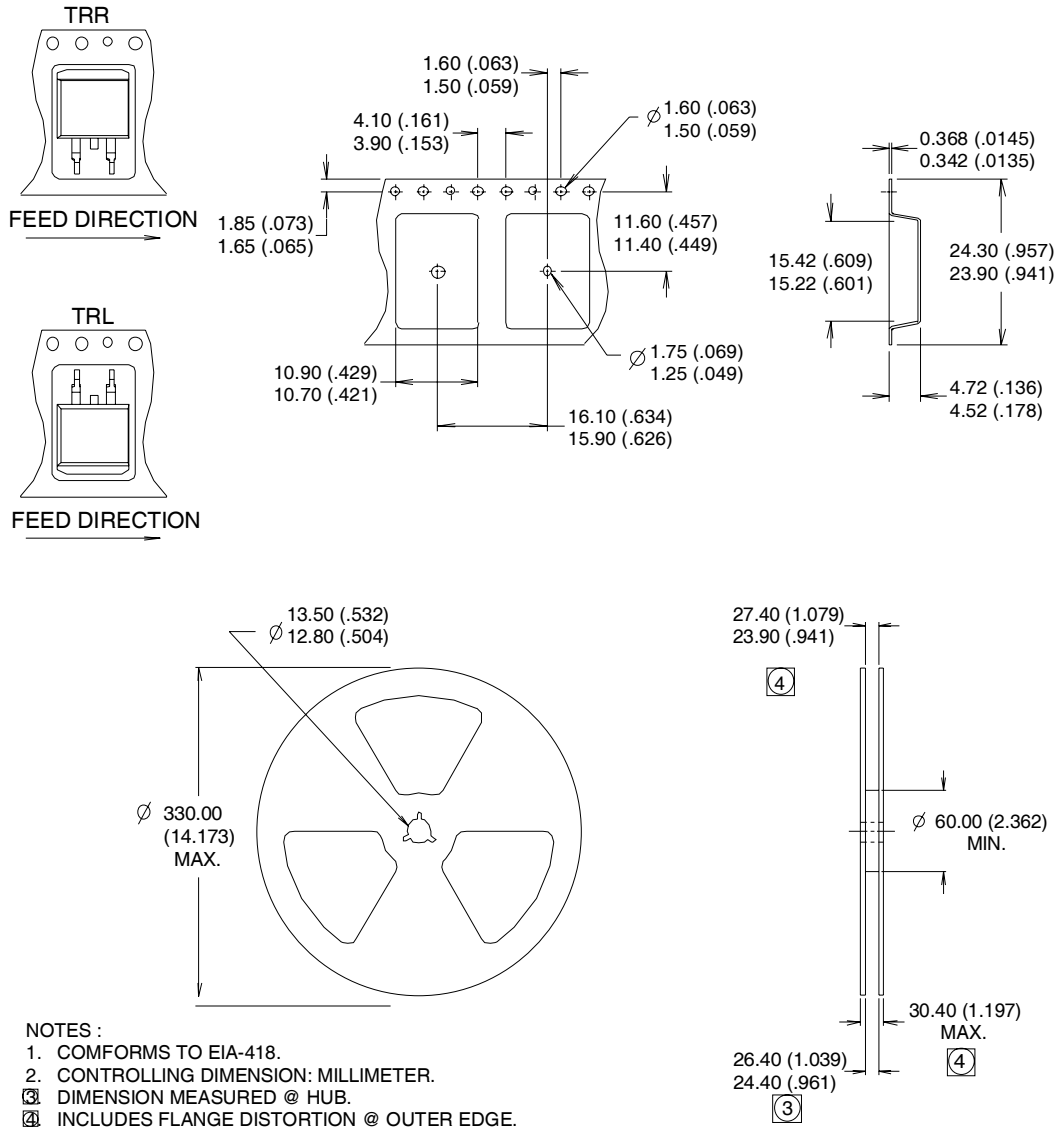
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH
LOT CODE 8024
ASSEMBLED ON WW 02, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH
LOT CODE 8024
For GB Produced ASSEMBLED ON WW 02, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

D²Pak Tape & Reel Information



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
 This product has been designed for the Industrial market.
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

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 [Infineon Technologies](#) Information

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-  Shortage Management
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-  Excess Inventory Management