



# THE DATASHEET OF TS271IN





## CMOS Programmable Low Power Single Operational Amplifier

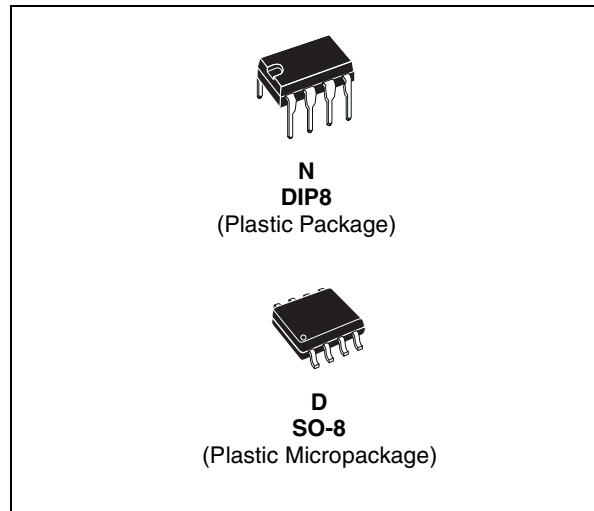
- Offset null capability (by external compensation)
- Dynamic characteristics adjustable  $I_{SET}$
- Consumption current and dynamic parameters are stable regarding the voltage power supply variations
- Output voltage can swing to ground
- Very large  $I_{SET}$  range
- Stable and low offset voltage
- Three input offset voltage selections

### Description

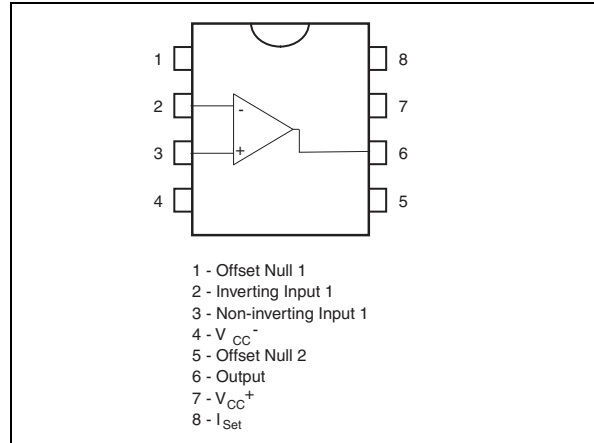
The TS271 is a low cost, low power single operational amplifier designed to operate with single or dual supplies. This operational amplifier uses the ST silicon gate CMOS process giving it an excellent consumption-speed ratio. This amplifier is ideally suited for low consumption applications.

The power supply is externally programmable with a resistor connected between pins 8 and 4. It allows to choose the best consumption-speed ratio and supply current can be minimized according to the required speed. This device is specified for the following  $I_{SET}$  current values: 1.5 $\mu$ A, 25 $\mu$ A, 130 $\mu$ A.

This CMOS amplifier offers very high input impedance and extremely low input currents. The major advantage versus JFET devices is the very low input currents drift with temperature see [Figure 8](#), [Figure 19](#), [Figure 30](#).



### Pin Connections (top view)

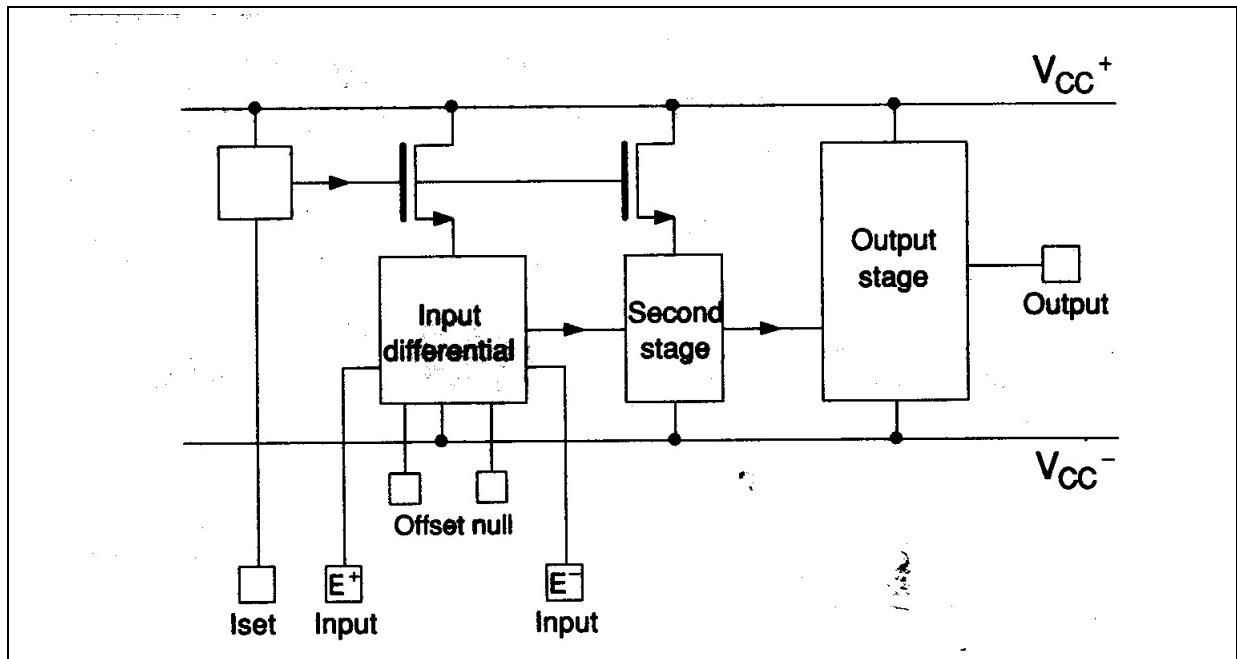


### Order Codes

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package	Packaging
TS271CN/ACN	0°C, +70°C	DIP	Tube
TS271CD/CDT/ACD/ACDT		SO	Tube and Tape & Reel
TS271IN/AIN/	-40°C, +125°C	DIP	Tube
TS271ID/IDT/AID/AIDT/BID/BIDT		SO	Tube and Tape & Reel
TS271BMD	-55°C, +125°C	SO	Tube

## 1 Block Diagram

Figure 1. Application block diagram



## 2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

**Table 1. Key parameters and their absolute maximum ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	TS271C/AC/BC	TS271I/AI/BI	TS271M/AM/BM	Unit
$V_{CC}^+$	Supply Voltage <sup>1</sup>	18			V
$V_{id}$	Differential Input Voltage <sup>2</sup>	±18			V
$V_i$	Input Voltage <sup>3</sup>	-0.3 to 18			V
$I_o$	Output Current for $V_{CC}^+ \geq 15V$	±30			mA
$I_{in}$	Input Current	±5			mA
$T_{oper}$	Operating Free-Air Temperature Range	0 to +70	-40 to +125	-55 to +125	°C
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150			°C

- 1) All values, except differential voltage are with respect to network ground terminal.
- 2) Differential voltages are the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
- 3) The magnitude of the input and the output voltages must never exceed the magnitude of the positive supply voltage.

**Table 2. Operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CC}^+$	Supply Voltage	3 to 16	V
$V_{icm}$	Common Mode Input Voltage Range	0 to $V_{CC}^+ - 1.5$	V

Figure 2. Schematic Diagram

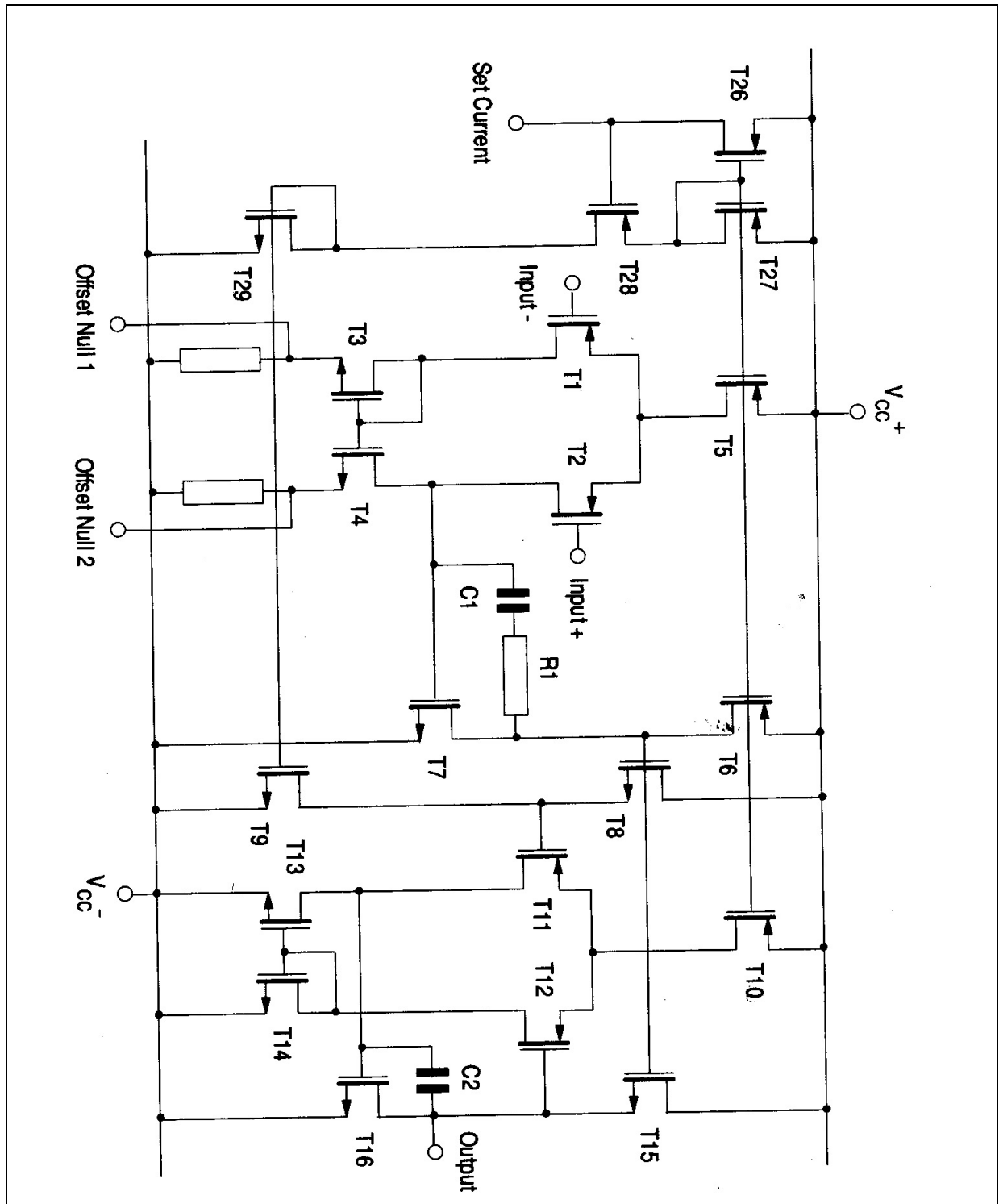


Figure 3. Offset voltage null circuit

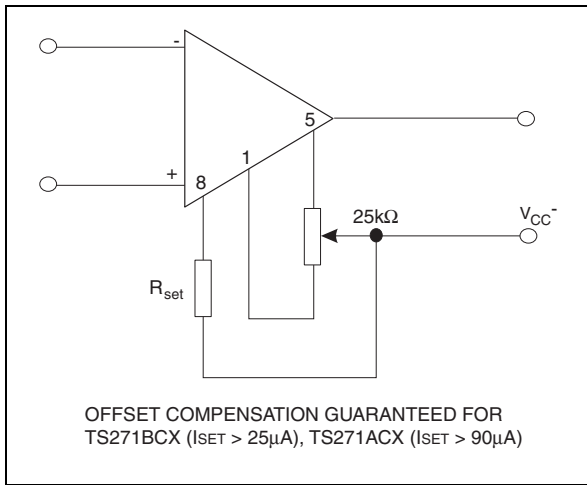


Figure 5. Resistor biasing

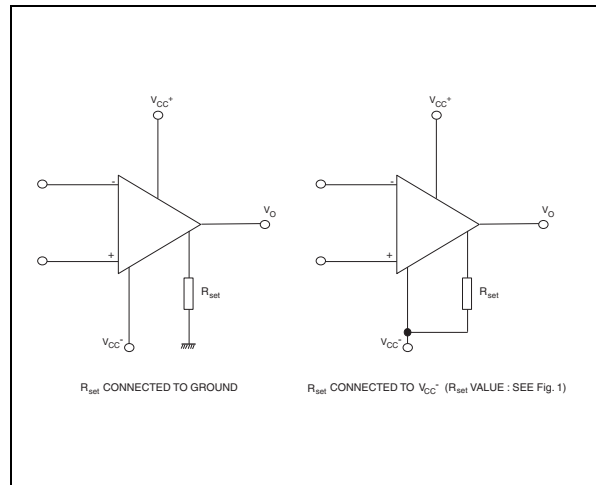


Figure 4. Offset voltage null circuit

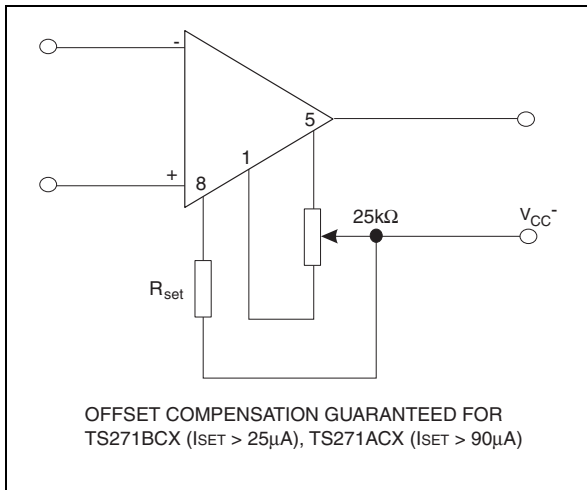
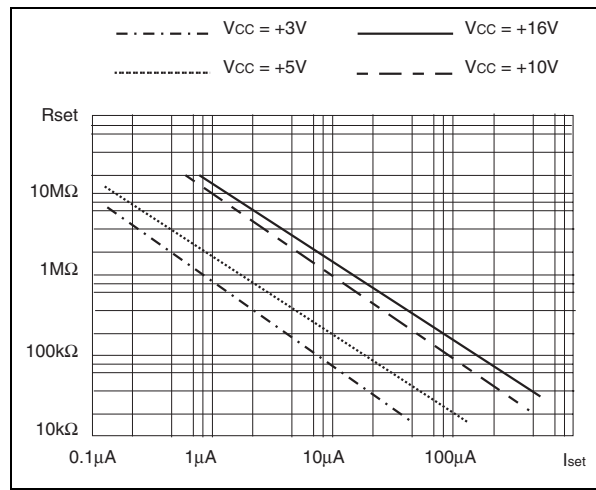


Figure 6. Rset connected to Vcc-



### 3 Electrical Characteristics

**Table 3.** for  $I_{SET} = 1.5\mu A$  -  $V_{CC}^+ = +10V$ ,  $V_{CC}^- = 0V$ ,  $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$  (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS271C/AC/BC			TS271I/AI/BI TS271M/AM/BM			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{io}$	Input Offset Voltage $V_O = 1.4V$ , $V_{ic} = 0V$ TS271C/I/M TS271AC/AI/AM TS271BC/BI/BM $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ TS271C/I/M TS271AC/AI/AM TS271BC/BI/BM		1.1 0.9 0.25	10 5 2 12 6.5 3		1.1 0.9 0.25	10 5 2 12 6.5 3.5	mV
$DV_{io}$	Input Offset Voltage Drift		2			2		$\mu V/^\circ C$
$I_{io}$	Input Offset Current note 1 $V_{ic} = 5V$ , $V_O = 5V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		1	100		1	200	pA
$I_{ib}$	Input Bias Current - see note 1 $V_{ic} = 5V$ , $V_O = 5V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		1	150		1	300	pA
$V_{OH}$	High Level Output Voltage $V_{id} = 100mV$ , $R_L = 1M\Omega$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	8.8 8.7	9		8.8 8.6	9		V
$V_{OL}$	Low Level Output Voltage $V_{id} = -100mV$			50			50	mV
$A_{vd}$	Large Signal Voltage Gain $V_{ic} = 5V$ , $R_L = 1M\Omega$ , $V_o = 1V$ to $6V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	30 20	100		30 20	100		V/mV
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product $A_v = 40dB$ , $R_L = 1M\Omega$ , $C_L = 100pF$ , $f_{in} = 100kHz$		0.1			0.1		MHz
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio $V_{ic} = 1V$ to $7.4V$ , $V_o = 1.4V$	60	80		60	80		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio $V_{CC}^+ = 5V$ to $10V$ , $V_o = 1.4V$	60	80		60	80		dB
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current (per amplifier) $A_v = 1$ , no load, $V_o = 5V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		10	15 17		10	15 18	$\mu A$
$I_o$	Output Short Circuit Current $V_o = 0V$ , $V_{id} = 100mV$		60			60		mA
$I_{sink}$	Output Sink Current $V_o = V_{CC}$ , $V_{id} = -100mV$		45			45		mA
SR	Slew Rate at Unity Gain $R_L = 1M\Omega$ , $C_L = 100pF$ , $V_i = 3$ to $7V$		0.04			0.04		V/ $\mu s$
$\phi_m$	Phase Margin at Unity Gain $A_v = 40dB$ , $R_L = 1M\Omega$ $C_L = 10pF$ $C_L = 100pF$		35 10			35 10		Degrees
$K_{OV}$	Overshoot Factor $A_v = 40dB$ , $R_L = 1M\Omega$ $C_L = 10pF$ $C_L = 100pF$		40 70			40 70		%
$e_n$	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage $f = 1kHz$ , $R_s = 100\Omega$		30			30		$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$

1) Maximum values including unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial test.

Typical characteristics for  $I_{SET} = 1.5\mu A$

Figure 7. Supply current versus supply voltage

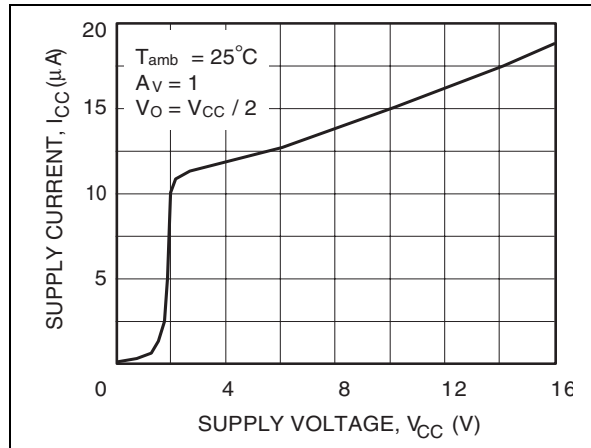


Figure 8. Input bias current versus free air temperature

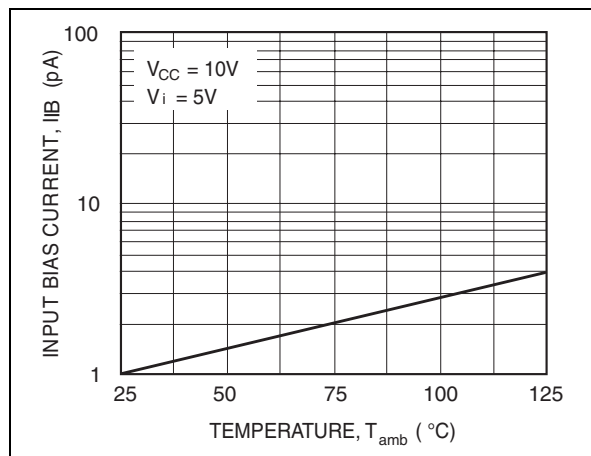


Figure 9. High level output voltage versus high level output current

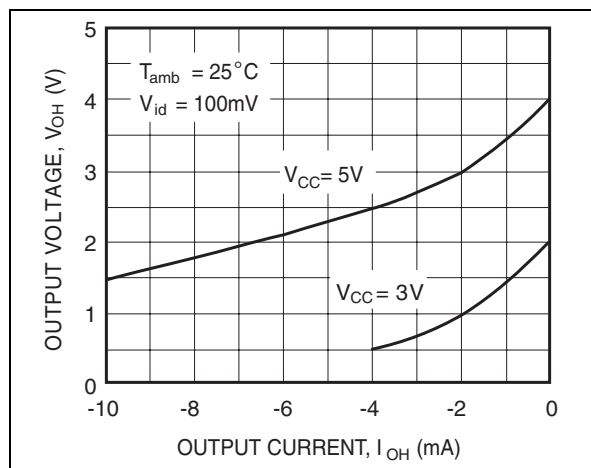


Figure 10. High level output voltage versus high level output current

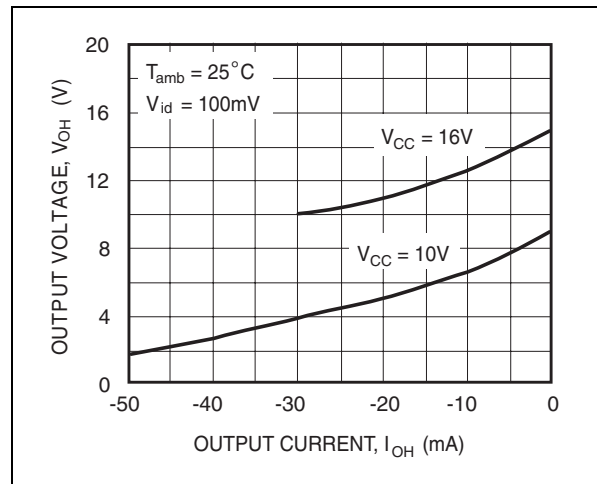


Figure 11. Low level output voltage versus low level output current

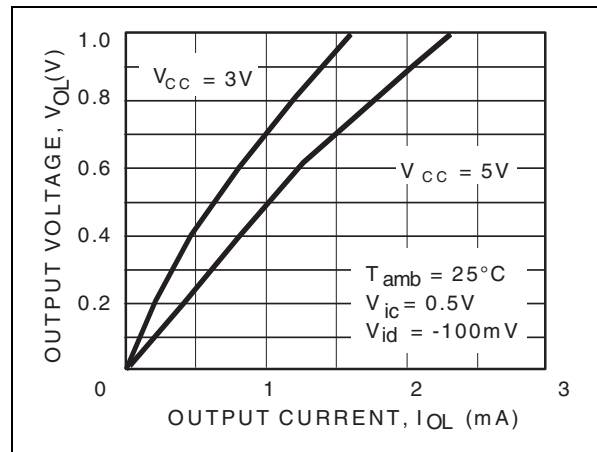


Figure 12. Low level output voltage versus low level output current

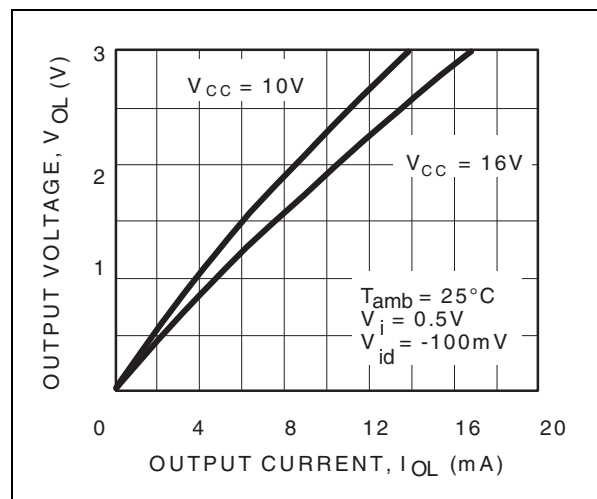


Figure 13. Open loop frequency response and phase shift

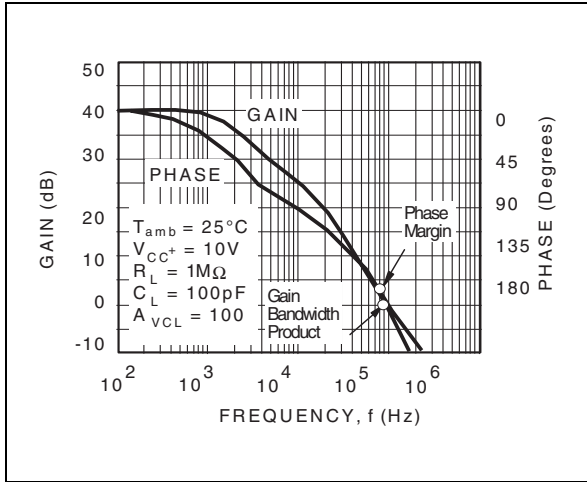


Figure 16. Phase margin versus capacitive load

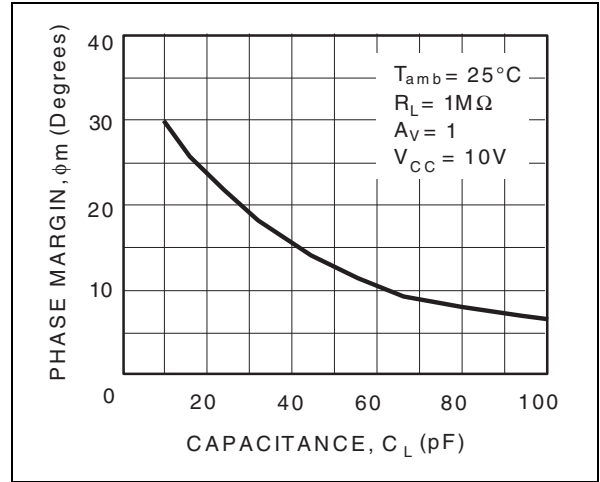


Figure 14. Gain bandwidth product versus supply voltage

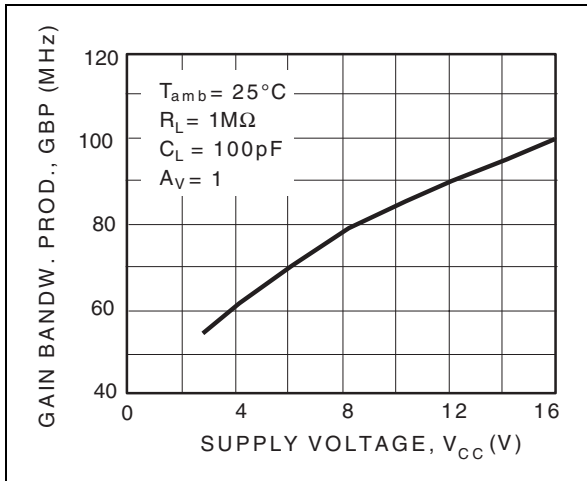


Figure 17. Slew rate versus supply voltage

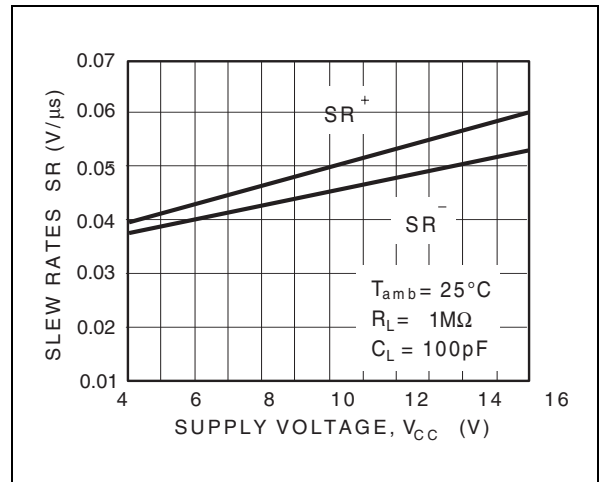
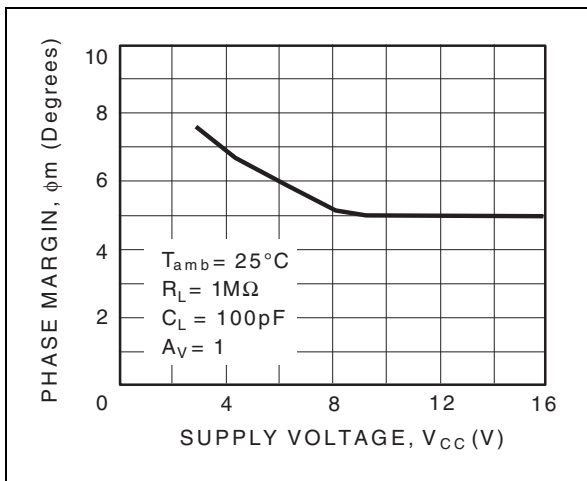


Figure 15. Phase margin versus supply voltage



## 4 Electrical Characteristics

Table 4. for  $I_{SET} = 25\mu A$  -  $V_{CC^+} = +10V$ ,  $V_{CC^-} = 0V$ ,  $T_{amb} = +25^\circ C$  (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS271C/AC/BC			TS271I/AI/BI TS271M/AM/BM			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{io}$	Input Offset Voltage $V_O = 1.4V$ , $V_{ic} = 0V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		1.1 0.9 0.25	10 5 2 12 6.5 3		1.1 0.9 0.25	10 5 2 12 6.5 3.5	mV
$DV_{io}$	Input Offset Voltage Drift		2			2		$\mu V/^\circ C$
$I_{io}$	Input Offset Current note 1 $V_{ic} = 5V$ , $V_O = 5V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		1	100		1	200	pA
$I_{ib}$	Input Bias Current - see note 1 $V_{ic} = 5V$ , $V_O = 5V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		1	150		1	300	pA
$V_{OH}$	High Level Output Voltage $V_{id} = 100mV$ , $R_L = 100k\Omega$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	8.7 8.6	8.9		8.7 8.5	8.9		V
$V_{OL}$	Low Level Output Voltage $V_{id} = -100mV$			50			50	mV
$A_{vd}$	Large Signal Voltage Gain $V_{ic} = 5V$ , $R_L = 100k\Omega$ , $V_o = 1V$ to $6V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	30 20	50		30 10	50		V/mV
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product $A_v = 40dB$ , $R_L = 100k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100pF$ , $f_{in} = 100kHz$		0.7			0.7		MHz
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio $V_{ic} = 1V$ to $7.4V$ , $V_o = 1.4V$	60	80		60	80		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio $V_{CC^+} = 5V$ to $10V$ , $V_o = 1.4V$	60	80		60	80		dB
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current (per amplifier) $A_v = 1$ , no load, $V_o = 5V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		150	200 250		150	200 300	$\mu A$
$I_o$	Output Short Circuit Current $V_o = 0V$ , $V_{id} = 100mV$		60			60		mA
$I_{sink}$	Output Sink Current $V_o = V_{CC^-}$ , $V_{id} = -100mV$		45			45		mA
SR	Slew Rate at Unity Gain $R_L = 100k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100pF$ , $V_i = 3$ to $7V$		0.6			0.6		V/ $\mu s$
$\phi_m$	Phase Margin at Unity Gain $A_v = 40dB$ , $R_L = 100k\Omega$ $C_L = 10pF$ $C_L = 100pF$		50 30			50 30		Degrees
$K_{OV}$	Overshoot Factor $A_v = 40dB$ , $R_L = 100k\Omega$ $C_L = 10pF$ $C_L = 100pF$		30 50			30 50		%
$e_n$	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage $f = 1kHz$ , $R_s = 100\Omega$		38			38		$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$

1) Maximum values including unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial test.

Typical characteristics for  $I_{SET} = 25\mu A$

Figure 18. Supply current versus supply voltage

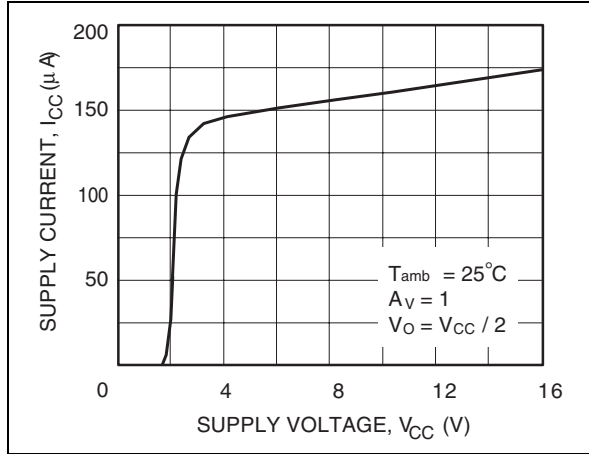


Figure 19. Input bias current versus free air temperature

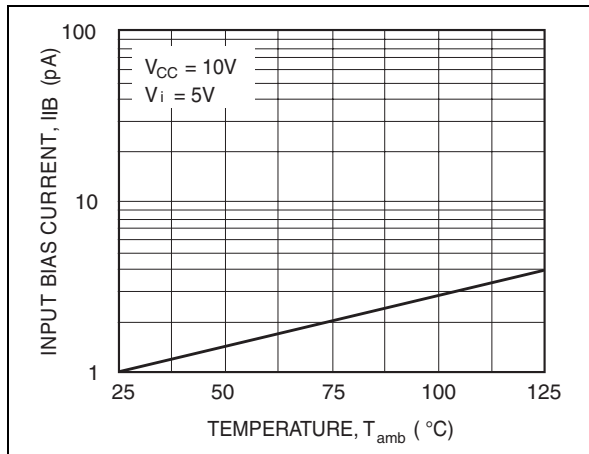


Figure 20. High level output voltage versus high level output current

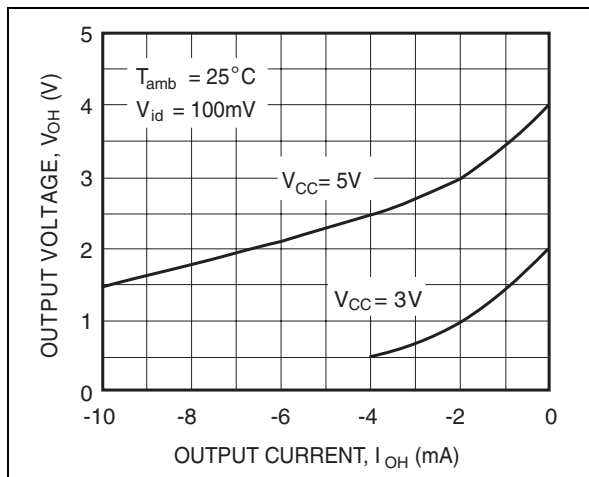


Figure 21. High level output voltage versus high level output current

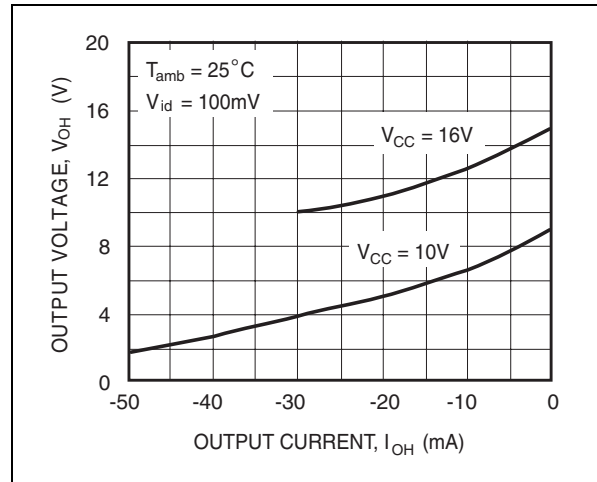


Figure 22. Low level output voltage versus low level output current

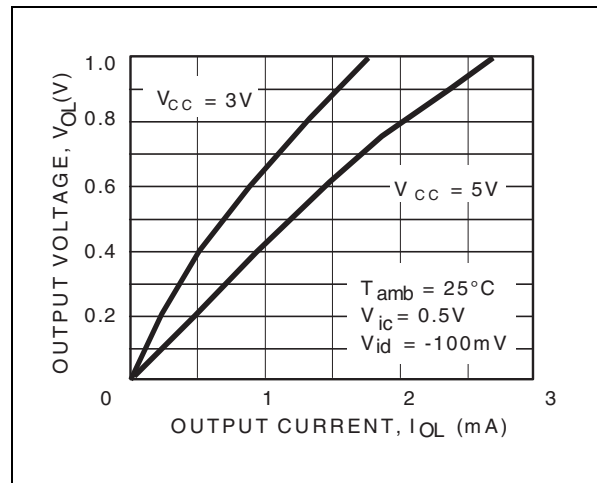


Figure 23. Low level output voltage versus low level output current

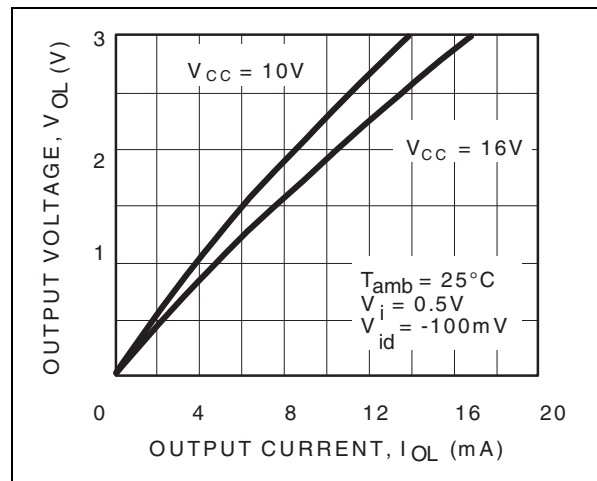


Figure 24. Open loop frequency response and phase shift

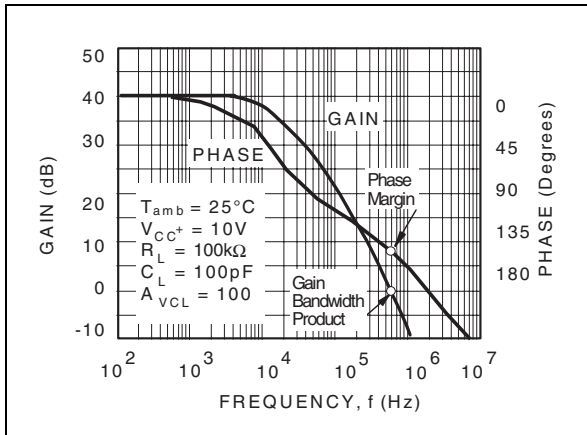


Figure 27. Phase margin versus capacitive load

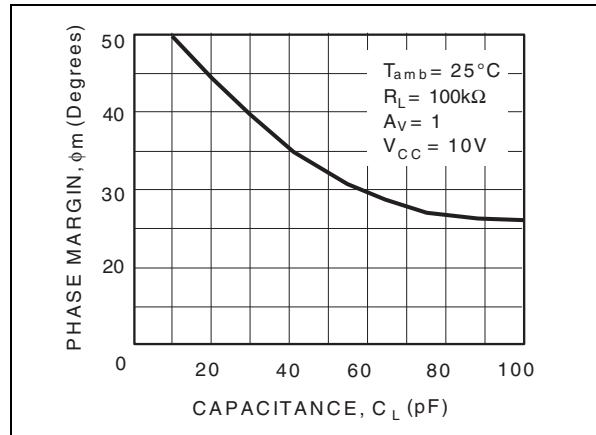


Figure 25. Gain bandwidth product versus supply voltage

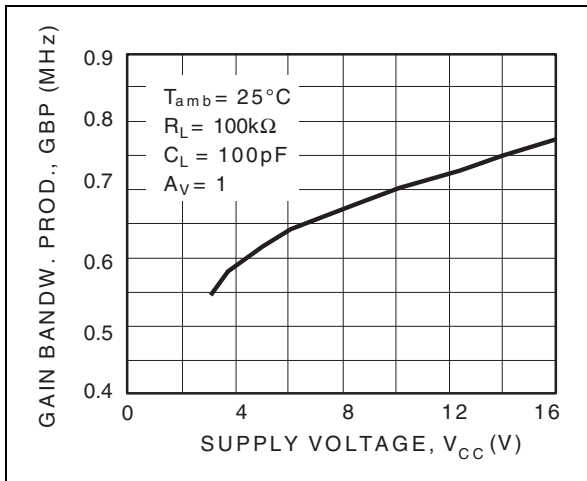


Figure 28. Slew rate versus supply voltage

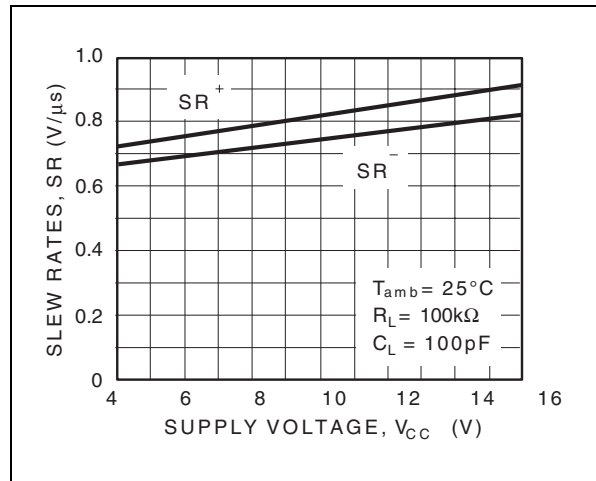
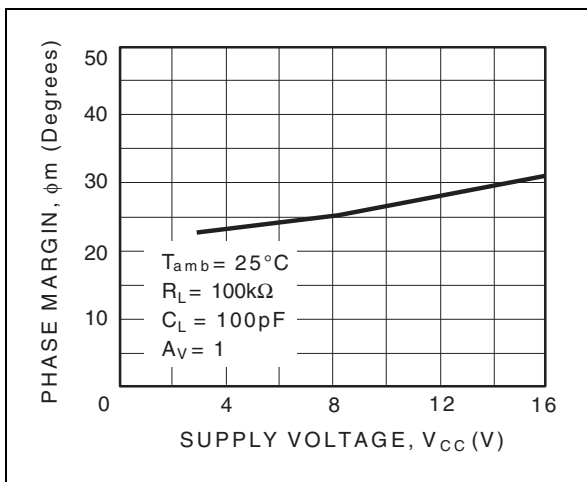


Figure 26. Phase margin versus supply voltage



## 5 Electrical Characteristics

Table 5. for  $I_{SET} = 130\mu A$  -  $V_{CC^+} = +10V$ ,  $V_{CC^-} = 0V$ ,  $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$  (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	TS271C/AC/BC			TS271I/AI/BI TS271M/AM/BM			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{io}$	Input Offset Voltage $V_O = 1.4V$ , $V_{ic} = 0V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		1.1 0.9 0.25	10 5 2 12 6.5 3		1.1 0.9 0.25	10 5 2 12 6.5 3.5	mV
$DV_{io}$	Input Offset Voltage Drift		2			2		$\mu V/^{\circ}C$
$I_{io}$	Input Offset Current note 1 $V_{ic} = 5V$ , $V_O = 5V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		1	100		1	200	pA
$I_{ib}$	Input Bias Current - see note 1 $V_{ic} = 5V$ , $V_O = 5V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		1	150		1	300	pA
$V_{OH}$	High Level Output Voltage $V_{id} = 100mV$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	8.2 8.1	8.4		8.2 8	8.4		V
$V_{OL}$	Low Level Output Voltage $V_{id} = -100mV$			50			50	mV
$A_{vd}$	Large Signal Voltage Gain $V_{ic} = 5V$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ , $V_O = 1V$ to $6V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	10 7	15		10 6	15		V/mV
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product $A_v = 40dB$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100pF$ , $f_{in} = 100kHz$		2.3			2.3		MHz
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio $V_{ic} = 1V$ to $7.4V$ , $V_O = 1.4V$	60	80		60	80		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio $V_{CC^+} = 5V$ to $10V$ , $V_O = 1.4V$	60	70		60	70		dB
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current (per amplifier) $A_v = 1$ , no load, $V_O = 5V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		800	1300 1400		800	1300 1500	$\mu A$
$I_o$	Output Short Circuit Current $V_O = 0V$ , $V_{id} = 100mV$		60			60		mA
$I_{sink}$	Output Sink Current $V_O = V_{CC^-}$ , $V_{id} = -100mV$		45			45		mA
SR	Slew Rate at Unity Gain $R_L = 10k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100pF$ , $V_i = 3$ to $7V$		4.5			4.5		V/ $\mu s$
$\phi_m$	Phase Margin at Unity Gain $A_v = 40dB$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $C_L = 10pF$ $C_L = 100pF$		65 30			65 30		Degrees
$K_{OV}$	Overshoot Factor $A_v = 40dB$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $C_L = 10pF$ $C_L = 100pF$		30 50			30 50		%
$e_n$	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage $f = 1kHz$ , $R_s = 100\Omega$		30			30		$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$

1) Maximum values including unavoidable inaccuracies of the industrial test.

Typical characteristics for  $I_{SET} = 130\mu A$

Figure 29. Supply current (each amplifier) versus supply voltage

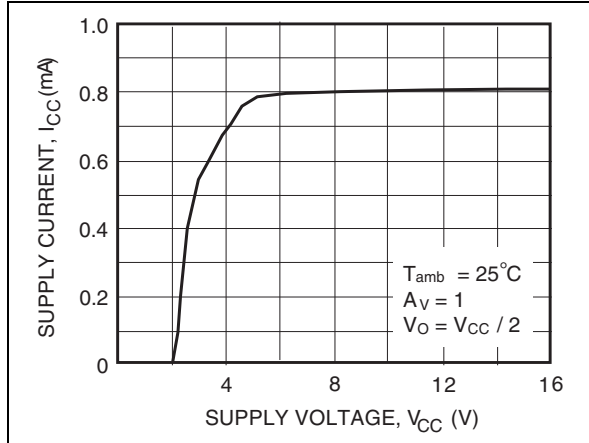


Figure 30. Input bias current versus free air temperature

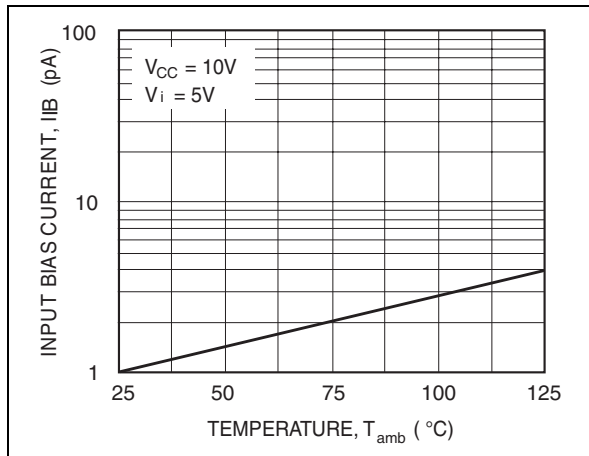


Figure 31. High level output voltage versus high level output current

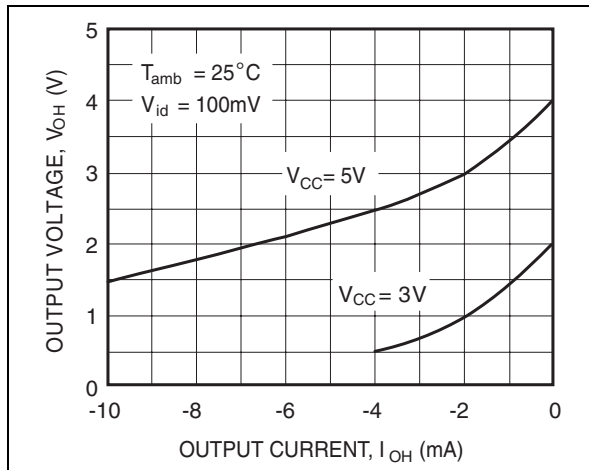


Figure 32. High level output voltage versus high level output current

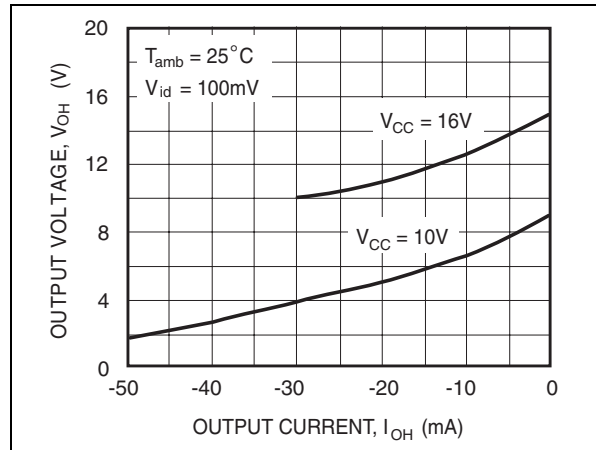


Figure 33. Low level output voltage versus low level output current

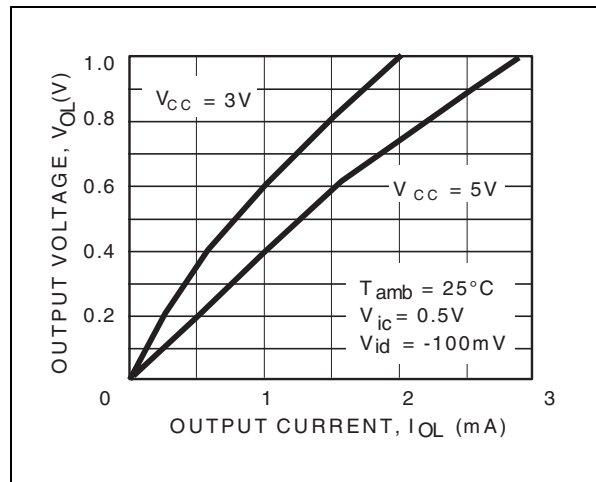


Figure 34. Low level output voltage versus low level output current

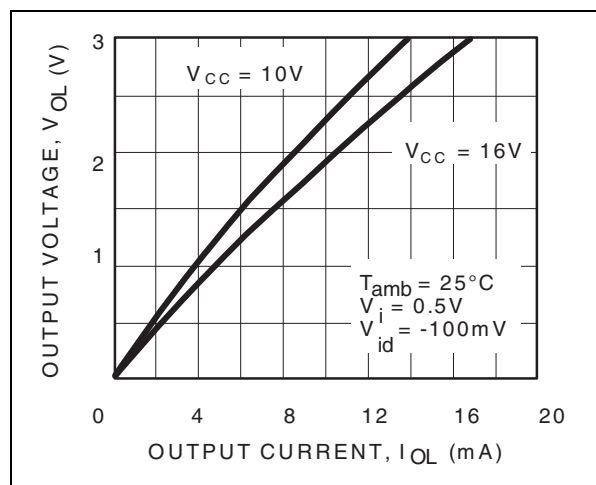


Figure 35. Open loop frequency response and phase shift

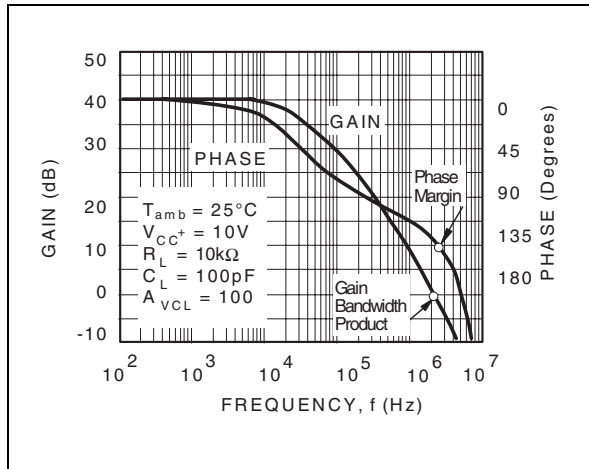


Figure 38. Phase margin versus capacitive load

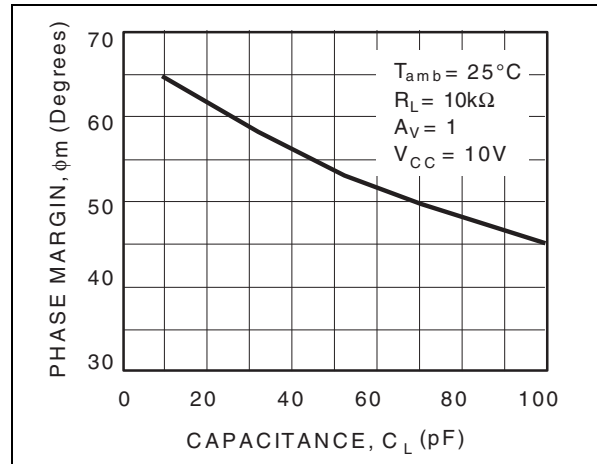


Figure 36. Gain bandwidth product versus supply voltage

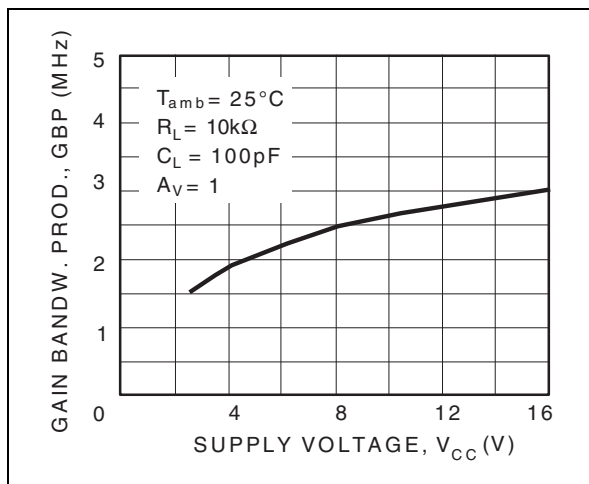


Figure 39. Slew rate versus supply voltage

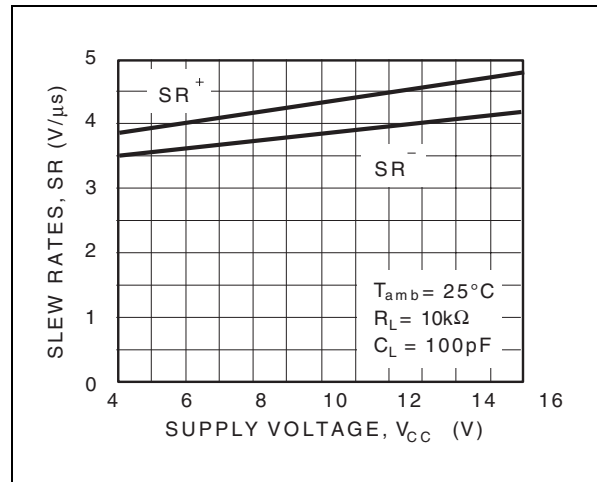
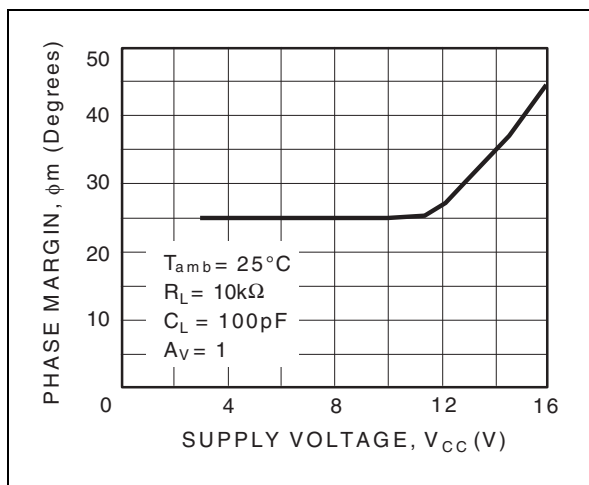


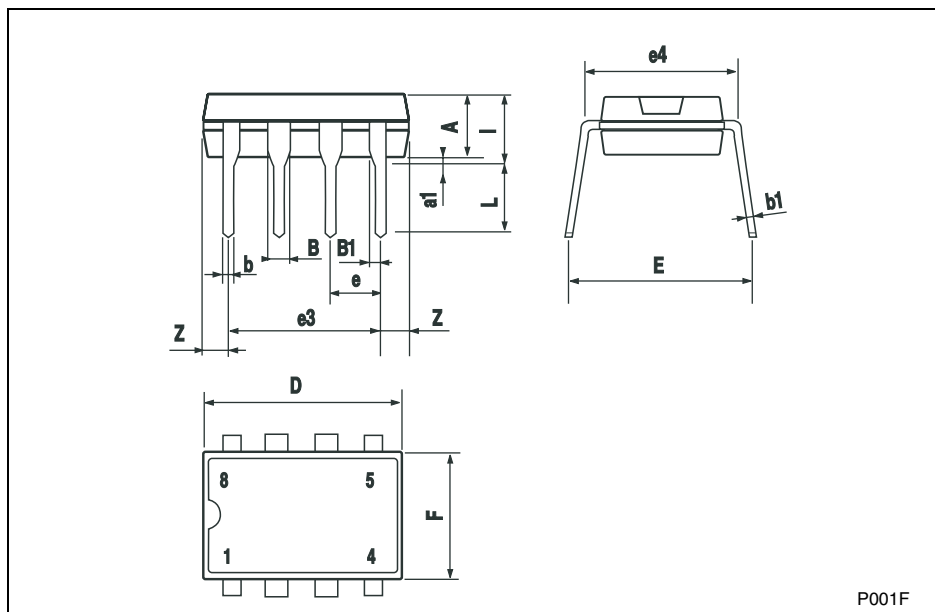
Figure 37. Phase margin versus supply voltage



6 Package Mechanical Data

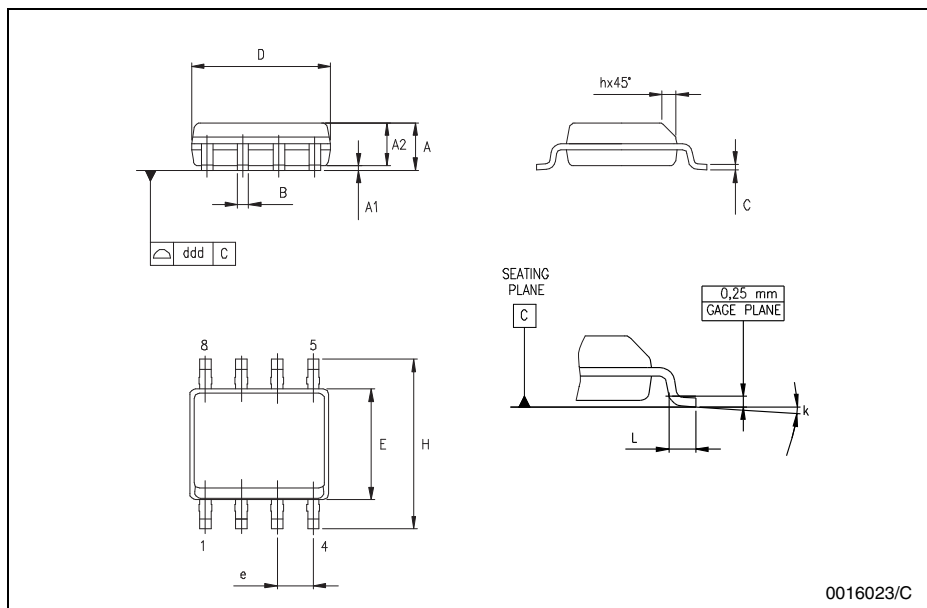
**Plastic DIP-8 MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A		3.3			0.130	
a1	0.7			0.028		
B	1.39		1.65	0.055		0.065
B1	0.91		1.04	0.036		0.041
b		0.5			0.020	
b1	0.38		0.5	0.015		0.020
D			9.8			0.386
E		8.8			0.346	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		7.62			0.300	
e4		7.62			0.300	
F			7.1			0.280
I			4.8			0.189
L		3.3			0.130	
Z	0.44		1.6	0.017		0.063



Package Mechanical Data

SO-8 MECHANICAL DATA						
DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069
A1	0.10		0.25	0.04		0.010
A2	1.10		1.65	0.043		0.065
B	0.33		0.51	0.013		0.020
C	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.010
D	4.80		5.00	0.189		0.197
E	3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157
e		1.27			0.050	
H	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244
h	0.25		0.50	0.010		0.020
L	0.40		1.27	0.016		0.050
k	8° (max.)					
ddd			0.1			0.04



## 7 Revision History

Date	Revision	Description of Changes
01 Nov. 2001	1	First Release
01 March 2005	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Application block diagram updated on <a href="#">Figure 2 on page 4</a></li><li>• Schematic Diagram updated on <a href="#">Figure 4 on page 5</a></li></ul>

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