THE DATASHEET OF

TPS76933EVM-127

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Texas Instruments

TPS769xx SOT-23 LDO Linear Regulator Evaluation Module

User's Guide

February 2000

Mixed-Signal Products

SLVU024

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Preface

Related Documentation From Texas Instruments

- ***TPS76901, TPS76912, TPS76915, TPS76918, TPS76925, TPS76927, TPS76928, TPS76930, TPS76933, TPS76950 Ultra Low-Power 100-mA Low-Dropout Linear Regulators*** (TI Literature Number SLVS203) provides detailed information on the TPS769xx family of devices.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

The TPS76901EVM–127, the TPS76918EVM-127, and the TPS76933EVM-127 LDO regulator modules provide the user with cost-effective solutions for providing power to various low-voltage options. These EVMs are pin-compatible with standard 3-terminal type regulators. The EVMs are set up as 1-V, 1.8-V, and 3.3-V output at 100 mA. Various options can be implemented with the board to give a range of output voltages from 0 to 5.5 V.

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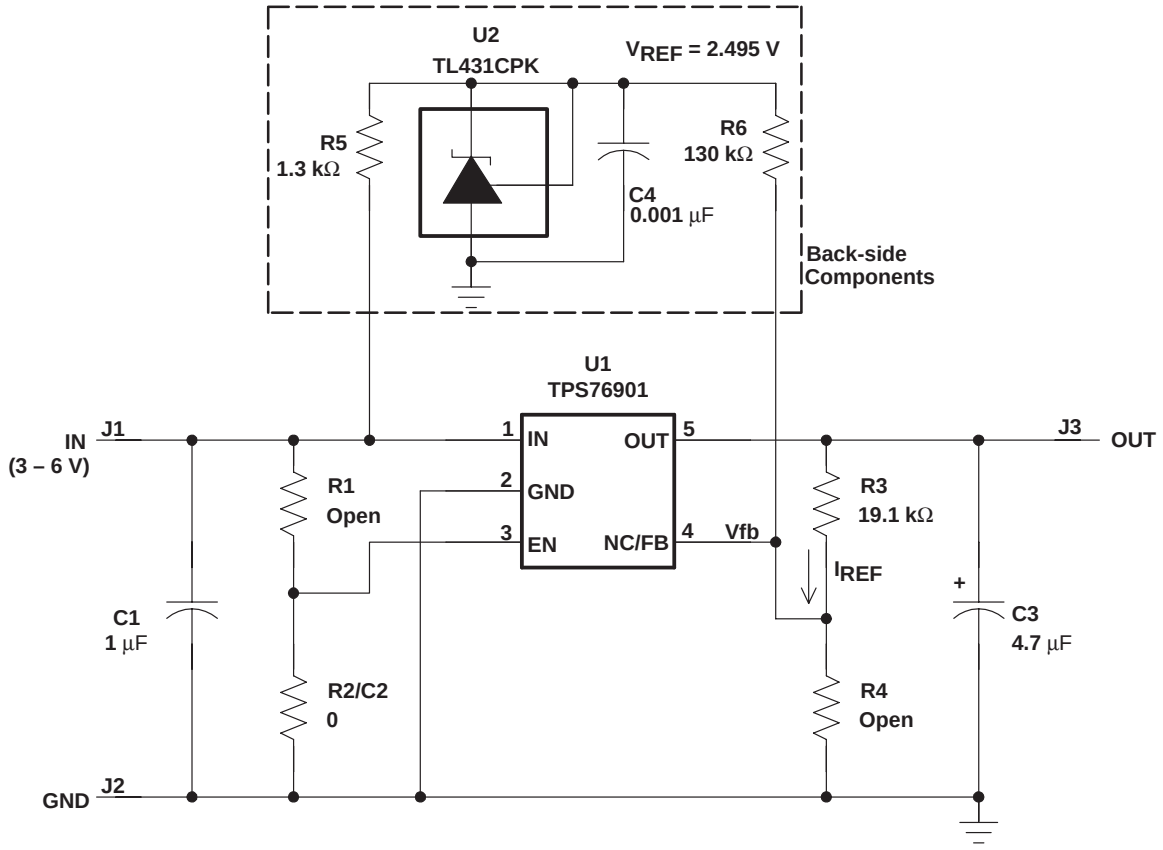
1.1 Introduction

Low cost and simplicity of design make LDO regulators popular solutions in low-power step-down applications where lack of isolation from the input source is not a concern.

Applications of the EVM include single DSP C5400 device, digital camera, medical test equipment, cell phones, consumer audio equipment, and battery backup electronics.

Figure 1–1 shows the schematic of the TPS76901EVM-127 configured for a 1-V output. The TPS76933EVM–127 (3.3 V) schematic is shown in Figure 1–2. The LDO utilizes a PMOS pass element, which reduces the device quiescient current to 28 µA (max). Other features of the PMOS LDO is the low dropout voltage of 71 mV (typ), thermal protection, over current limit, and 2 µA shutdown quiescient current.

Figure 1–1. Schematic Diagram (TPS76901EVM-127, V_O = 1 V)



The basic functionality of the EVM is to provide output voltages of 0 V to 5.5 V.

By means of external resistors and a voltage reference (R1–R6 and U1), the output voltage is adjusted to provide an output voltage that is either above or below the TPS76901 nominal, internal reference voltage of 1.224 V (V_{FB}).

1.2 Output Voltages Greater Than V_{REF}

For applications requiring an output voltage greater than the internal reference voltage (V_{FB}) of 1.224 V, a standard linear regulator circuit with an external voltage divider is all that is necessary. The lower section of Figure 1 shows a generic linear regulator circuit with an input capacitor (C1), output capacitor (C3), external voltage divider (R3/R4), and the enable circuit with either a pullup resistor (R1) or pulldown resistor (R2) as required. None of the backside components are required for this application. If a delayed enabled is desired, the R1 and R2/C2 component pads can be used for an RC circuit. When using the TPS76918EVM–127 or the TPS76933EVM–127, the external divider is not required and R3 is a 0-Ω resistor used to connect the sense terminal to V_O. When using the TPS76901EVM–127 (adjustable output voltage), it is recommended that the divider current (I_{REF}) be set to 7 µA. Choosing R4 to be 169 kΩ and calculating R3 for V_O accomplishes this.

$$R3 = \left(\frac{V_O}{V_{FB}} - 1\right) \times R4 \tag{1}$$

Where:

V_{FB} = 1.224 V

R4 = 169 kΩ

Then

$$R3 = \left(138.07 \times V_O\right) - 169\ k\Omega$$

Lower value resistors can be used but are not as power efficient. Higher value resistors should be avoided due to leakage currents at FB increasing the output voltage error. Table 1–1 shows various voltage options and the suggested resistor values.

Table 1–1. Resistor Values

OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	DIVIDER RESISTANCE (kΩ)	
	R3	R4
2.5	174	169
3.3	287	169
3.6	324	169
4.0	383	169
5.0	523	169

1.3 Output Voltages Less Than V_{REF}

Applications requiring a lower output voltage than the internal reference voltage needs additional circuitry. The backside components shown in the upper section of figure 1 along with the deletion of R4 will implement this option. The backside components function as a second (but fixed) voltage source to artificially increase the voltage at the feedback terminal, thus requiring less output voltage to satisfy the error amplifier. The two voltage sources are summed at the error amplifier input node and compared to the internal reference voltage of 1.224 V. The contribution of the TL431 reference is:

$$V_A = \frac{R3}{R3 + R6} \times V_{REF} = \frac{R3}{R3 + R6} \times 2.495\ V$$

The contribution of the output voltage is:

$$V_B = \frac{R6}{R3 + R6} \times V_O$$

The total feedback voltage at V_{FB} then is the sum of the two previous equations:

$$V_{FB} = V_A + V_B = \left(\frac{R3}{R3 + R6} \times 2.495\right) + \left(\frac{R6}{R3 + R6} \times V_O\right)$$

Selecting R6 = 130 kΩ and solving for R3 yields:

$$R3 = \frac{\left(V_{FB} - V_O\right)}{\left(V_{REF} - V_{FB}\right)} \times R6 = 125.19 - \left(102.28 \times V_O\right)\ k\Omega$$

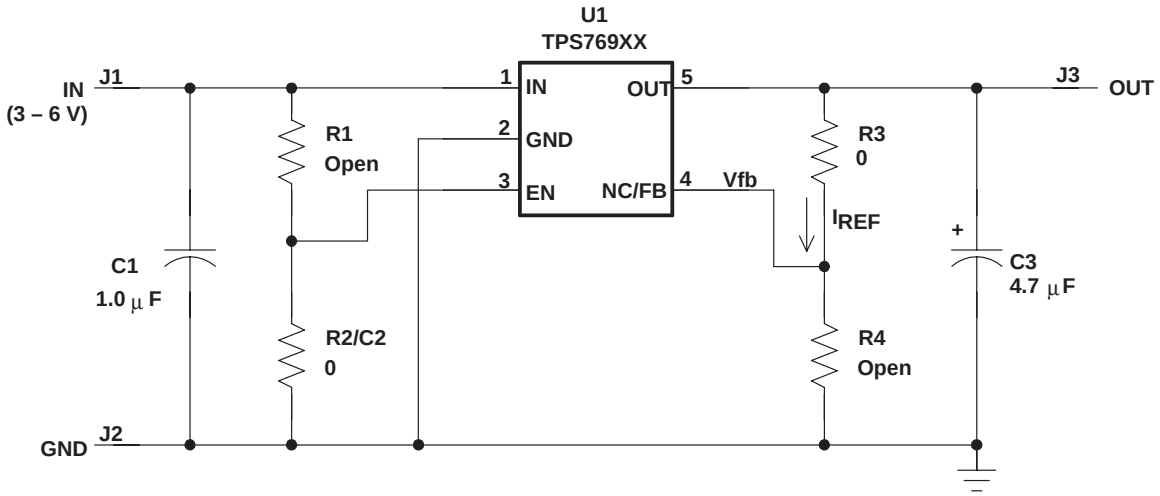
This circuit can only work down to 0 V due to the lack of a negative supply voltage. The accuracy of the output voltage is determined by the accuracy of both regulators, but since the load for the TL431 portion of the circuit is constant, only its line regulation and drift are important to the output voltage accuracy.

Additional features include a delayed enable by placing a capacitor for C2 and calculating R1 and C2 for an RC circuit. If no delayed enable is needed, then place a zero ohm resistor for R2 since the enable pin is active low. (note that C2 and R2 share the same component location).

1.4 Fixed Voltage Options

The TPS76918EVM–127 (Vout = 1.8 V) and the TPS76933EVM–127 (Vout = 3.3 V) fixed voltage options are also available. Both of these EVMs use only 4 components (see Figure 1–2) and can be used as a three terminal regulator.

Figure 1–2. Fixed Voltage Version of the TPS769xxEVM–127



Refer to SLVA071 application brief and TPS76901 datasheet for additional information.

Chapter 2

Board Layers and Assembly Drawings

This chapter shows the board layers and assembly drawings of the TPS769xx EVM.

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2.1 Board Layers

Figure 2–1. Top Layer

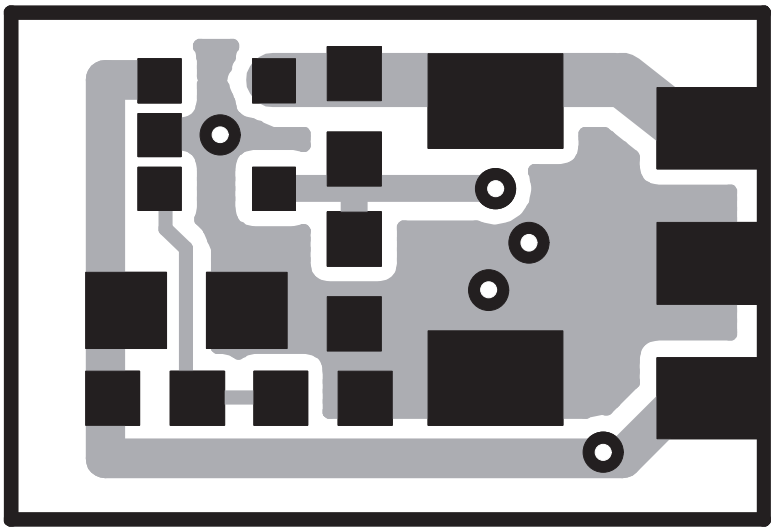


Figure 2–2. Top Silk Screen

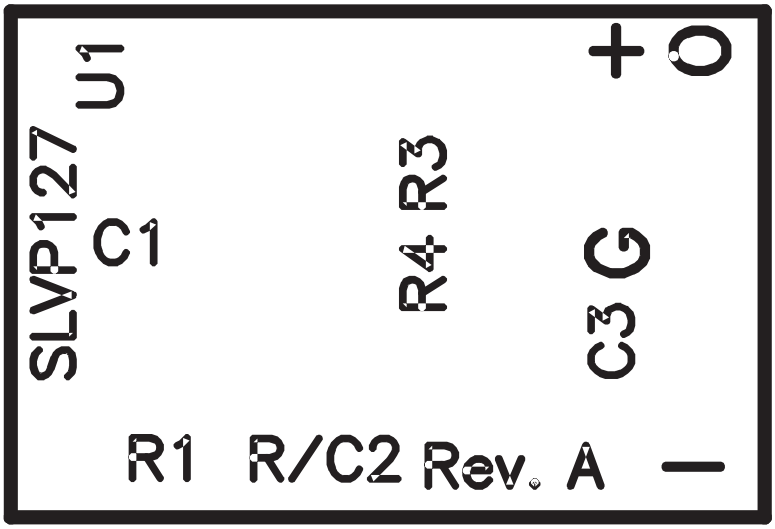


Figure 2–3. Bottom Layer (Top View)

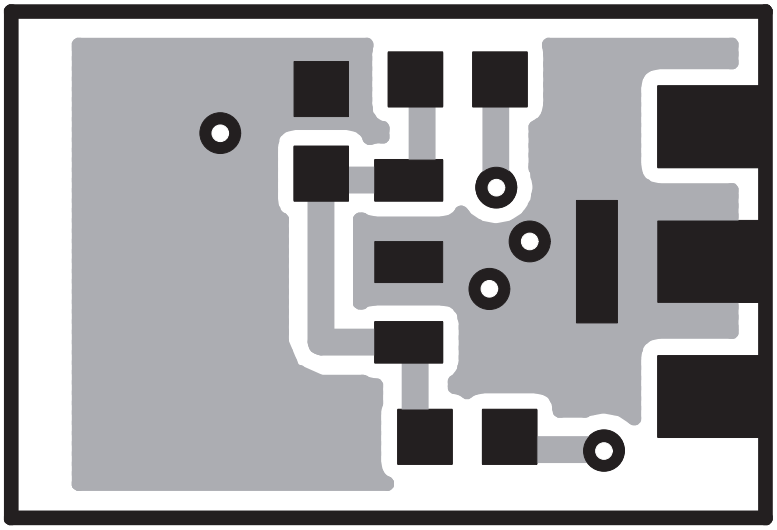


Figure 2–4. Bottom Silk Screen (Top View)

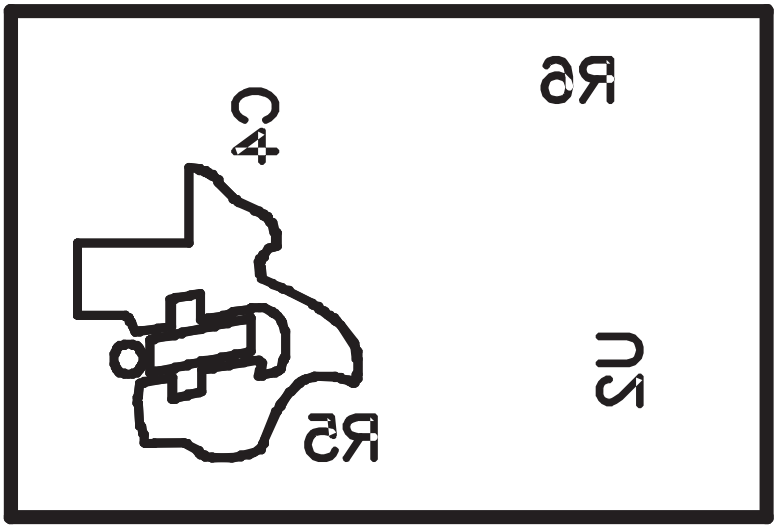
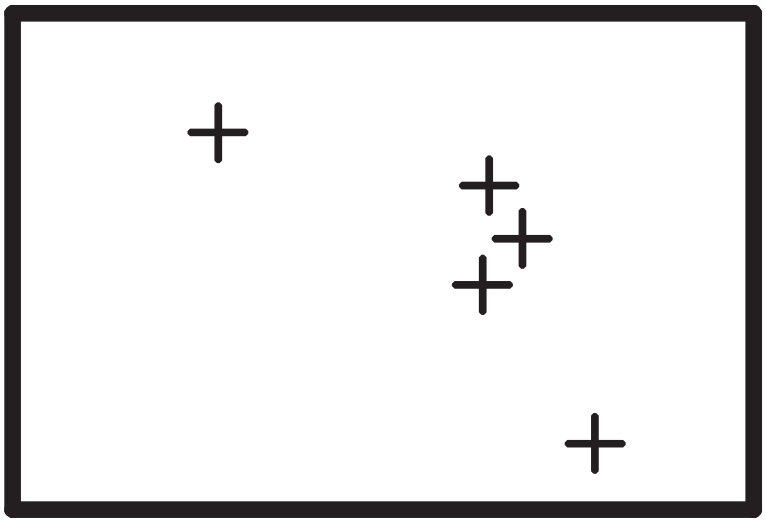


Figure 2–5. Drill Drawing and Drill Table



Drill Table			
Hole Dia (inch)	Symbol	Quantity	Plated
0.012	+	5	Yes

2.2 Assembly Drawings

Figure 2–6. Top Assembly

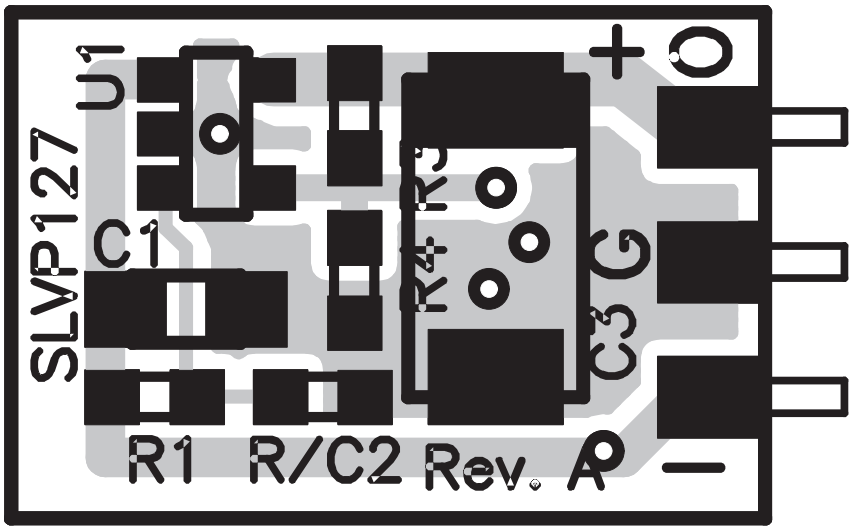
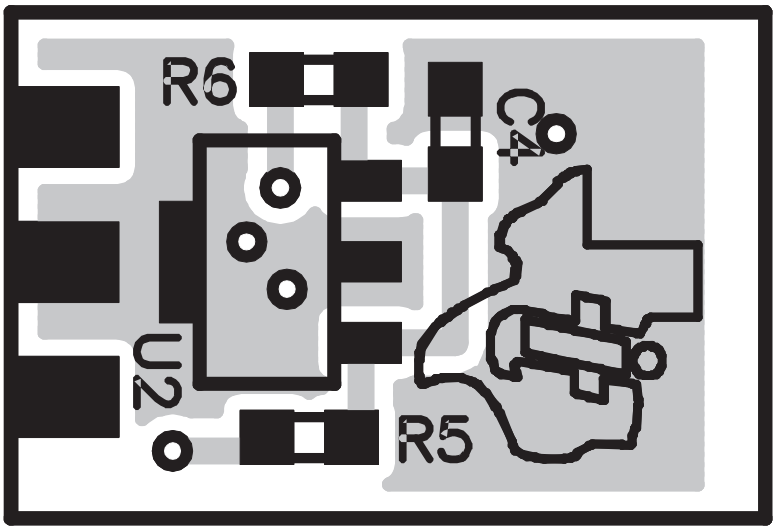


Figure 2–7. Bottom Assembly (Bottom View)



Chapter 3

Testing

This chapter provides details on testing the TPS76901–EVM–127

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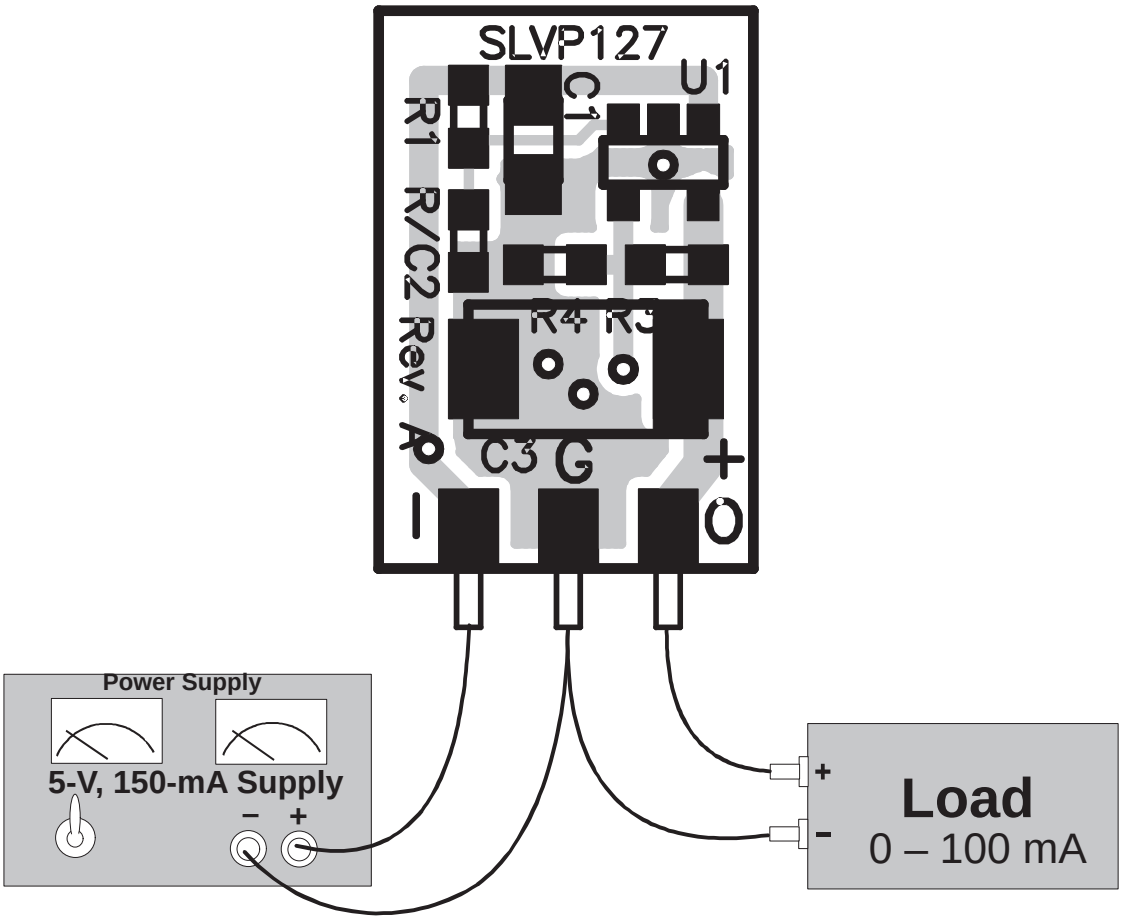
3.1 Testing



3.2 Test Setup

Test Procedure (for TPS76901EVM-127, V_O = 1 V)

1) Connect test setup as shown in the previous illustration. Set load to zero current. Set input voltage to 5 V and apply.

2) Verify output voltage is 1.00 V ±50 mV.

3) Adjust load for 100 mA and again verify output voltage is 1.00 V ±50 mV.

Table 3–1. Bill Of Materials

REF DES	QTY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	MFG	SIZE
C1	1	ECJ-2VF1C105Z	Capacitor, ceramic, 1 µF, 16 V, +80%–20%, Y5V	Panasonic	805
C2			Not used		603
C3	1	TPSC475K035R0600	Capacitor, tantalum, 4.7 µF, 35 V, 20%	AVX	C
C3 (Alt)		ECST1AC226R	Capacitor, tantalum, 22 µF, 10 V, 20%	Panasonic	C
C4	1	GRM39X7R102K050A	Capacitor, ceramic, 1000 pF, 50 V, 10%, X7R	muRata	603
J1	3	CA26DA-D36K-0FA	Clip, surface-mount, 0.040″ board, 0.090″ stand-off	NAS Interplex	0.1″
J2		CA26DA-D36K-0FA	Clip, surface-mount, 0.040″ board, 0.090″ stand-off	NAS Interplex	0.1″
J3		CA26DA-D36K-0FA	Clip, Surface-mount, 0.040″ board, 0.090″ stand-off	NAS Interplex	0.1″
R1			Not used		603
R2	1	Std	Resistor, chip, 0 Ω, 1/16W, 5%		603
R3	1	Std	Resistor, chip, 19.1 kΩ, 1/16W, 1%		603
R4			Not used		603
R5	1	Std	Resistor, chip, 1.3 kΩ, 1/16W, 5%		603
R6	1	Std	Resistor, chip, 130 kΩ, 1/16W, 1%		603
U1	1	TPS76901DBV	IC, LDO	TI	SOT23-5
U2	1	TL431CPK	IC, shunt regulator, 2.5 V, 2%	TI	SOT-89A
—	1	SLVP127	PCB, 2 layer, 1 oz, 0.55″ × 0.37″ × 0.040″ (Finished)		

Figure 3–1. Load Regulation

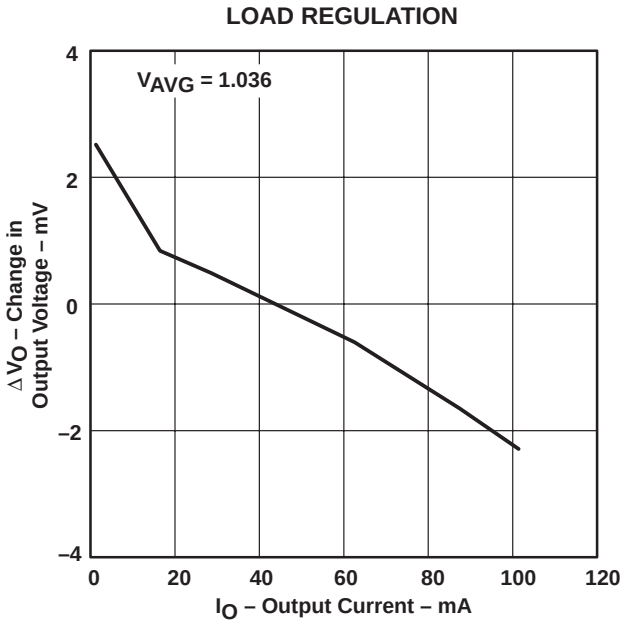


Figure 3–2. Quiescent Current vs Output Current

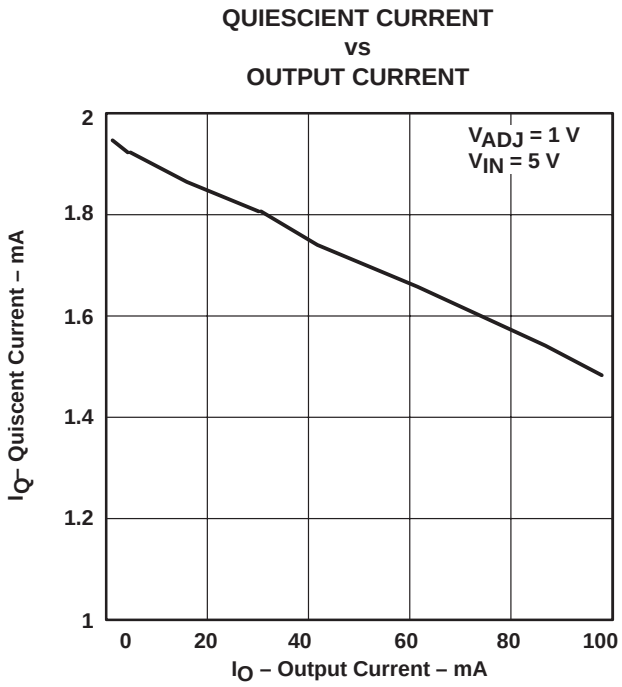
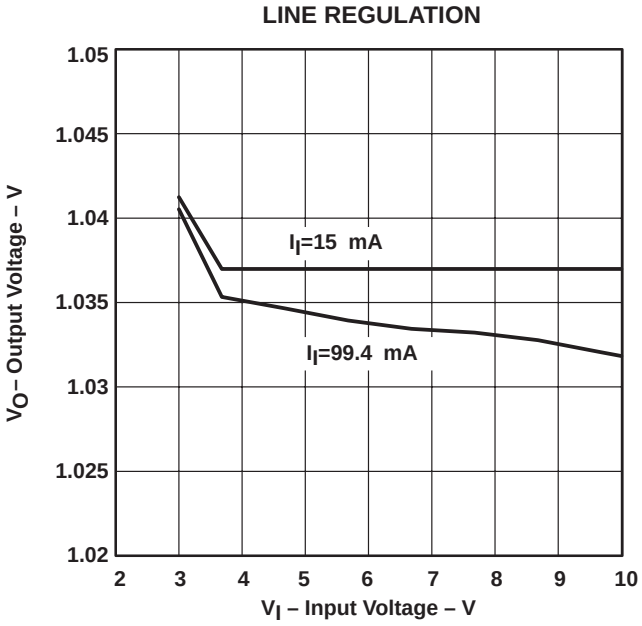


Figure 3–3. Line Regulation



Operation of the 1-V EVM with input voltages from 2.7 V to 3 V requires increasing the bias current for the TL431. Changing R5 to 180 Ω accomplishes this at the expense of higher quiescent currents. Figures 3–4 and 3–5 show the results of this modification.

Figure 3–4. Quiescent Current vs Output Current

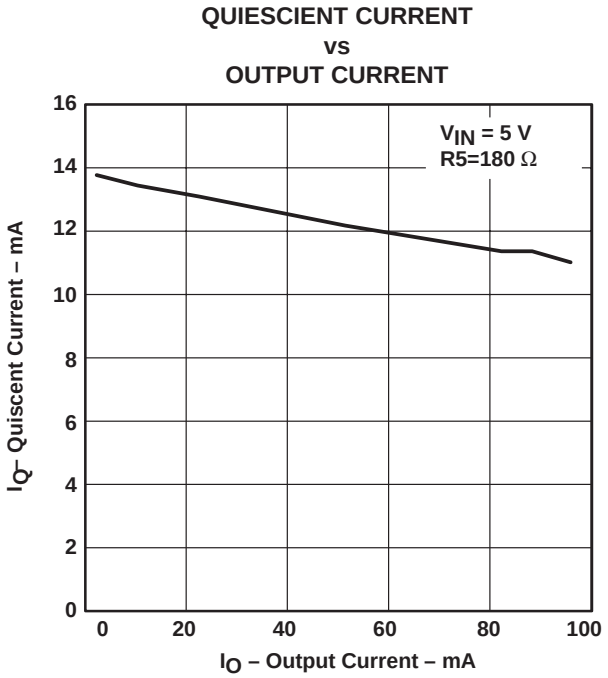
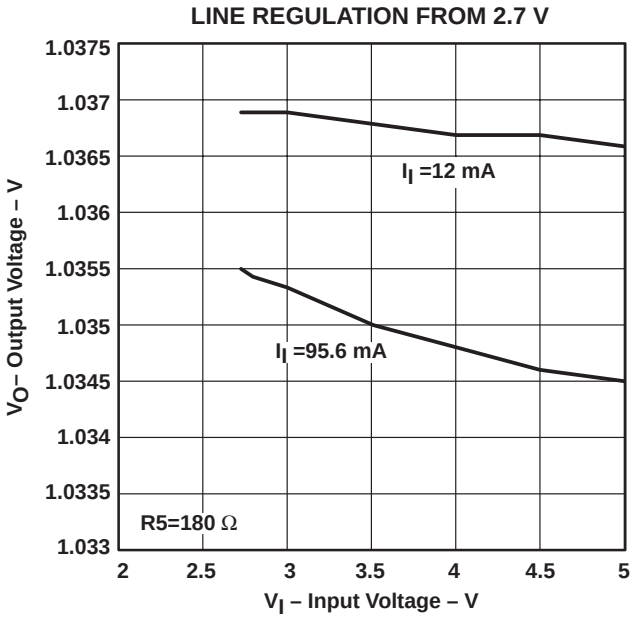


Figure 3–5. Line Regulation from 2.7 V



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