



**THE DATASHEET OF
MM912IP812AMAFR2**



S12P MCU and Multifunctional Ignition and Injector Driver System In Package (SiP)

The MM912xP812 is an engine control IC combining an MCU (S12P) and analog control die (MC33812) intended for motorcycle and other single/dual cylinders small engine control applications.

The MCU S12P has 6 KB RAM, and flash memory size of 96 KB or 128 KB. The S12P family uses many of the same features found on the S12XS family, including error correction code (ECC) on flash memory, a separate data-flash module for diagnostic or data storage, a fast analog-to-digital converter (ATD), and a frequency modulated phase locked loop (IPLL) that improves the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) performance.

The analog control IC consists of three integrated low side drivers, one pre-driver, a +5.0 V, voltage pre-regulator, an MCU watchdog circuit, an ISO 9141 K-Line interface, and a parallel interface for MCU communication. The three low side drivers are provided for driving a fuel injector, a lamp or LED, and a relay or another injector or fuel pump. The pre-driver is intended to drive either an insulated gate bipolar transistor (IGBT) or a bipolar Darlington transistor to control an ignition coil.

Features:

- Designed to operate over the range of $\sim 4.7\text{ V} \leq V_{PWR} \leq 36\text{ V}$
- Relay/injector/fuel pump driver—current limit—4.0 A typical
- Lamp driver—current limit—1.5 A typical
- All external outputs protected against short to battery and over-current
- VCC voltage pre-regulator provides +5.0 V power for the MCU
- MCU watchdog timer circuit with parallel refresh/time setting line
- ISO-9141 K-Line transceiver for communicating diagnostic messages
- All signal lines are accessible
- Also available with MC9S12XEP100 MCU for calibration
- For detailed specifications see data sheets for the MC33812 and MC9S12Pxxx
- Provides single package ECU for minimum PC board area

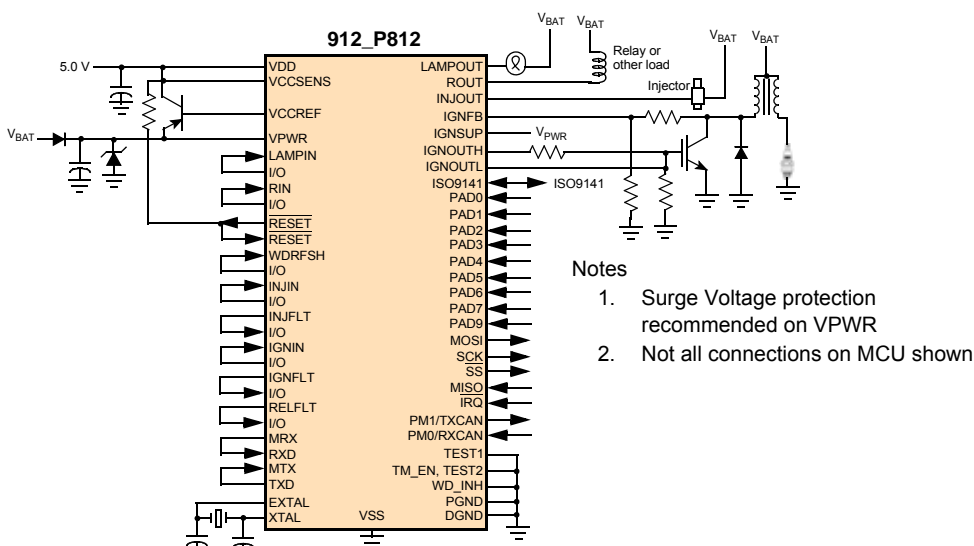


Figure 1. MM912_P812 Simplified Application Diagram

*This document contains certain information on a product under development. Freescale reserves the right to change or discontinue this product without notice

ORDERABLE PARTS

This section describes the part numbers available to be purchased along with their differences. Valid orderable part numbers are provided on the web. To determine the orderable part numbers for this device, go to <http://www.freescale.com> and perform a part number search for the following device numbers.

Table 1. Orderable Part Variations

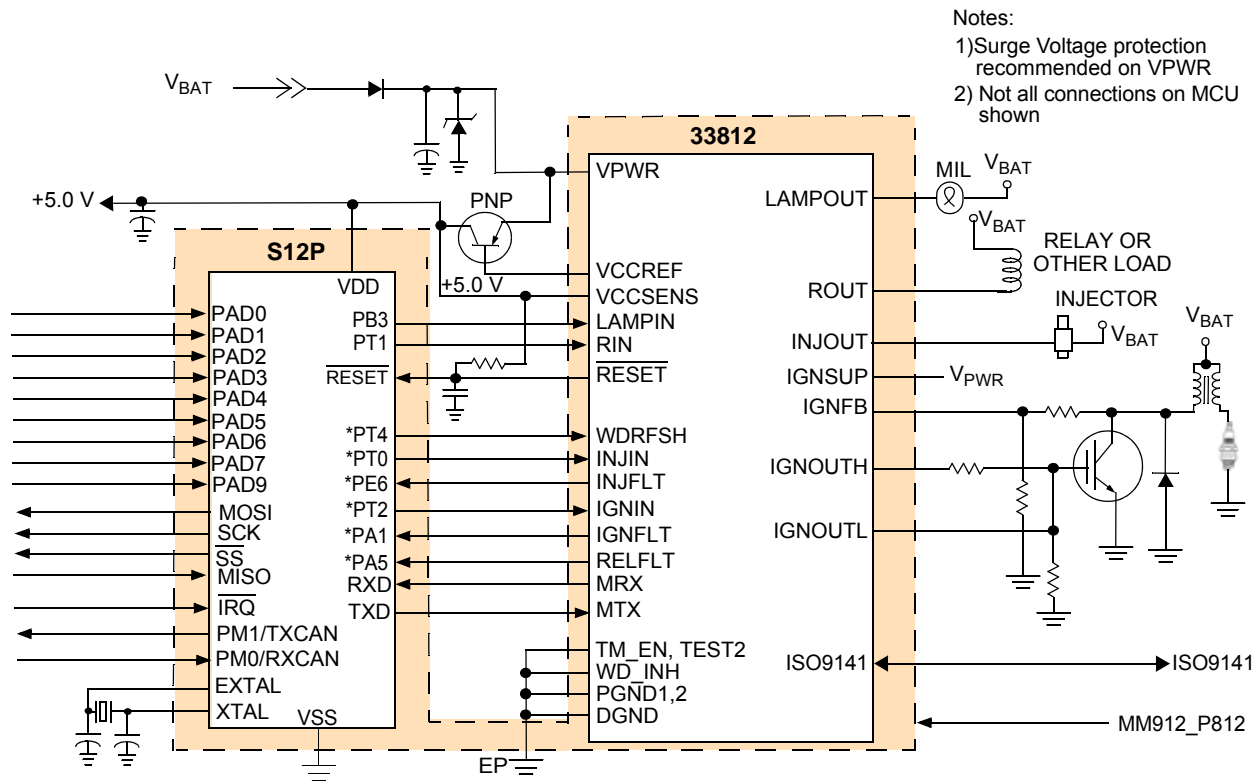
| Part Number ⁽³⁾ | Processor Core | Flash Memory | RAM | Temperature (T _A) | Package |
|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| MM912IP812AMAF | S12P | 96 k | 6.0 k | -40 to 125 °C | 100 pin LQFP |
| MM912JP812AMAF | | 128 k | | | |

Notes

- 3. To Order parts in Tape & Reel, add the R2 suffix to the part number.

Table 2. Calibration Tools

| Part Number | Processor Core | Contact |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| PM912NE812AMAF | S12XEP100 | Contact Sales |



* I/O pins indicated are examples only and not necessarily recommendations

Figure 2. MM912_P812 Detailed Application Diagram

PART IDENTIFICATION

This section provides an explanation of the part numbers and their alpha numeric breakdown.

DESCRIPTION

Part numbers for the chips have fields that identify the specific part configuration. You can use the values of these fields to determine the specific part you have received.

FORMAT AND EXAMPLES

Part numbers for a given device have the following format, followed by a device example:

[Table 3 - Part Numbering - Analog EMBEDDED MCU + POWER:](#)

MM 9 cc fpxxx rtv PPP RR - PM912JP812AMAF

FIELDS

These tables list the possible values for each field in the part number (not all combinations are valid).

Table 3. Part Numbering - Analog EMBEDDED MCU + POWER

| FIELD | DESCRIPTION | VALUES |
|------------|-------------------------|--|
| MM | Product Category | MM = Qualified Device PM = Prototype Device |
| 9 | Memory Type | 9 = Flash, OTP |
| cc | Micro Core | 12 = HC12 |
| f | Memory Size | I = 96 k J = 128 k |
| p | Processor Core | P = S12P |
| xxx | Analog Core/Target | 812 = MC33812 |
| r | Revision | (default A) |
| t | Temperature Range | M = -40 °C to 125 °C |
| v | Variation | (default blank) |
| PPP | Package Designator | AF = 100 pin LQFP-EP |
| RR | Tape and Reel Indicator | R2 = Tape and Reel 13" |

INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

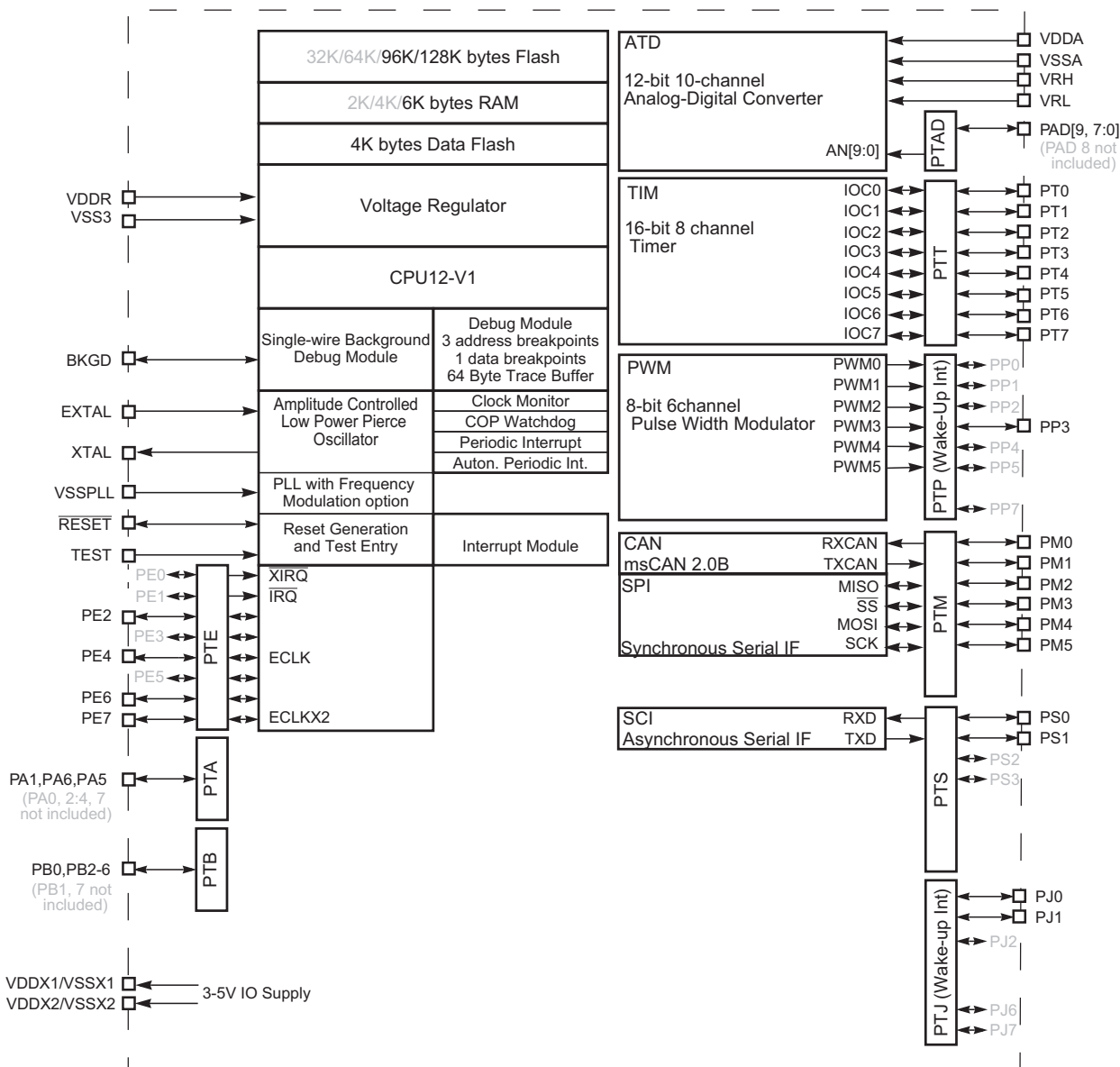
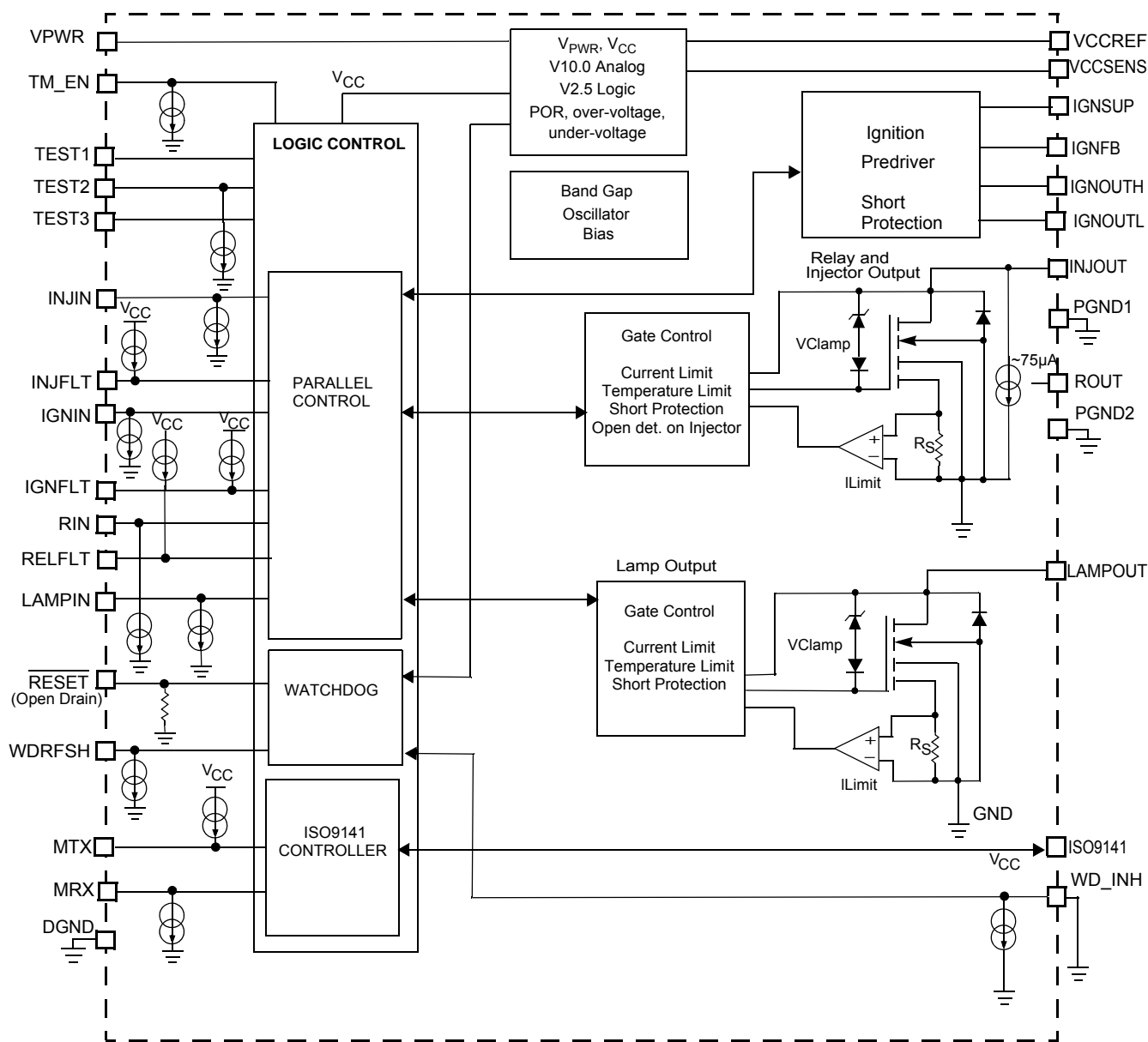


Figure 3. MC9S12P Family Block Diagram

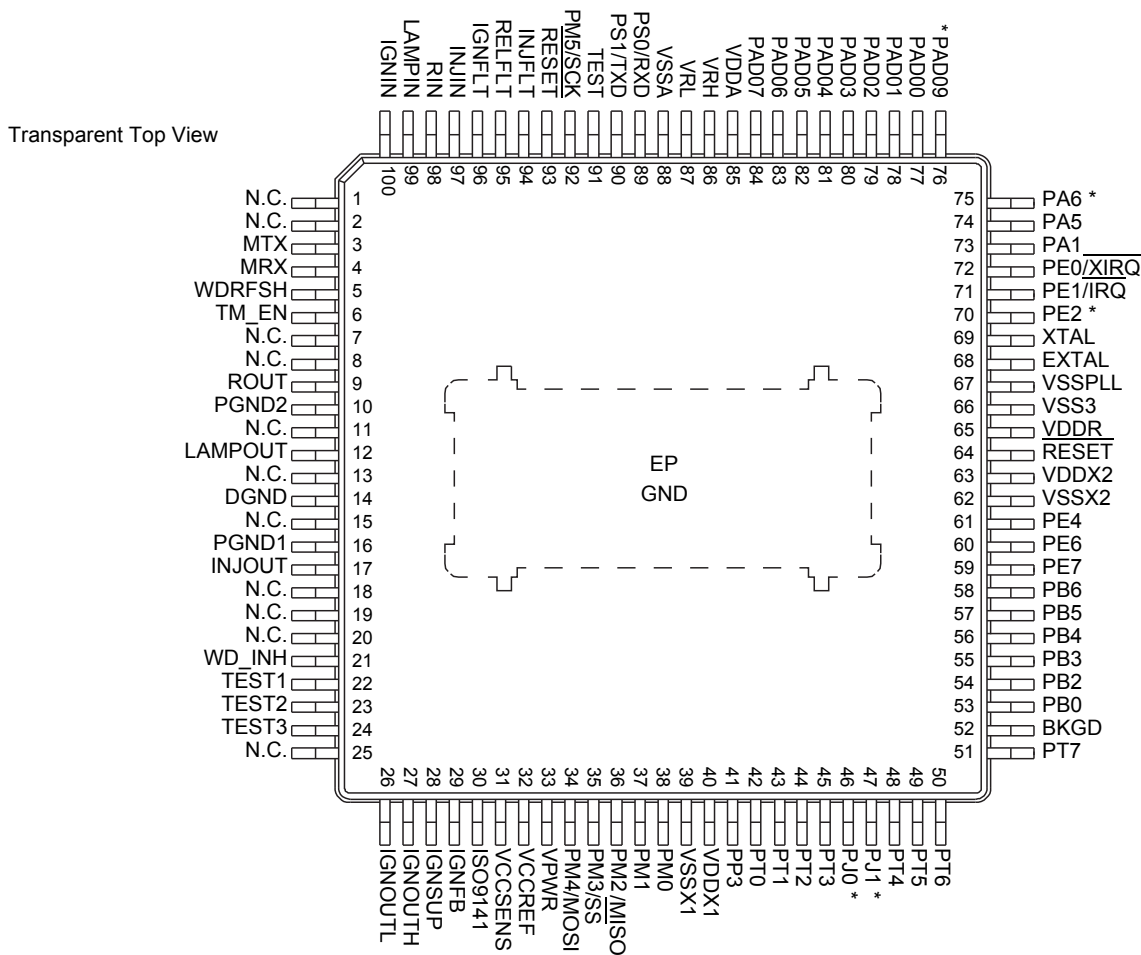


Notes

4. Pull-up and pull-down current sources are $\sim 50 \mu\text{A}$, unless otherwise noted

Figure 4. 33812 Simplified Internal Block Diagram

PIN CONNECTIONS



Notes

5. Pins denoted by an * are functionally different in calibration on the S12XEP100 device. If using both devices with the same PC board, be aware of the differences.
6. EP, PGND1, PGND2, and DGND, must all be connected to the ground plane.
7. Compared to the S12P in the 80 pin QFP package, 21 pins are missing in the SiP. These pins are: PP2, PP1, PP0, PB1, PB7, PE5, PJ2, PE3, PA0, PA2, PA3, PA4, PA7, PAD08, PS2, PS3, PJ7, PJ6, PP7, PP5, and PP4.

Figure 5. MM912_P812 Pin Connections

Table 4. MM912_P812 Pin Definitions

| Analog or MCU | Pin | Pin Name | Pin Function | Formal Name | Description and Recommendations |
|---------------|-----|----------|--------------|----------------------------|--|
| - | 1 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| - | 2 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| Analog | 3 | MTX | Input | ISO9141 Data Input to MCU | Input logic level ISO9141 data, from the MCU, to the ISO9141 IN/OUT pin Connect to MCU SCI TXD output (pin 90) if using ISO9141 circuit |
| Analog | 4 | MRX | Output | ISO9141 Data Output to MCU | Output logic level ISO9141 data to the MCU from the ISO9141 IN/OUT pin Connect to MCU SCI RXD input (pin 89) if using ISO9141 circuit |
| Analog | 5 | WDRFSH | Input | Watchdog Refresh | Logic Level input from MCU to refresh the watchdog circuit to prevent RESET Connect to MCU I/O output (e.g. PT4 pin 48) |
| Analog | 6 | TM_EN | Input | Test Mode Enable | Used by Freescale test engineering, Connect to Ground |
| - | 7 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| - | 8 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| Analog | 9 | ROUT | Output | Relay Driver Output | Low side relay driver output driven by parallel input RIN Use ESD capacitor where the signal goes off the PC Board |
| Analog | 10 | PGND2 | Ground | Power Ground 2 | Ground for the RELAY driver output Connect to Ground |
| - | 11 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| Analog | 12 | LAMPOUT | Output | Warning Lamp Output | Low side driver output for MIL (warning lamp) driven by parallel input LAMPIN. Use an ESD capacitor where the signal goes off the PC Board |
| - | 13 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| Analog | 14 | DGND | Ground | Supply Ground | Used as ground for all low power signals. Connect to Ground |
| - | 15 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| Analog | 16 | PGND1 | Ground | Power Ground 1 | Ground for INJOUT injector driver output. Connect to Ground |
| Analog | 17 | INJOUT | Output | Injector Driver Output | Low side driver output for the Injector driven by parallel input INJIN. Use an ESD capacitor where the signal goes off the PC Board. |
| - | 18 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| - | 19 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| - | 20 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| Analog | 21 | WD_INH | Input | Watchdog Inhibit | Normally tied to GND, If tied high through a pull-up, it inhibits RESET from occurring when a watchdog timeout occurs. Normally connect to Ground. |
| Analog | 22 | TEST1 | Input | Test 1 | MUST be tied to GND. Connect to Ground |
| Analog | 23 | TEST2 | Input | Test 2 | MUST be tied to GND. Connect to Ground |
| Analog | 24 | TEST3 | Input | Test 3 | MUST leave OPEN. leave open |
| - | 25 | N.C. | Unused | ----- | Unused pin, leave open |
| Analog | 26 | IGNOUTL | Output | Ignition Output Low | Low side output to drive the Gate/Base of the IGBT/Bipolar Darlington The network used on this pin is determined by the user requirements. |
| Analog | 27 | IGNOUTH | Output | Ignition Output High | High side output to drive the Gate/Base of IGBT/Bipolar Darlington The network used on this pin is determined by the user requirements. |

Table 4. MM912_P812 Pin Definitions

| Analog or MCU | Pin | Pin Name | Pin Function | Formal Name | Description and Recommendations |
|---------------|-----|----------|--------------|---|---|
| Analog | 28 | IGNSUP | Input | Ignition Output Supply | Tie to +5.0 V for Darlington, tie to the V_{PWR} supply for the IGBT output device |
| Analog | 29 | IGNFB | Input | Feedback from Source | Voltage feedback from the source of the Ignition driver transistor through a 10:1 voltage divider. Use a 10:1 voltage divider (36 k/4.02 k) |
| Analog | 30 | ISO9141 | Input/Output | ISO9141 K-Line Bidirectional Serial Data Signal | The ISO9141 pin is a V_{PWR} level IN/OUT signal connected to a external ECU Tester, using ISO9141 Protocol. The Output is Open drain and the Input is a ratiometric V_{PWR} level threshold comparator. Use an ESD capacitor where the signal goes off the PC Board. |
| Analog | 31 | VCCSENS | Input | Voltage Sense from VCC | Feedback to the internal VCC regulator from a external pass transistor. Must have the minimum of a 2.2 μ F capacitor |
| Analog | 32 | VCCREF | Output | VCC Reference Base drive | Base drive voltage for an external PNP pass transistor |
| Analog | 33 | VPWR | Supply Input | Main Voltage Supply Input | VPWR is the main voltage supply input for the device. It connected to a +12 volt battery (It should have reverse battery protection and transient suppression.) It also needs a bypass capacitor to ground (100 nF or 0.1 μ F) |
| MCU | 34 | PM4 | I/O | PM4/ MOSI (SPI) | Port M, I/O pin 4 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the master output (during master mode) or slave input pin (during slave mode). MOSI for the serial peripheral interface (SPI). |
| MCU | 35 | PM3 | I/O | PM3/ \overline{SS} (SPI) | Port M, I/O pin 3 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the slave select output pin \overline{SS} of the serial peripheral interface (SPI) (during master mode) and chip select input (\overline{CS}) (during slave mode). |
| MCU | 36 | PM2 | I/O | PM2/ MISO (SPI) | Port M, I/O pin 2 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the master input (during master mode) or slave output pin (during slave mode). MISO for the serial peripheral interface (SPI). |
| MCU | 37 | PM1 | I/O | PM1/ TXCAN | Port M, I/O pin 1 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the transmit pin TXCAN of the scalable controller area network controller (CAN). |
| MCU | 38 | PM0 | I/O | PM0/ RXCAN | Port M, I/O pin 0 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the receive pin RXCAN of the scalable controller area network controller (CAN). |
| MCU | 39 | VSSX1 | Ground | VSSX1 | External ground for I/O drivers. Bypass requirements depend on how heavily the MCU pins are loaded. All VSSX pins are connected together internally. Connect to Ground |
| MCU | 40 | VDDX1 | Supply Input | VDDX1 | External power for I/O drivers. Bypass requirements depend on how heavily the MCU pins are loaded. All VDDX pins are connected together internally. Connect to VCC and use a 100 nF bypass capacitor to ground. |
| MCU | 41 | PP3 | I/O | PP3/KWP3/PWM3 | Port P, I/O pin 3 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a keypad wake-up input. It can be configured as a pulse width modulator (PWM) output channel 3. |
| MCU | 42 | PT0 | I/O | PT0/IOC0/PWM0 | Port T, I/O pin 0 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a timer (TIM) channel 0 or pulse width modulator (PWM) output channel 0. |
| MCU | 43 | PT1 | I/O | PT1/IOC1 | Port T, I/O pin 1 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a timer (TIM) channel 1. |
| MCU | 44 | PT2 | I/O | PT2/IOC2 | Port T, I/O pin 2 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a timer (TIM) channel 2. |

Table 4. MM912_P812 Pin Definitions

| Analog or MCU | Pin | Pin Name | Pin Function | Formal Name | Description and Recommendations |
|---------------|-----|---------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| MCU | 45 | PT3 | I/O | PT3/IOC3 | Port T, I/O pin 3 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a timer (TIM) channel 3. |
| MCU | 46 | PJ0 | I/O | PJ0/KWJ0 | Port J, I/O pin 0 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a keypad wake-up input. (Only on S12P, not on S12XEP100) |
| | | VDDF ⁽⁸⁾ | Supply ⁽⁸⁾ | VDDF 3.3 V supply output ⁽⁸⁾ (S12XEP100 ONLY) | Signals VDDF/VSS are the secondary outputs of VREG_3V3 that provide the power supply for the NVM logic. These signals are connected to device pins to allow external decoupling capacitors (220 nF, X7R ceramic). In Shutdown mode an external supply driving VDDF/VSS can replace the voltage regulator. On S12XEP100. ⁽⁸⁾ |
| MCU | 47 | PJ1 | I/O | PJ1/KWJ1 | Port J, I/O pin 1 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a keypad wake-up input (Only on S12P, not on S12XEP100) |
| | | VSS1 ⁽⁸⁾ | Ground ⁽⁸⁾ | VSS1 ⁽⁸⁾ | See previous description for VDDF/VSS. Only on S12XEP100 ⁽⁸⁾ |
| MCU | 48 | PT4 | I/O | PT4/IOC4/PWM4 | Port T, I/O pin 4 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a timer (TIM) channel 4 or pulse width modulator (PWM) output 4. |
| MCU | 49 | PT5 | I/O | PT5/IOC5/PWM5/ API_EXTCLK | Port T, I/O pin 5 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a timer (TIM) channel 5, pulse width modulator (PWM) output 5, or as the output of the API_EXTCLK. |
| MCU | 50 | PT6 | I/O | PT6/IOC6 | Port T, I/O pin 6 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a timer (TIM) channel 6. |
| MCU | 51 | PT7 | I/O | PT7/IOC7 | Port T, I/O pin 7 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as a timer (TIM) channel 7. |
| MCU | 52 | BKGD | BDM | BKGD/MODC | The BKGD/MODC pin is used as a pseudo open-drain pin for the background debug communication. It is used as a MCU operating mode select pin during reset. The state of this pin is latched to the MODC bit at the rising edge of RESET. The BKGD pin has an internal pull-up device. |
| MCU | 53 | PB0 | I/O | PB0 | Port B, I/O pin 0 is a general purpose input or output pin. |
| MCU | 54 | PB2 | I/O | PB2 | Port B, I/O pin 2 is a general purpose input or output pin. |
| MCU | 55 | PB3 | I/O | PB3 | Port B, I/O pin 3 is a general purpose input or output pin. |
| MCU | 56 | PB4 | I/O | PB4 | Port B, I/O pin 4 is a general purpose input or output pin. |
| MCU | 57 | PB5 | I/O | PB5 | Port B, I/O pin 5 is a general purpose input or output pin. |
| MCU | 58 | PB6 | I/O | PB6 | Port B, I/O pin 6 is a general purpose input or output pin. |
| MCU | 59 | PE7 | I/O | PE7/ECLKX2 | Port E, I/O pin 7 is a general purpose input or output pin. An internal pull-up is enabled during reset. It can be configured to output ECLKX2. |
| MCU | 60 | PE6 | I/O | PE6 | Port E, I/O pin 6 is a general purpose input or output pin. |
| MCU | 61 | PE4 | I/O | PE4/ECLK | Port E, I/O pin 4 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to drive the internal bus clock ECLK. ECLK can be used as a timing reference. The ECLK output has a programmable prescaler. |
| MCU | 62 | VSSX2 | Ground | VSSX2 | External ground for I/O drivers. Bypass requirements depend on how heavily the MCU pins are loaded. All VSSX pins are connected together internally. Connect to Ground |
| MCU | 63 | VDDX2 | Supply Input | VDDX2 | External power for I/O drivers. Bypass requirements depend on how heavily the MCU pins are loaded. All VDDX pins are connected together internally. Connect to VCC and use a 100 nF bypass capacitor to Ground |

Table 4. MM912_P812 Pin Definitions

| Analog or MCU | Pin | Pin Name | Pin Function | Formal Name | Description and Recommendations |
|---|-----|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Notes | | | | | |
| Notes | | | | | |
| 8. S12XEP100 signal noted for reuse of PC board for the calibration device. | | | | | |
| MCU | 64 | $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ | Input | $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ External Reset Pin | The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin is an active low bidirectional control signal. It acts as an input to initialize the MCU to a known start-up state, and an output when an internal MCU function causes a reset. The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin has an internal pull-up device. Use external pull-up (10 k and 100 pF capacitor to Ground) connect to the 33812 $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin 93. |
| MCU | 65 | VDDR | Supply Input | VDDR | Power supply input to the internal voltage regulator. Connect to VCC and use bypass capacitor, 100 nF to Ground. |
| MCU | 66 | VSS3 | Ground | VSS3 Core Ground Pin | The voltage supply of nominally 1.8 V is derived from the internal voltage regulator. The return current path is through the VSS3 pin. No static external loading of these pins is permitted. Connect to Ground |
| MCU | 67 | VSSPLL | Ground | VSSPLL PLL Ground Pin | Provides operating voltage and ground for the phased-locked loop. This allows the supply voltage to the PLL to be bypassed independently. Internal power and ground are generated by the internal regulator. Connect to Ground |
| MCU | 68 | EXTAL | Clock Input | EXTAL Oscillator Pin | EXTAL is the external clock pin. On reset all the device clocks are derived from the internal reference clock. Connect to external crystal and 18 pf capacitor to Ground |
| MCU | 69 | XTAL | Clock Output | XTAL Oscillator Pin | XTAL is the crystal driver pin. On reset all the device clocks are derived from the internal reference clock. XTAL is the oscillator output. Connect to external crystal and 18 pf capacitor to Ground |
| MCU | 70 | PE2 VDDPLL ⁽⁹⁾ | I/O PLL Supply ⁽⁹⁾ | PE2 Output of 3.3 V regulator ⁽⁹⁾ | Port E, I/O pin 2 is a general purpose input or output pin. (Only on S12P, not on S12XEP100) Signals VDDPLL/VSSPLL are the secondary outputs of VREG_3V3 that provide the power supply for the PLL and oscillator. These signals are connected to device pins to allow external decoupling capacitors. (100 nF...220 nF, X7R ceramic). In Shutdown mode, an external supply driving VDDPLL/VSSPLL can replace the voltage regulator. Only on S12XEP100 ⁽⁹⁾ |
| MCU | 71 | $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ | I/O | PE1/ $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ | Port E, I/O pin 1 is a general purpose input pin and the maskable interrupt request input that provides a means of applying asynchronous interrupt requests. This will wake-up the MCU from stop or wait mode. |
| MCU | 72 | $\overline{\text{XIRQ}}$ | I/O | PE0/ $\overline{\text{XIRQ}}$ | Port E, I/O pin 0 is a general purpose input pin and the non-maskable interrupt request input that provides a means of applying asynchronous interrupt requests. This will wake-up the MCU from stop or wait mode. The XIRQ interrupt is level sensitive and active low. As XIRQ is level sensitive while this pin is low, the MCU will not enter STOP mode. Connect to 10K pull-up resistor to VCC. |
| MCU | 73 | PA1 | I/O | PA1 | Port A, I/O pin 1 is a general purpose input or output pin. |
| MCU | 74 | PA5 | I/O | PA5 | Port A, I/O pin 5 is a general purpose input or output pin. |
| MCU | 75 | PA6 VDD ⁽⁹⁾ | I/O Supply ⁽⁹⁾ | PA6 ON S12P Output of 3.3 V regulator ⁽⁹⁾ | Port A, I/O pin 6 is a general purpose input or output pin. (Only on S12P, not on S12XEP100) Signals VDD/VSS2 are the primary outputs of VREG_3V3 that provide the power supply for the core logic. These signals are connected to device pins to allow external decoupling capacitors (220 nF, X7R ceramic). In Shutdown mode, an external supply driving VDD/VSS2 can replace the voltage regulator. Only on S12XEP100 ⁽⁹⁾ |

Notes

9. S12XEP100 signal noted for reuse of PC board for the calibration device.

Table 4. MM912_P812 Pin Definitions

| Analog or MCU | Pin | Pin Name | Pin Function | Formal Name | Description and Recommendations |
|---------------|-----|----------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| MCU | 76 | PAD09 | A/D Input | PAD09 ON S12P | PAD09 is the general purpose input or output pin and analog input of the analog-to-digital converter, A/D. Use voltage divider if necessary, and ESD protection capacitor. Use of low pass filter as necessary. (Only on S12P, not on S12XEP100) |
| | | VSS2 ⁽¹⁰⁾ | Ground ⁽¹⁰⁾ | Ground of 3.3 V regulator ⁽¹⁰⁾ | See description of VDD above. Only on S12XEP100 ⁽⁹⁾ |
| MCU | 77 | PAD00 | A/D Input | PAD00 | PAD00 is the general purpose input or output pin and analog input AN0 of the analog-to-digital converter, A/D. Use voltage divider if necessary, and ESD protection capacitor. Use of low pass filter as necessary. |
| MCU | 78 | PAD01 | A/D Input | PAD01 | PAD01 is the general purpose input or output pin and analog input AN1 of the analog-to-digital converter, A/D. Use voltage divider if necessary, and ESD protection capacitor. Use of low pass filter as necessary. |
| MCU | 79 | PAD02 | A/D Input | PAD02 | PAD02 is the general purpose input or output pin and analog input AN2 of the analog-to-digital converter, A/D. Use voltage divider if necessary, and ESD protection capacitor. Use of low pass filter as necessary. |
| MCU | 80 | PAD03 | A/D Input | PAD03 | PAD03 is the general purpose input or output pin and analog input AN3 of the analog-to-digital converter, A/D. Use voltage divider if necessary, and ESD protection capacitor. Use of low pass filter as necessary. |
| MCU | 81 | PAD04 | A/D Input | PAD04 | PAD04 is the general purpose input or output pin and analog input AN4 of the analog-to-digital converter, A/D. Use voltage divider if necessary, and ESD protection capacitor. Use of low pass filter as necessary. |
| MCU | 82 | PAD05 | A/D Input | PAD05 | PAD05 is the general purpose input or output pin and analog input AN5 of the analog-to-digital converter, A/D. Use voltage divider if necessary, and ESD protection capacitor. Use of low pass filter as necessary. |
| MCU | 83 | PAD06 | A/D Input | PAD06 | PAD06 is the general purpose input or output pin and analog input AN6 of the analog-to-digital converter, A/D. Use voltage divider if necessary, and ESD protection capacitor. Use of low pass filter as necessary. |
| MCU | 84 | PAD07 | A/D Input | PAD07 | PAD07 is the general purpose input or output pin and analog input AN7 of the analog-to-digital converter, A/D. Use voltage divider if necessary, and ESD protection capacitor. Use of low pass filter as necessary. |
| MCU | 85 | VDDA | Supply Input | VDDA | This is the power supply input pin for the analog-to-digital converter and the voltage regulator. Connect to VCC and use a bypass capacitor, 100 nF to Ground. |
| MCU | 86 | VRH | Supply Input | VRH | VRH and VRL are the reference voltage input pins for the analog-to-digital converter. Connect to VCC and use a bypass capacitor, 100 nF to Ground. |
| MCU | 87 | VRL | Supply Input | VRL | VRH and VRL are the reference voltage input pins for the analog-to-digital converter. Connect to Ground. |
| MCU | 88 | VSSA | Ground | VSSA | This is the ground input pin for the analog-to-digital converter and the voltage regulator. Connect to Ground. |
| MCU | 89 | PS0/RXD | I/O | PS0/ RXD (SCI) | Port S, I/O pin 0 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the receive pin RXD of serial communication interface (SCI). If used for ISO9141 connect to pin 4, MRX. |

Notes

10. S12XEP100 signal noted for reuse of PC board for the calibration device.

Table 4. MM912_P812 Pin Definitions

| Analog or MCU | Pin | Pin Name | Pin Function | Formal Name | Description and Recommendations |
|---------------|-----|----------|--------------|-------------------------|---|
| MCU | 90 | PS1/TXD | I/O | PS1/ TXD (SCI) | Port S, I/O pin 1 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the receive pin TXD of serial communication interface (SCI). If used for ISO9141 connect to pin 3, MTX. |
| MCU | 91 | TEST | Input | Test | MUST leave OPEN. leave open |
| MCU | 92 | PM5/SCK | I/O | PM5/ SCK (SPI) | Port M, I/O pin 5 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured as the serial clock input pin for the serial peripheral interface (SPI) when the SPI is in slave mode and as a serial clock output when the SPI is in master mode. |
| Analog | 93 | RESET | Output | RESET Output to MCU | Logic Level Reset signal used to reset the MCU when the watchdog circuit times out, during under-voltage condition on VCC, and for initial power up and power down. Provides RESET to MCU on pin 64. |
| Analog | 94 | INJFLT | Output | Injector Fault | Logic Level output to MCU indicating any fault in the injector circuit. |
| Analog | 95 | RELFLT | Output | Relay Fault | Logic Level output to MCU indicating any fault in the relay circuit. |
| Analog | 96 | IGNFLT | Output | Ignition Fault | Logic Level output to MCU indicating any fault in the ignition circuit. |
| Analog | 97 | INJIN | Input | Injector Parallel Input | Logic Level Parallel input from the MCU to control the injector driver output |
| Analog | 98 | RIN | Input | Relay Parallel Input | Logic Level Parallel input to activate RELAY output, ROUT |
| Analog | 99 | LAMPIN | Input | LAMP Parallel Input | Logic Level Parallel input to activate the malfunction indicator lamp output, LAMP |
| Analog | 100 | IGNIN | Input | Ignition Parallel Input | Logic Level Parallel input from MCU controlling the ignition coil current flow and spark. |
| - | EP | GND | Ground | Substrate Ground | Should be tied to the Ground plane. Connect to Ground. |

Calibration:

Note that Pins 46,47,70,75, and 76 are different between the S12P and the S12XEP100 SiPs.

For the S12P, these pins can be used as I/O:

Pin 46 = PJ0, Pin 47 = PJ1, Pin 70 = PE2, Pin 75 = PA6, Pin 76 = PAD09

For the S12XEP100, there must be:

100 nF, X7R ceramic capacitor between Pin 46 and 47

220 nF, X7R ceramic capacitor between Pin 67 and 70

220 nF, X7R ceramic capacitor between Pin 75 and 76

In order to have the same PC Board for both SiPs, it is necessary to place the pads for the three capacitors on the PC Board, and use 0 ohm resistors to connect the 5 I/O (for the S12P) to the external circuitry. When the S12XEP100 is used, the capacitors will be populated and the 0 ohm resistors will not be populated. When populated, if the I/O signals are not needed, then the 0 ohm resistors can be eliminated and only the capacitors are needed for the S12XEP100 boards.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 5. MM912_P812 Maximum Ratings

All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise noted. Exceeding these ratings may cause a malfunction or permanent damage to the device.

| Symbol | Rating | Value | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------------|--|------------|------|------------|
| ELECTRICAL RATINGS | | | | |
| V_{ESD1} | ESD Voltage | | V | (11) |
| V_{ESD2} | Human Body Model | ±2000 | | |
| V_{ESD3} | Machine Model | ±200 | | |
| V_{ESD4} | Charge Device Model (Corner pins) | ±750 | | |
| | Charge Device Model | ±500 | | |
| THERMAL RATINGS | | | | |
| T_A | Operating Temperature | | °C | |
| T_J | Ambient | -40 to 125 | | |
| T_C | Junction | -40 to 150 | | |
| | Case | -40 to 125 | | |
| T_{STG} | Storage Temperature | -55 to 150 | °C | |
| P_D | Power Dissipation ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$) | 1.7 | W | (14) |
| T_{SOLDER} | Peak Package Reflow Temperature During Solder Mounting | Note 13 | °C | (12), (13) |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Thermal Resistance | | °C/W | |
| $R_{\theta JL}$ | Junction-to-Ambient | 75 | | |
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction- to-Lead | 8.0 | | |
| | Junction-to-Flag | 1.2 | | |

Notes

11. ESD testing is performed in accordance with the Human Body Model (HBM) ($C_{ZAP} = 100 \text{ pF}$, $R_{ZAP} = 1500 \Omega$), the Machine Model (MM) ($C_{ZAP} = 200 \text{ pF}$, $R_{ZAP} = 0 \Omega$), and the Charge Device Model (CDM), Robotic ($C_{ZAP} = 4.0 \text{ pF}$).
12. Pin soldering temperature limit is for 10 seconds maximum duration. Not designed for immersion soldering. Exceeding these limits may cause malfunction or permanent damage to the device.
13. Freescale's Package Reflow capability meets Pb-free requirements for JEDEC standard J-STD-020. For Peak Package Reflow Temperature and Moisture Sensitivity Levels (MSL), Go to www.freescale.com, search by part number [e.g. remove prefixes/suffixes and enter the core ID to view all orderable parts (i.e. MC33xxx enter 33xxx), and review parametrics.
14. This parameter is guaranteed by design but is not production tested.

ANALOG MC33812 PARAMETRICS

The detailed MC33812 specifications can be found in the MC33812 data sheet. See [MC33812](#).

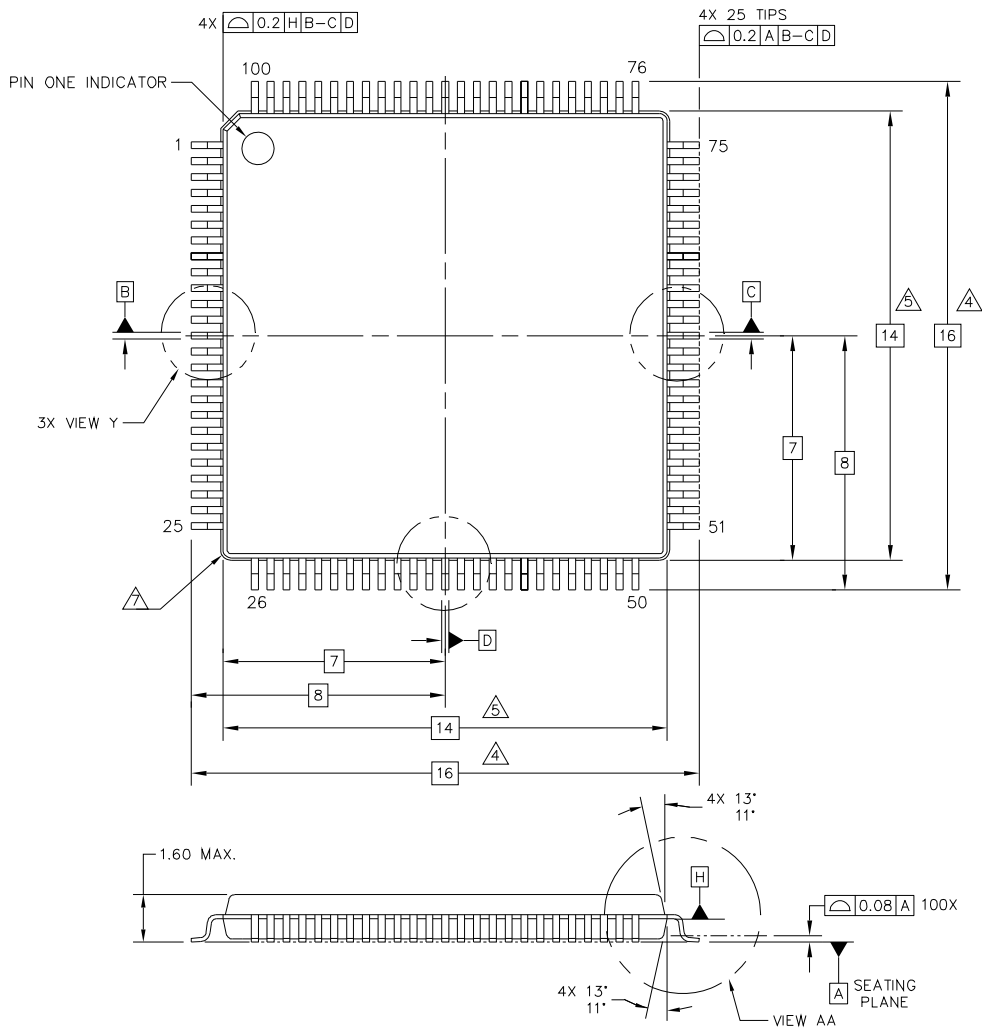
MICROCONTROLLER S12P PARAMETRICS

The detailed S12P specifications can be found in the MC9S12P128 reference manual. See [MC9S12P128](#).

PACKAGING

PACKAGING DIMENSIONS

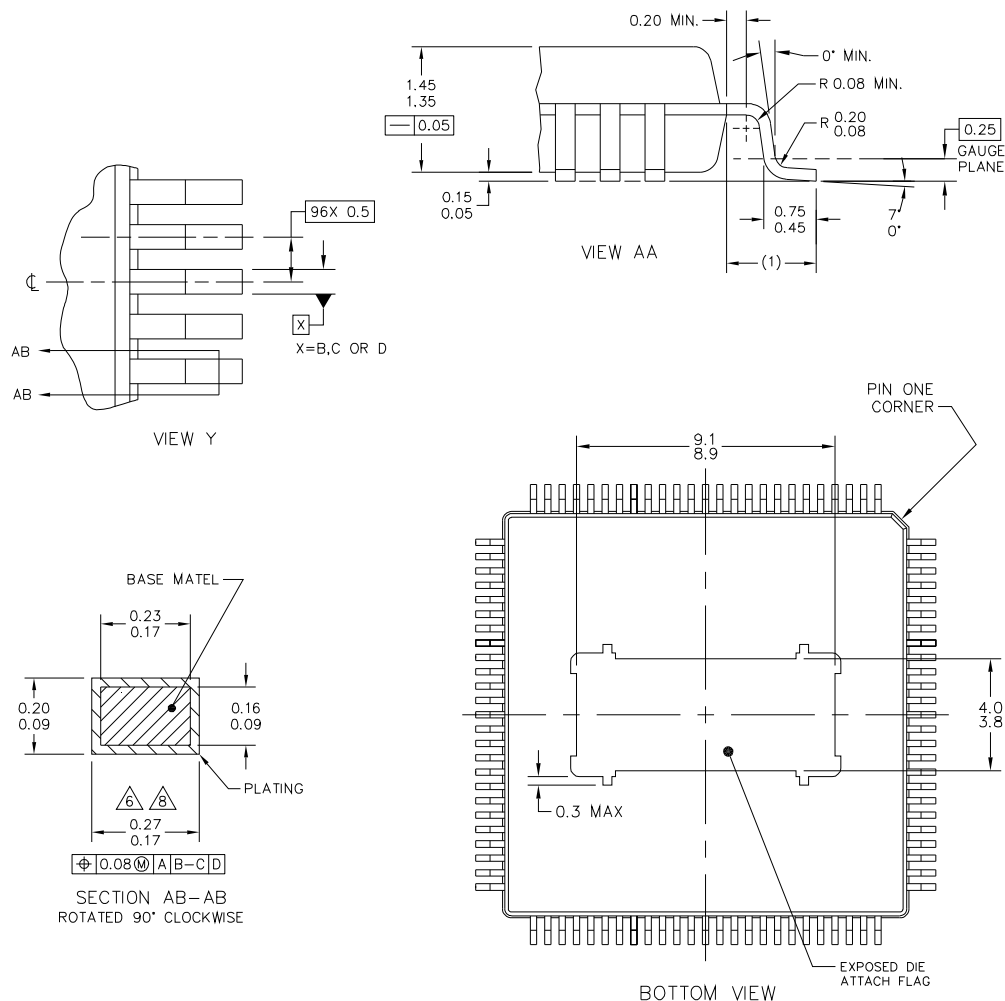
Important: For the most current revision of the package, visit www.freescale.com and perform a keyword search on 98ASA00371D.



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NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.
3. DATUMS B-C AND D TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
4. THESE DIMENSIONS TO BE DETERMINED AT SEATING PLANE, DATUM A.
5. THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE MOLD PROTRUSION IS 0.25 PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS DO INCLUDE MOLD MISMATCH. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H..
6. THIS DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT CAUSE THE LEAD WIDTH TO EXCEED 0.35. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND ADJACENT LEAD OR PROTRUSION 0.07.
7. EXACT SHAPE OF EACH CORNER IS OPTIONAL.
8. THESE DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN 0.10MM AND 0.25MM FROM THE LEAD TIP.

| | | | |
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REFERENCES

| DOCUMENT | URL |
|-----------------------------|---|
| MC33812 Datasheet | <ul style="list-style-type: none">http://www.freescale.com/files/analog/doc/data_sheet/MC33812.pdf |
| MC9S12P128 Reference Manual | <ul style="list-style-type: none">http://www.freescale.com/files/microcontrollers/doc/data_sheet/MC9S12P128.pdf |
| SG187 Selector Guide | <ul style="list-style-type: none">http://www.freescale.com/files/microcontrollers/doc/selector_guide/SG187.pdf |
| SG1002 Selector Guide | <ul style="list-style-type: none">http://www.freescale.com/files/shared/doc/selector_guide/SG1002.pdf |
| Application Note AN4388 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">http://www.freescale.com/files/analog/doc/app_note/AN4388.pdf |

REVISION HISTORY

| REVISION | DATE | DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES |
|----------|--------|---|
| 1.0 | 5/2012 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Initial release |

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