



**THE DATASHEET OF  
TS12A4514DRG4**



## SPST CMOS ANALOG SWITCHES

### FEATURES

- 2-V to 12-V Single-Supply Operation
- Specified ON-State Resistance:
  - 15  $\Omega$  Max With 12-V Supply
  - 20  $\Omega$  Max With 5-V Supply
  - 50  $\Omega$  Max With 3.3-V Supply
- Specified Low OFF-Leakage Currents:
  - 1 nA at 25°C
  - 10 nA at 85°C
- Specified Low ON-Leakage Currents:
  - 1 nA at 25°C
  - 10 nA at 85°C
- Low Charge Injection: 11.5 pC (12-V Supply)
- Fast Switching Speed:
  - $t_{ON} = 80$  ns,  $t_{OFF} = 50$  ns (12-V Supply)
- Break-Before-Make Operation ( $t_{ON} > t_{OFF}$ )
- TTL/CMOS-Logic Compatible With 5-V Supply

### DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The TS12A4514/TS12A4515 are single pole/single throw (SPST), low-voltage, single-supply CMOS analog switches, with very low switch ON-state resistance. The TS12A4514 is normally open (NO). The TS12A4515 is normally closed (NC).

These CMOS switches can operate continuously with a single supply between 2 V and 12 V. Each switch can handle rail-to-rail analog signals. The OFF-leakage current maximum is only 1 nA at 25°C or 10 nA at 85°C.

All digital inputs have 0.8-V to 2.4-V logic thresholds, ensuring TTL/CMOS-logic compatibility when using a 5-V supply.

For pin-compatible parts for use with dual supplies, see the TS12A4516/TS12A4517.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

$T_A$	PACKAGE <sup>(1)(2)</sup>		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING <sup>(3)</sup>
–40°C to 85°C	PDIP – P	Reel of 1000	TS12A4514P	TS12A4514P
	SOIC – D	Reel of 1500	TS12A4514D	YD514
		Reel of 2500	TS12A4514DR	
	SOP (SOT-23) – DBV	Reel of 3000	TS12A4514DBVR	9CJ_
	PDIP – P	Reel of 1000	TS12A4515P	TS12A4515P
	SOIC – D	Reel of 1500	TS12A4515D	YD515
		Reel of 2500	TS12A4515DR	
SOP (SOT-23) – DBV	Reel of 3000	TS12A4515DBVR	9CK_	

(1) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at [www.ti.com/packaging](http://www.ti.com/packaging).

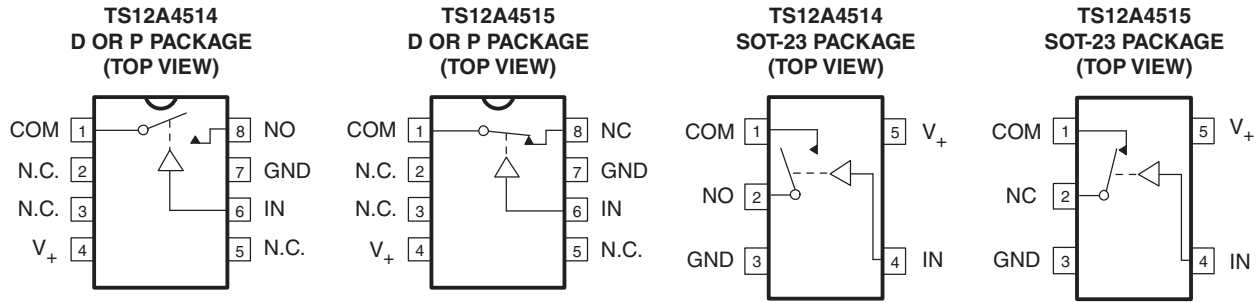
(2) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

(3) DBV: The last character designates assembly/test Site

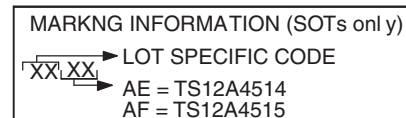


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**PIN CONFIGURATIONS**



INPUT	SWITCH STATE	
	TS12A4514	TS12A4515
LOW	OFF	ON
HIGH	ON	OFF



N.C. – Not internally connected  
 NO – Normally open  
 NC – Normally closed

**Absolute Minimum and Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)(2)</sup>**

voltages referenced to GND

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_+$	Supply voltage range <sup>(3)</sup>	-0.3	13	V
$V_{NC}$ $V_{NO}$ $V_{COM}$	Analog voltage range <sup>(4)</sup>	-0.3	$V_+ + 0.3$ or $\pm 20$ mA	V
	Continuous current into any terminal		$\pm 20$	mA
	Peak current, NO or COM (pulsed at 1 ms, 10% duty cycle)		$\pm 30$	mA
	ESD per method 3015.7		>2000	V
	Continuous power dissipation ( $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )	8-pin plastic DIP (derate 9.09 mW/°C above 70°C)		727
		8-pin SOIC (derate 5.88 mW/°C above 70°C)		471
		5-pin SOT-23 (derate 7.1 mW/°C above 70°C)		571
$T_A$	Operating temperature range	-40	85	°C
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C
	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 s)		300	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
- (3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) Voltages exceeding  $V_+$  or GND on any signal terminal are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward-diode current to maximum current rating.

**Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>**
 $V_+ = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{INH} = 2.4\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{INL} = 0.8\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
<b>Analog Switch</b>							
Analog signal range	$V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}$			0		$V_+$	V
ON-state resistance	$r_{on}$	$V_+ = 4.5\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 3.5\text{ V}, I_{COM} = 1\text{ mA}$	25°C	9.5	15		$\Omega$
			Full			20	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(Flat)}$	$V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}, 2\text{ V}, 3\text{ V}, I_{COM} = 1\text{ mA}$	25°C	1	3		$\Omega$
			Full			4	
NO, NC OFF leakage current <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{NO(OFF)}, I_{NC(OFF)}$	$V_+ = 5.5\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}, V_{NO}\text{ or }V_{NC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	25°C		1		nA
			Full			10	
COM OFF leakage current <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{COM(OFF)}$	$V_+ = 5.5\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}, V_{NO}\text{ or }V_{NC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	25°C		1		nA
			Full			10	
COM ON leakage current <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{COM(ON)}$	$V_+ = 5.5\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 4.5\text{ V}, V_{NO}\text{ or }V_{NC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	25°C		1		nA
			Full			10	
<b>Digital Control Input (IN)</b>							
Input logic high	$V_{IH}$		Full	2.4		$V_+$	V
Input logic low	$V_{IL}$		Full	0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	$I_{IH}, I_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = V_+, 0\text{ V}$	Full			0.01	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>Dynamic</b>							
Turn-on time	$t_{ON}$	see <a href="#">Figure 2</a>	25°C	32	100		ns
			Full			125	
Turn-off time	$t_{OFF}$	see <a href="#">Figure 2</a>	25°C	25	50		ns
			Full			60	
Charge injection <sup>(4)</sup>	$Q_C$	$C_L = 1\text{ nF}, V_{NO} = 0\text{ V}, R_S = 0\text{ }\Omega$ , See <a href="#">Figure 1</a>	25°C	-3			pC
NO, NC OFF capacitance	$C_{NO(OFF)}, C_{NC(OFF)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 4</a>	25°C		7.5		pF
COM OFF capacitance	$C_{COM(OFF)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 4</a>	25°C		7.5		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 4</a>	25°C		19		pF
Digital input capacitance	$C_I$	$V_{IN} = V_+, 0\text{ V}$	25°C		1.5		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega, C_L = 15\text{ pF}, V_{NO} = 1\text{ V}_{RMS}, f = 100\text{ kHz}$	25°C		475		MHz
OFF isolation	$O_{ISO}$	$R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega, C_L = 15\text{ pF}, V_{NO} = 1\text{ V}_{RMS}, f = 100\text{ kHz}$	25°C		-94		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega, C_L = 15\text{ pF}, V_{NO} = 1\text{ V}_{RMS}, f = 100\text{ kHz}$	25°C		0.08		%
<b>Supply</b>							
$V_+$ supply current	$I_+$	$V_{IN} = 0\text{ V or }V_+$	25°C		0.05		$\mu\text{A}$
			Full			0.1	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

(2) Typical values are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

(3) Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum-rated hot operating temperature, and are ensured by correlation at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .

(4) Specified by design, not production tested

## Electrical Characteristics for 12-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>

$V_+ = 11.4\text{ V to }12.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{INH} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{INL} = 0.8\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
<b>Analog Switch</b>							
Analog signal range	$V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}$			0		$V_+$	V
ON-state resistance	$r_{on}$	$V_+ = 11.4\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 10\text{ V}, I_{COM} = 1\text{ mA}$	25°C	6.5	10		$\Omega$
			Full		15		
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(Flat)}$	$V_+ = 11.4\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 2\text{ V}, 5\text{ V}, 10\text{ V}, I_{COM} = 1\text{ mA}$	25°C	1.5	3		$\Omega$
			Full		4		
NO, NC OFF leakage current <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{NO(OFF)}, I_{NC(OFF)}$	$V_+ = 12.6\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}, V_{NO}\text{ or }V_{NC} = 10\text{ V}$	25°C		1		nA
			Full		10		
COM OFF leakage current <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{COM(OFF)}$	$V_+ = 12.6\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}, V_{NO}\text{ or }V_{NC} = 10\text{ V}$	25°C		1		nA
			Full		10		
COM ON leakage current <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{COM(ON)}$	$V_+ = 12.6\text{ V}, V_{COM} = 10\text{ V}, V_{NO}\text{ or }V_{NC} = 10\text{ V}$	25°C		1		nA
			Full		10		
<b>Digital Control Input (IN)</b>							
Input logic high	$V_{IH}$		Full	5		$V_+$	V
Input logic low	$V_{IL}$		Full	0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	$I_{IH}, I_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = V_+, 0\text{ V}$	Full			0.01	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>Dynamic</b>							
Turn-on time	$t_{ON}$	See <a href="#">Figure 2</a>	25°C	22	75		ns
			Full		80		
Turn-off time	$t_{OFF}$	See <a href="#">Figure 2</a>	25°C	20	45		ns
			Full		50		
Charge injection <sup>(4)</sup>	$Q_C$	$C_L = 1\text{ nF}, V_{NO} = 0\text{ V}, R_S = 0\text{ }\Omega$ , See <a href="#">Figure 1</a>	25°C	-11.5			pC
NO, NC OFF capacitance	$C_{NO(OFF)}, C_{NC(OFF)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 4</a>	25°C		7.5		pF
COM OFF capacitance	$C_{COM(OFF)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 4</a>	25°C		7.5		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 4</a>	25°C		21.5		pF
Digital input capacitance	$C_I$	$V_{IN} = V_+, 0\text{ V}$	25°C		1.5		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega, C_L = 15\text{ pF}, V_{NO} = 1\text{ V}_{RMS}, f = 100\text{ kHz}$	25°C		520		MHz
OFF isolation	$O_{ISO}$	$R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega, C_L = 15\text{ pF}, V_{NO} = 1\text{ V}_{RMS}, f = 100\text{ kHz}$	25°C		-95		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega, C_L = 15\text{ pF}, V_{NO} = 1\text{ V}_{RMS}, f = 100\text{ kHz}$	25°C		0.07		%
<b>Supply</b>							
$V_+$ supply current	$I_+$	$V_{IN} = 0\text{ V or }V_+$	25°C		0.05		$\mu\text{A}$
			Full		0.2		

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

(2) Typical values are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

(3) Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum-rated hot operating temperature, and are ensured by correlation at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .

(4) Specified by design, not production tested

**Electrical Characteristics for 3-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>**
 $V_+ = 3\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
<b>Analog Switch</b>							
Analog signal range	$V_{\text{COM}}, V_{\text{NO}}, V_{\text{NC}}$			0		$V_+$	V
ON-state resistance	$r_{\text{on}}$	$V_+ = 3\text{ V}, V_{\text{COM}} = 1.5\text{ V}, I_{\text{NO}} = 1\text{ mA}$ ,	25°C	18.5	40		$\Omega$
			Full			50	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{\text{on(Flat)}}$	$V_+ = 3\text{ V}, V_{\text{COM}} = 1\text{ V}, 1.5\text{ V}, 2\text{ V}, I_{\text{COM}} = 1\text{ mA}$	25°C	1	3		$\Omega$
			Full			4	
NO, NC OFF leakage current <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{\text{NO(OFF)}}, I_{\text{NC(OFF)}}$	$V_+ = 3.6\text{ V}, V_{\text{COM}} = 1\text{ V}, V_{\text{NO}} \text{ or } V_{\text{NC}} = 3\text{ V}$	25°C		1		nA
			Full			10	
COM OFF leakage current <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{\text{COM(OFF)}}$	$V_+ = 3.6\text{ V}, V_{\text{COM}} = 1\text{ V}, V_{\text{NO}} \text{ or } V_{\text{NC}} = 3\text{ V}$	25°C		1		nA
			Full			10	
COM ON leakage current <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{\text{COM(ON)}}$	$V_+ = 3.6\text{ V}, V_{\text{COM}} = 3\text{ V}, V_{\text{NO}} \text{ or } V_{\text{NC}} = 3\text{ V}$	25°C		1		nA
			Full			10	
<b>Digital Control Input (IN)</b>							
Input logic high	$V_{\text{IH}}$		Full	2.4		$V_+$	V
Input logic low	$V_{\text{IL}}$		Full	0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	$I_{\text{IH}}, I_{\text{IL}}$	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_+, 0\text{ V}$	Full			0.01	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>Dynamic</b>							
Turn-on time <sup>(4)</sup>	$t_{\text{ON}}$	See <a href="#">Figure 2</a>	25°C	63	120		ns
			Full			175	
Turn-off time <sup>(4)</sup>	$t_{\text{OFF}}$	See <a href="#">Figure 2</a>	25°C	33	80		ns
			Full			120	
Charge injection <sup>(4)</sup>	$Q_{\text{C}}$	$C_{\text{L}} = 1\text{ nF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 1</a>	25°C	-1.5			pC
NO, NC OFF capacitance	$C_{\text{NO(OFF)}}, C_{\text{NC(OFF)}}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 4</a>	25°C	7.5			pF
COM OFF capacitance	$C_{\text{COM(OFF)}}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 4</a>	25°C	7.5			pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{\text{COM(ON)}}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 4</a>	25°C	17			pF
Digital input capacitance	$C_{\text{I}}$	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_+, 0\text{ V}$	25°C	1.5			pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_{\text{L}} = 50\ \Omega, C_{\text{L}} = 15\text{ pF}, V_{\text{NO}} = 1\text{ V}_{\text{RMS}}, f = 100\text{ kHz}$	25°C	460			MHz
OFF isolation	$O_{\text{ISO}}$	$R_{\text{L}} = 50\ \Omega, C_{\text{L}} = 15\text{ pF}, V_{\text{NO}} = 1\text{ V}_{\text{RMS}}, f = 100\text{ kHz}$	25°C	-94			dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_{\text{L}} = 50\ \Omega, C_{\text{L}} = 15\text{ pF}, V_{\text{NO}} = 1\text{ V}_{\text{RMS}}, f = 100\text{ kHz}$	25°C	0.15			%
<b>Supply</b>							
$V_+$ supply current	$I_+$	$V_{\text{IN}} = 0\text{ V or } V_+$	25°C		0.03		$\mu\text{A}$
			Full			0.05	

- (1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.  
 (2) Typical values are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  
 (3) Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum-rated hot operating temperature, and are ensured by correlation at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .  
 (4) Specified by design, not production tested

**PIN DESCRIPTION<sup>(1)</sup>**

PIN NO.				NAME	DESCRIPTION
TS12A4514		TS12A4515			
D, P	SOT-23	D, P	SOT-23		
1	1	1	1	COM	Common
2, 3, 5	–	2, 3, 5	–	N.C.	No connect (not internally connected)
4	5	4	5	V <sub>+</sub>	Power supply
6	4	6	4	IN	Digital control to connect COM to NO or NC
7	3	7	3	GND	Digital ground
8	2	–	–	NO	Normally open
–	–	8	2	NC	Normally closed

(1) NO, NC, and COM pins are identical and interchangeable. Any may be considered as an input or an output; signals pass in both directions.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### Power-Supply Considerations

The TS12A4514/TS12A4515 construction is typical of most CMOS analog switches, except that they have only two supply pins:  $V_+$  and GND.  $V_+$  and GND drive the internal CMOS switches and set their analog voltage limits. Reverse ESD-protection diodes are internally connected between each analog-signal pin and both  $V_+$  and GND. One of these diodes conducts if any analog signal exceeds  $V_+$  or GND.

Virtually all the analog leakage current comes from the ESD diodes to  $V_+$  or GND. Although the ESD diodes on a given signal pin are identical and, therefore, fairly well balanced, they are reverse biased differently. Each is biased by either  $V_+$  or GND and the analog signal. This means their leakages will vary as the signal varies. The difference in the two diode leakages to the  $V_+$  and GND pins constitutes the analog-signal-path leakage current. All analog leakage current flows between each pin and one of the supply terminals, not to the other switch terminal. This is why both sides of a given switch can show leakage currents of the same or opposite polarity.

There is no connection between the analog-signal paths and  $V_+$  or GND.

$V_+$  and GND also power the internal logic and logic-level translators. The logic-level translators convert the logic levels to switched  $V_+$  and GND signals to drive the analog signal gates.

### Logic-Level Thresholds

The logic-level thresholds are CMOS/TTL compatible when  $V_+$  is 5 V. As  $V_+$  is raised, the level threshold increases slightly. When  $V_+$  reaches 12 V, the level threshold is about 3 V – above the TTL-specified high-level minimum of 2.8 V, but still compatible with CMOS outputs.

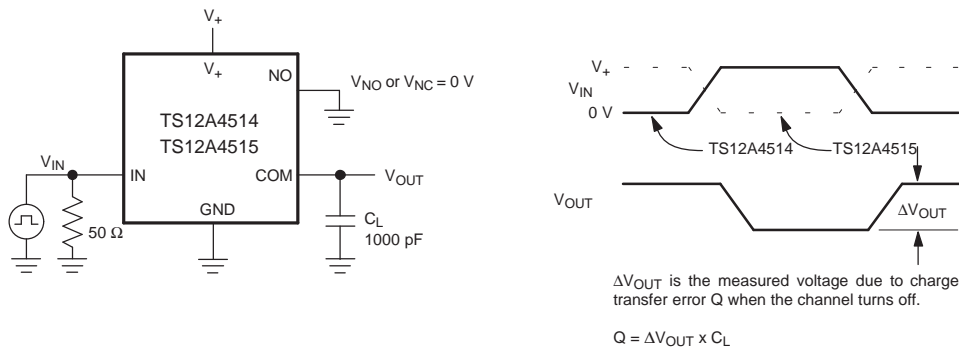
#### CAUTION:

**If the user is using the TS12A4514 or TS12A4515 with a  $V_+$  supply of 3 V, then the control input (IN) voltage should not exceed  $V_+$ , otherwise the output levels can exceed 3 V and violate the absolute maximum rating, potentially damaging the device.**

### High-Frequency Performance

In 50- $\Omega$  systems, signal response is reasonably flat up to 250 MHz (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*). Above 20 MHz, the on response has several minor peaks that are highly layout dependent. The problem is not in turning the switch on; it is turning it off. The OFF-state switch acts like a capacitor and passes higher frequencies with less attenuation. At 10 MHz, OFF isolation is about –45 dB in 50- $\Omega$  systems, decreasing (approximately 20 dB per decade) as frequency increases. Higher circuit impedances also make OFF isolation decrease. OFF isolation is about 3 dB above that of a bare IC socket, and is due entirely to capacitive coupling.

### Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams



**Figure 1. Charge Injection**

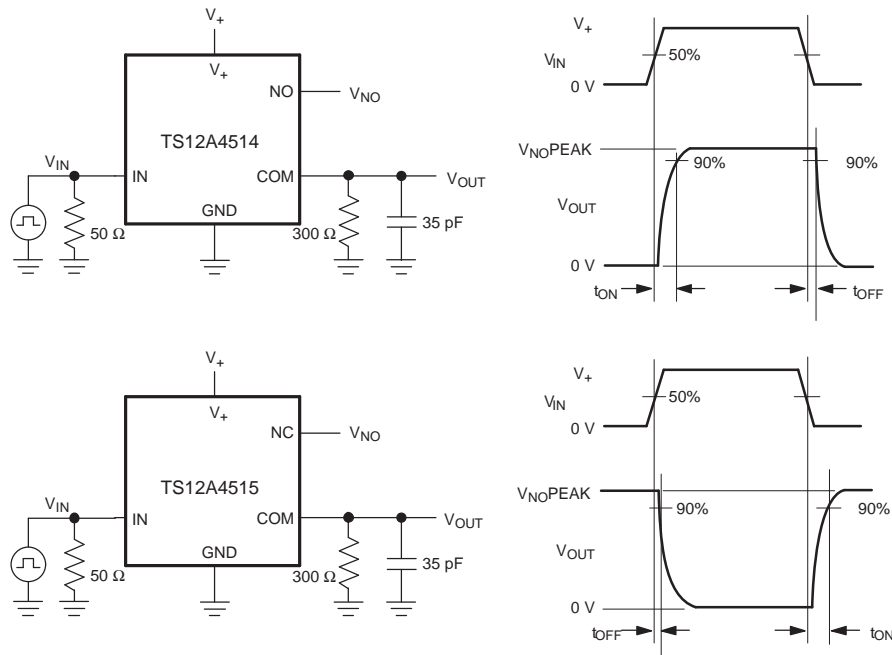
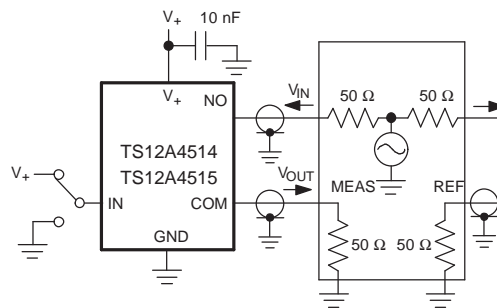


Figure 2. Switching Times



Measurements are standardized against short at socket terminals. OFF isolation is measured between COM and OFF terminals on each switch. ON loss is measured between COM and ON terminals on each switch. Signal direction through switch is reversed; worst values are recorded.

$$\text{OFF Isolation} = 20 \log \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}$$

$$\text{ON Loss} = 20 \log \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}$$

Figure 3. OFF Isolation and ON Loss

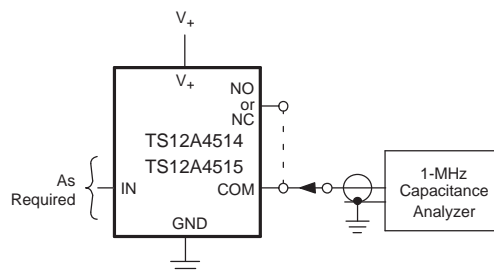


Figure 4. NO, NC, and COM Capacitance

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TS12A4514D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YD514	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TS12A4514DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	9CJE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TS12A4514DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YD514	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TS12A4514P	NRND	PDIP	P	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	TS12A4514P	
TS12A4515D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YD515	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TS12A4515DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	9CKE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TS12A4515DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YD515	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TS12A4515DRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YD515	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TS12A4515P	NRND	PDIP	P	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	TS12A4515P	

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSELETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS12A4514DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TS12A4514DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TS12A4515DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TS12A4515DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS12A4514DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TS12A4514DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	356.0	356.0	35.0
TS12A4515DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TS12A4515DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	356.0	356.0	35.0

**TUBE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μm)	B (mm)
TS12A4514D	D	SOIC	8	75	506.6	8	3940	4.32
TS12A4514P	P	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
TS12A4515D	D	SOIC	8	75	506.6	8	3940	4.32
TS12A4515P	P	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32

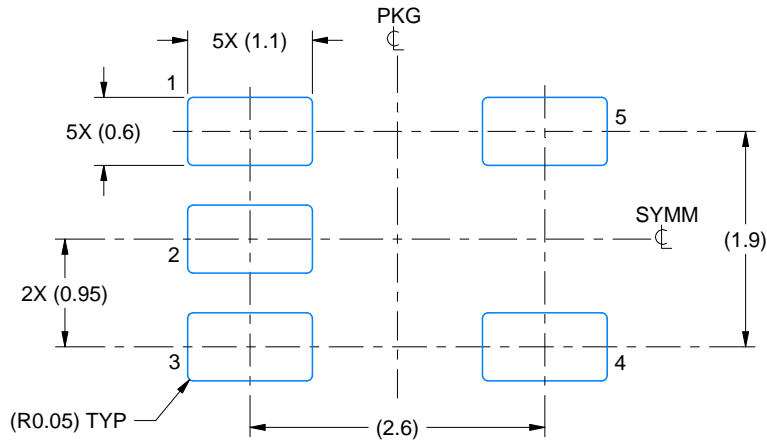


# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

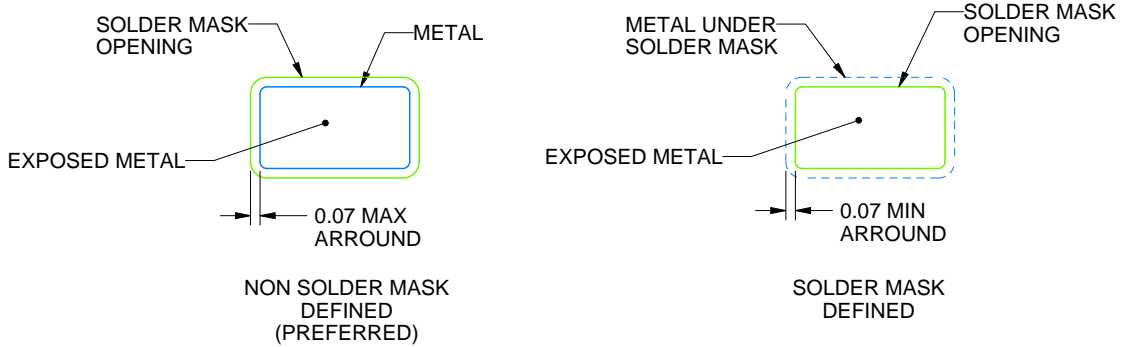
DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE:15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214839/J 02/2024

NOTES: (continued)

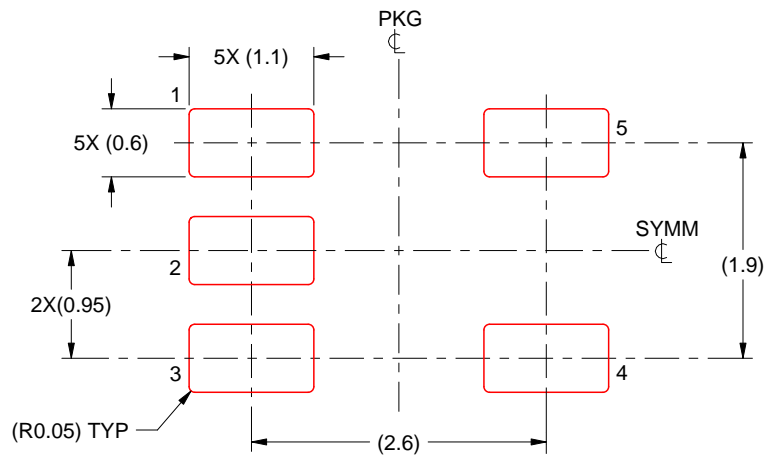
- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:15X

4214839/J 02/2024

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



D0008A

# PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



4214825/C 02/2019

### NOTES:

- Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
- This dimension does not include interlead flash.
- Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE:8X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214825/C 02/2019

NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON .005 INCH [0.125 MM] THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:8X

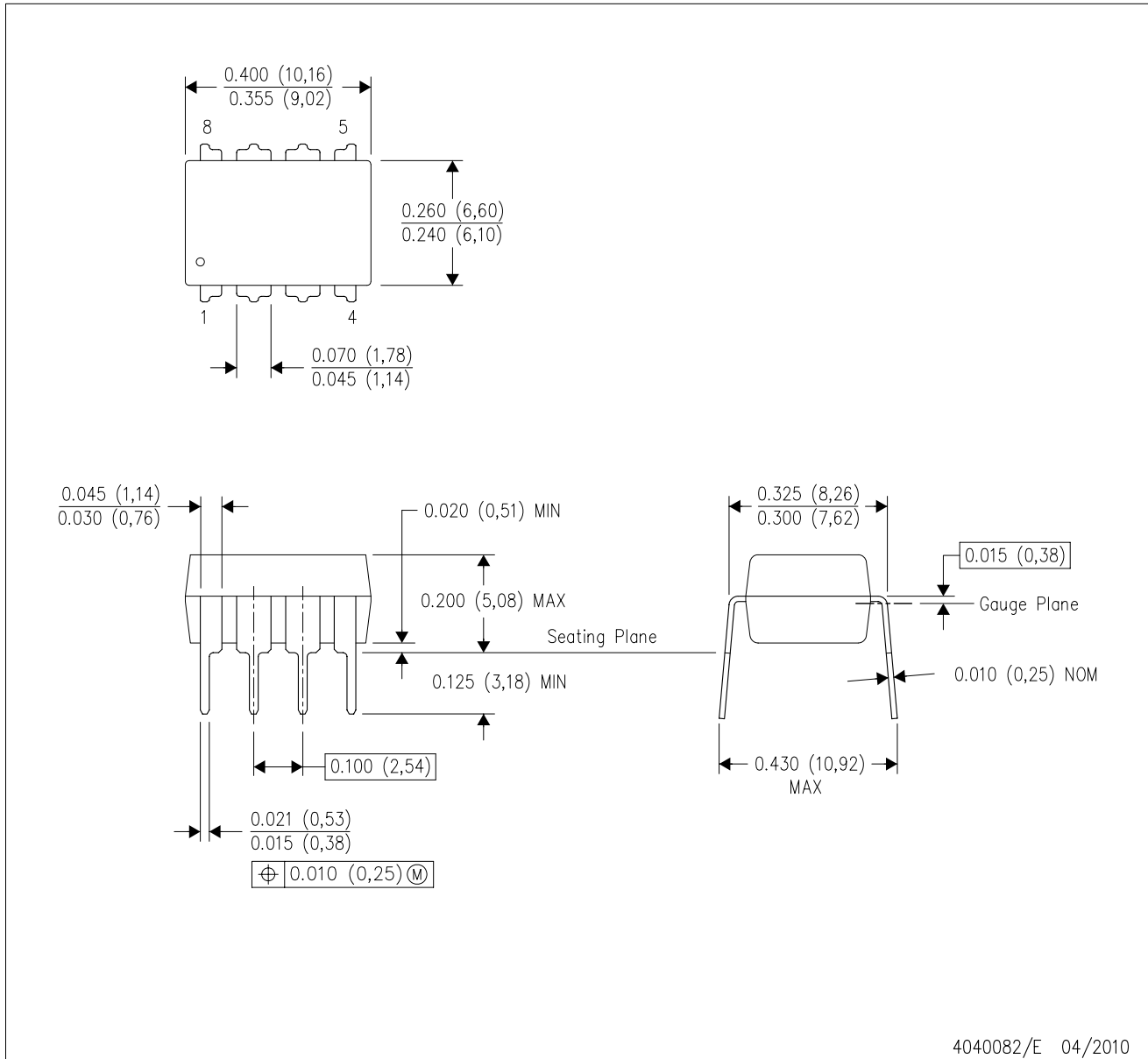
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NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.

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