



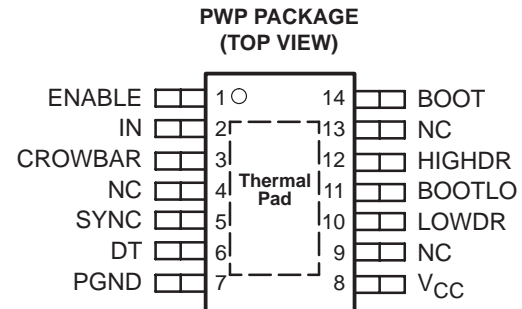
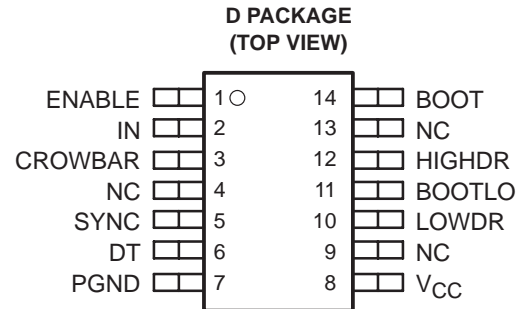
**THE DATASHEET OF  
TPS2834PWP**



# TPS2834, TPS2835 SYNCHRONOUS-BUCK MOSFET DRIVERS WITH DEAD-TIME CONTROL

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- Floating Bootstrap or Ground-Reference High-Side Driver
- Adaptive Dead-Time Control
- 50-ns Max Rise/Fall Times With 3.3-nF Load
- 2.4-A Typical Output Current
- 4.5-V to 15-V Supply Voltage Range
- TTL-Compatible Inputs
- Internal Schottky Bootstrap Diode
- SYNC Control for Synchronous or Nonsynchronous Operation
- CROWBAR for OVP, Protects Against Faulted High-Side Power FETs
- Low Supply Current...3 mA Typical
- Ideal for High-Current Single or Multiphase Power Supplies
- -40°C to 125°C Operating Virtual Junction Temperature Range
- Available in SOIC and TSSOP PowerPAD Packages



NC – No internal connection

## description

The TPS2834 and TPS2835 are MOSFET drivers for synchronous-buck power stages. These devices are ideal for designing a high-performance power supply using switching controllers that do not include on-chip MOSFET drivers. The drivers are designed to deliver minimum 2-A peak currents into large capacitive loads. The high-side driver can be configured as ground-reference or as floating-bootstrap. An adaptive dead-time control circuit eliminates shoot-through currents through the main power FETs during switching transitions, and provides high efficiency for the buck regulator. The TPS2834 and TPS2835 have additional control functions: ENABLE, SYNC, and CROWBAR. Both high-side and low-side drivers are off when ENABLE is low. The driver is configured as a nonsynchronous-buck driver disabling the low-side driver when SYNC is low. The CROWBAR function turns on the low-side power FET, overriding the IN signal, for overvoltage protection against faulted high-side power FETs.

The TPS2834 has a noninverting input, while the TPS2835 has an inverting input. These drivers are available in 14-terminal SOIC and thermally enhanced TSSOP PowerPAD™ packages and operate over a junction temperature range of -40°C to 125°C.

## Related Synchronous MOSFET Drivers

DEVICE NAME	ADDITIONAL FEATURES	INPUTS	
TPS2830	ENABLE, SYNC, and CROWBAR	CMOS	Noninverted
TPS2831			Inverted
TPS2832	W/O ENABLE, SYNC, and CROWBAR	CMOS	Noninverted
TPS2833			Inverted
TPS2836	W/O ENABLE, SYNC, and CROWBAR	TTL	Noninverted
TPS2837			Inverted



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# TPS2834, TPS2835 SYNCHRONOUS-BUCK MOSFET DRIVERS WITH DEAD-TIME CONTROL

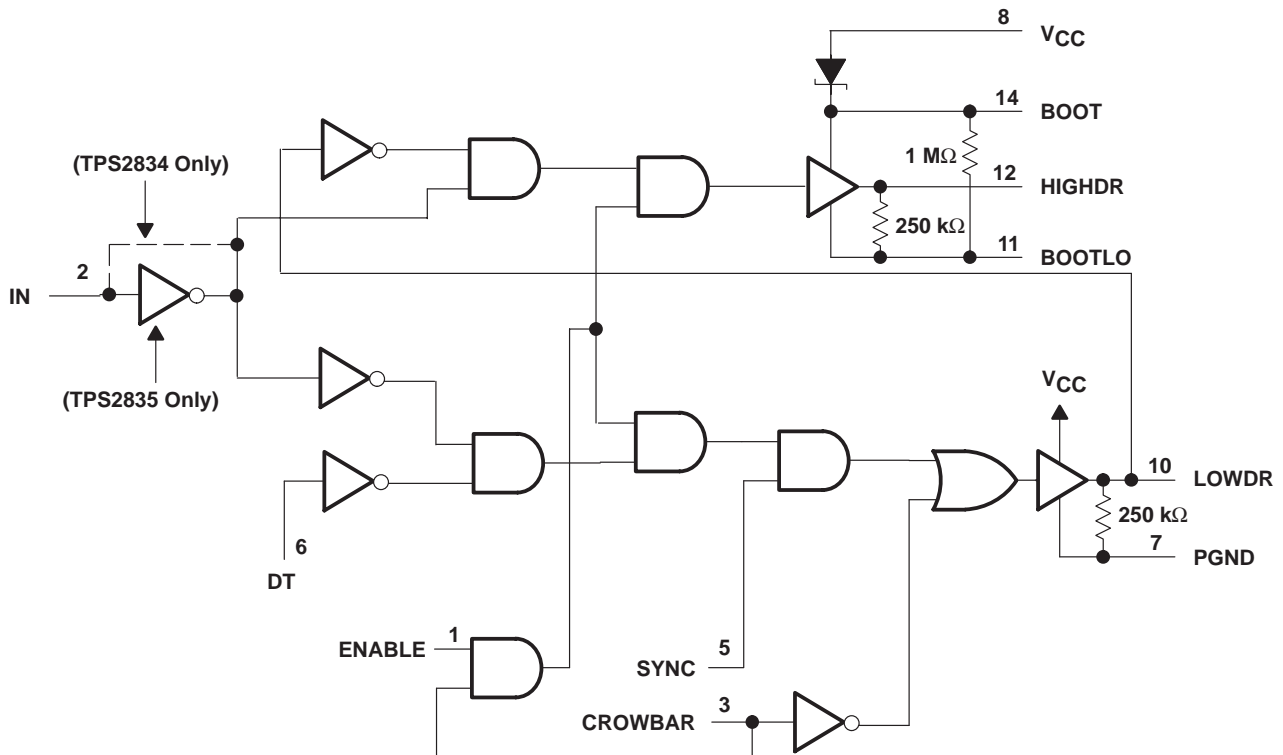
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## AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T <sub>J</sub>	PACKAGED DEVICES	
	SOIC (D)	TSSOP (PWP)
- 40°C to 125°C	TPS2834D TPS2835D	TPS2834PWP TPS2835PWP

The D and PWP packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TPS2834DR)

## functional block diagram



**TPS2834, TPS2835**  
**SYNCHRONOUS-BUCK MOSFET DRIVERS**  
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### Terminal Functions

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
BOOT	14	I	Bootstrap terminal. A ceramic capacitor is connected between BOOT and BOOTLO to develop the floating bootstrap voltage for the high-side MOSFET. The capacitor value is typically between 0.1 $\mu$ F and 1 $\mu$ F.
BOOTLO	11	O	This terminal connects to the junction of the high-side and low-side MOSFETs.
CROWBAR	3	I	CROWBAR can be driven by an external OVP circuit to protect against a short across the high-side MOSFET. If CROWBAR is driven low, the low-side driver will be turned on and the high-side driver will be turned off, independent of the status of all other control terminals.
DT	6	I	Dead-time control terminal. Connect DT to the junction of the high-side and low-side MOSFETs.
ENABLE	1	I	If ENABLE is low, both drivers are off.
HIGHDR	12	O	Output drive for the high-side power MOSFET
IN	2	I	Input signal to the MOSFET drivers (noninverting input for the TPS2834; inverting input for the TPS2835).
LOWDR	10	O	Output drive for the low-side power MOSFET
NC	4, 9, 13		No internal connection
PGND	7		Power ground. Connect to the FET power ground.
SYNC	5	I	Synchronous rectifier enable terminal. If SYNC is low, the low-side driver is always off; If SYNC is high, the low-side driver provides gate drive to the low-side MOSFET.
V <sub>CC</sub>	8	I	Input supply. Recommended that a 1- $\mu$ F capacitor be connected from V <sub>CC</sub> to PGND.

#### detailed description

##### low-side driver

The low-side driver is designed to drive low  $r_{DS(on)}$  N-channel MOSFETs. The current rating of the driver is 2 A, source and sink.

##### high-side driver

The high-side driver is designed to drive low  $r_{DS(on)}$  N-channel MOSFETs. The current rating of the driver is 2 A, source and sink. The high-side driver can be configured as a GND-reference driver or as a floating bootstrap driver. The internal bootstrap diode is a Schottky, for improved drive efficiency. The maximum voltage that can be applied from BOOT to ground is 30 V.

##### dead-time (DT) control

Dead-time control prevents shoot-through current from flowing through the main power FETs during switching transitions by controlling the turnon times of the MOSFET drivers. The high-side driver is not allowed to turn on until the gate drive voltage to the low-side FET is low, and the low-side driver is not allowed to turn on until the voltage at the junction of the power FETs ( $V_{drain}$ ) is low; the TTL-compatible DT terminal connects to the junction of the power FETs.

##### ENABLE

The ENABLE terminal enables the drivers. When enable is low, the output drivers are low. ENABLE is a TTL-compatible digital terminal.

##### IN

The IN terminal is a TTL-compatible digital terminal that is the input control signal for the drivers. The TPS2834 has a noninverting input; the TPS2835 has an inverting input.



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## detailed description (continued)

### SYNC

The SYNC terminal controls whether the drivers operate in synchronous or nonsynchronous mode. In synchronous mode, the low-side FET is operated as a synchronous rectifier. In nonsynchronous mode, the low-side FET is always off. SYNC is a TTL-compatible digital terminal.

### CROWBAR

The CROWBAR terminal overrides the normal operation of the driver. When CROWBAR is low, the low-side FET turns on to act as a clamp, protecting the output voltage of the dc/dc converter against overvoltages due to a short across the high-side FET.  $V_{IN}$  should be fused to protect the low-side FET. CROWBAR is a TTL-compatible digital terminal.

## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1)	–0.3 V to 16 V
Input voltage range: BOOT to PGND (high-side driver ON)	–0.3 V to 30 V
BOOTLO to PGND	–0.3 V to 16 V
BOOT to BOOTLO	–0.3 V to 16 V
ENABLE, SYNC, and CROWBAR	–0.3 V to 16 V
IN	–0.3 V to 16 V
DT	–0.3 V to 30 V
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating virtual junction temperature range, $T_J$	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature soldering 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: Unless otherwise specified, all voltages are with respect to PGND.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	DERATING FACTOR	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$
PWP with solder‡	2668	26.68 mW/°C	1467	1067
PWP without solder‡	1024	10.24 mW/°C	563	409
D	749	7.49 mW/°C	412	300

JUNCTION-CASE THERMAL RESISTANCE TABLE

PWP	Junction-case thermal resistance	2.07 °C/W
-----	----------------------------------	-----------

‡ Test Board Conditions:

1. Thickness: 0.062"
2. 3" × 3" (for packages <27 mm long)
3. 4" × 4" (for packages >27 mm long)
4. 2-oz copper traces located on the top of the board (0.071 mm thick)
5. Copper areas located on the top and bottom of the PCB for soldering
6. Power and ground planes, 1-oz copper (0.036 mm thick)
7. Thermal vias, 0.33 mm diameter, 1.5 mm pitch
8. Thermal isolation of power plane

For more information, refer to TI technical brief literature number SLMA002.



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**recommended operating conditions**

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$		4.5		15	V
Input voltage	BOOT to PGND	4.5		28	V

**electrical characteristics over recommended operating virtual junction temperature range,  
 $V_{CC} = 6.5$  V, ENABLE = High,  $C_L = 3.3$  nF (unless otherwise noted)**

**supply current**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage range			4.5		15	V
$V_{CC}$	Quiescent current	$V_{(ENABLE)} = \text{LOW}, V_{CC} = 15$ V				100	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{(ENABLE)} = \text{HIGH}, V_{CC} = 15$ V			300	400	
		$V_{(ENABLE)} = \text{HIGH}, V_{CC} = 12$ V, $f_{(SWX)} = 200$ kHz, $C_{(HIGHDR)} = 50$ pF, See Note 2		$V_{CC} = 12$ V, BOOTLO grounded, $C_{(LOWDR)} = 50$ pF,			3

NOTE 2: Ensured by design, not production tested.



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating virtual junction temperature range,  
 $V_{CC} = 6.5\text{ V}$ ,  $\text{ENABLE} = \text{High}$ ,  $C_L = 3.3\text{ nF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

## output drivers

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Peak output current	High-side sink (see Note 3)	Duty cycle < 2%, $t_{pw} < 100\ \mu\text{s}$ (see Note 2)	$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 4\text{ V}$	0.7	1.1		A
			$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 5\text{ V}$	1.1	1.5		
			$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 10.5\text{ V}$	2	2.4		
	High-side source (see Note 3)	Duty cycle < 2%, $t_{pw} < 100\ \mu\text{s}$ (see Note 2)	$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 0.5\text{ V}$	1.2	1.4		A
			$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 1.5\text{ V}$	1.3	1.6		
			$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 1.5\text{ V}$	2.3	2.7		
	Low-side sink (see Note 3)	Duty cycle < 2%, $t_{pw} < 100\ \mu\text{s}$ (see Note 2)	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 4\text{ V}$	1.3	1.8		A
			$V_{CC} = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 5\text{ V}$	2	2.5		
			$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 10.5\text{ V}$	3	3.5		
	Low-side source (see Note 3)	Duty cycle < 2%, $t_{pw} < 100\ \mu\text{s}$ (see Note 2)	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 0.5\text{ V}$	1.4	1.7		A
			$V_{CC} = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 1.5\text{ V}$	2	2.4		
			$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 1.5\text{ V}$	2.5	3		
Output resistance	High-side sink (see Note 3)		$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 0.5\text{ V}$			5	$\Omega$
			$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 0.5\text{ V}$			5	
			$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 0.5\text{ V}$			5	
	High-side source (see Note 3)		$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 4\text{ V}$			75	$\Omega$
			$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 6\text{ V}$			75	
			$V(\text{BOOT}) - V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{HIGHDR}) = 11.5\text{ V}$			75	
	Low-side sink (see Note 3)		$V(\text{DRV}) = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 0.5\text{ V}$			9	$\Omega$
			$V(\text{DRV}) = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 0.5\text{ V}$			7.5	
			$V(\text{DRV}) = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 0.5\text{ V}$			6	
	Low-side source (see Note 3)		$V(\text{DRV}) = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 4\text{ V}$			75	$\Omega$
			$V(\text{DRV}) = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 6\text{ V}$			75	
			$V(\text{DRV}) = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{LOWDR}) = 11.5\text{ V}$			75	

NOTES: 2: Ensured by design, not production tested.

3. The pullup/pulldown circuits of the drivers are bipolar and MOSFET transistors in parallel. The peak output current rating is the combined current from the bipolar and MOSFET transistors. The output resistance is the  $r_{DS(on)}$  of the MOSFET transistor when the voltage on the driver output is less than the saturation voltage of the bipolar transistor.



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating virtual junction temperature range,  
 $V_{CC} = 6.5\text{ V}$ ,  $\text{ENABLE} = \text{High}$ ,  $C_L = 3.3\text{ nF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

**dead-time control**

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage		LOWDR	Over the $V_{CC}$ range (see Note 2)	0.7 $V_{CC}$		
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	1					
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	DT	Over the $V_{CC}$ range	2			V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage			1			V

NOTE 2: Ensured by design, not production tested.

**digital control terminals (IN, CROWBAR, SYNC, ENABLE)**

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage			Over the $V_{CC}$ range	2		
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	1			V		

switching characteristics over recommended operating virtual junction temperature range,  
 $\text{ENABLE} = \text{High}$ ,  $C_L = 3.3\text{ nF}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Rise time	HIGHDR output (see Note 2)			$V(\text{BOOT}) = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$	60		
		$V(\text{BOOT}) = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$		50			
		$V(\text{BOOT}) = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$		50			
	LOWDR output (see Note 2)		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	40			ns
			$V_{CC} = 6.5\text{ V}$	30			
			$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$	30			
Fall time	HIGHDR output (see Note 2)		$V(\text{BOOT}) = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$	50			ns
			$V(\text{BOOT}) = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$	40			
			$V(\text{BOOT}) = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$	40			
	LOWDR output (see Note 2)		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	40			ns
			$V_{CC} = 6.5\text{ V}$	30			
			$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$	30			
Propagation delay time	HIGHDR going low (excluding dead time) (see Note 2)		$V(\text{BOOT}) = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$	95			ns
			$V(\text{BOOT}) = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$	80			
			$V(\text{BOOT}) = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$	70			
	LOWDR going high (excluding dead time) (see Note 2)		$V(\text{BOOT}) = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$	80			ns
			$V(\text{BOOT}) = 6.5\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$	70			
			$V(\text{BOOT}) = 12\text{ V}$ , $V(\text{BOOTLO}) = 0\text{ V}$	60			
Propagation delay time	LOWDR going low (excluding dead time) (see Note 2)		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	80			ns
			$V_{CC} = 6.5\text{ V}$	70			
			$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$	60			
Driver nonoverlap time	DT to LOWDR and LOWDR to HIGHDR (see Note 2)		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	40	170		ns
			$V_{CC} = 6.5\text{ V}$	25	135		
			$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$	15	85		

NOTE 2: Ensured by design, not production tested.

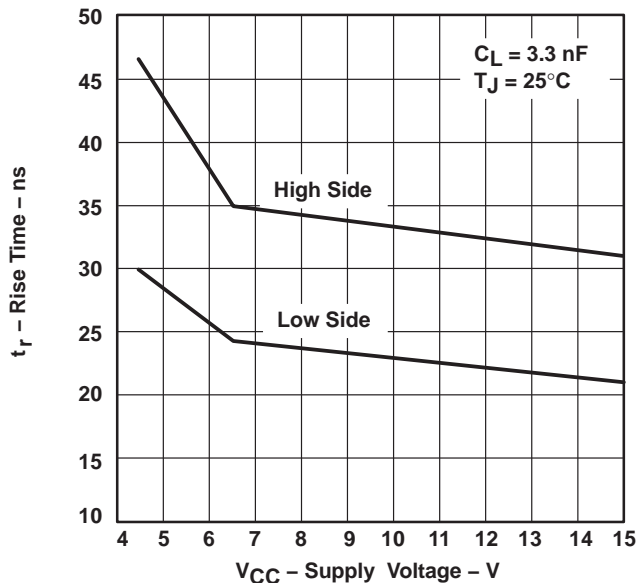


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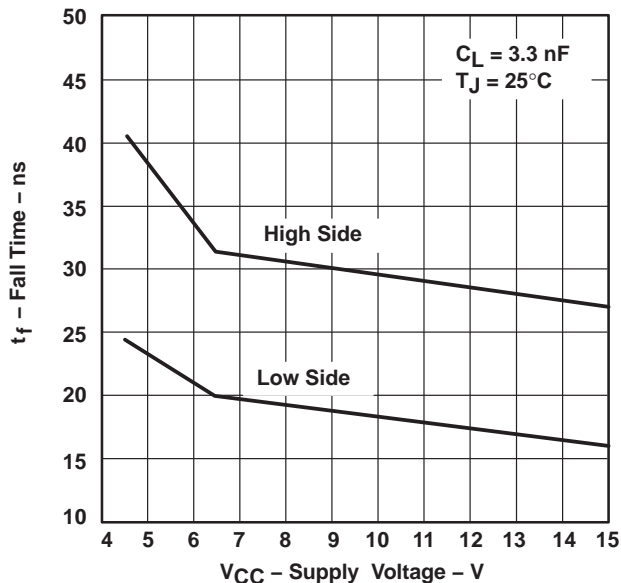
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**RISE TIME**  
**vs**  
**SUPPLY VOLTAGE**



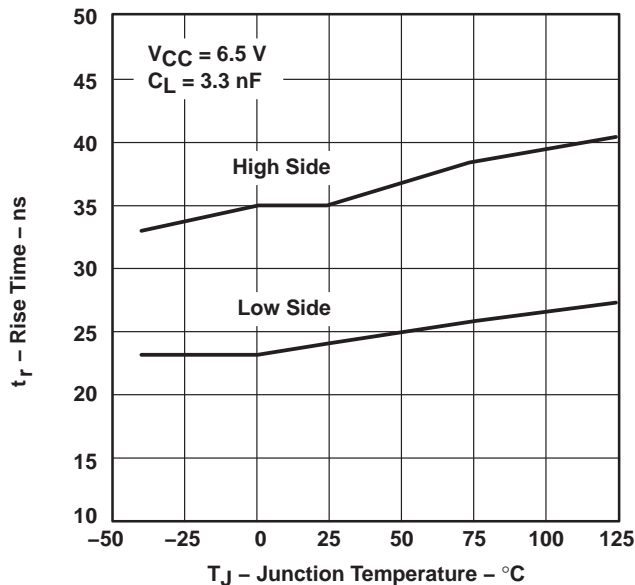
**Figure 1**

**FALL TIME**  
**vs**  
**SUPPLY VOLTAGE**



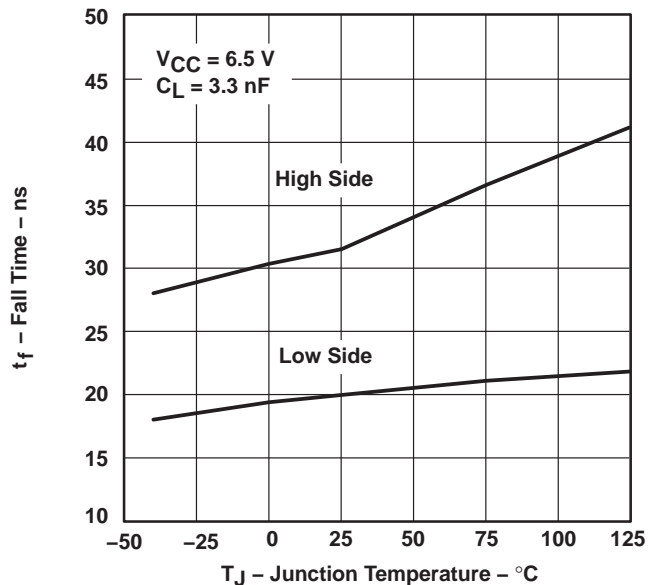
**Figure 2**

**RISE TIME**  
**vs**  
**JUNCTION TEMPERATURE**



**Figure 3**

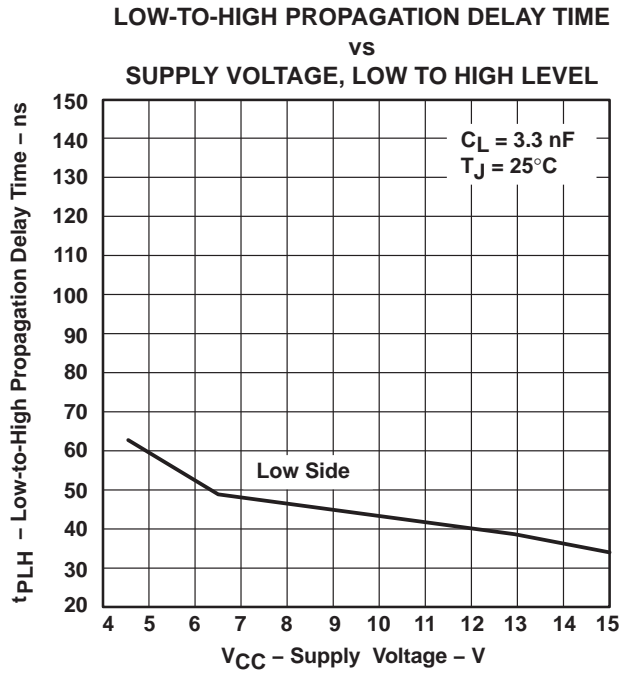
**FALL TIME**  
**vs**  
**JUNCTION TEMPERATURE**



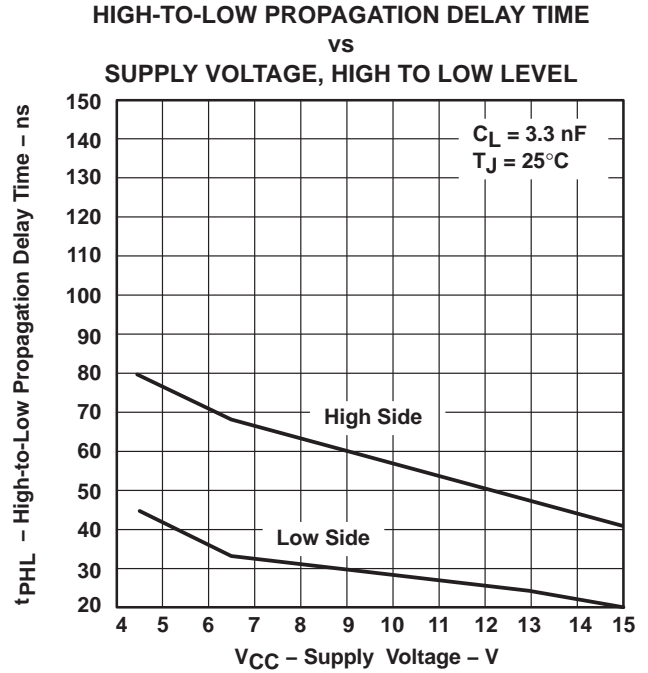
**Figure 4**



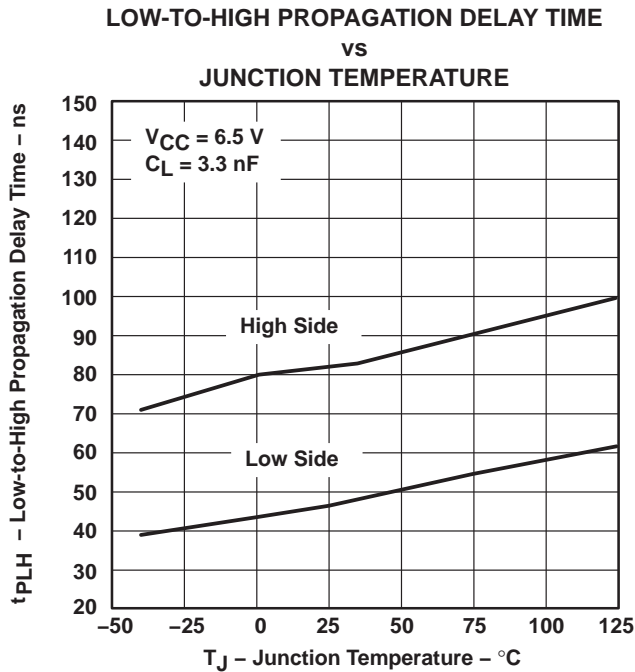
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



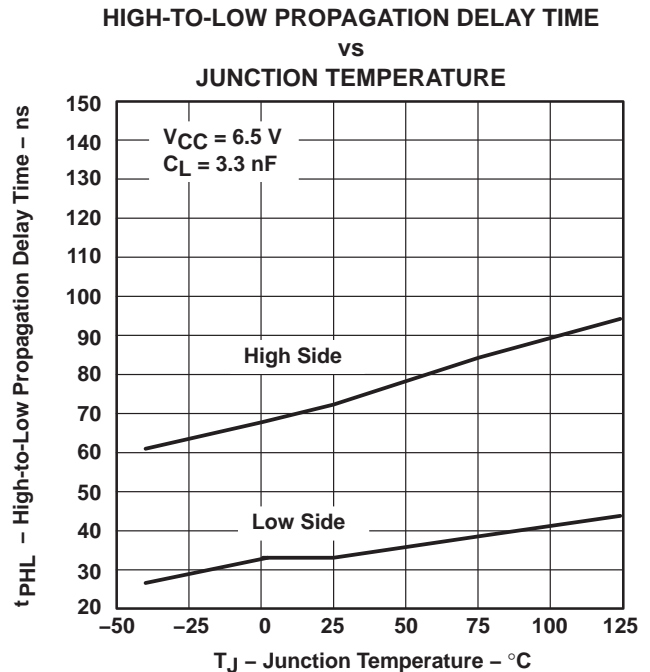
**Figure 5**



**Figure 6**



**Figure 7**



**Figure 8**

# TPS2834, TPS2835 SYNCHRONOUS-BUCK MOSFET DRIVERS WITH DEAD-TIME CONTROL

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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DRIVER-OUTPUT RISE TIME  
vs  
LOAD CAPACITANCE

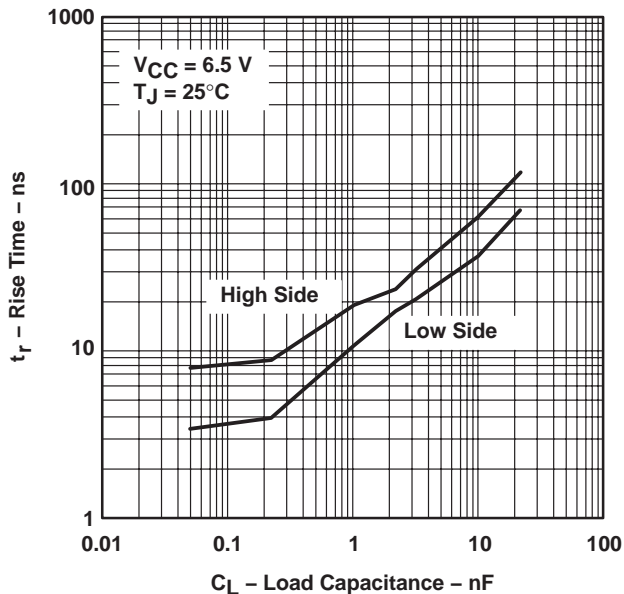


Figure 9

DRIVER-OUTPUT FALL TIME  
vs  
LOAD CAPACITANCE

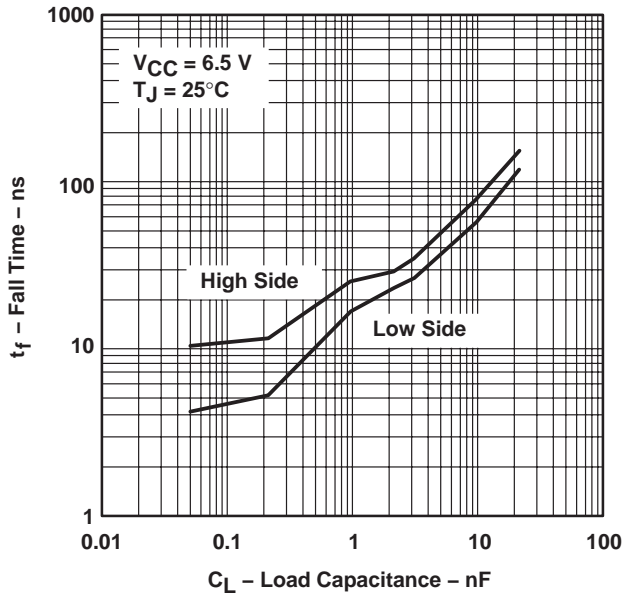


Figure 10

SUPPLY CURRENT  
vs  
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

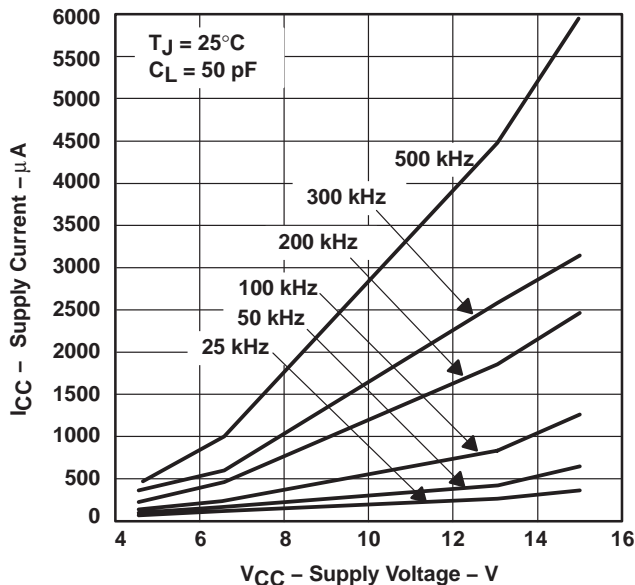


Figure 11

SUPPLY CURRENT  
vs  
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

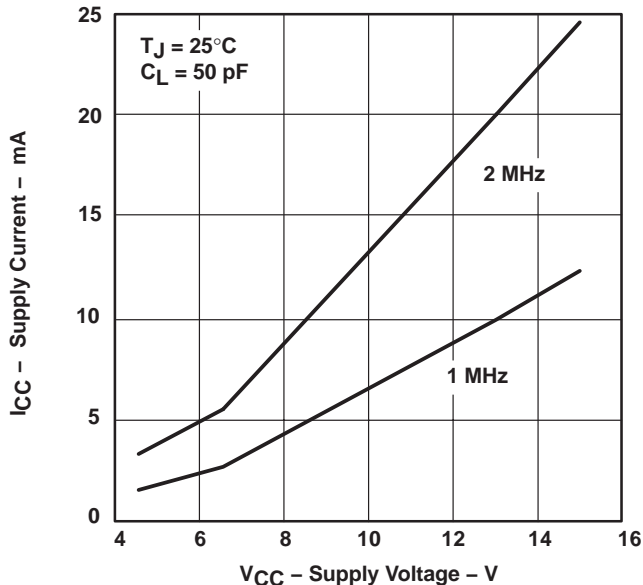


Figure 12



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

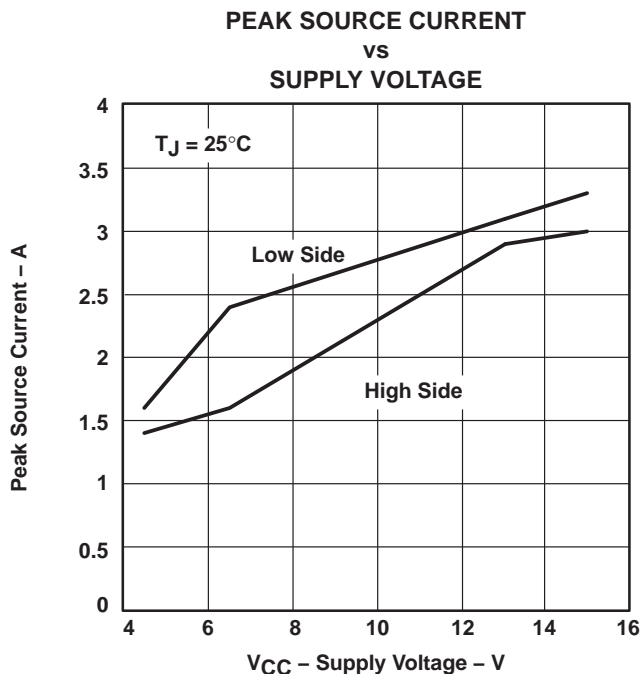


Figure 13

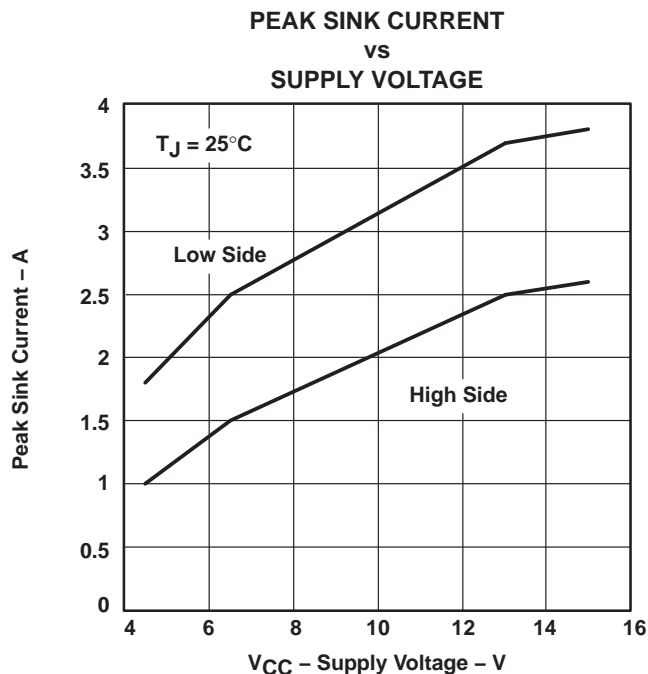


Figure 14

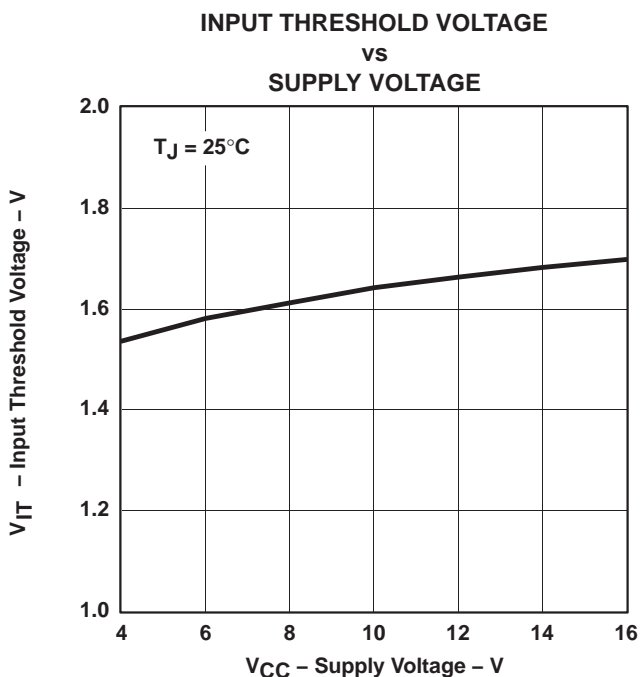


Figure 15

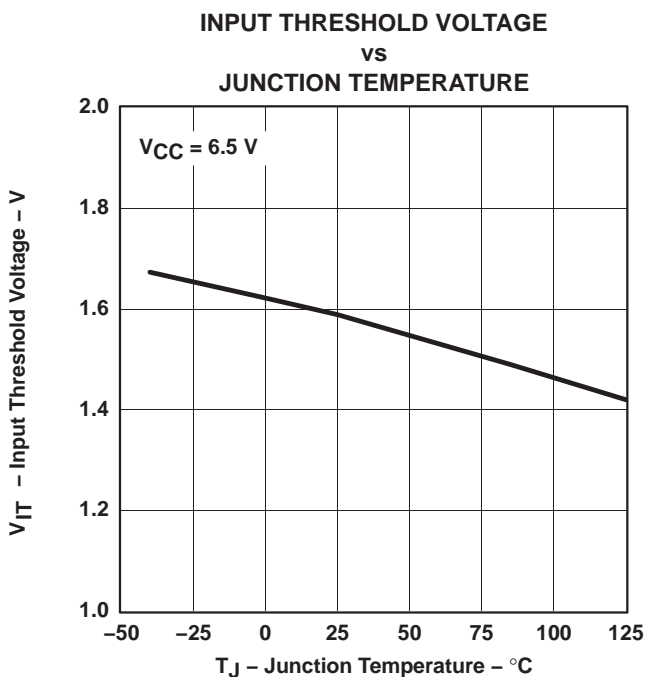


Figure 16

# TPS2834, TPS2835 SYNCHRONOUS-BUCK MOSFET DRIVERS WITH DEAD-TIME CONTROL

SLVS223B – NOVEMBER 1999 – REVISED AUGUST 2002

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

Figure 17 shows the circuit schematic of a 100-kHz synchronous-buck converter implemented with a TL5001A pulse-width-modulation (PWM) controller and a TPS2835 driver. The converter operates over an input range from 4.5 V to 12 V and has a 3.3-V output. The circuit can supply 3 A continuous load. The converter achieves an efficiency of 94% for  $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{load} = 1\text{ A}$ , and 93% for  $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{load} = 3\text{ A}$ .

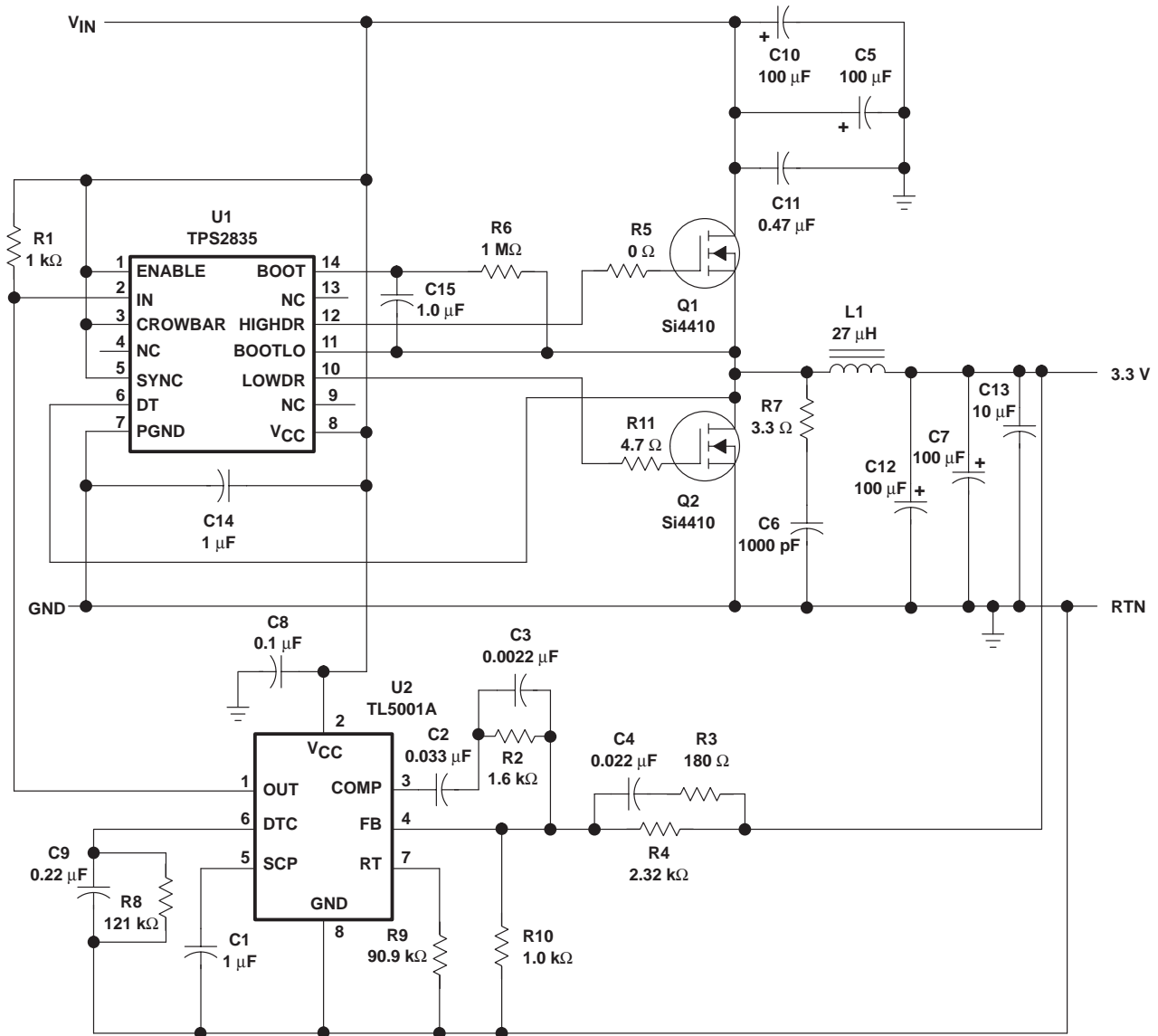


Figure 17. 3.3-V 3-A Synchronous-Buck Converter Circuit

### APPLICATION INFORMATION

Great care should be taken when laying out the PC board. The power-processing section is the most critical and will generate large amounts of EMI if not properly configured. The junction of Q1, Q2, and L1 should be very tight. The connection from Q1 drain to the positive sides of C5, C10, and C11 and the connection from Q2 source to the negative sides of C5, C10, and C11 should be as short as possible. The negative terminals of C7 and C12 should also be connected to Q2 source.

Next, the traces from the MOSFET driver to the power switches should be considered. The BOOTLO signal from the junction of Q1 and Q2 carries the large gate drive current pulses and should be as heavy as the gate drive traces. The bypass capacitor (C14) should be tied directly across  $V_{CC}$  and PGND.

The next most sensitive node is the FB node on the controller (terminal 4 on the TL5001A). This node is very sensitive to noise pickup and should be isolated from the high-current power stage and be as short as possible. The ground around the controller and low-level circuitry should be tied to the power ground as the output. If these three areas are properly laid out, the rest of the circuit should not have other EMI problems and the power supply will be relatively free of noise.

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS2834D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2834	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS2834DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2834	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS2834PWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	14	90	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TPS2834	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS2834PWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TPS2834	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS2835D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2835	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS2835PWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	14	90	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TPS2835	<a href="#">Samples</a>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

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**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS2834DR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TPS2834PWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS2834DR	SOIC	D	14	2500	350.0	350.0	43.0
TPS2834PWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0

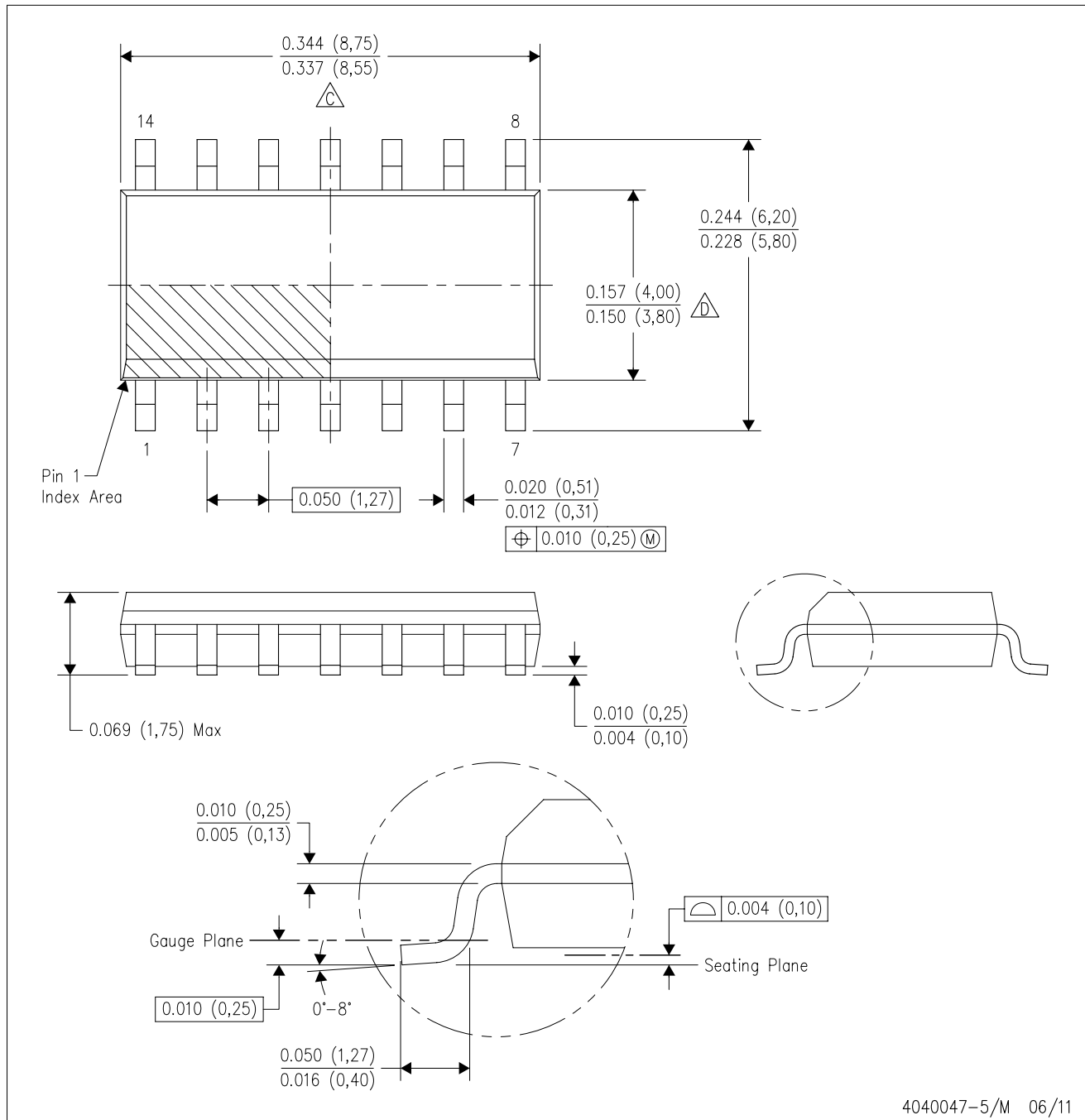
**TUBE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μm)	B (mm)
TPS2834D	D	SOIC	14	50	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TPS2834PWP	PWP	HTSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TPS2835D	D	SOIC	14	50	505.46	6.76	3810	4
TPS2835PWP	PWP	HTSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5

D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - $\triangle C$  Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
  - $\triangle D$  Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
  - E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.

D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4211283-3/E 08/12

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
  - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

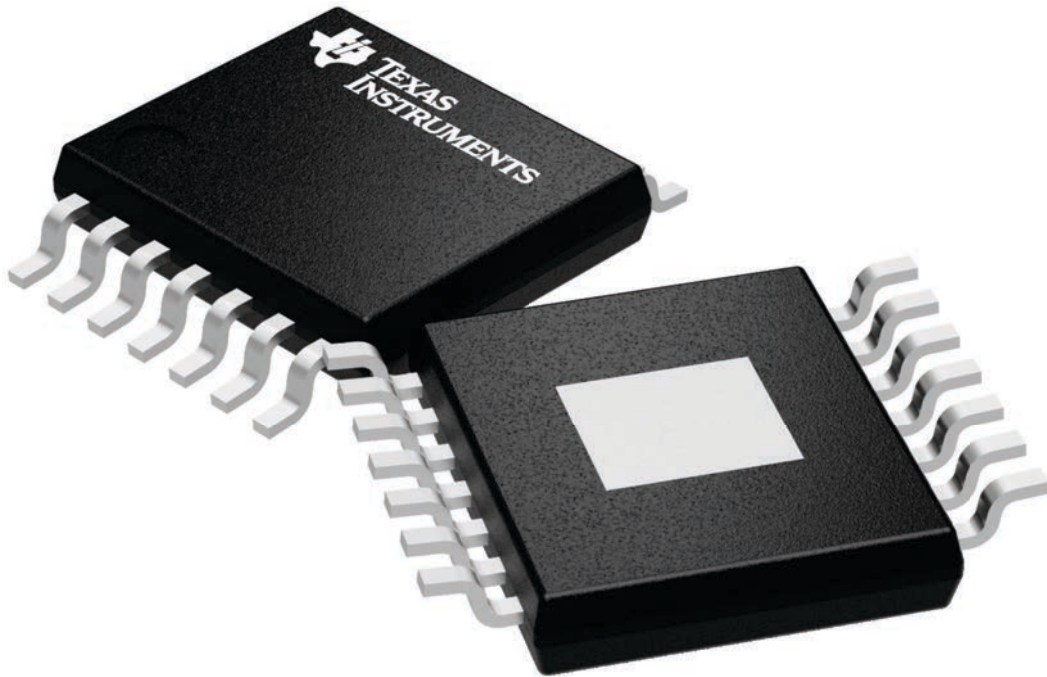
**PWP 14**

**PowerPAD TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height**

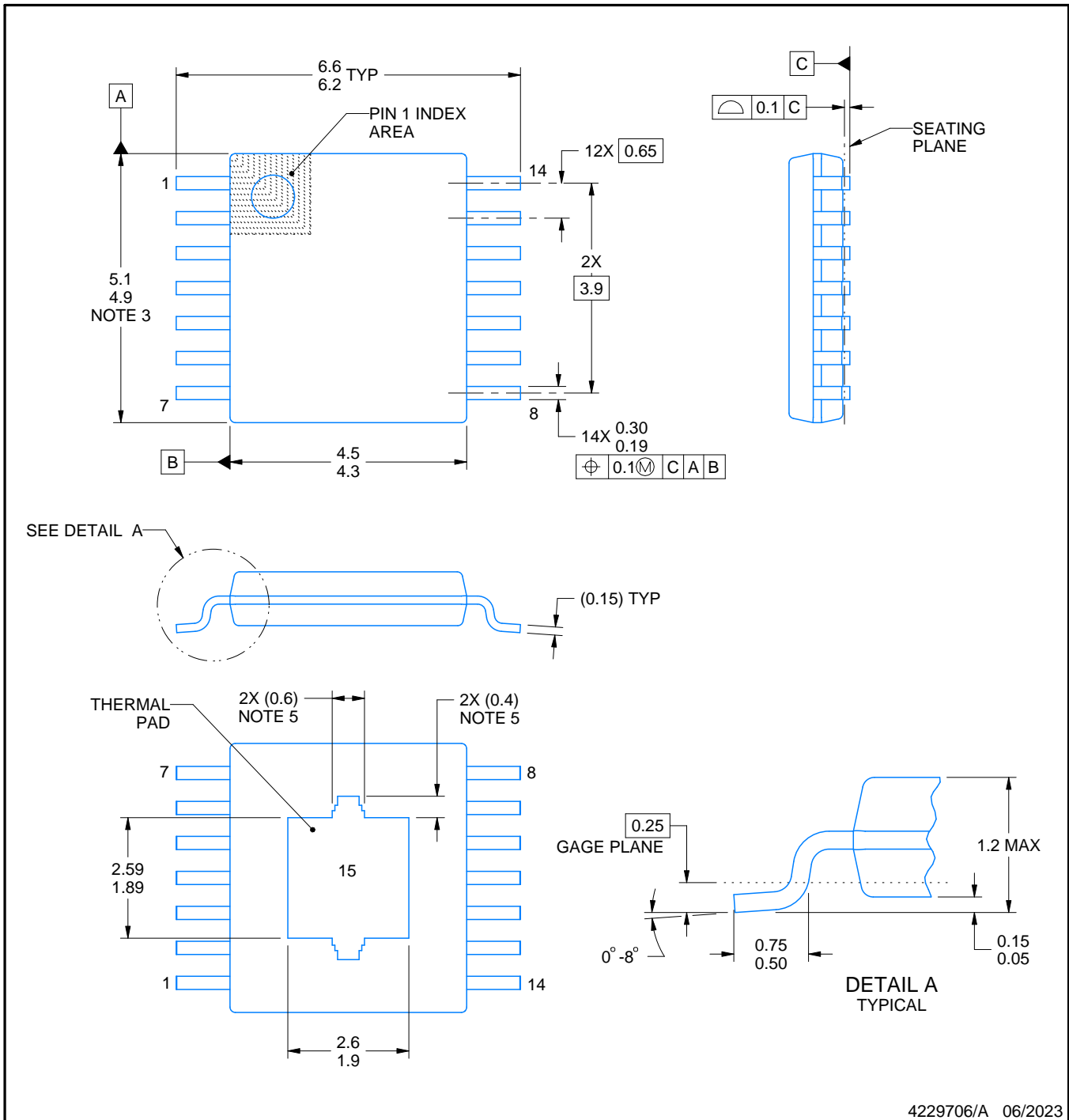
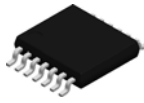
4.4 x 5.0, 0.65 mm pitch

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



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NOTES:

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

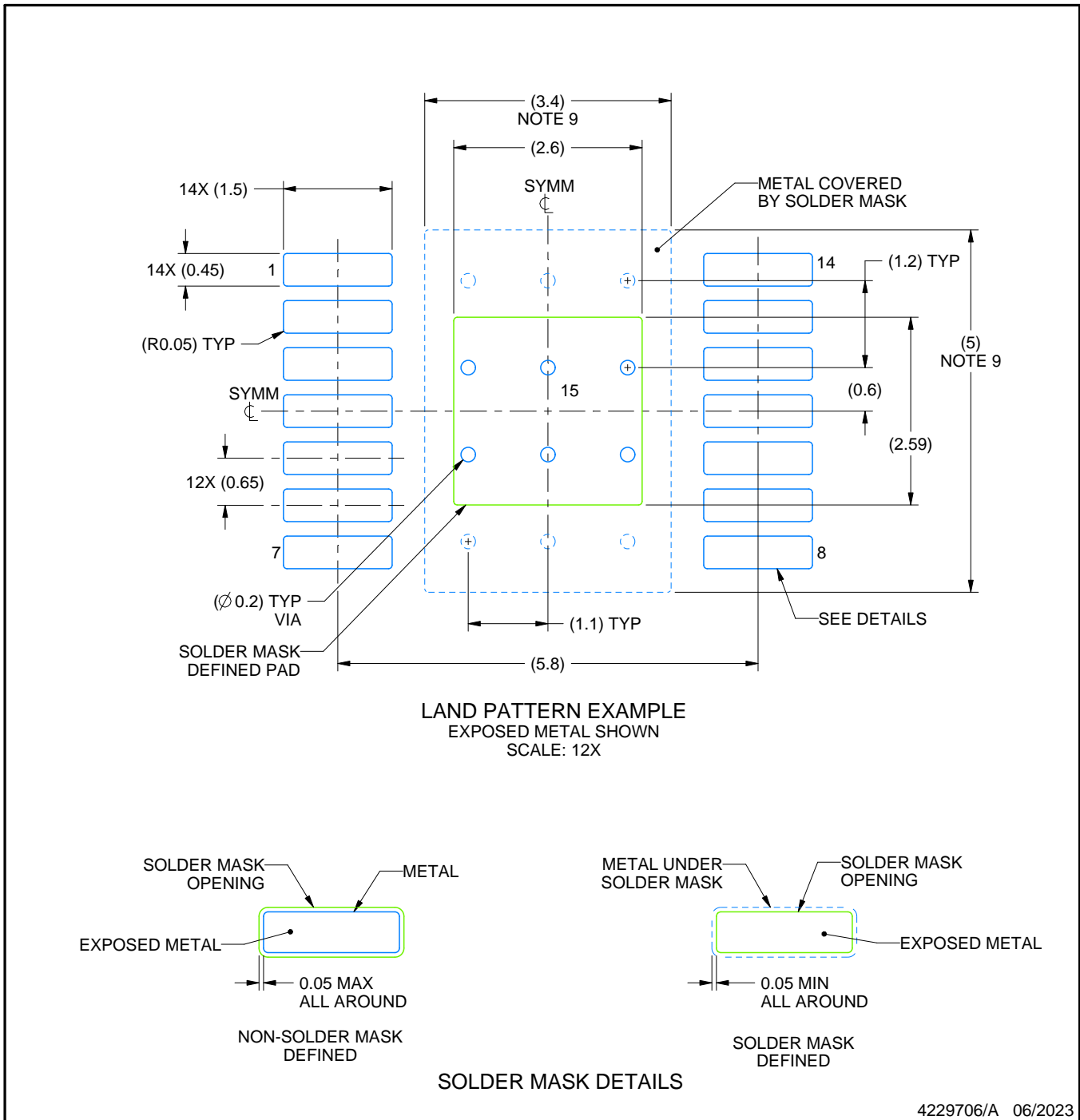
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.
5. Features may differ or may not be present.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

PWP0014K

PowerPAD™ TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

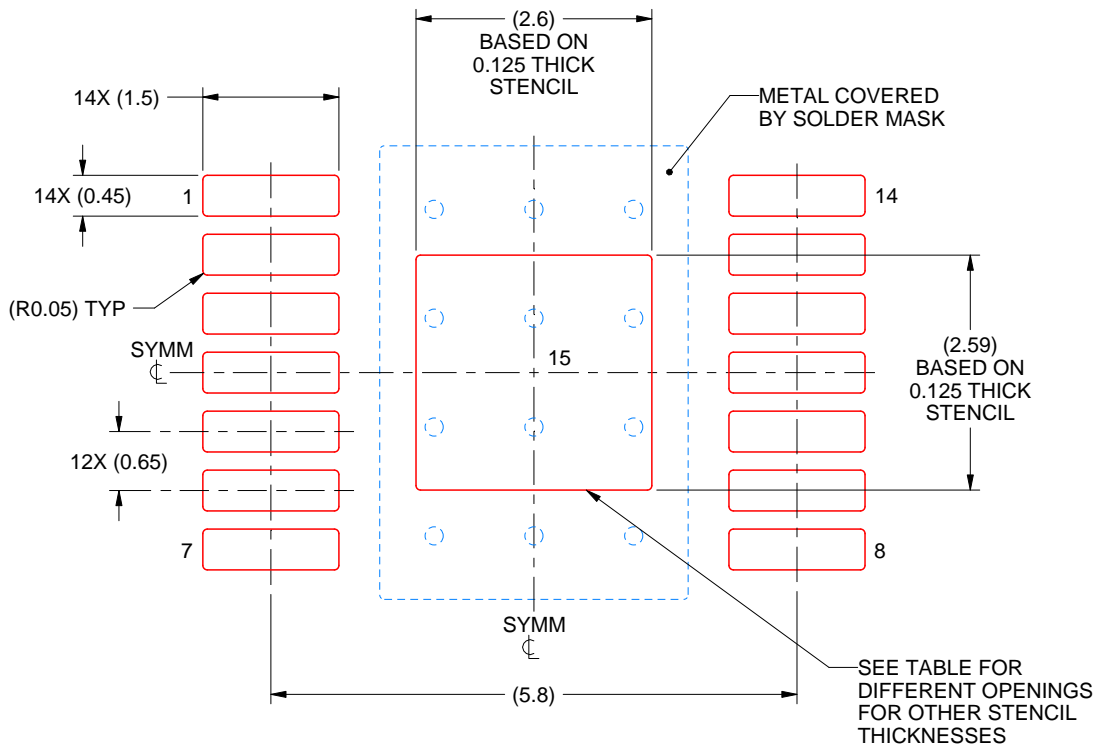
6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
8. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature numbers SLMA002 ([www.ti.com/lit/slma002](http://www.ti.com/lit/slma002)) and SLMA004 ([www.ti.com/lit/slma004](http://www.ti.com/lit/slma004)).
9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.
10. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

PWP0014K

PowerPAD™ TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
 BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
 SCALE: 12X

STENCIL THICKNESS	SOLDER STENCIL OPENING
0.1	2.91 X 2.90
0.125	2.60 X 2.59 (SHOWN)
0.15	2.37 X 2.36
0.175	2.20 X 2.19

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NOTES: (continued)

11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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