



**THE DATASHEET OF
ZL30415GGC**



TPS82084 (2-A) / TPS82085 (3-A) High Efficiency Step-Down Converter MicroSiP™ Modules with Integrated Inductor

1 Features

- Low Profile MicroSiP™ Power Module
- DCS-control topology
- Up to 95% efficiency
- 17- μ A operating quiescent current
- -40°C to 125°C operating temperature range
- Hiccup short circuit protection
- 2.5-V to 6-V input voltage range
- 0.8-V to V_{IN} adjustable output voltage
- Power save mode for light load efficiency
- 100% duty cycle for lowest dropout
- Output discharge function
- Power good output
- Integrated soft startup, and support pre-biased startup
- Over temperature protection
- CISPR11 class B compliant
- 2.8-mm x 3.0-mm x 1.3-mm 8-Pin μ SiL package

2 Applications

- Optical module
- Single board computer
- Solid state drive
- Metro data center
- Audio/video control system
- Radar

3 Description

The TPS82084/5 are 2-A/3-A step-down converter MicroSiP™ modules optimized for small solution size and high efficiency. The power module integrates a synchronous step-down converter and an inductor to simplify design, reduce external components and save PCB area. The low profile and compact solution is suitable for automated assembly by standard surface mount equipment.

To maximize efficiency, the converter operates in PWM mode with a nominal switching frequency of 2.4MHz and automatically enters Power Save Mode operation at light load currents. In Power Save Mode, the device operates with typically 17- μ A quiescent current. Using the DCS-Control topology, the device achieves excellent load transient performance and accurate output voltage regulation. The EN and PG pins, which support sequencing configurations, bring a flexible system design. An integrated soft startup reduces the inrush current required from the input supply. Over temperature protection and Hiccup short circuit protection deliver a robust and reliable solution.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

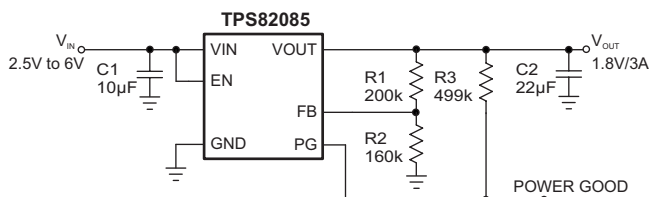
| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE | BODY SIZE (NOM) |
|-------------|---------------|-----------------|
| TPS82085 | μ SiL (8) | 2.8 mm x 3.0 mm |
| TPS82084 | μ SiL (8) | 2.8 mm x 3.0 mm |

Device Comparison

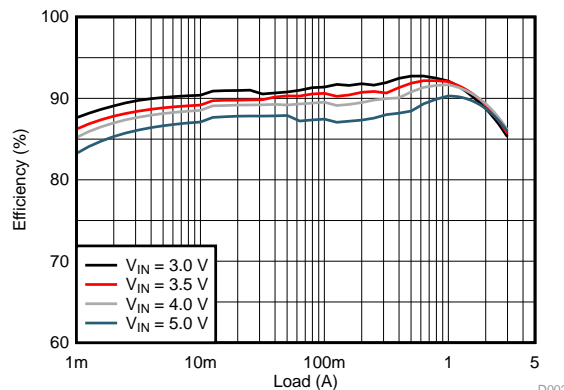
| PART NUMBER | OUTPUT CURRENT |
|-------------|----------------|
| TPS82084 | 2 A |
| TPS82085 | 3 A |

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

1.8 V Output Application



1.8 V Output Efficiency



D002



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4 Revision History

Changes from Revision C (September 2018) to Revision D Page

- Correct the part number in the title
- Add the input voltage range for the output voltage discharge feature in [Enable and Disable](#).

Changes from Revision B (April 2015) to Revision C Page

- Added TPS82084 device into this data sheet
- Changed from –40 °C to –55 °C for storage temperature range
- Added thermal information for TPS82085EVM-672. Updated thermal metric value.
- Added power save mode waveform diagram to [Power Save Mode \(PSM\)](#)
- Added typical value of the EN pin high/low level input voltage in [Enable and Disable](#).....
- Added pg pin logic table in [Power Good Output](#)
- Added integrated inductor information in [Application Information](#)
- Added additional efficiency curves and a reference hyperlink to the BOM, [Table 3](#)
- Added radiated emission performance graph

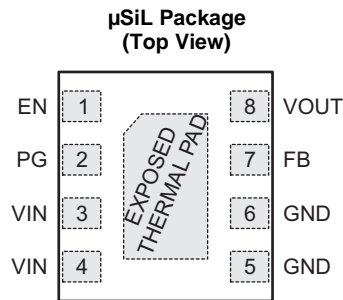
Changes from Revision A (April 2015) to Revision B Page

- Changed the [ESD Ratings](#) Charged device model (CDM) From: ±500 V To: ±1000 V.....

Changes from Original (October 2014) to Revision A Page

- Changed the data sheet From: 3-page Product Preview To: Production data

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

| PIN | | I/O | DESCRIPTION |
|---------------------|-----|-----|--|
| NAME | NO. | | |
| EN | 1 | I | Enable pin. Pull High to enable the device. Pull Low to disable the device. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor of typically 400 kΩ when the device is disabled. |
| PG | 2 | O | Power good open drain output pin. A pull-up resistor can be connected to any voltage less than 6V. Leave it open if it is not used. |
| VIN | 3,4 | PWR | Input voltage pin. |
| GND | 5,6 | | Ground pin. |
| FB | 7 | I | Feedback reference pin. An external resistor divider connected to this pin programs the output voltage. |
| VOUT | 8 | PWR | Output voltage pin. |
| Exposed Thermal Pad | | | The exposed thermal pad must be connected to the GND pin. Must be soldered to achieve appropriate power dissipation and mechanical reliability. |

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|-----|------|
| Voltage at pins ⁽²⁾ | EN, PG, VIN, FB, VOUT | -0.3 | 7 | V |
| Sink current | PG | | 1.0 | mA |
| Module operating temperature range | | -40 | 125 | °C |
| Storage temperature range | | -55 | 125 | °C |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground pin.

6.2 ESD Ratings

| | | | VALUE | UNIT |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--|-------|------|
| V _(ESD) | Electrostatic discharge | Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾ | ±2000 | V |
| | | Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾ | ±1000 | |

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommend Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| V _{IN} | Input voltage range | 2.5 | 6 | V |
| V _{PG} | Power good pull-up resistor voltage | | 6 | V |

Recommend Operating Conditions (continued)

Over operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|---|-----|----------|------|
| V_{OUT} | Output voltage range | 0.8 | V_{IN} | V |
| I_{OUT} | Output current range, TPS82084 ⁽¹⁾ | 0 | 2 | A |
| | Output current range, TPS82085 ⁽¹⁾ | 0 | 3 | A |
| T_J | Module operating temperature range ⁽¹⁾ | -40 | 125 | °C |

(1) The module operating temperature range includes module self temperature rise and IC junction temperature rise. In applications where high power dissipation is present, the maximum operating temperature or maximum output current must be derated.

6.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾ | | TPS82084/5SIL (JEDEC 51-5) | TPS82085EVM-672 | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|------|
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 64.6 | 46.6 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JC(top)}$ | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance | 30.1 | n/a ⁽²⁾ | |
| $R_{\theta JB}$ | Junction-to-board thermal resistance | 23.5 | n/a ⁽²⁾ | |
| Ψ_{JT} | Junction-to-top characterization parameter | 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Ψ_{JB} | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 23.3 | 24.6 | |
| $R_{\theta JC(bot)}$ | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | 17.2 | 15.4 | |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, [SPRA953](#)

(2) Not applicable to an EVM

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

$T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 125°C and $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{V}$ to 6V . Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$, unless otherwise noted.

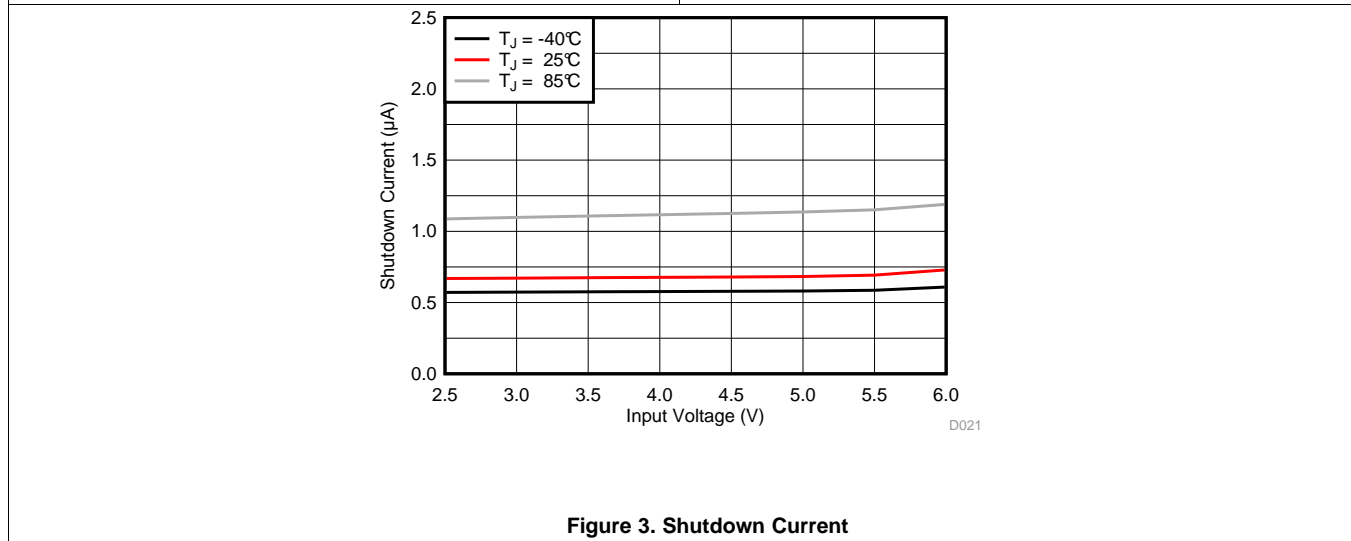
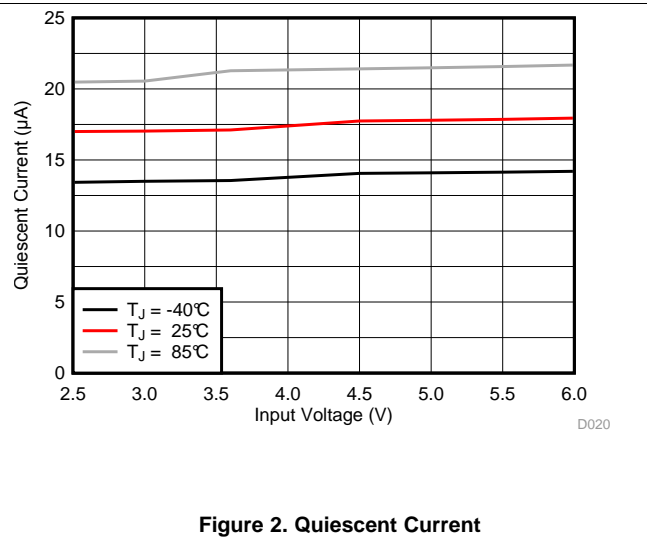
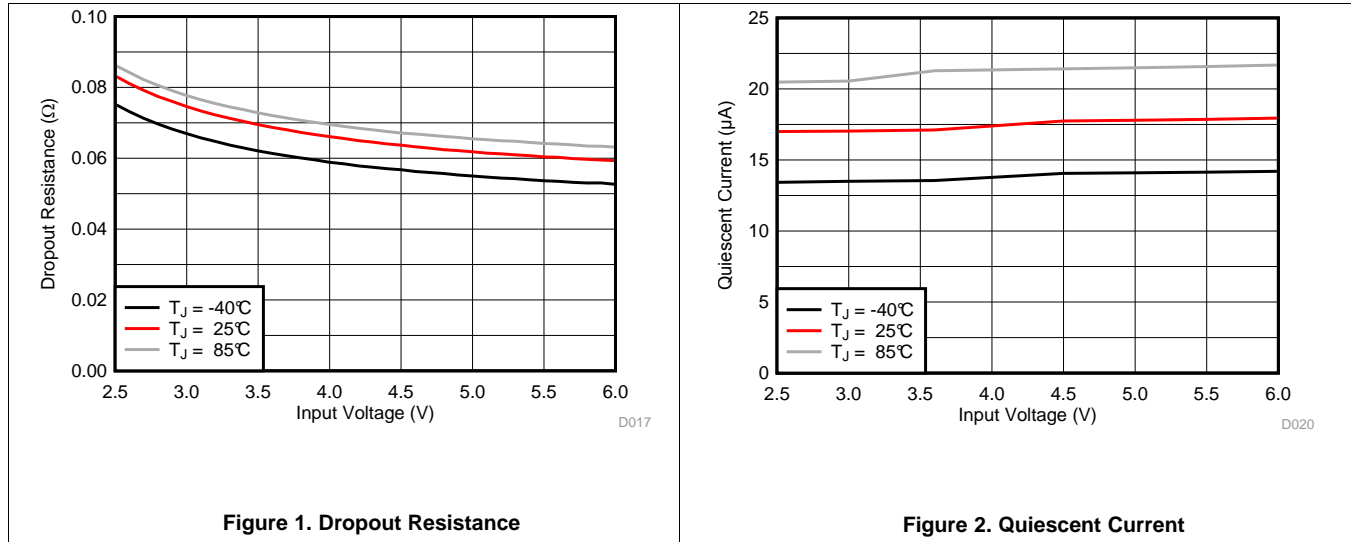
| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----|------|------|---------------|
| SUPPLY | | | | | | |
| V_{IN} | Input voltage range | | 2.5 | | 6 | V |
| I_Q | Quiescent current into V_{IN} | No load, device not switching $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{V}$ to 5.5V | | 17 | 25 | μA |
| I_{SD} | Shutdown current into V_{IN} | EN = Low, $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{V}$ to 5.5V | | 0.7 | 5 | μA |
| V_{UVLO} | Under voltage lock out threshold | V_{IN} falling | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | V |
| | | V_{IN} rising | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | V |
| T_{JSD} | Thermal shutdown threshold | T_J rising | | 150 | | °C |
| | Thermal shutdown hysteresis | T_J falling | | 20 | | °C |
| LOGIC INTERFACE EN | | | | | | |
| V_{IH} | High-level input voltage | | 1.0 | | | V |
| V_{IL} | Low-level input voltage | | | | 0.4 | V |
| $I_{lkg(EN)}$ | Input leakage current into EN pin | EN = High | | 0.01 | 0.16 | μA |
| R_{PD} | Pull-down resistance at EN pin | EN = Low | | 400 | | k Ω |
| SOFT START, POWER GOOD | | | | | | |
| t_{SS} | Soft start time | Time from EN high to 95% of V_{OUT} nominal | | 0.8 | | ms |
| V_{PG} | Power good threshold | V_{OUT} rising, referenced to V_{OUT} nominal | 93% | 95% | 98% | |
| | | V_{OUT} falling, referenced to V_{OUT} nominal | 88% | 90% | 93% | |
| $V_{PG,OL}$ | Low-level output voltage | $I_{sink} = 1\text{mA}$ | | | 0.4 | V |
| $I_{lkg(PG)}$ | Input leakage current into PG pin | $V_{PG} = 5\text{V}$ | | 0.01 | 0.16 | μA |

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

$T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 125°C and $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{V}$ to 6V . Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----|------|----------|------------------|
| OUTPUT | | | | | | |
| V_{OUT} | Output voltage range | | 0.8 | | V_{IN} | V |
| V_{FB} | Feedback regulation voltage | PWM mode | 792 | 800 | 808 | mV |
| | | PSM mode, $C_{OUT} = 22\ \mu\text{F}$ | 792 | 800 | 817 | |
| $I_{lkg(FB)}$ | Feedback input leakage current | $V_{FB} = 0.8\ \text{V}$ | | 0.01 | 0.1 | μA |
| R_{DIS} | Output discharge resistor | EN = Low, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\ \text{V}$ | | 260 | | Ω |
| | Line regulation | $I_{OUT} = 1\ \text{A}$, $V_{IN} = 2.5\ \text{V}$ to $6\ \text{V}$ | | 0.02 | | %/V |
| | Load regulation | $I_{OUT} = 0.5\ \text{A}$ to $3\ \text{A}$ | | 0.16 | | %/A |
| POWER SWITCH | | | | | | |
| $R_{DS(on)}$ | High-side FET on-resistance | $I_{SW} = 500\ \text{mA}$ | | 31 | 56 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | Low-side FET on-resistance | $I_{SW} = 500\ \text{mA}$ | | 23 | 45 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| R_{DP} | Dropout resistance | 100% mode | | 69 | | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| I_{LIMF} | High-side FET switch current limit | TPS82085 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 5.5 | A |
| | | TPS82084 | | 3.6 | | |
| f_{SW} | PWM switching frequency | $I_{OUT} = 1\ \text{A}$ | | 2.4 | | MHz |

6.6 Typical Characteristics



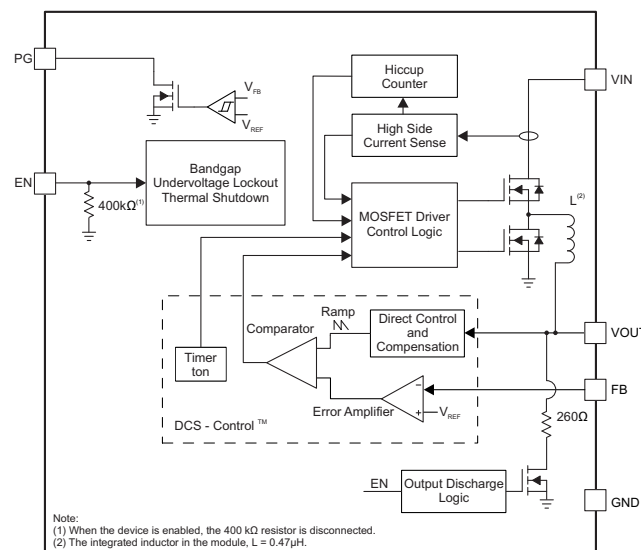
7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TPS82084/5 synchronous step-down converter power modules are based on DCS-Control™ (Direct Control with Seamless transition into Power Save Mode). This is an advanced regulation topology that combines the advantages of hysteretic, voltage and current mode control.

The DCS-Control™ topology operates in PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) mode for medium to heavy load conditions and in PSM (Power Save Mode) at light load currents. In PWM, the converter operates with its nominal switching frequency of 2.4 MHz having a controlled frequency variation over the input voltage range. As the load current decreases, the converter enters Power Save Mode, reducing the switching frequency and minimizing the IC's quiescent current to achieve high efficiency over the entire load current range. DCS-Control™ supports both operation modes using a single building block and therefore has a seamless transition from PWM to PSM without effects on the output voltage. The device offers excellent DC voltage regulation and load transient regulation, combined with low output voltage ripple, minimizing interference with RF circuits.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Power Save Mode (PSM)

The device includes a fixed on-time (t_{ON}) circuitry. This t_{ON} , in steady-state operation in PWM and PSM modes, is estimated as:

$$t_{ON} = 420 \text{ ns} \times \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}$$

$$f_{PSM} = \frac{2 \times I_{OUT}}{t_{ON}^2 \times \frac{V_{IN}}{V_{OUT}} \times \frac{V_{IN} - V_{OUT}}{L}}$$
(1)

To maintain high efficiency at light loads, the device enters Power Save Mode seamlessly when the load current decreases. This happens when the load current becomes smaller than half the inductor's ripple current. In PSM, the converter operates with a reduced switching frequency and with a minimum quiescent current to maintain high efficiency. The on time in PSM is also based on the same t_{ON} circuitry. The switching frequency in PSM is shown in [Equation 1](#).

Feature Description (continued)

In PSM, the output voltage rises slightly above the nominal output voltage in PWM mode. This effect is reduced by increasing the output capacitance. The output voltage accuracy in PSM operation is reflected in the electrical specification table and given for a 22- μ F output capacitor.

During PAUSE period in PSM (shown in Figure 4), the device does not change the PG pin state nor does it detect an UVLO event, in order to achieve a minimum quiescent current and maintain high efficiency at light loads.

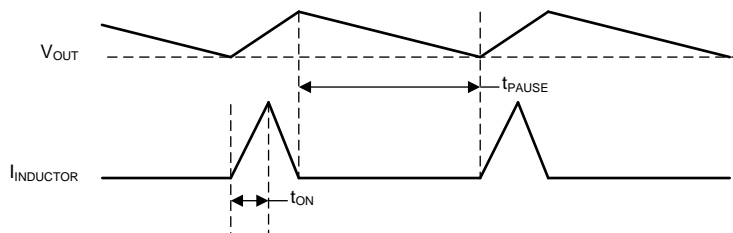


Figure 4. Power Save Mode Waveform Diagram

7.3.2 Low Dropout Operation (100% Duty Cycle)

The device offers a low input to output voltage differential by entering 100% duty cycle mode. In this mode, the high-side MOSFET switch is constantly turned on. This is particularly useful in battery powered applications to achieve longest operation time by taking full advantage of the whole battery voltage range. The minimum input voltage to maintain a minimum output voltage is given by:

$$V_{IN(min)} = V_{OUT(min)} + I_{OUT} \times R_{DP} \quad (2)$$

Where

R_{DP} = Resistance from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} , including high-side FET on-resistance and DC resistance of the inductor.

$V_{OUT(min)}$ = Minimum output voltage the load can accept.

7.3.3 Soft Startup

The device has an internal soft start circuit which ramps up the output voltage to the nominal voltage during a soft start time of typically 0.8ms. This avoids excessive inrush current and creates a smooth output voltage slope. It also prevents excessive voltage drops of primary cells and rechargeable batteries with high internal impedance. The device is able to monotonically start into a pre-biased output capacitor. The device starts with the applied bias voltage and ramps the output voltage to its nominal value.

7.3.4 Switch Current Limit and Short Circuit Protection (Hiccup-Mode)

The switch current limit prevents the device from high inductor current and from drawing excessive current from the battery or input voltage rail. Excessive current might occur with a heavy load/shorted output circuit condition. If the inductor peak current reaches the switch current limit, the high-side FET is turned off and the low-side FET is turned on to ramp down the inductor current. Once this switch current limit is triggered 32 times, the devices stop switching and enables the output discharge. The devices then automatically start a new startup after a typical delay time of 66 μ s has passed. This is named HICCUP short circuit protection. The devices repeat this mode until the high load condition disappears.

7.3.5 Undervoltage Lockout

To avoid mis-operation of the device at low input voltages, an under voltage lockout is implemented, which shuts down the devices at voltages lower than V_{UVLO} with a hysteresis of 200 mV.

7.3.6 Thermal Shutdown

The device goes into thermal shutdown and stops switching once the junction temperature exceeds T_{JSD} . Once the device temperature falls below the threshold by 20°C, the device returns to normal operation automatically.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Enable and Disable

The device is enabled by setting the EN pin to a logic High (typical 0.8 V). Accordingly, shutdown mode is forced if the EN pin is pulled Low (typical 0.7 V) with a shutdown current of typically 0.7 μ A. An internal resistor of 260 Ω discharges the output via the VOUT pin smoothly when the device is disabled. The output discharge function also works when thermal shutdown, undervoltage lockout or short circuit protection are triggered. The output discharge function stops working when the input voltage has decreased to around 0.5V.

An internal pull-down resistor of 400 k Ω is connected to the EN pin when the EN pin is Low. The pull-down resistor is disconnected when the EN pin is High.

7.4.2 Power Good Output

The device has a power good (PG) output. The PG pin goes high impedance once the output is above 95% of the nominal voltage, and is driven low once the output voltage falls below typically 90% of the nominal voltage. The PG pin is an open drain output and is specified to sink up to 1 mA. The power good output requires a pull-up resistor connecting to any voltage rail less than 6 V.

The PG signal can be used for sequencing of multiple rails by connecting it to the EN pin of other converters. Leave the PG pin floating when it is not used. [Table 1](#) shows the PG pin logic.

Table 1. PG Pin Logic

| | DEVICE CONDITIONS | LOGIC STATUS | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----|
| | | HIGH Z | LOW |
| Enable | EN = High, $V_{FB} \geq V_{PG}$ | √ | |
| | EN = High, $V_{FB} < V_{PG}$ | | √ |
| Shutdown | EN = Low | | √ |
| Thermal Shutdown | $T_J > T_{JSD}$ | | √ |
| UVLO | $0.5 \text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{UVLO}$ | | √ |
| Power Supply Removal | $V_{IN} \leq 0.5 \text{ V}$ | √ | |

8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The TPS82084/5 are synchronous step-down converter power modules whose output voltage is adjusted by component selection. The following section discusses the design of the external components to complete the power supply design for several input and output voltage options by using typical applications as a reference.

The required power inductor is integrated inside the TPS82084/5. The inductor is shielded and has an inductance of 0.47 μH with approximately a +/- 20% tolerance. The TPS82084 and TPS82085 are pin-to-pin and BOM-to-BOM compatible, differing only in their rated output current.

8.2 Typical Applications

8.2.1 1.2-V Output Application

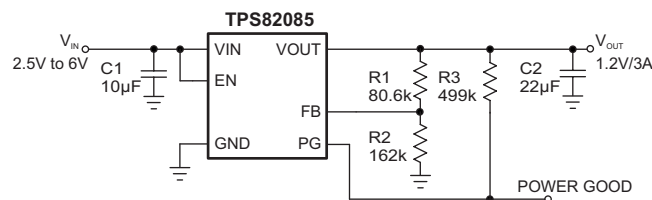


Figure 5. 1.2-V Output Application

8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the input parameters shown in Table 2.

Table 2. Design Parameters

| DESIGN PARAMETER | EXAMPLE VALUE |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| Input voltage range | 2.5 V to 6 V |
| Output voltage | 1.2 V |
| Output ripple voltage | < 20 mV |
| Output current rating | 3 A |

Table 3 lists the components used for the example.

Table 3. List of Components

| REFERENCE | DESCRIPTION | MANUFACTURER |
|-----------|--|----------------------|
| C1 | 10 μF , Ceramic Capacitor, 10V, X7R, size 0805, GRM21BR71A106KE51 | Murata |
| C2 | 22 μF , Ceramic Capacitor, 6.3V, X7R, size 0805, CL21B226MQQNNNE or 22 μF , Ceramic Capacitor, 6.3V, X7S, size 0805, C2012X7S1A226M125AC | Samsung or TDK |
| R1 | Depending on the output voltage, 1% accuracy | Std |
| R2 | 162k Ω , 1% accuracy | Std |
| R3 | 499k Ω , 1% accuracy | Std |

8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.1.2.1 Setting the Output Voltage

The output voltage is set by an external resistor divider according to the following equations:

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = V_{\text{FB}} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right) = 0.8 \text{ V} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right) \quad (3)$$

R2 should not be higher than 180 kΩ to achieve high efficiency at light load while providing acceptable noise sensitivity. Larger currents through R2 improve noise sensitivity and output voltage accuracy. [Figure 5](#) shows a recommended external resistor divider value for a 1.2-V output. Choose appropriate resistor values for other output voltages.

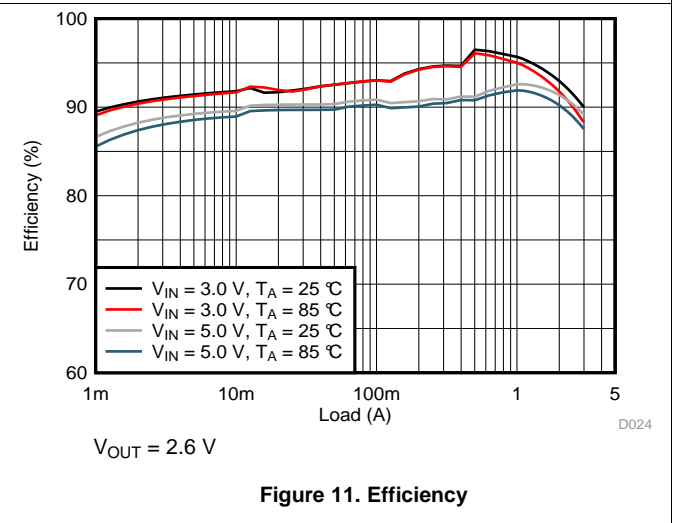
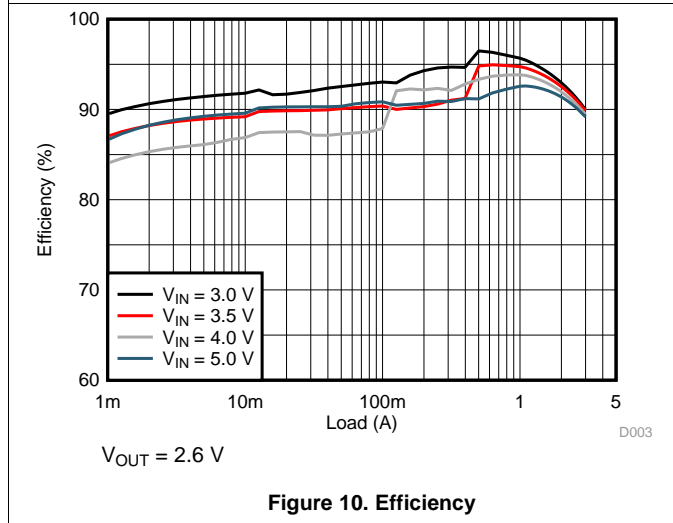
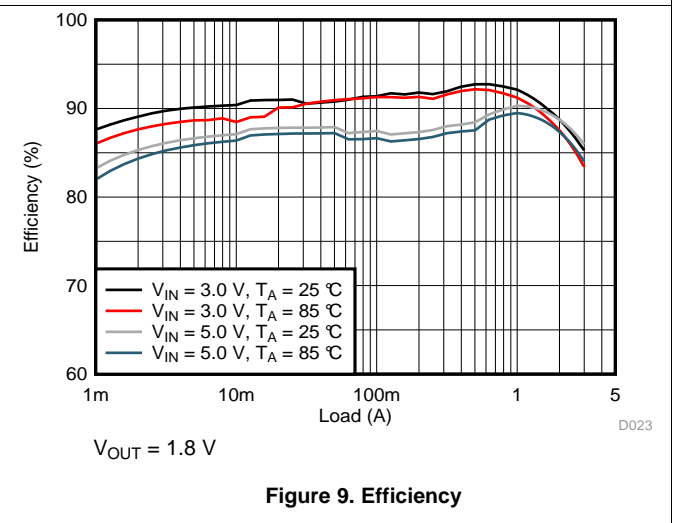
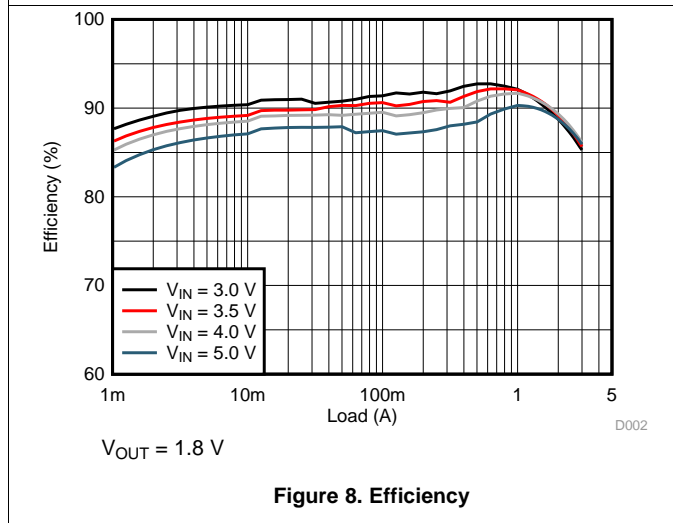
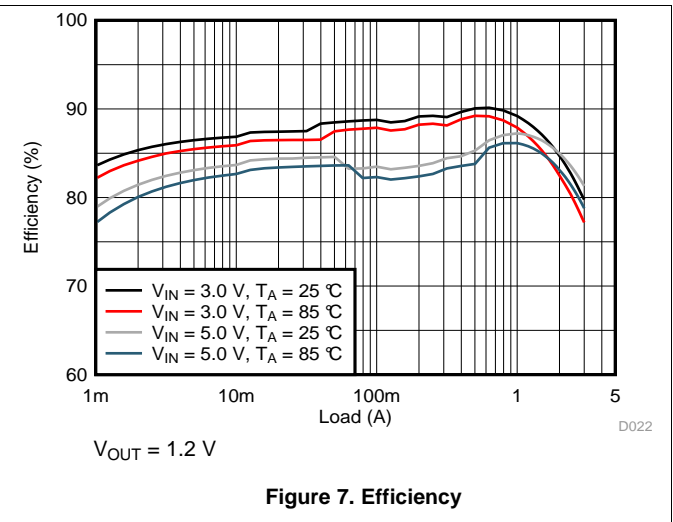
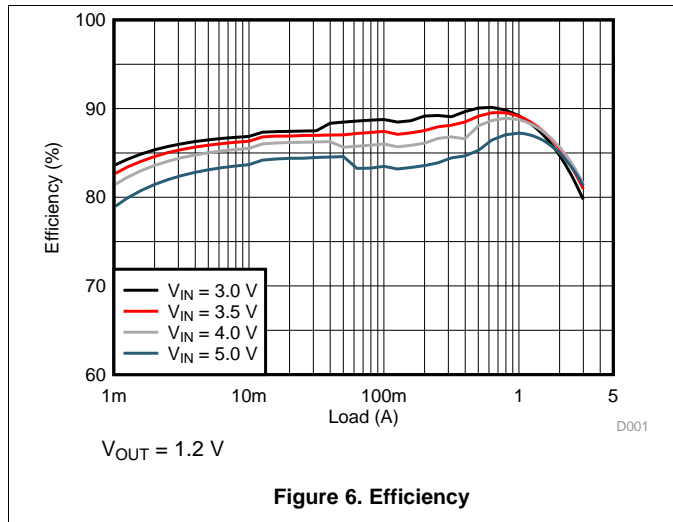
8.2.1.2.2 Input and Output Capacitor Selection

For best output and input voltage filtering, ceramic capacitors are required. The input capacitor minimizes input voltage ripple, suppresses input voltage spikes and provides a stable system rail for the device. A 10-μF or larger input capacitor is required. The output capacitor value can range from 22 μF up to more than 150 μF. The recommended typical output capacitor value is 22μF. Values over 150 μF may be possible with a reduced load during startup in order to avoid triggering the Hiccup short circuit protection. A feed forward capacitor is not required for proper operation.

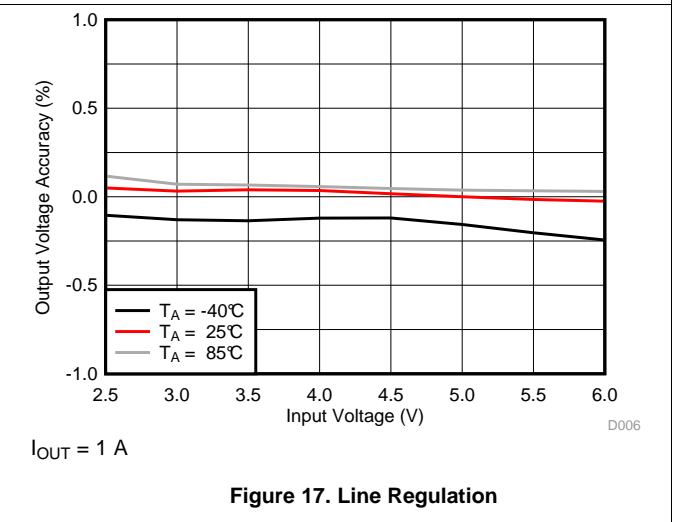
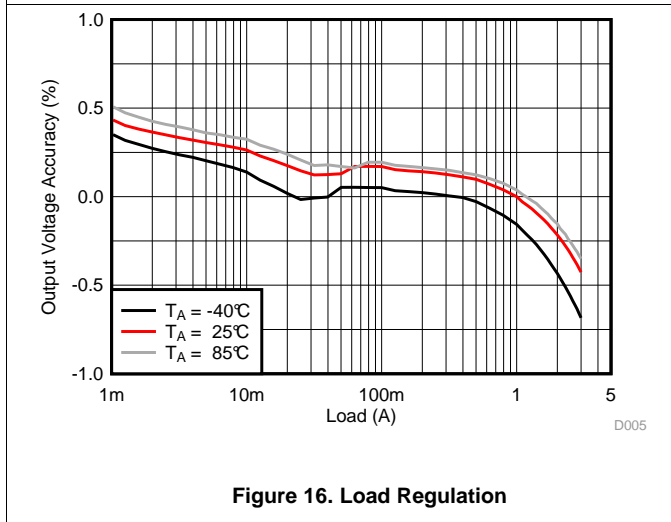
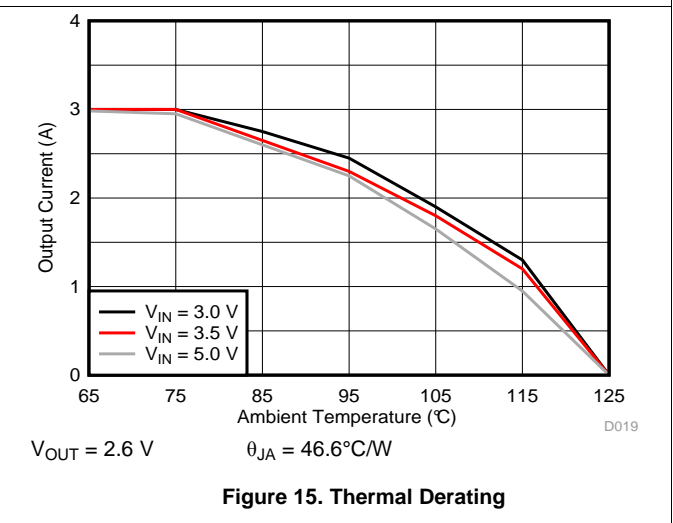
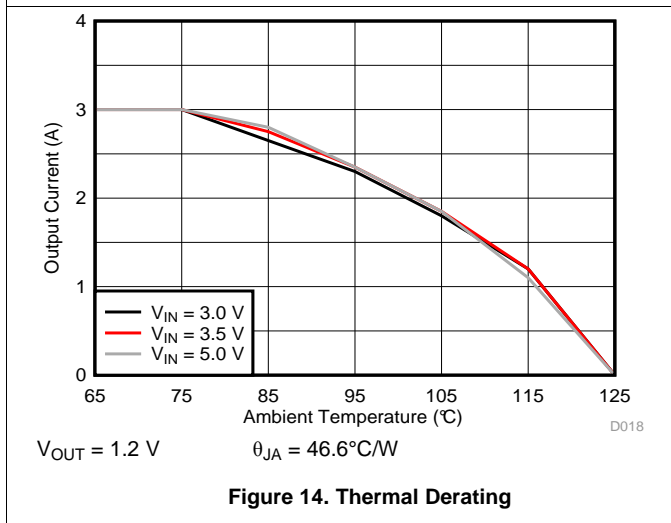
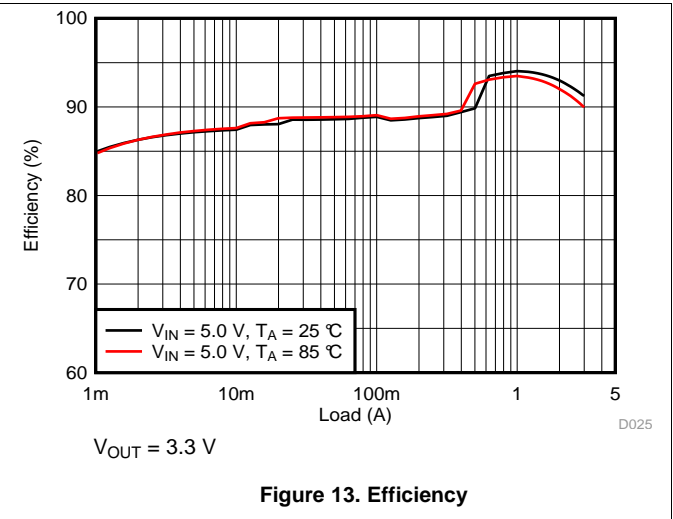
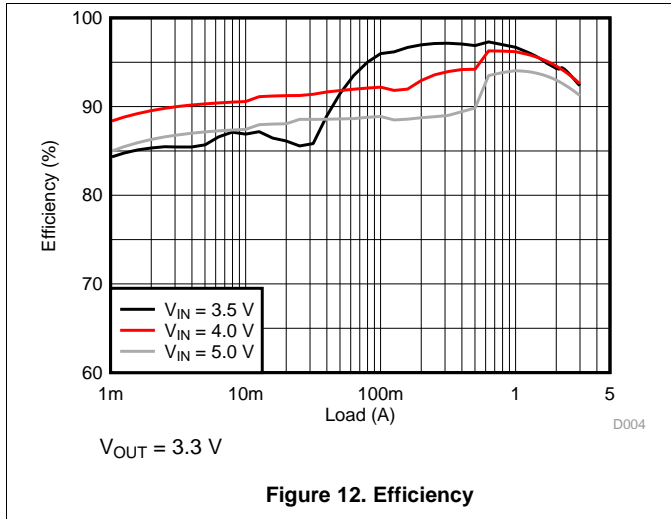
Ceramic capacitor has a DC-Bias effect, which has a strong influence on the final effective capacitance. Choose the right capacitor carefully in combination with considering its package size and voltage rating. Ensure that the input effective capacitance is at least 5μF and the output effective capacitance is at least 8μF.

8.2.1.3 Application Performance Curves

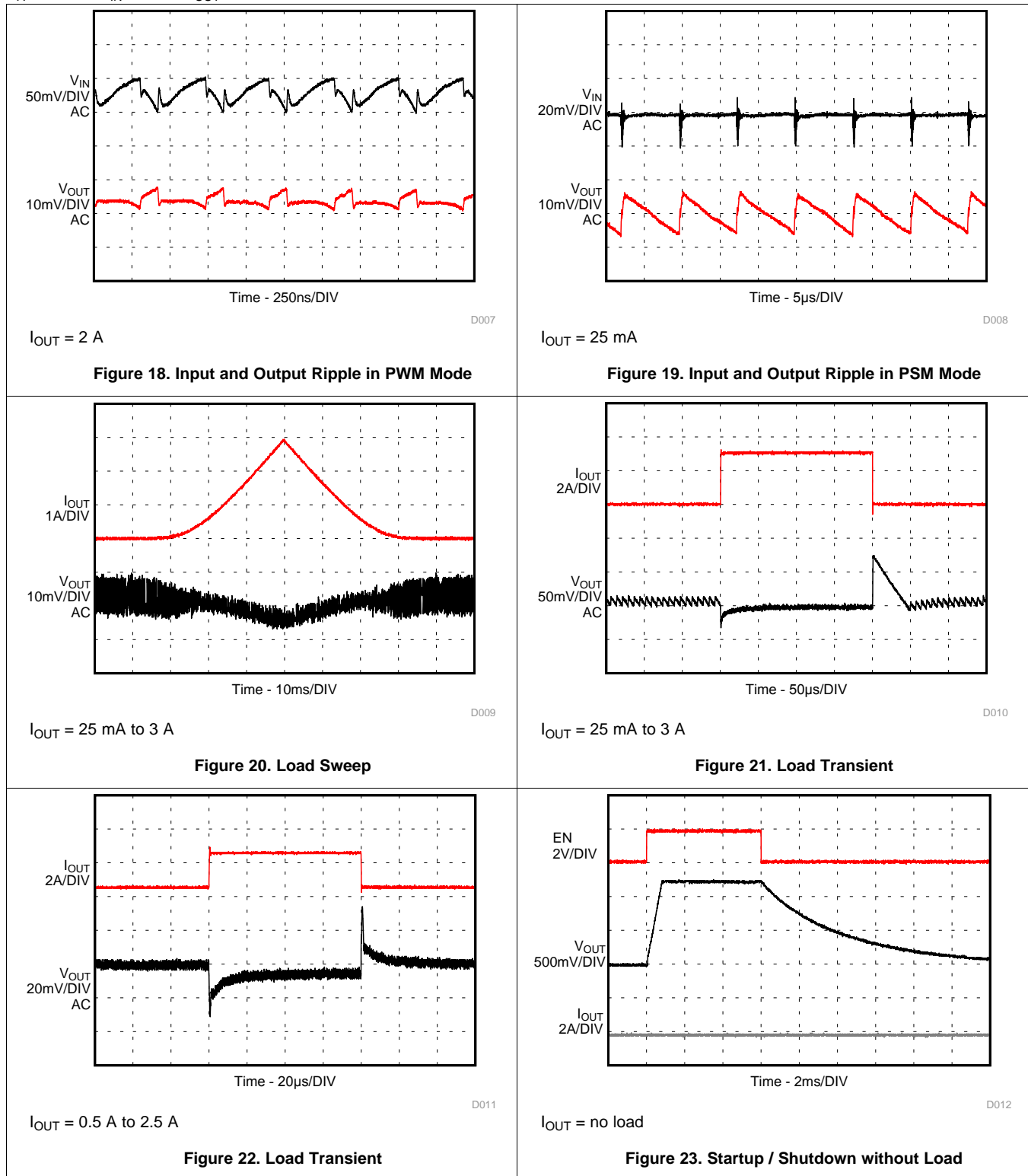
$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{ V}$, BOM = [Table 3](#) unless otherwise noted.



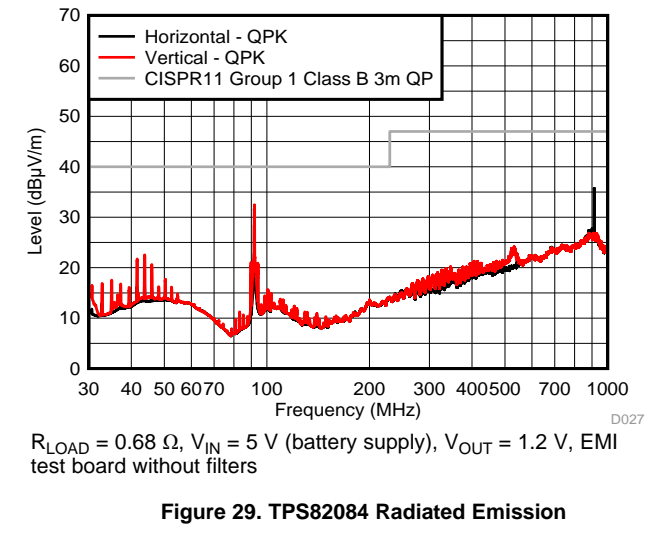
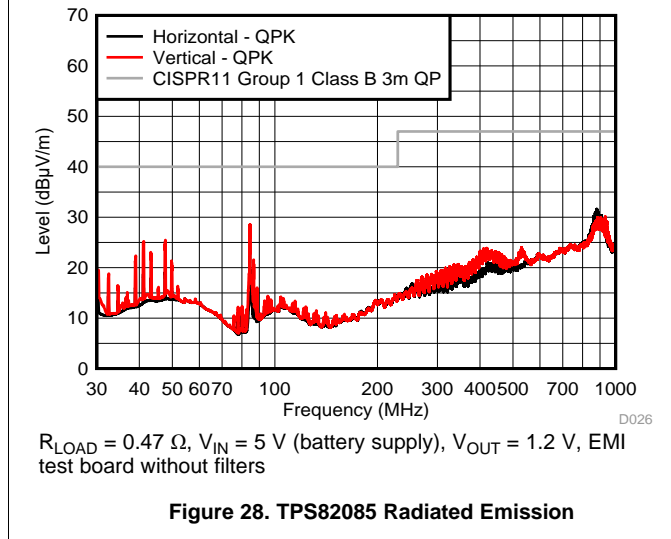
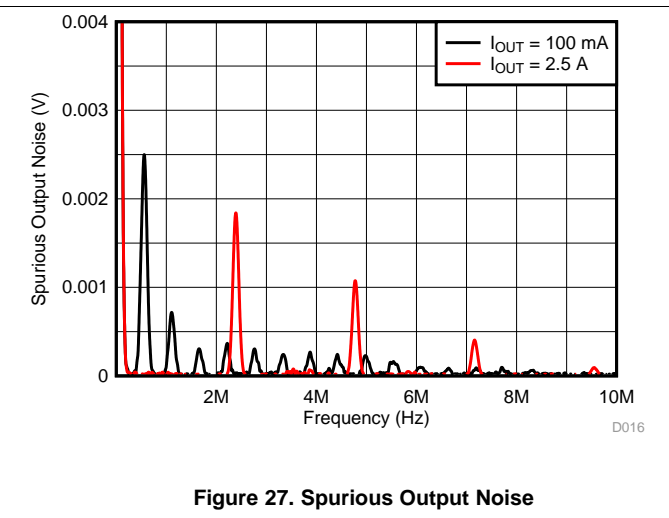
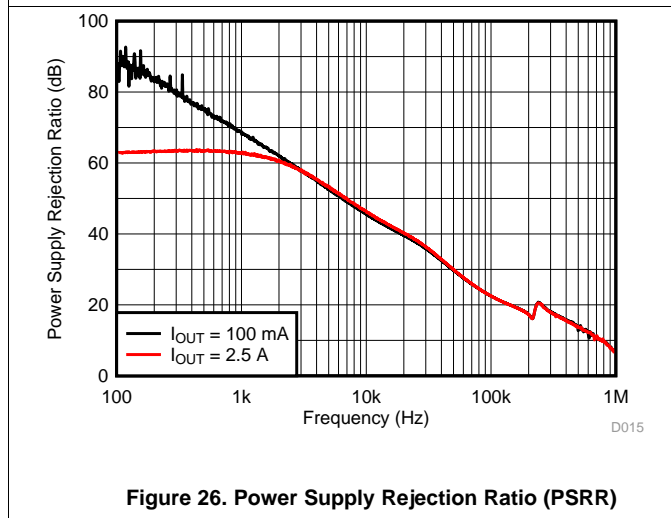
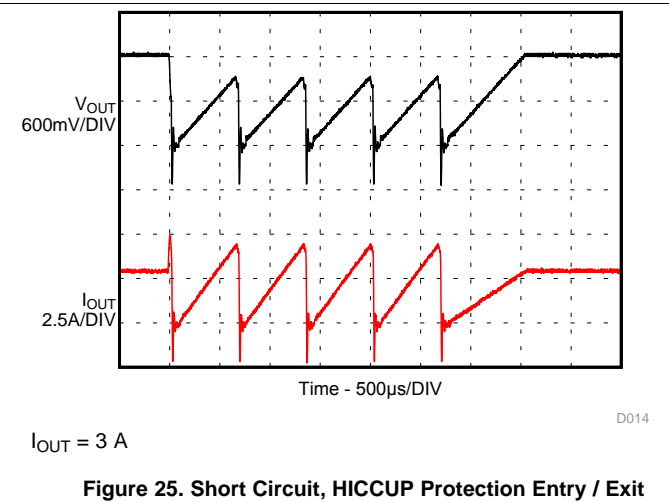
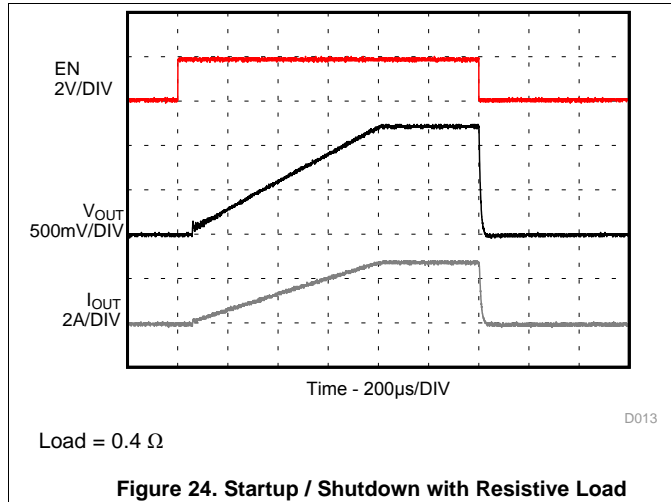
$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{ V}$, BOM = Table 3 unless otherwise noted.



$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{ V}$, BOM = [Table 3](#) unless otherwise noted.



$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{ V}$, BOM = Table 3 unless otherwise noted.



9 Power Supply Recommendations

The devices are designed to operate from an input supply voltage range between 2.5 V and 6 V. The average input current of the TPS82084/5 is calculated as:

$$I_{IN} = \frac{1}{\eta} \times \frac{V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \quad (4)$$

Ensure that the power supply has a sufficient current rating for the application.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

- It is recommended to place all components as close as possible to the IC. Specially, the input capacitor placement must be closest to the VIN and GND pins of the device.
- Use wide and short traces for the main current paths to reduce the parasitic inductance and resistance.
- To enhance heat dissipation of the device, the exposed thermal pad should be connected to bottom or internal layer ground planes using vias.
- Refer to [Figure 30](#) for an example of component placement, routing and thermal design.
- The recommended land pattern for the TPS82084/5 is shown at the end of this data sheet. For best manufacturing results, it is important to create the pads as solder mask defined (SMD). This keeps each pad the same size and avoids solder pulling the device during reflow.

10.2 Layout Example

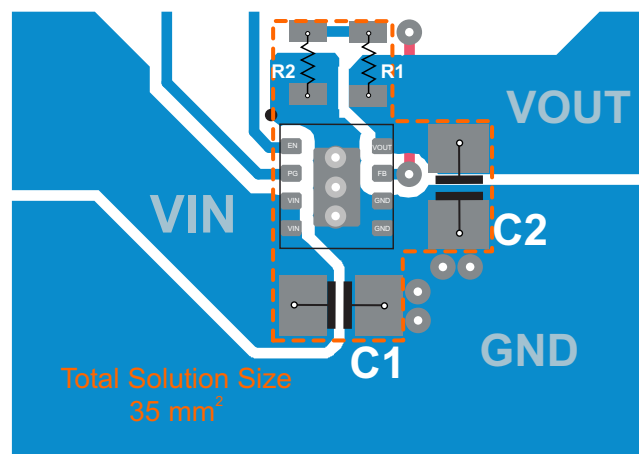


Figure 30. TPS82084/5 PCB Layout

10.3 Thermal Consideration

The TPS82084/5's output current needs to be derated when the device operates in a high ambient temperature or deliver high output power. The amount of current derated is dependent upon the input voltage, output power, PCB layout design and environmental thermal condition.

The TPS82084/5 module temperature must be kept less than the maximum rating of 125°C. Three basic approaches for enhancing thermal performance are listed below:

- Improve the power dissipation capability of the PCB design.
- Improve the thermal coupling of the component to the PCB.
- Introduce airflow into the system.

To estimate approximate module temperature of TPS82084/5, apply the typical efficiency stated in this datasheet to the desired application condition for the module power dissipation, then calculate the module temperature rise by multiplying the power dissipation by its thermal resistance. For more details on how to use the thermal parameters in real applications, see the application notes: [SZZA017](#) and [SPRA953](#).

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Device Support

11.1.1 Third-Party Products Disclaimer

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11.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to order now.

Table 4. Related Links

| PARTS | PRODUCT FOLDER | ORDER NOW | TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS | TOOLS & SOFTWARE | SUPPORT & COMMUNITY |
|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| TPS82085 | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here |
| TPS82084 | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here |

11.3 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.4 Trademarks

MicroSiP, DCS-Control, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments.

11.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.6 Glossary

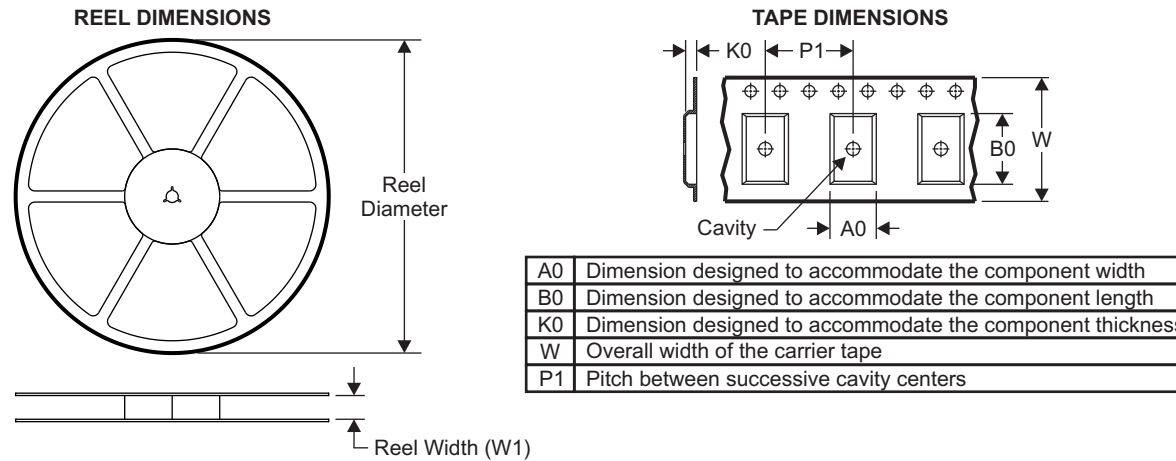
SLYZ022 — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

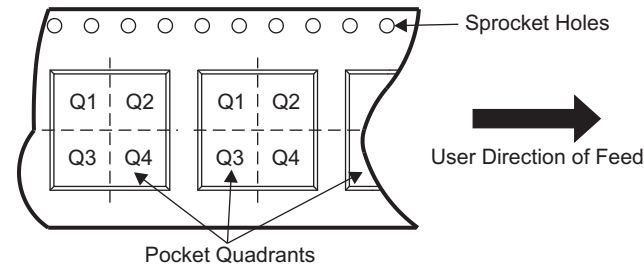
12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

12.1 Tape and Reel Information

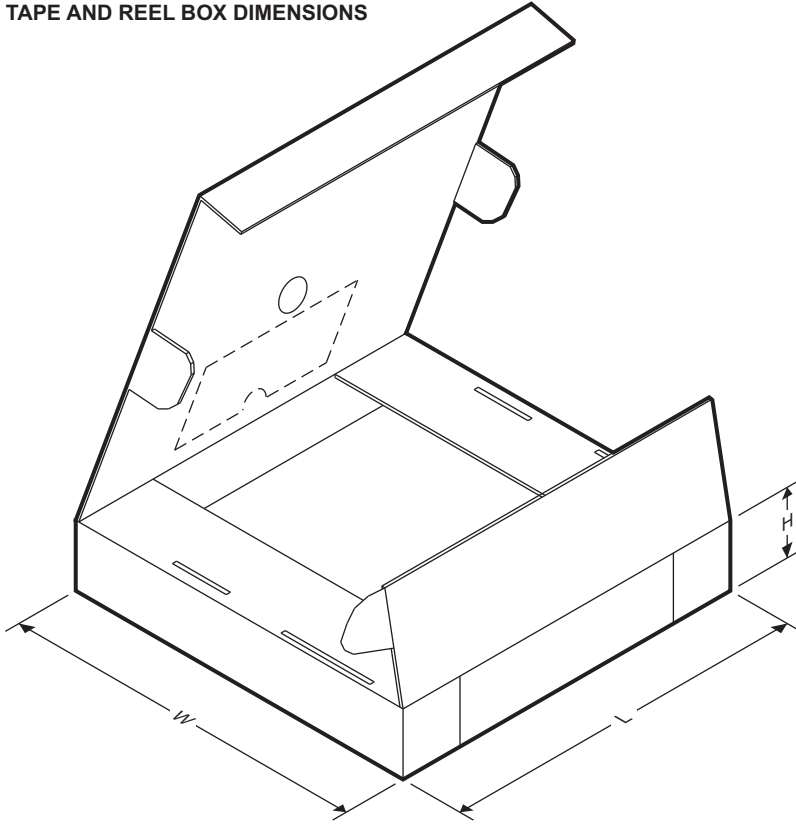


QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

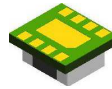


| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TPS82084SILR | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 3000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 1.45 | 4.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| TPS82084SILT | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 250 | 178.0 | 13.2 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 1.45 | 4.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| TPS82085SILR | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 3000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 1.45 | 4.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| TPS82085SILT | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 250 | 178.0 | 13.2 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 1.45 | 4.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TPS82084SILR | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 3000 | 383 | 353 | 58 |
| TPS82084SILT | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 250 | 223 | 194 | 35 |
| TPS82085SILR | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 3000 | 383 | 353 | 58 |
| TPS82085SILT | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 250 | 223 | 194 | 35 |

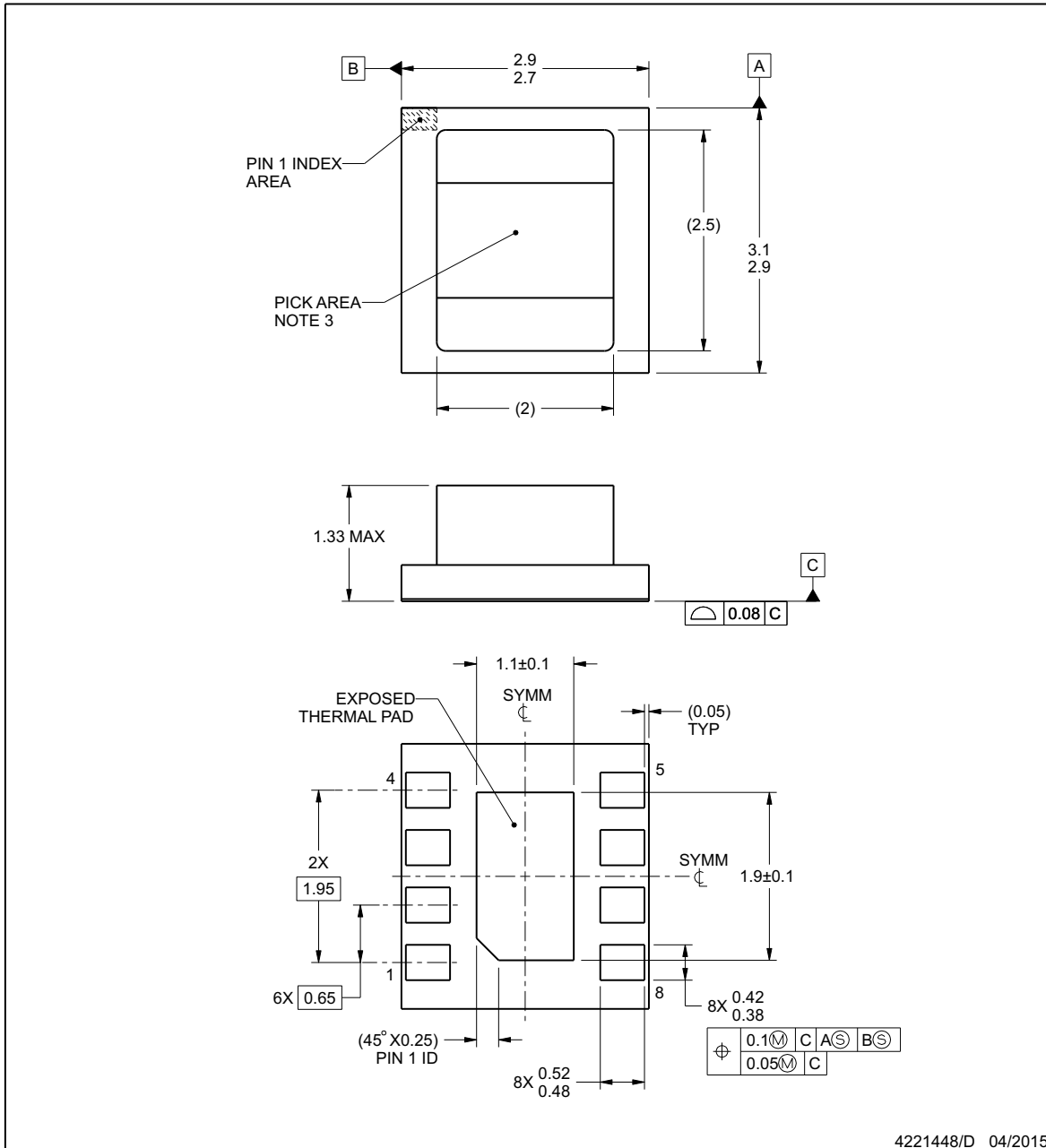


PACKAGE OUTLINE

SIL0008C

MicroSiP™ - 1.33 mm max height

MICRO SYSTEM IN PACKAGE



4221448/D 04/2015

MicroSiP is a trademark of Texas Instruments

NOTES:

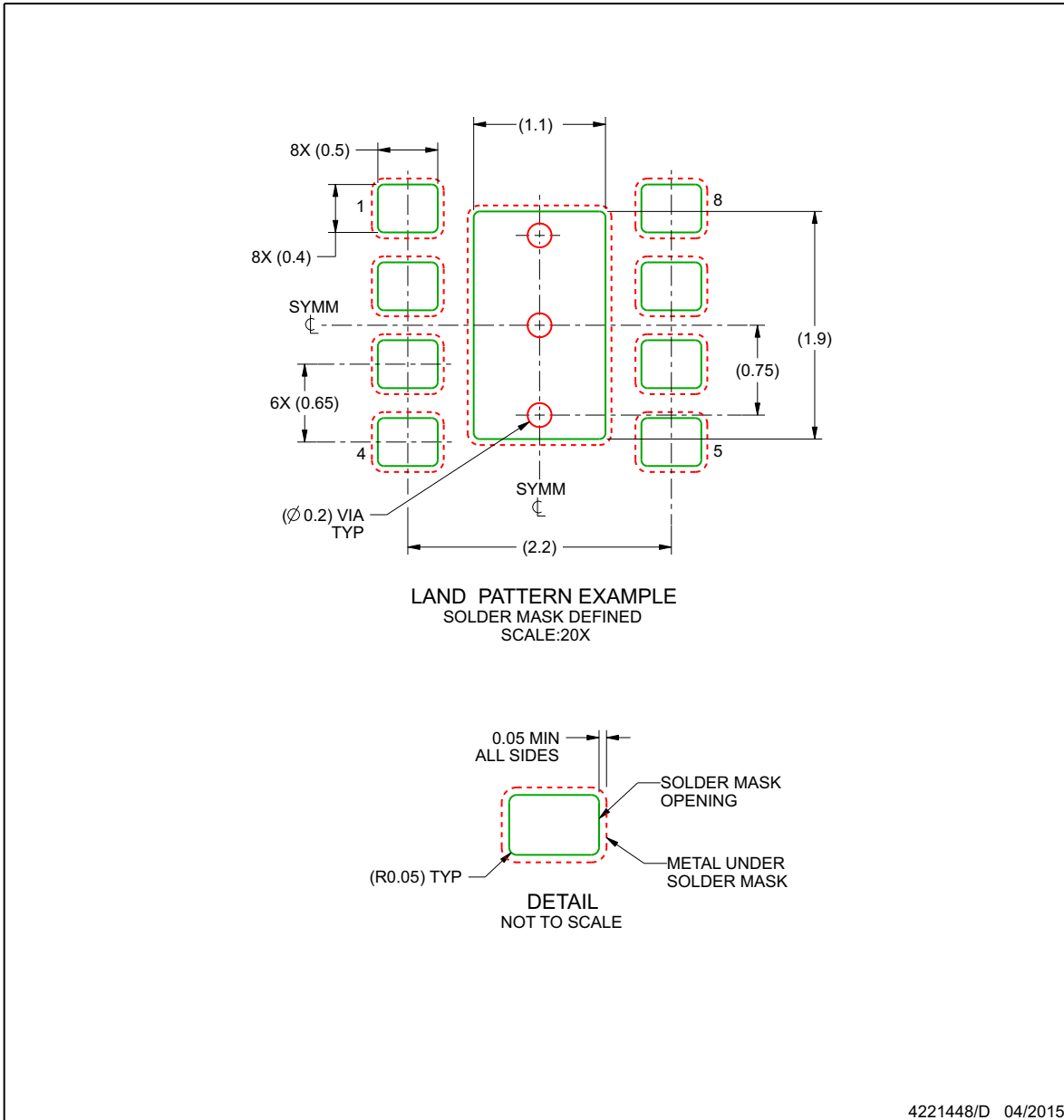
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Pick and place nozzle \varnothing 1.3 mm or smaller recommended.
4. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

SIL0008C

MicroSiP™ - 1.33 mm max height

MICRO SYSTEM IN PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

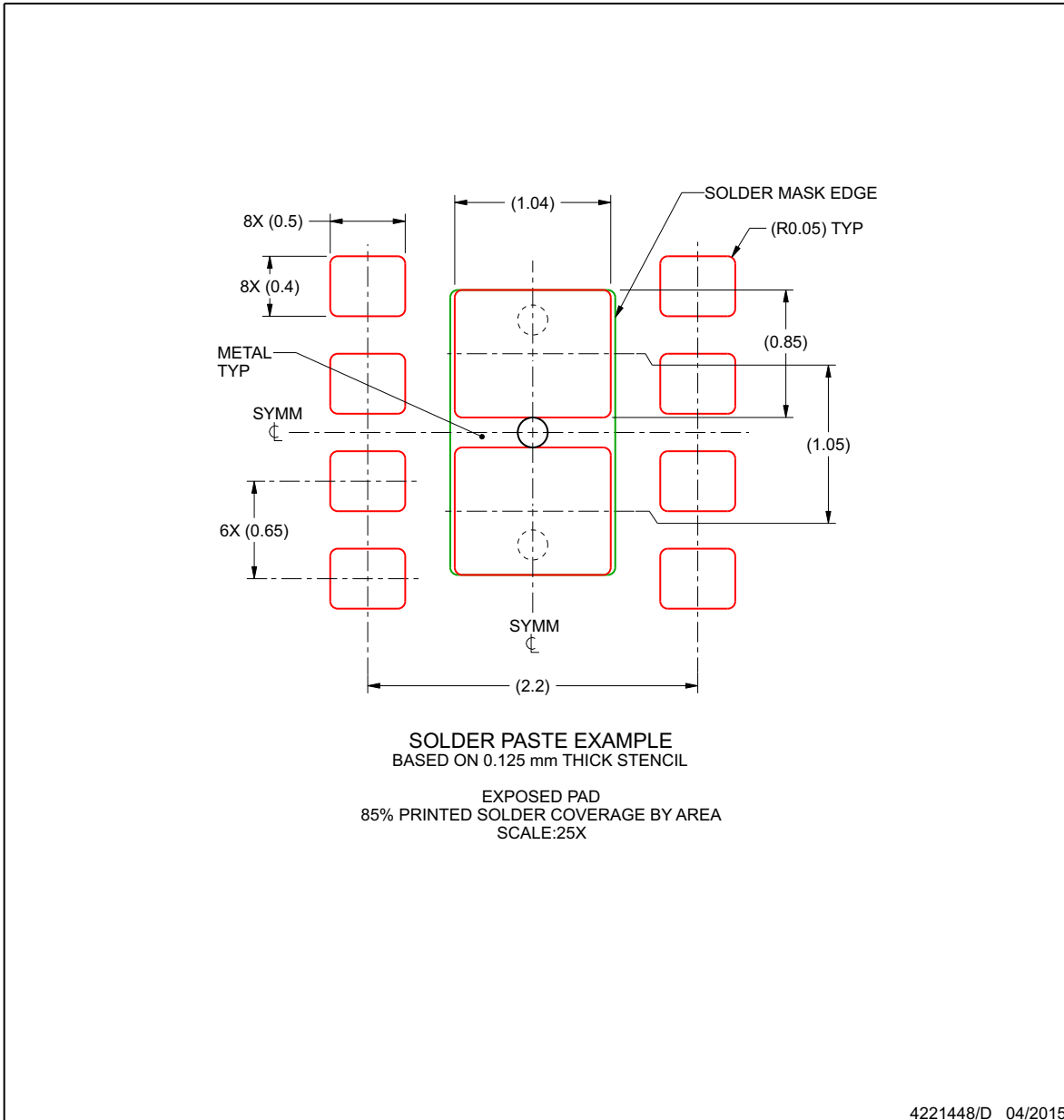
5. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

SIL0008C

MicroSiP™ - 1.33 mm max height

MICRO SYSTEM IN PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan (2) | Lead finish/ Ball material (6) | MSL Peak Temp (3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| TPS82084SILR | ACTIVE | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 3000 | RoHS & Green | NIAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 1D | Samples |
| TPS82084SILT | ACTIVE | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 250 | RoHS & Green | Call TI | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | 1D | Samples |
| TPS82085SILR | ACTIVE | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 3000 | RoHS & Green | NIAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | GE | Samples |
| TPS82085SILT | ACTIVE | uSiP | SIL | 8 | 250 | RoHS & Green | NIAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | -40 to 125 | GE | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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