THE DATASHEET OF

SN74LVC2G66DCUTG4

SN74LVC2G66 Dual Bilateral Analog Switch

1 Features

- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoFree™ Package
- 1.65-V to 5.5-V V_{CC} Operation
- Inputs Accept Voltages to 5.5 V
- Max t_{pd} of 0.8 ns at 3.3 V
- High On-Off Output Voltage Ratio
- High Degree of Linearity
- High Speed, Typically 0.5 ns (V_{CC} = 3 V, C_L = 50 pF)
- Rail-to-Rail Input/Output
- Low ON-State Resistance, Typically ≠6 Ω (V_{CC} = 4.5 V)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II

2 Applications

- Wireless Devices
- Audio and Video Signal Routing
- Portable Computing
- Wearable Devices
- Signal Gating, Chopping, Modulation or Demodulation (Modem)
- Signal Multiplexing for Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog Conversion Systems

3 Description

This dual bilateral analog switch is designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V V_{CC} operation.

The SN74LVC2G66 device can handle both analog and digital signals. The SN74LVC2G66 device permits signals with amplitudes of up to 5.5 V (peak) to be transmitted in either direction.

NanoFree package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

Each switch section has its own enable-input control (C). A high-level voltage applied to C turns on the associated switch section.

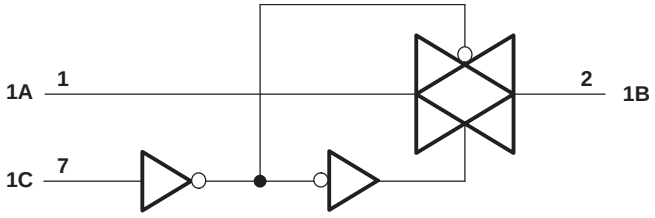
Applications include signal gating, chopping, modulation or demodulation (modem), and signal multiplexing for analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog conversion systems.

Device Information(1)

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN74LVC2G66DCT	SSOP (8)	2.95 mm × 2.80 mm
SN74LVC2G66DCU	VSSOP (8)	2.30 mm × 2.00 mm
SN74LVC2G66YZP	DSBGA (8)	1.91 mm × 0.91 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Logic Diagram, Each Switch (Positive Logic)



One of Two Switches

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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision M (May 2018) to Revision N — **Page**

- Changed the YZP pin configuration ... 3

Changes from Revision L (September 2015) to Revision M — **Page**

- Updated pinout image and the *Pin Function* table ... 3
- Changed pin 3 Name From: 1C To: 2C ... 3
- Changed the *Thermal Information* table for the DCT package ... 5

Changes from Revision K (January 2014) to Revision L — **Page**

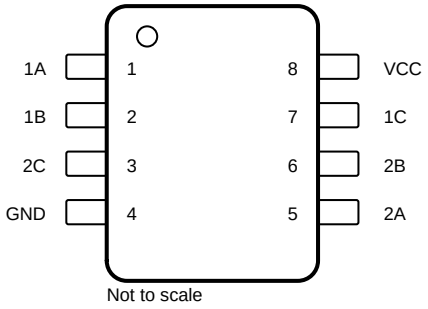
- Added *Applications* section, *Device Information* table, *Pin Configuration and Functions* section, *ESD Ratings* table, *Typical Characteristics* section, *Feature Description* section, *Device Functional Modes*, *Application and Implementation* section, *Power Supply Recommendations* section, *Layout* section, *Device and Documentation Support* section, and *Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information* section ... 1
- Added *Thermal Information* table ... 5

Changes from Revision J (December 2011) to Revision K — **Page**

- Updated document to new TI data sheet format--no specification changes. ... 1
- Removed *Ordering Information* table. ... 1

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

DCT Package
8-Pin SSOP
Top View



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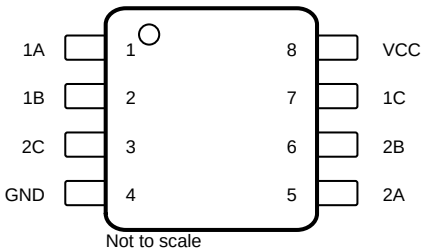
DCU Package
8-Pin VSSOP
Top View



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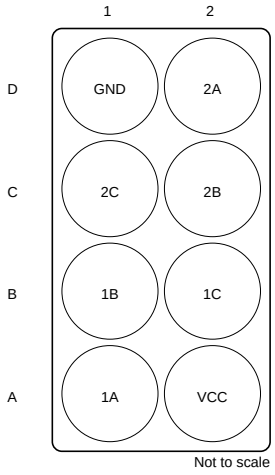
YZP Package
8-Pin DSBGA
Bottom View



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See mecahnical drawings for dimensions.

Pin Functions

PIN			I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	DCT DCU	YZP		
1A	1	A1	I/O	Bidirectional signal to be switched
1B	2	B1	I/O	Bidirectional signal to be switched
2C	3	C1	I	Controls the switch (L = OFF, H = ON)
2A	5	D2	I/O	Bidirectional signal to be switched
2B	6	C2	I/O	Bidirectional signal to be switched
1C	7	B2	I	Controls the switch (L = OFF, H = ON)
GND	4	D1	—	Ground pin
V_{CC}	8	A2	—	Power pin

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage(2)		–0.5	6.5	V
V_I	Input voltage(2)(3)		–0.5	6.5	V
V_O	Switch I/O voltage(2)(3)(4)		–0.5	V_{CC} + 0.5	V
I_{IK}	Control input clamp current	V_I < 0		–50	mA
$I_{I/OK}$	I/O port diode current	$V_{I/O}$ < 0 or $V_{I/O}$ > V_{CC}		–50	mA
I_T	On-state switch current	$V_{I/O}$ = 0 to V_{CC}		±50	mA
	Continuous current through V_{CC} or GND			±100	mA
T_{stg}	Storage temperature		–65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
(3) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
(4) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins(1)	±2000	V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins(2)	±1000	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

See (1).

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		1.65	5.5	V
$V_{I/O}$	I/O port voltage		0	V_{CC}	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage, control input	V_{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	V_{CC} × 0.65		V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	V_{CC} × 0.7		
		V_{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V	V_{CC} × 0.7		
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	V_{CC} × 0.7		
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage, control input	V_{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		V_{CC} × 0.35	V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		V_{CC} × 0.3	
		V_{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V		V_{CC} × 0.3	
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		V_{CC} × 0.3	
V_I	Control input voltage		0	5.5	V
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall time	V_{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		20	ns/V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		20	
		V_{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V		10	
		V_{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		10	
T_A	Operating free-air temperature		–40	85	°C

(1) All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, SCBA004.

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC[1]		SN74LVC2G66			UNIT
		DCT (SSOP)	DCU (VSSOP)	YZP (DSBGA)	
		8 PINS	8 PINS	8 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	186.1	204.4	102	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	116.5	77	—	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	98.6	83.2	—	°C/W
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	42.2	7.1	—	°C/W
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	97.6	82.7	—	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	n/a	—	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		V_{CC}	MIN	TYP[1]	MAX	UNIT
r_{on}	ON-state switch resistance	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $V_C = V_{IH}$ (see Figure 3 and Figure 1)	I_S = 4 mA	1.65 V		12.5	30	Ω
			I_S = 8 mA	2.3 V		9	20	
			I_S = 24 mA	3 V		7.5	15	
			I_S = 32 mA	4.5 V		6	10	
$r_{on(p)}$	Peak ON-state resistance	$V_I = V_{CC}$ to GND, $V_C = V_{IH}$ (see Figure 3 and Figure 1)	I_S = 4 mA	1.65 V		85	120[1]	Ω
			I_S = 8 mA	2.3 V		22	30[1]	
			I_S = 24 mA	3 V		12	20	
			I_S = 32 mA	4.5 V		7.5	15	
Δr_{on}	Difference of ON-state resistance between switches	$V_I = V_{CC}$ to GND, $V_C = V_{IH}$ (see Figure 3 and Figure 1)	I_S = 4 mA	1.65 V			7	Ω
			I_S = 8 mA	2.3 V			5	
			I_S = 24 mA	3 V			3	
			I_S = 32 mA	4.5 V			2	
$I_{S(off)}$	OFF-state switch leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ and V_O = GND or V_I = GND and $V_O = V_{CC}$, $V_C = V_{IL}$ (see Figure 4)		5.5 V			±1	μA
							±0.1[1]	
$I_{S(on)}$	ON-state switch leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $V_C = V_{IH}$, V_O = Open (see Figure 5)		5.5 V			±1	μA
							±0.1[1]	
I_I	Control input current	$V_C = V_{CC}$ or GND		5.5 V			±1	μA
							±0.1[1]	
I_{CC}	Supply current	$V_C = V_{CC}$ or GND		5.5 V			10	μA
							1[1]	
ΔI_{CC}	Supply-current change	$V_C = V_{CC}$ – 0.6 V		5.5 V			500	μA
C_{ic}	Control input capacitance			5 V		3.5		pF
$C_{io(off)}$	Switch input / output capacitance			5 V		6		pF
$C_{io(on)}$	Switch input / output capacitance			5 V		14		pF

(1) T_A = 25°C

6.6 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V_{CC} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V_{CC} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V_{CC} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{pd} (1)	A or B	B or A		2		1.2		0.8		0.6	ns
t_{en} (2)	C	A or B	2.3	10	1.6	5.6	1.5	4.4	1.3	3.9	ns
t_{dis} (3)	C	A or B	2.5	10.5	1.2	6.9	2	7.2	1.1	6.3	ns

(1) t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd}. The propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical on-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance, when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).
(2) t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en}.
(3) t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis}.

6.7 Analog Switch Characteristics

T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	V_{CC}	TYP	UNIT
Frequency response (switch on)	A or B	B or A	C_L = 50 pF, R_L = 600 Ω, f_{in} = sine wave (see Figure 6)	1.65 V	35	MHz
				2.3 V	120	
				3 V	175	
				4.5 V	195	
			C_L = 5 pF, R_L = 50 Ω, f_{in} = sine wave (see Figure 6)	1.65 V	>300	
				2.3 V	>300	
				3 V	>300	
				4.5 V	>300	
Crosstalk (1) (between switches)	A or B	B or A	C_L = 50 pF, R_L = 600 Ω, f_{in} = 1 MHz (sine wave) (see Figure 7)	1.65 V	–58	dB
				2.3 V	–58	
				3 V	–58	
				4.5 V	–58	
			C_L = 5 pF, R_L = 50 Ω, f_{in} = 1 MHz (sine wave) (see Figure 7)	1.65 V	–42	
				2.3 V	–42	
				3 V	–42	
				4.5 V	–42	
Crosstalk (control input to signal output)	C	A or B	C_L = 50 pF, R_L = 600 Ω, f_{in} = 1 MHz (square wave) (see Figure 8)	1.65 V	35	mV
				2.3 V	50	
				3 V	70	
				4.5 V	100	
Feedthrough attenuation (switch off)	A or B	B or A	C_L = 50 pF, R_L = 600 Ω, f_{in} = 1 MHz (sine wave) (see Figure 9)	1.65 V	–58	dB
				2.3 V	–58	
				3 V	–58	
				4.5 V	–58	
			C_L = 5 pF, R_L = 50 Ω, f_{in} = 1 MHz (sine wave) (see Figure 9)	1.65 V	–42	
				2.3 V	–42	
				3 V	–42	
				4.5 V	–42	

(1) Adjust f_{in} voltage to obtain 0 dBm at input.

Analog Switch Characteristics (continued)

T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	V_{CC}	TYP	UNIT
Sine-wave distortion	A or B	B or A	C_L = 50 pF, R_L = 10 kΩ, f_{in} = 1 kHz (sine wave) (see Figure 10)	1.65 V	0.1%	
				2.3 V	0.025%	
				3 V	0.015%	
				4.5 V	0.01%	
			C_L = 50 pF, R_L = 10 kΩ, f_{in} = 10 kHz (sine wave) (see Figure 10)	1.65 V	0.15%	
				2.3 V	0.025%	
				3 V	0.015%	
				4.5 V	0.01%	

6.8 Operating Characteristics

T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V_{CC} = 1.8 V	V_{CC} = 2.5 V	V_{CC} = 3.3 V	V_{CC} = 5 V	UNIT
			TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	
C_{pd}	Power dissipation capacitance	f = 10 MHz	8	9	9.5	11	pF

6.9 Typical Characteristics

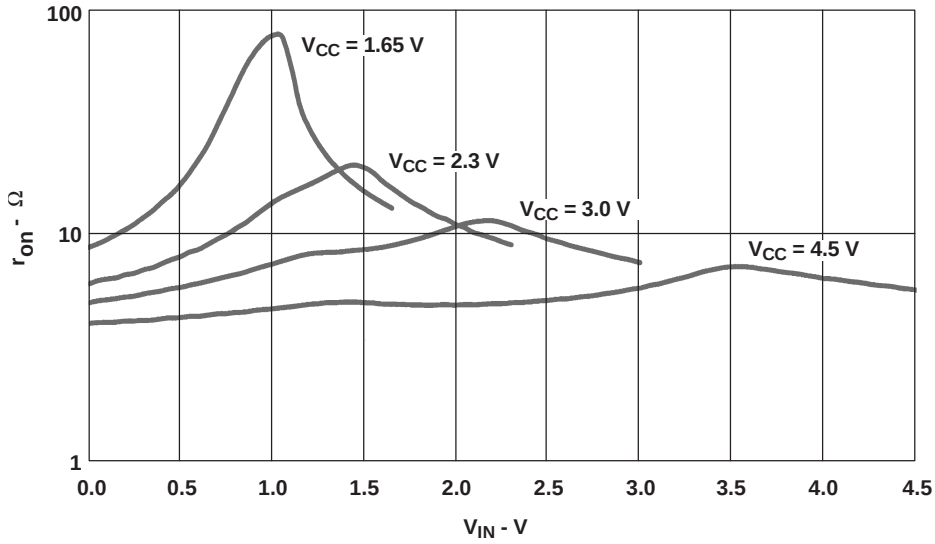
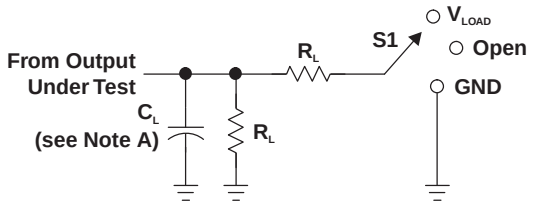


Figure 1. Typical r_{on} as a Function of Input Voltage (V_I) for V_I = 0 to V_{CC}

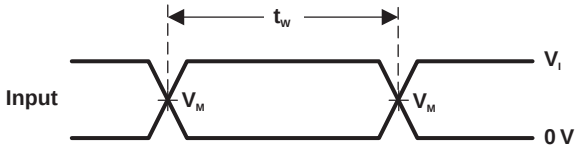
7 Parameter Measurement Information



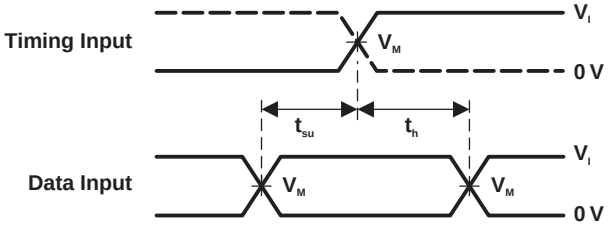
LOAD CIRCUIT

TEST	S1
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Open
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	V_{LOAD}
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	GND

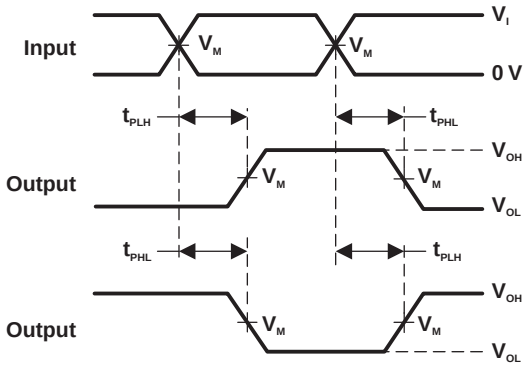
V_{CC}	INPUTS		V_M	V_{LOAD}	C_L	R_L	V_Δ
	V_I	t_r/t_f					
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V_{CC}	≤2 ns	$V_{CC}/2$	$2 \times V_{CC}$	30 pF	1 kΩ	0.15 V
2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V_{CC}	≤2 ns	$V_{CC}/2$	$2 \times V_{CC}$	30 pF	500 Ω	0.15 V
3.3 V ± 0.3 V	V_{CC}	≤2.5 ns	$V_{CC}/2$	$2 \times V_{CC}$	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V
5 V ± 0.5 V	V_{CC}	≤2.5 ns	$V_{CC}/2$	$2 \times V_{CC}$	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V



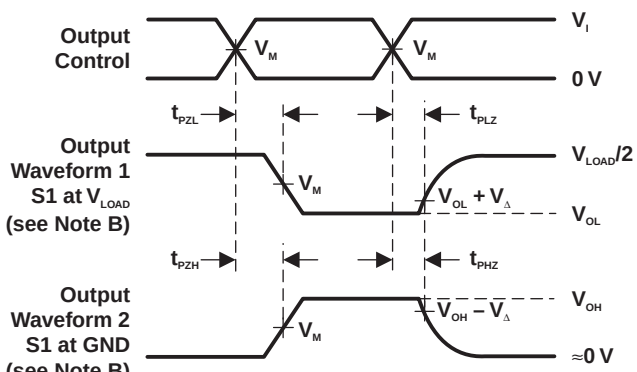
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PULSE DURATION



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
SETUP AND HOLD TIMES



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES
INVERTING AND NONINVERTING OUTPUTS



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES
LOW- AND HIGH-LEVEL ENABLING

NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
C. All input pulses are supplied by generators have the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω.
D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis}.
F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en}.
G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd}.
H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

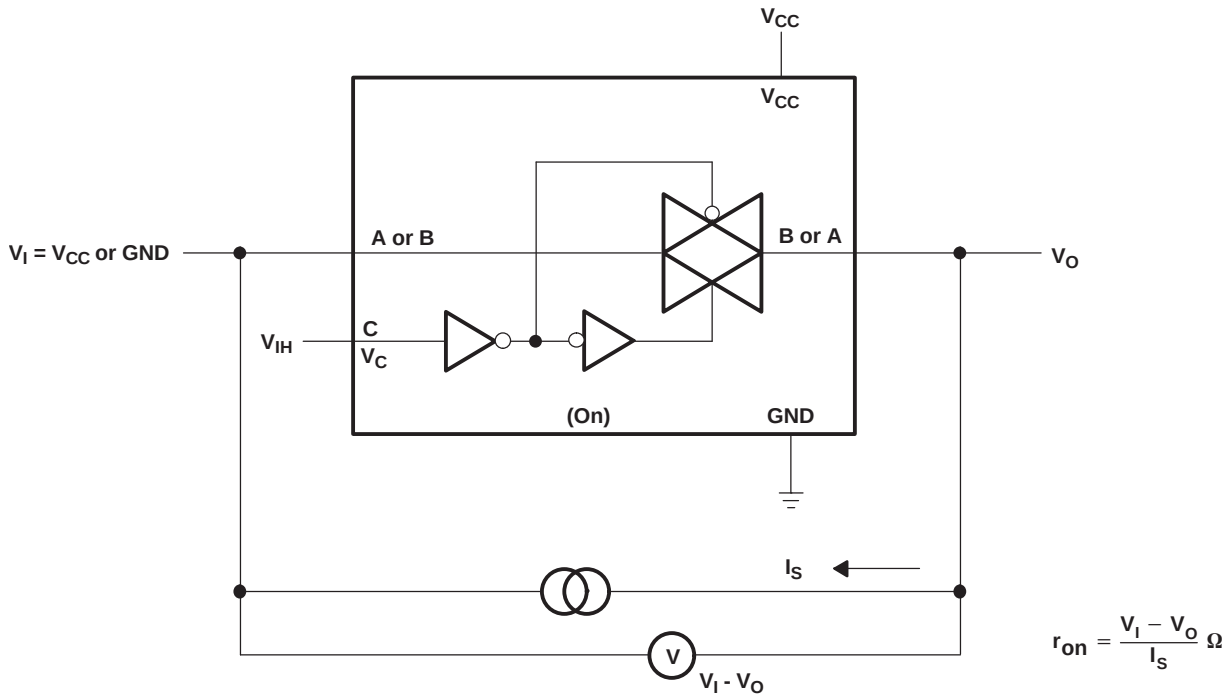


Figure 3. ON-State Resistance Test Circuit

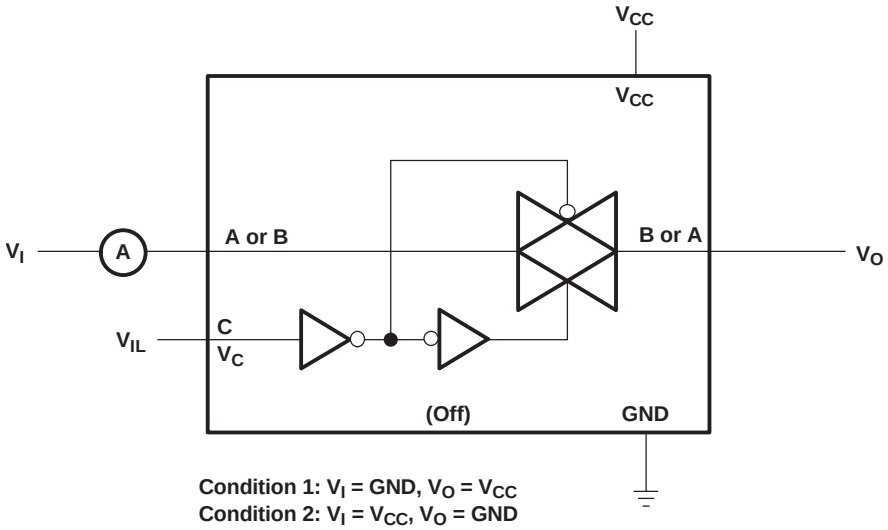


Figure 4. OFF-State Switch Leakage-Current Test Circuit

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

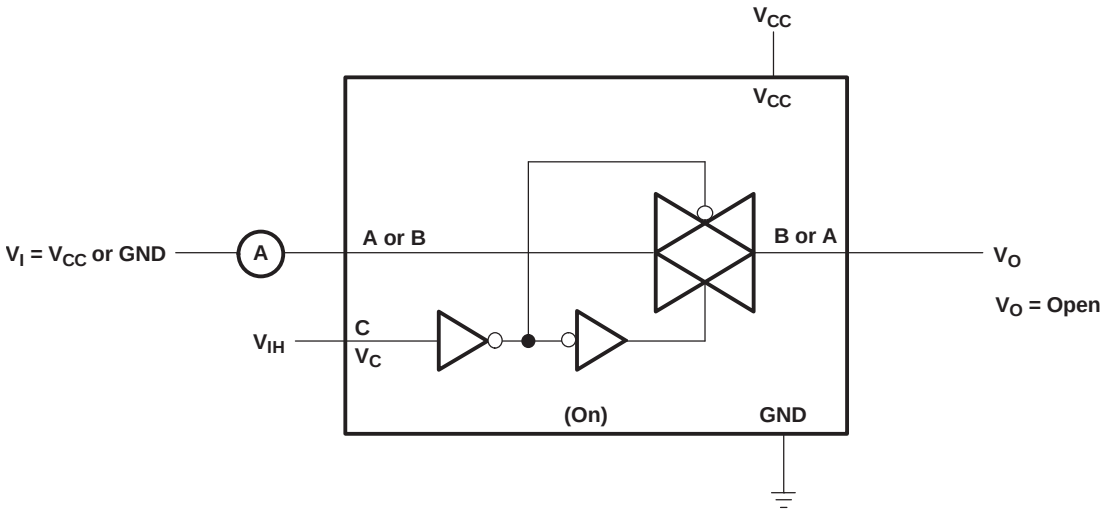


Figure 5. ON-State Leakage-Current Test Circuit

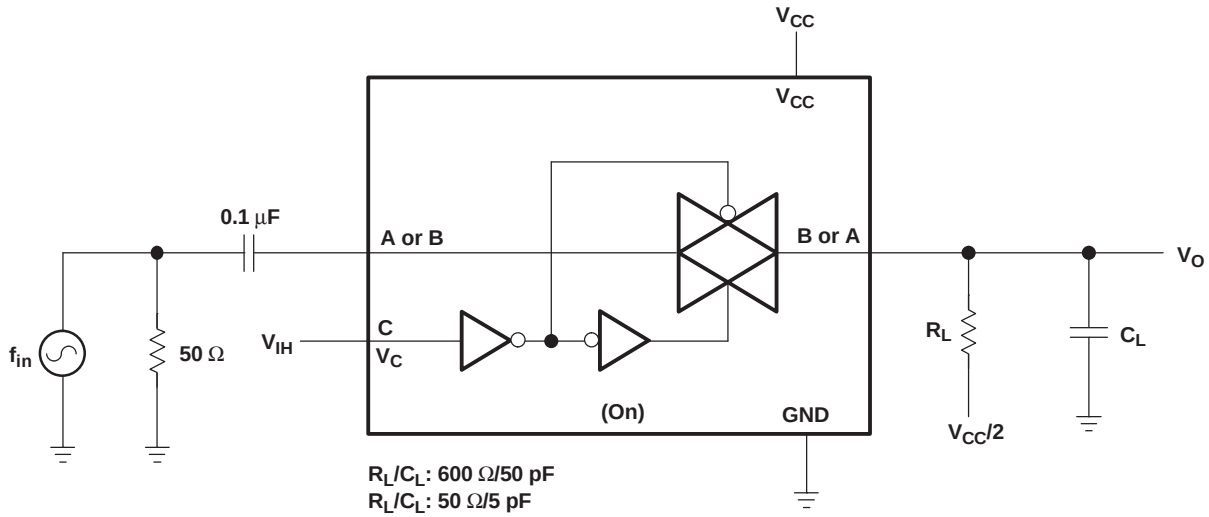


Figure 6. Frequency Response (Switch On)

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

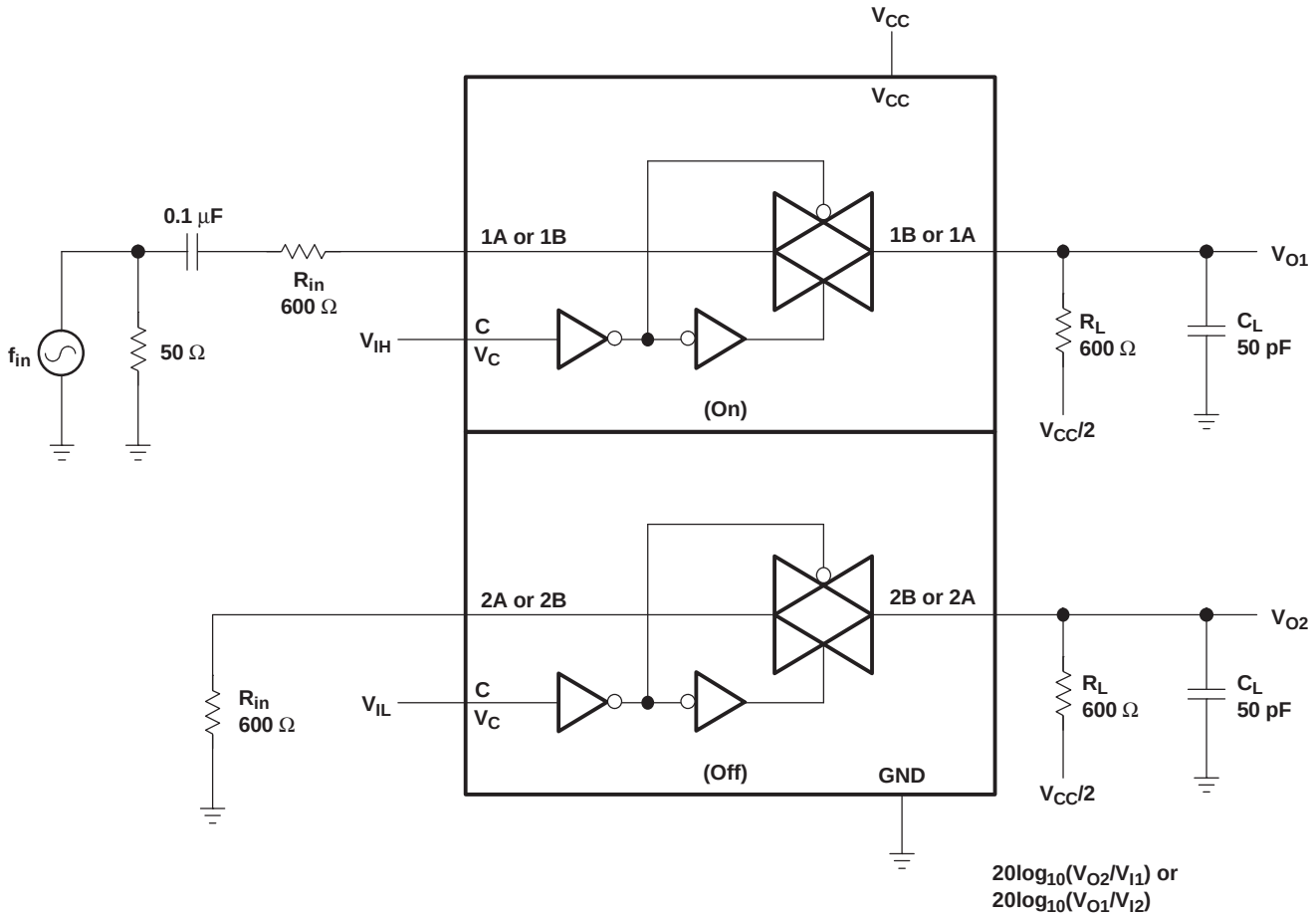


Figure 7. Crosstalk (Between Switches)

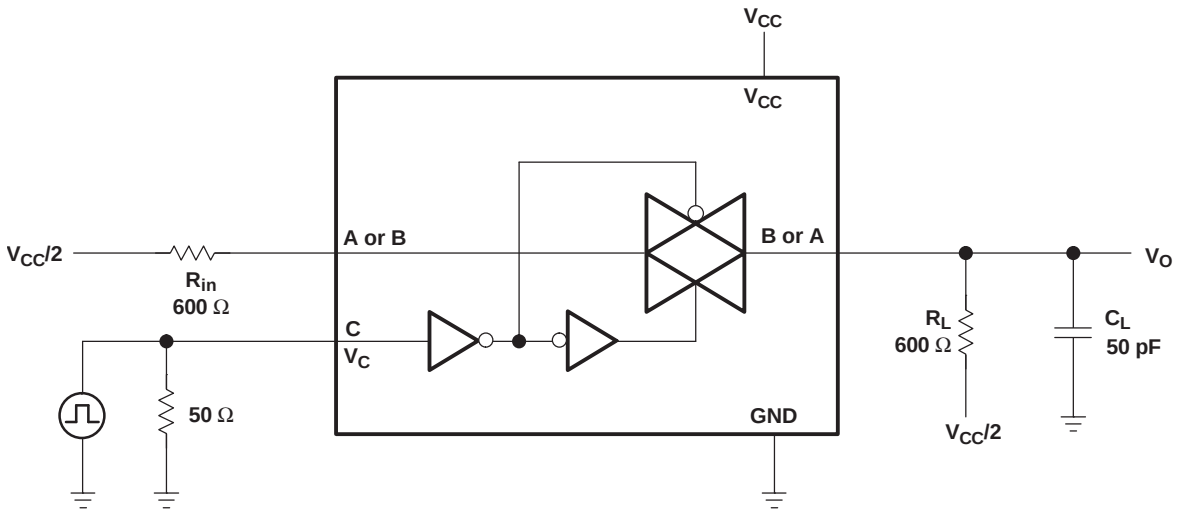


Figure 8. Crosstalk (Control Input, Switch Output)

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

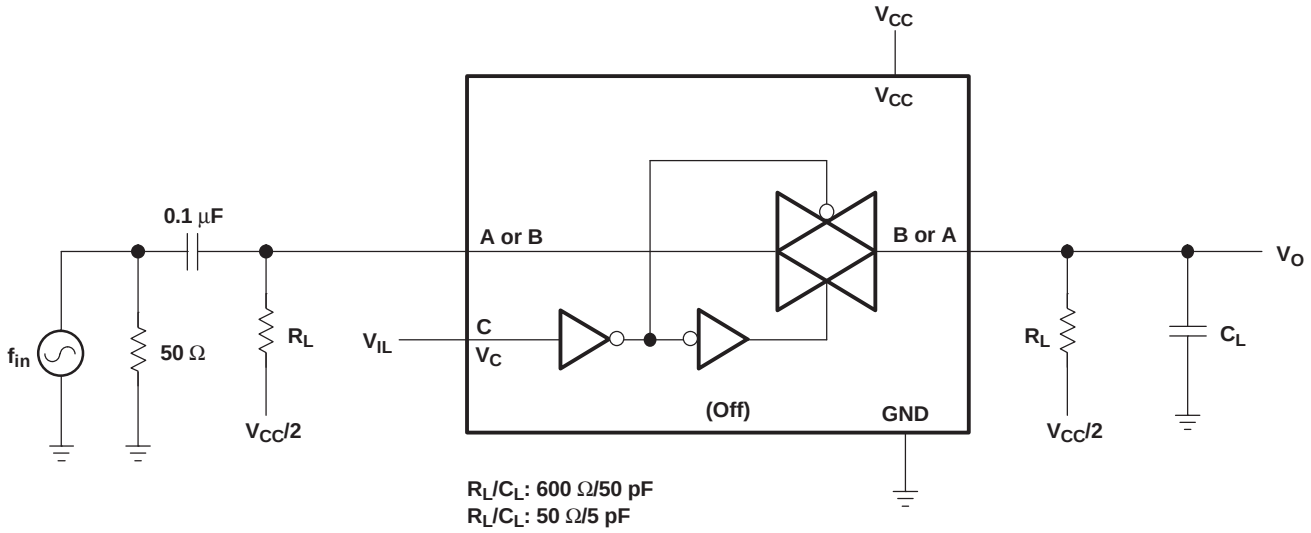


Figure 9. Feedthrough (Switch Off)

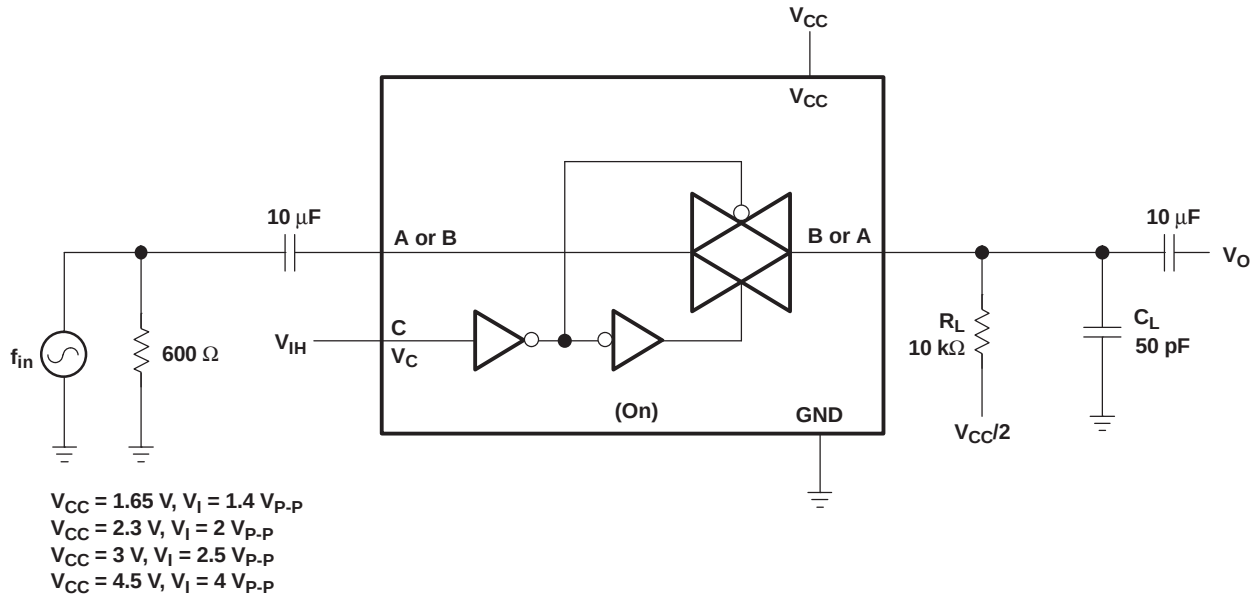


Figure 10. Sine-Wave Distortion

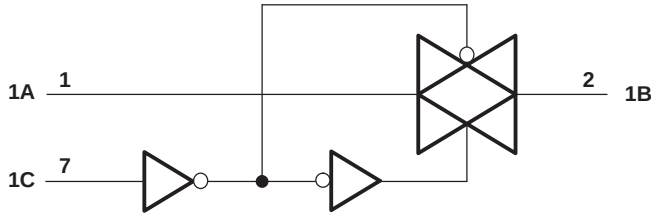
8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

This dual bilateral analog switch is designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V V_{CC} operation. Robust LVC family technology allows this device to accept input voltages without connecting power to V_{CC}.

The SN74LVC2G66 device permits signals with amplitudes of up to 5.5 V (peak) to be transmitted in either direction. A high-level voltage applied to the control pin C enables the respective switch to begin propagating signals across the device. A low-level voltage disables this transmission. Each device incorporates two switches with independent control and operation.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



One of Two Switches

8.3 Feature Description

Each switch section has its own enable-input control (C). A high-level voltage applied to C turns on the associated switch section. When C is this Signals can pass through A to B or B to A. Low ON-resistance of 6 Ω at 4.5-V V_{CC} is ideal for analog signal conditioning systems. The control signals can accept voltages up to 5.5 V without V_{CC} connected in the system. Combination of lower t_{pd} of 0.8 ns at 3.3 V and low enable and disable time make this part suitable for high-speed signal switching applications.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 lists the functional modes of the SN74LVC2G66.

Table 1. Function Table

CONTROL INPUT (C)	SWITCH
L	Off
H	On

9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The SN74LVC2G66 can be used in any situation where an Dual SPST switch would be used and a solid-state, voltage controlled version is preferred.

9.2 Typical Application

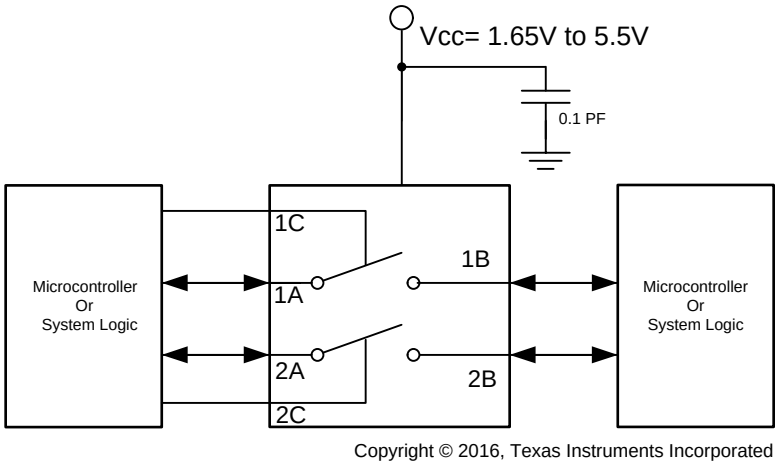


Figure 11. Typical Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

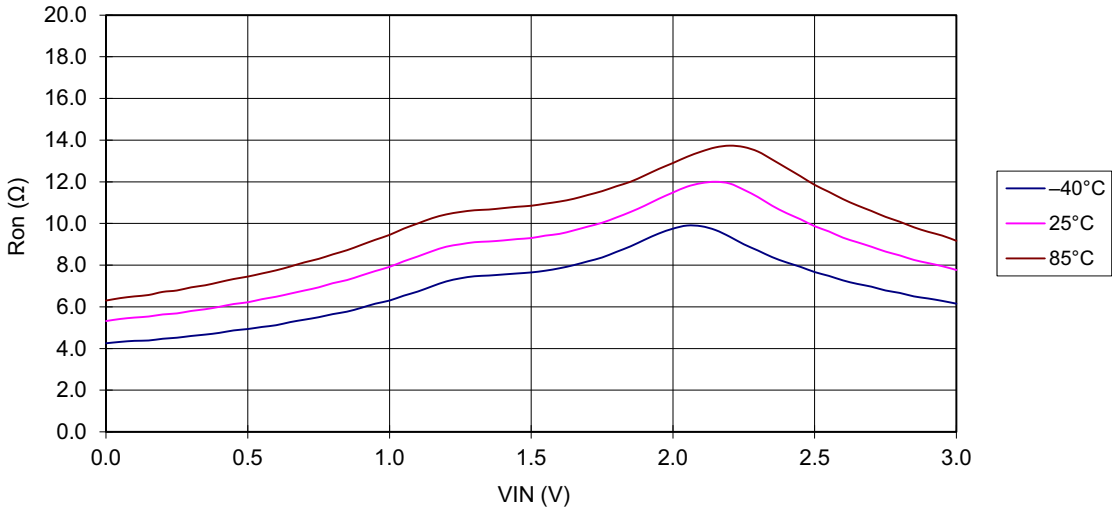
The SN74LVC2G66 allows on/off control of analog and digital signals with a digital control signal. All input signals should remain between 0 V and V_{CC} for optimal operation.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

1. Recommended Input Conditions:
   - For rise time and fall time specifications, see $\Delta t/\Delta v$ in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
   - For specified high and low levels, see V_{IH} and V_{IL} in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.
   - Inputs and outputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 5.5 V at any valid V_{CC}.
2. Recommended Output Conditions:
   - Load currents should not exceed ±50 mA.
3. Frequency Selection Criterion:
   - Maximum frequency tested is 150 MHz.
   - Added trace resistance or capacitance can reduce maximum frequency capability; use layout practices as directed in *Layout*.

Typical Application (continued)

9.2.3 Application Curve



Pin: A–B, V_{CC} = 3 V, I_S = 24 mA

Figure 12. r_{on} vs V_I

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*.

Each V_{CC} terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, a 0.1-μF bypass capacitor is recommended. If there are multiple pins labeled V_{CC}, then a 0.01-μF or 0.022-μF capacitor is recommended for each V_{CC} because the VCC pins will be tied together internally. For devices with dual-supply pins operating at different voltages, for example V_{CC} and V_{DD}, a 0.1-μF bypass capacitor is recommended for each supply pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. 0.1-μF and 1-μF capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Reflections and matching are closely related to loop antenna theory, but different enough to warrant their own discussion. When a PCB trace turns a corner at a 90° angle, a reflection can occur. This is primarily due to the change of width of the trace. At the apex of the turn, the trace width is increased to 1.414 times its width. This upsets the transmission line characteristics, especially the distributed capacitance and self–inductance of the trace — resulting in the reflection.

NOTE

Not all PCB traces can be straight, and so they will have to turn corners. Figure 13 shows progressively better techniques of rounding corners. Only the last example maintains constant trace width and minimizes reflections.

11.2 Layout Example

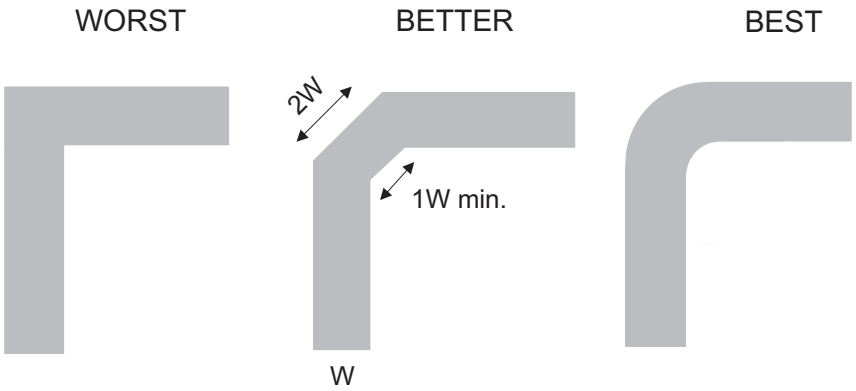


Figure 13. Trace Example

12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community ***TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.*** Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support ***TI's Design Support*** Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.2 Trademarks

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All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN74LVC2G66DCTR	ACTIVE	SM8	DCT	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	C66 (R, Z)	Samples
SN74LVC2G66DCTRE4	ACTIVE	SM8	DCT	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	C66 (R, Z)	Samples
SN74LVC2G66DCTRG4	ACTIVE	SM8	DCT	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	C66 (R, Z)	Samples
SN74LVC2G66DCUR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU | CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(66, C66Q, C66R) CZ	Samples
SN74LVC2G66DCURG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	C66R	Samples
SN74LVC2G66DCUT	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU | CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(C66Q, C66R)	Samples
SN74LVC2G66DCUTE4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	C66R	Samples
SN74LVC2G66DCUTG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	C66R	Samples
SN74LVC2G66YZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(C67, C6N)	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC2G66 :

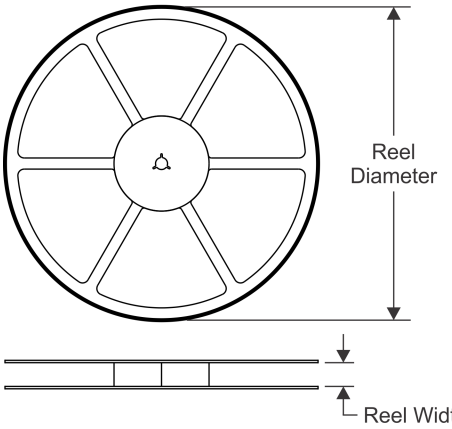
- Automotive: SN74LVC2G66-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

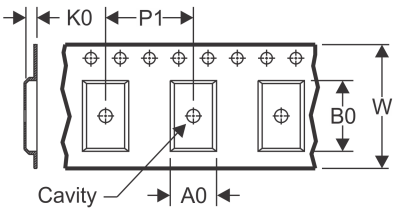
- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

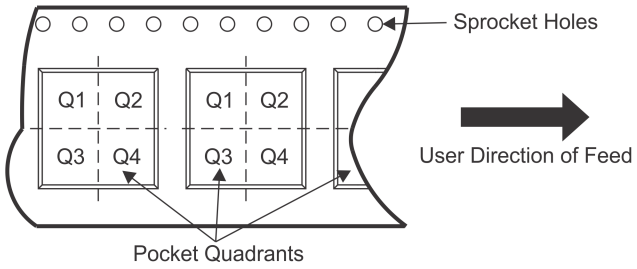


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

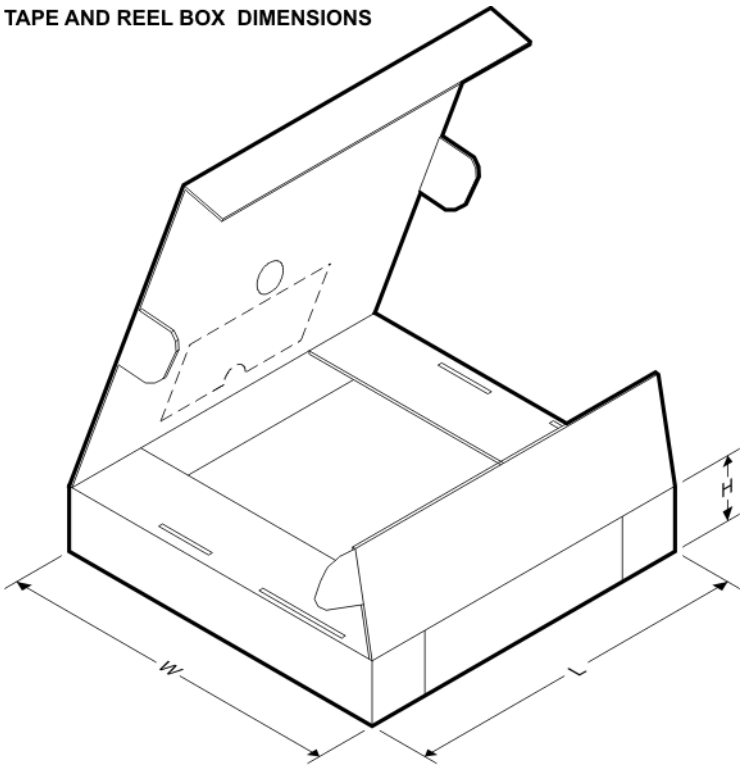
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVC2G66DCTR	SM8	DCT	8	3000	180.0	13.0	3.35	4.5	1.55	4.0	12.0	Q3
SN74LVC2G66DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC2G66DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	178.0	9.5	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC2G66DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	9.0	2.05	3.3	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC2G66DCURG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC2G66DCUTG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC2G66YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	2.02	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

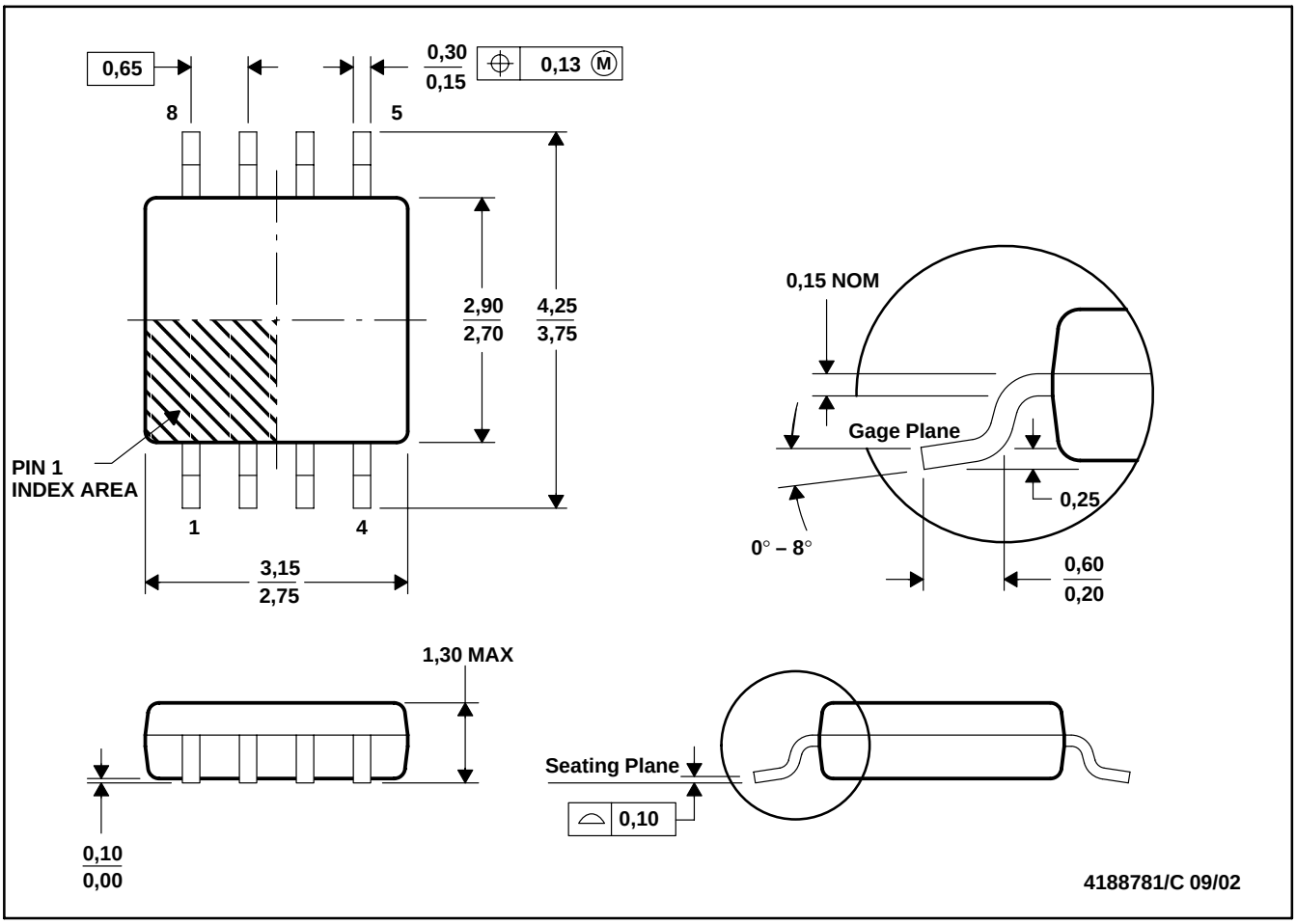


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LVC2G66DCTR	SM8	DCT	8	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
SN74LVC2G66DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC2G66DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC2G66DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
SN74LVC2G66DCURG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC2G66DCUTG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC2G66YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

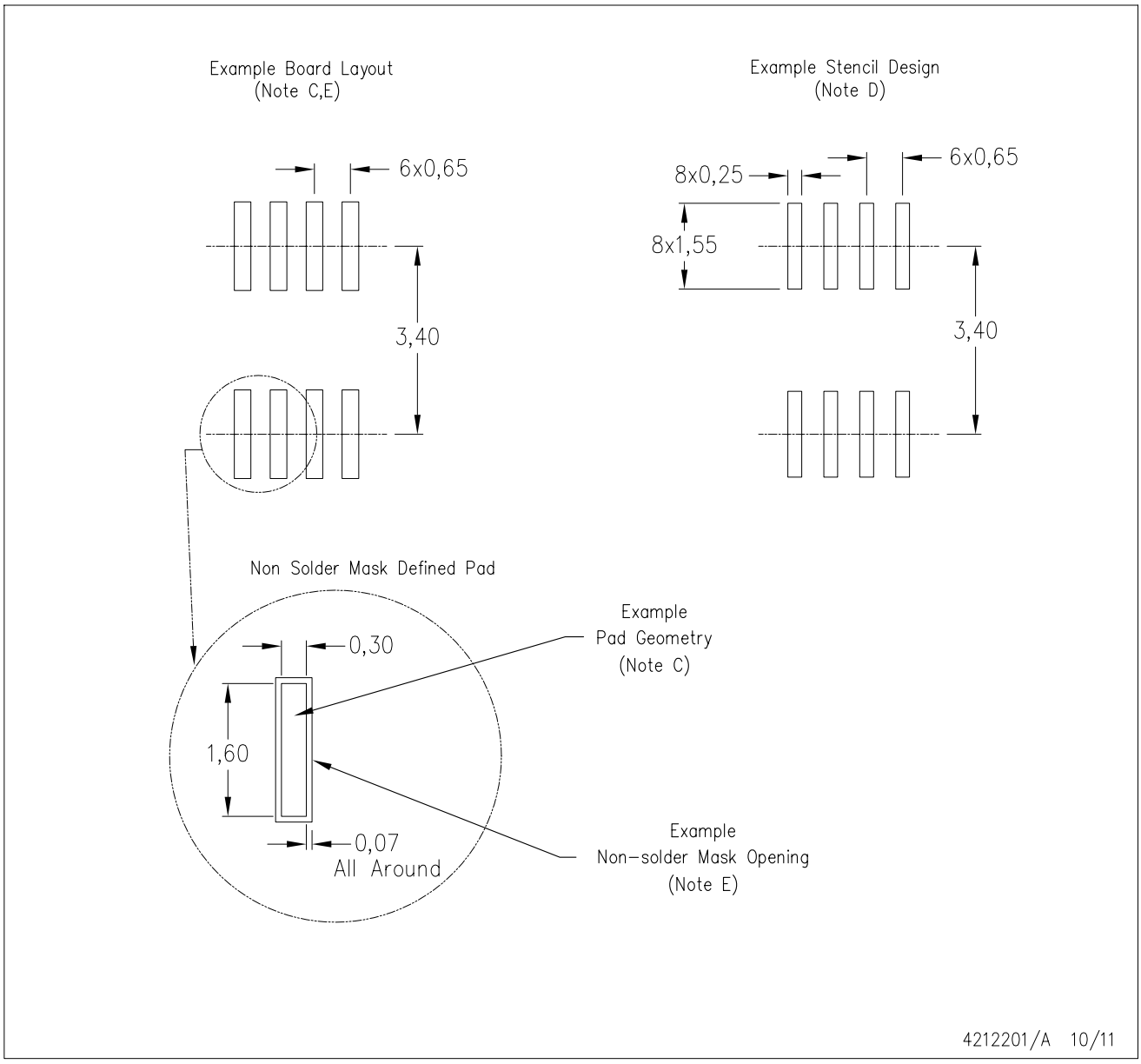
MPDS049B – MAY 1999 – REVISED OCTOBER 2002

DCT (R-PDSO-G8) **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation DA.

DCT (R–PDSO–G8) PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



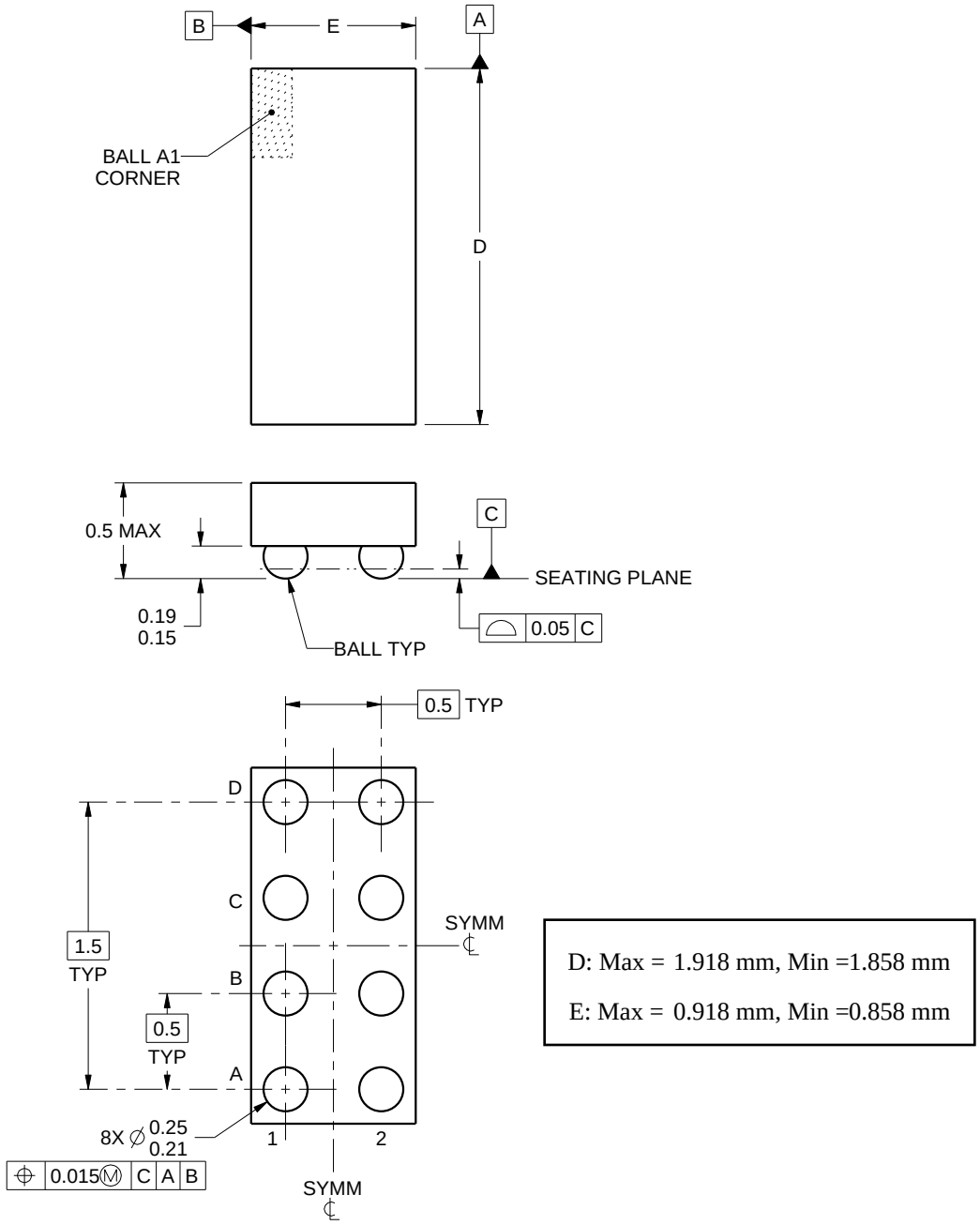
NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC–7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC–7525.
E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

PACKAGE OUTLINE

YZP0008

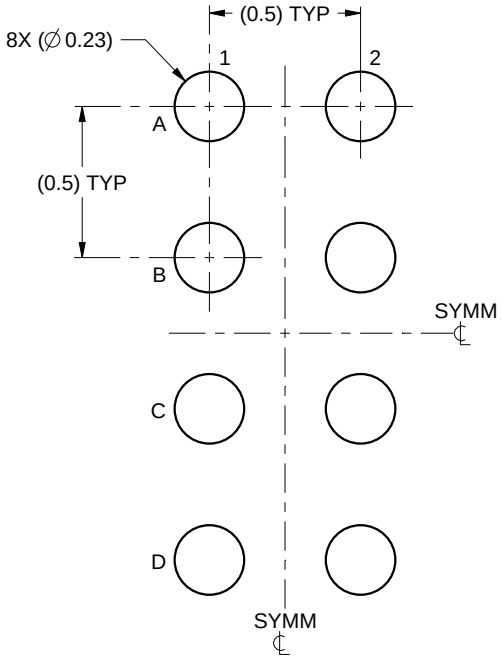
DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY

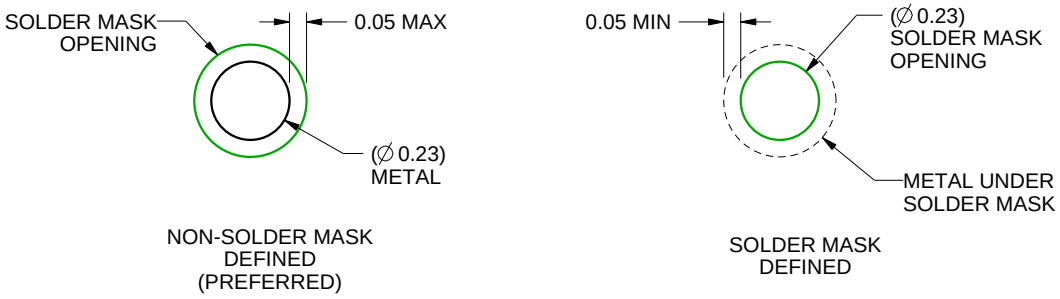


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:40X

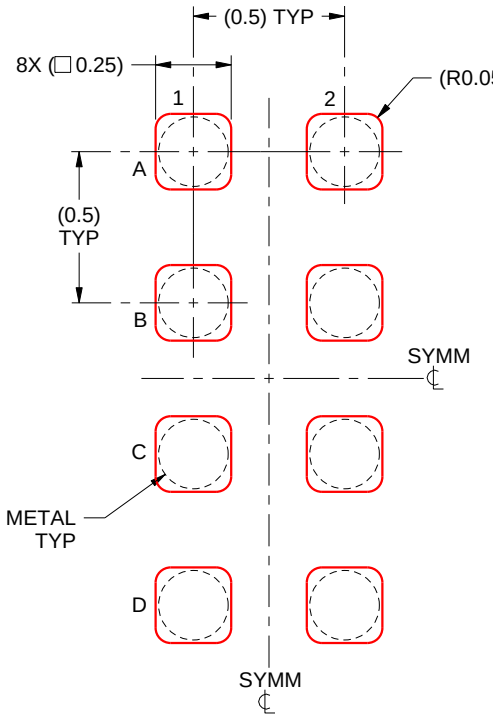


SOLDER MASK DETAILS
NOT TO SCALE

4223082/A 07/2016

NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



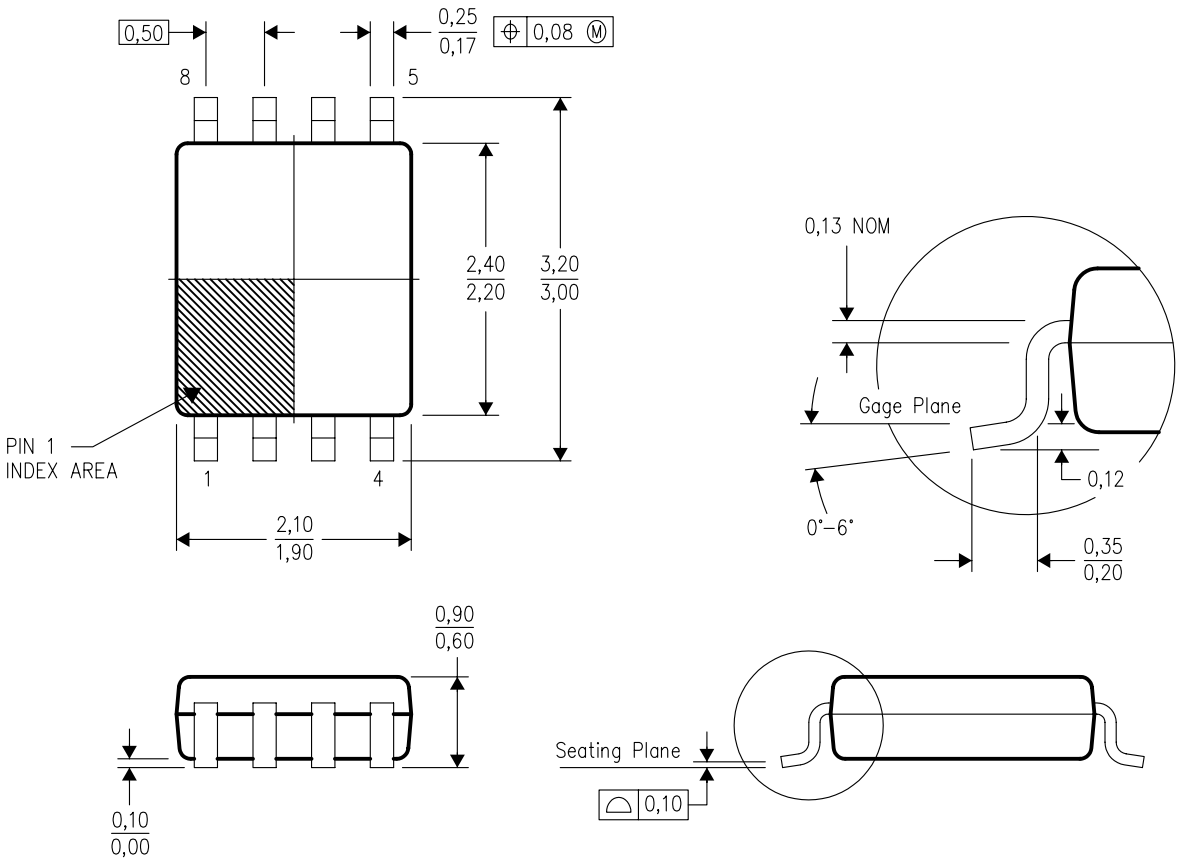
SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:40X

4223082/A 07/2016

NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.

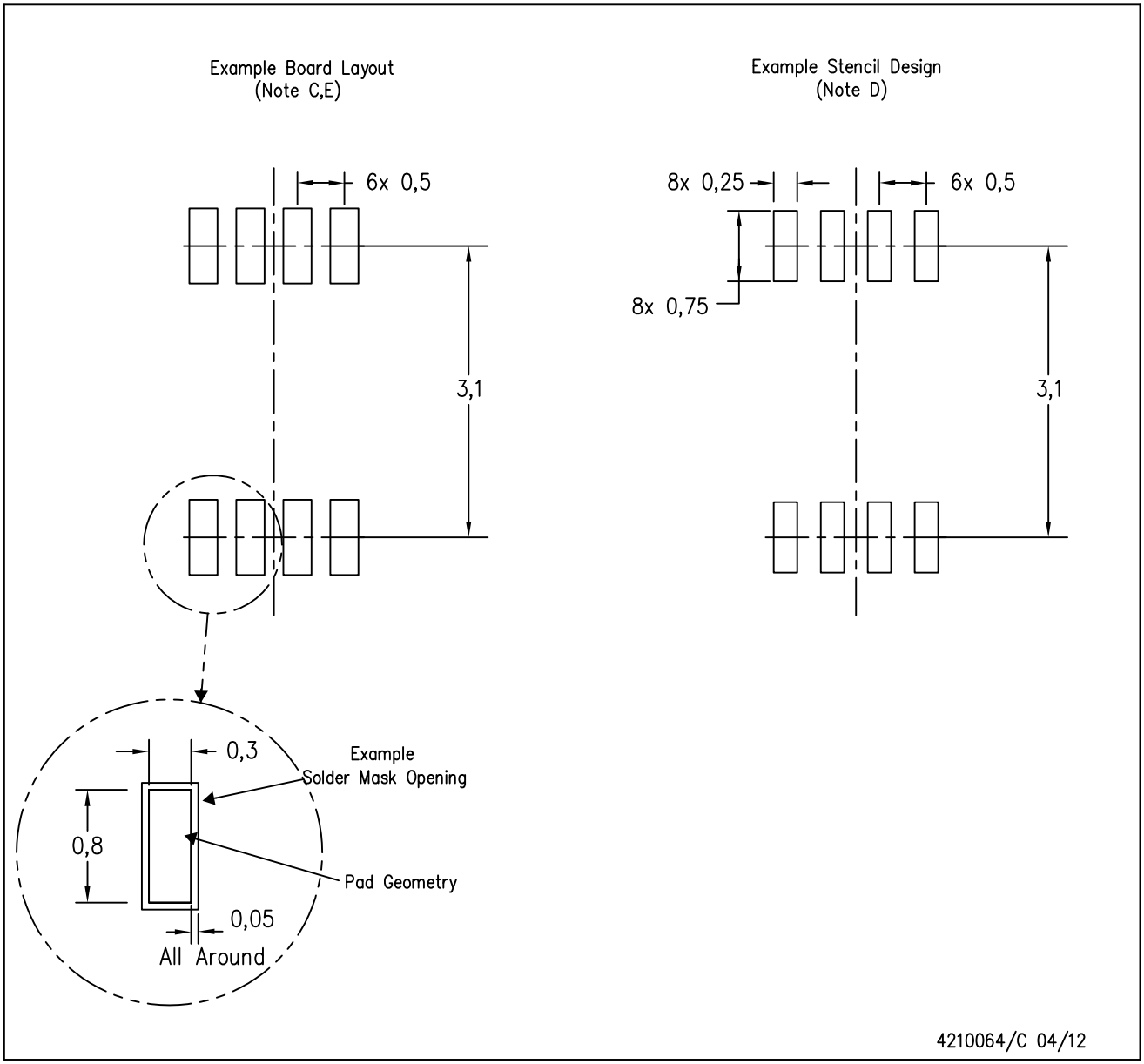
DCU (R–PDSO–G8) PLASTIC SMALL–OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



4200503/F 07/05

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO–187 variation CA.

DCU (S–PDSO–G8) PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC–7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC–7525 for other stencil recommendations.
E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265

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- Cost Control Management
- Shortage Management
- Alternative Solution
- Excess Inventory Management