



**THE DATASHEET OF  
ACST2-8SB-TR**



## Overvoltage protected AC switch

### Features

- Triac with overvoltage crowbar technology
- High noise immunity: static  $dV/dt > 500 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$
- ACST210-8FP, in the TO-220FPAB package, provides insulation voltage rated at 1500 V rms

### Benefits

- Enables equipment to meet IEC 61000-4-5
- High off-state reliability with planar technology
- Needs no external overvoltage protection
- Reduces component count
- Interfaces directly with the micro-controller
- High immunity against fast transients described in IEC 61000-4-4 standards

### Applications

- AC on/off static switching in appliances and industrial control systems
- Driving low power highly inductive loads like solenoid, pump, fan, and micro-motor

### Description

The ACST2 series belongs to the ACS™/ACST power switch family built with A.S.D.® (application specific discrete) technology. This high performance device is suited to home appliances or industrial systems and drives loads up to 2 A.

This ACST2 switch embeds a Triac structure with a high voltage clamping device to absorb the inductive turn-off energy and withstand line transients such as those described in the IEC 61000-4-5 standards. The component needs a low gate current to be activated ( $I_{GT} < 10 \text{ mA}$ ) and still shows a high electrical noise immunity complying with IEC standards such as IEC 61000-4-4 (fast transient burst test).

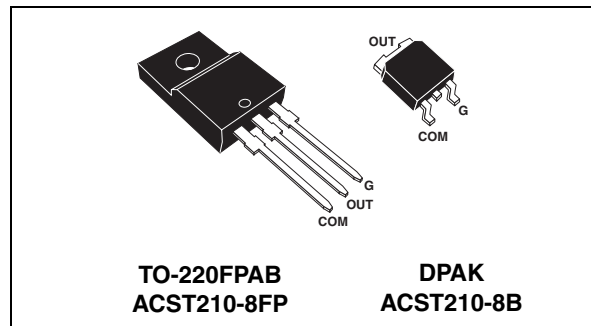


Figure 1. Functional diagram

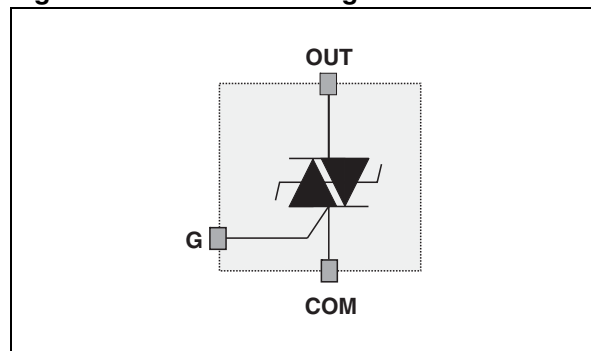


Table 1. Device summary

| Symbol            | Value | Unit |
|-------------------|-------|------|
| $I_{T(RMS)}$      | 2     | A    |
| $V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}$ | 800   | V    |
| $I_{GT}$          | 10    | mA   |

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# 1 Characteristics

**Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings (limiting values)**

| Symbol             | Parameter  |                      | Value                 | Unit                       |             |
|--------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| $I_{T(RMS)}$       | On-state rms current (full sine wave)  | TO-220FPAB           | $T_c = 105\text{ °C}$ | 2                          | A           |
|                    |  | DPAK                 | $T_c = 110\text{ °C}$ |                            |             |
| $I_{TSM}$          | Non repetitive surge peak on-state current (full cycle sine wave, $T_j$ initial = $25\text{ °C}$ ) | F = 60 Hz            | t = 16.7 ms           | 8.4                        | A           |
|                    |  | F = 50 Hz            | t = 20 ms             | 8.0                        |             |
| $I^2t$             | $I^2t$ Value for fusing  | $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ |                       | 0.5                        | $A^2s$      |
| dI/dt              | Critical rate of rise of on-state current<br>$I_G = 2 \times I_{GT}$ , $t_r = 100\text{ ns}$       | F = 120 Hz           | $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ | 50                         | A/ $\mu s$  |
| $V_{PP}^{(1)}$     | Non repetitive line peak mains voltage <sup>(1)</sup>  |                      | $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$  | 2                          | kV          |
| $P_{G(AV)}$        | Average gate power dissipation   |                      | $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ | 0.1                        | W           |
| $P_{GM}$           | Peak gate power dissipation ( $t_p = 20\text{ }\mu s$ )  |                      | $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ | 10                         | W           |
| $I_{GM}$           | Peak gate current ( $t_p = 20\text{ }\mu s$ )  |                      | $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ | 1.6                        | A           |
| $T_{stg}$<br>$T_j$ | Storage junction temperature range<br>Operating junction temperature range                         |                      |                       | -40 to +150<br>-40 to +125 | $^{\circ}C$ |
| $T_l$              | Maximum lead soldering temperature during 10 s (at 3 mm from plastic case)                         |                      |                       | 260                        | $^{\circ}C$ |
| $V_{INS(RMS)}$     | Insulation rms voltage   |                      | TO-220FPAB            | 1500                       | V           |

1. According to test described in IEC 61000-4-5 standard and [Figure 18](#)

**Table 3. Electrical characteristics ( $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified)**

| Symbol                              | Test conditions  | Quadrant     |     | Value | Unit       |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------|-----|-------|------------|
| $I_{GT}^{(1)}$                      | $V_{OUT} = 12\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 33\text{ }\Omega$                       | I - II - III | MAX | 10    | mA         |
| $V_{GT}$                            | $V_{OUT} = 12\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 33\text{ }\Omega$                       | I - II - III | MAX | 1.1   | V          |
| $V_{GD}$                            | $V_{OUT} = V_{DRM}$ , $R_L = 3.3\text{ k}\Omega$ , $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$ | I - II - III | MIN | 0.2   | V          |
| $I_H^{(2)}$                         | $I_{OUT} = 100\text{ mA}$  |              | MAX | 10    | mA         |
| $I_L$                               | $I_G = 1.2 \times I_{GT}$  | I - III      | MAX | 25    | mA         |
|                                     |  | II           | MAX | 35    |            |
| dV/dt <sup>(2)</sup>                | $V_{OUT} = 67\% V_{DRM}$ gate open, $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$                |              | MIN | 500   | V/ $\mu s$ |
| (dI/dt) <sub>c</sub> <sup>(2)</sup> | (dV/dt) <sub>c</sub> = $15\text{ V}/\mu s$ , $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$       |              | MIN | 0.5   | A/ms       |
| $V_{CL}$                            | $I_{CL} = 0.1\text{ mA}$ , $t_p = 1\text{ ms}$ , $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$    |              | MIN | 850   | V          |

1. Minimum  $I_{GT}$  is guaranteed at 5% of  $I_{GT}$  max

2. For both polarities of OUT pin referenced to COM pin

**Table 4. Static electrical characteristics**

| Symbol                 | Test conditions                                    |                                    |     | Value | Unit |
|------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-----|-------|------|
| $V_{TM}^{(1)}$         | $I_{TM} = 2.8 \text{ A}$ , $t_p = 500 \mu\text{s}$ | $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  | MAX | 2     | V    |
| $V_{TO}^{(1)}$         | Threshold voltage                                  | $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | MAX | 0.9   | V    |
| $R_D^{(1)}$            | Dynamic resistance                                 | $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | MAX | 250   | mΩ   |
| $I_{DRM}$<br>$I_{RRM}$ | $V_{OUT} = V_{DRM} / V_{RRM}$                      | $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  | MAX | 10    | μA   |
|                        |  | $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ |     | 0.5   | mA   |

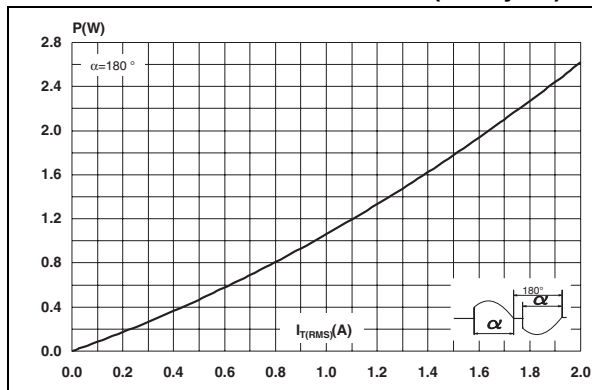
1. For both polarities of OUT pin referenced to COM pin

**Table 5. Thermal resistances**

| Symbol        | Parameter             |  | Value | Unit |
|---------------|-----------------------|--|-------|------|
| $R_{th(j-c)}$ | Junction to case (AC) | DPAK                                   | 4.5   | °C/W |
|               |                       | TO-220FPAB                             | 7     |      |
| $R_{th(j-a)}$ | Junction to ambient   | TO-220FPAB                             | 60    |      |
|               |                       | $S_{CU}^{(1)} = 0.5 \text{ cm}^2$ DPAK | 70    |      |

1.  $S_{CU}$  = copper surface under tab

**Figure 2. Maximum power dissipation versus on-state rms current (full cycle)**



**Figure 3. On-state rms current versus case temperature**

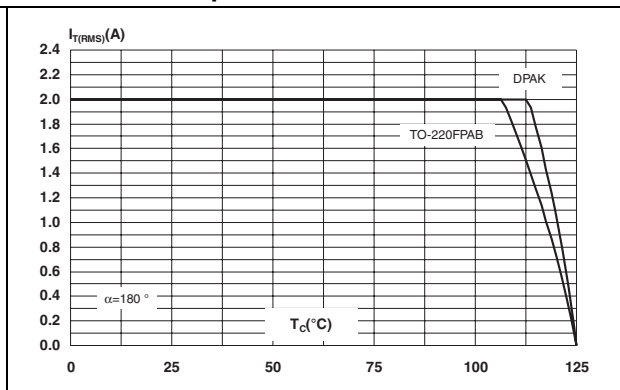


Figure 4. On-state rms current versus ambient temperature

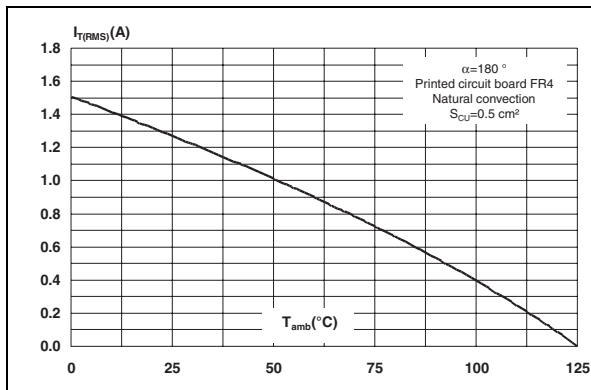


Figure 5. Relative variation of thermal impedance versus pulse duration TO-220FPAB

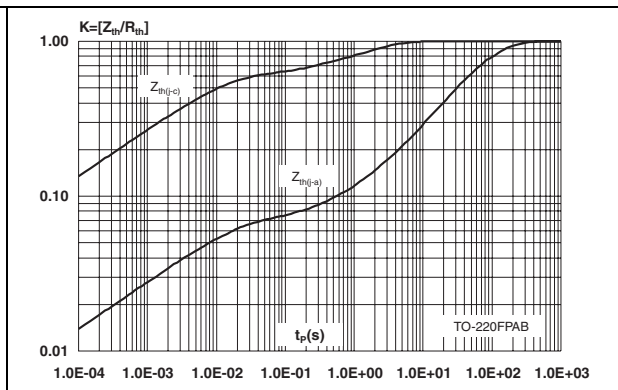


Figure 6. Relative variation of thermal impedance versus pulse duration DPAK

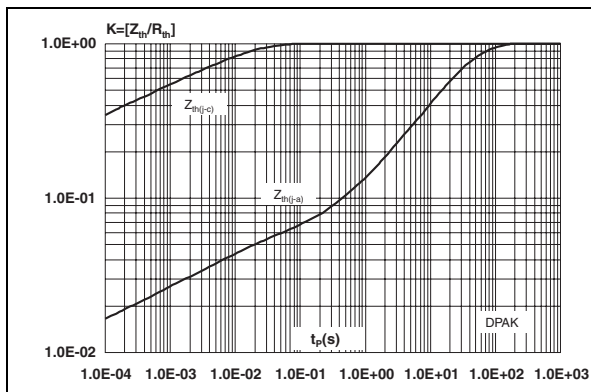


Figure 7. Relative variation of gate trigger, holding and latching current versus junction temperature

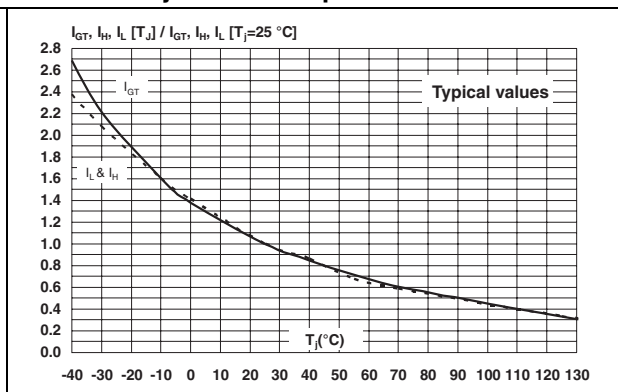


Figure 8. Relative variation of static dV/dt versus junction temperature

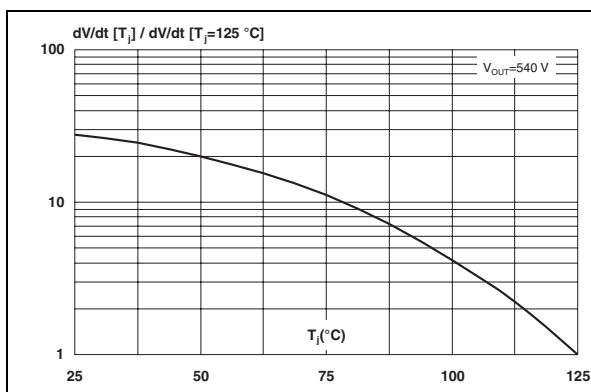


Figure 9. Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus reapplied dV/dt (typical values)

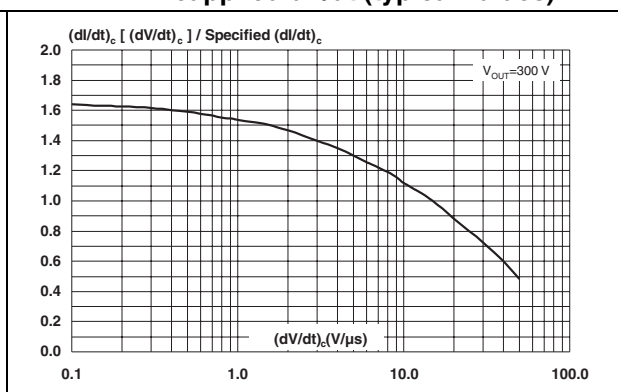


Figure 10. Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus junction temperature

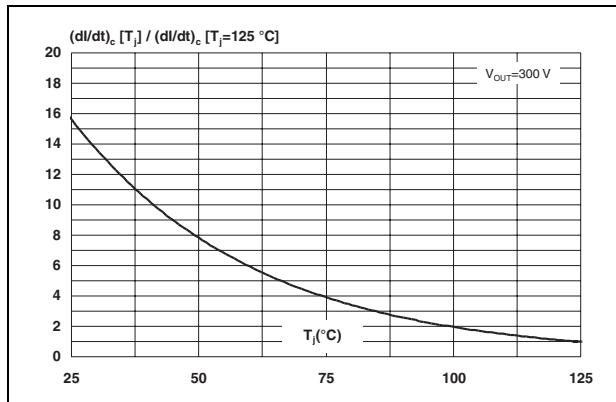


Figure 11. Surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles

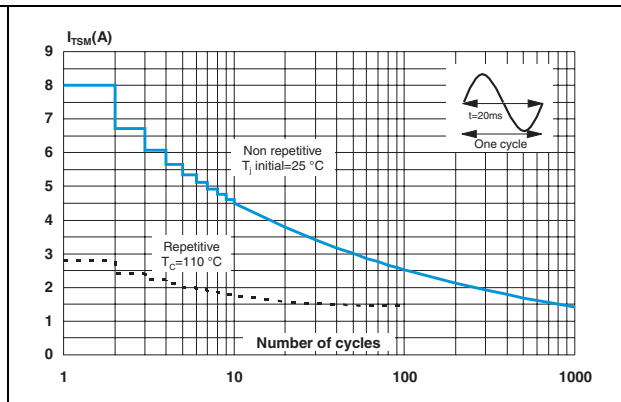


Figure 12. Non repetitive surge peak on-state current and corresponding value of  $I^2t$

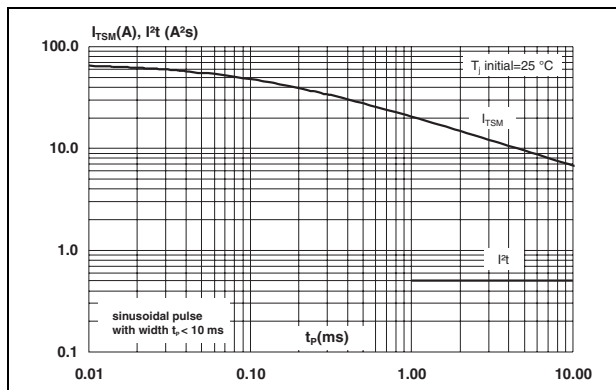


Figure 13. On-state characteristics (maximum values)

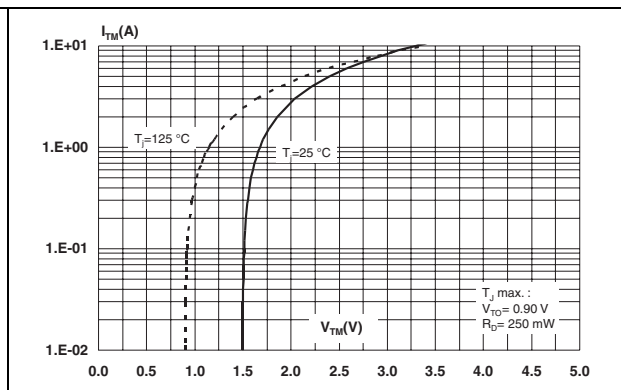


Figure 14. Thermal resistance junction to ambient versus copper surface under tab DPAK

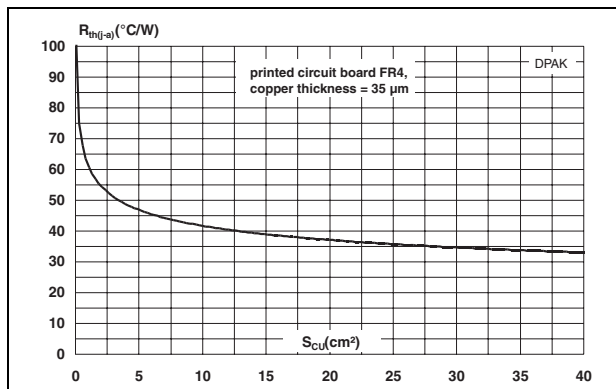
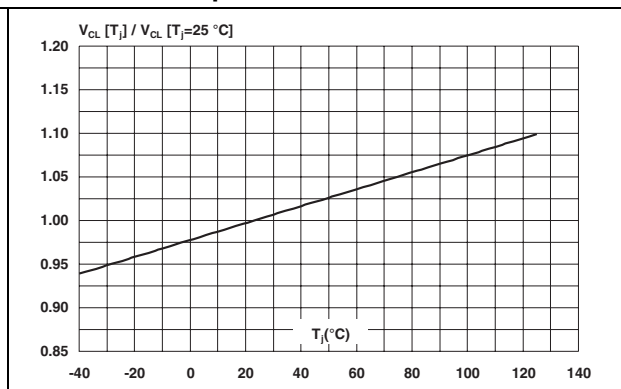


Figure 15. Relative variation of clamping voltage  $V_{CL}$  versus junction temperature

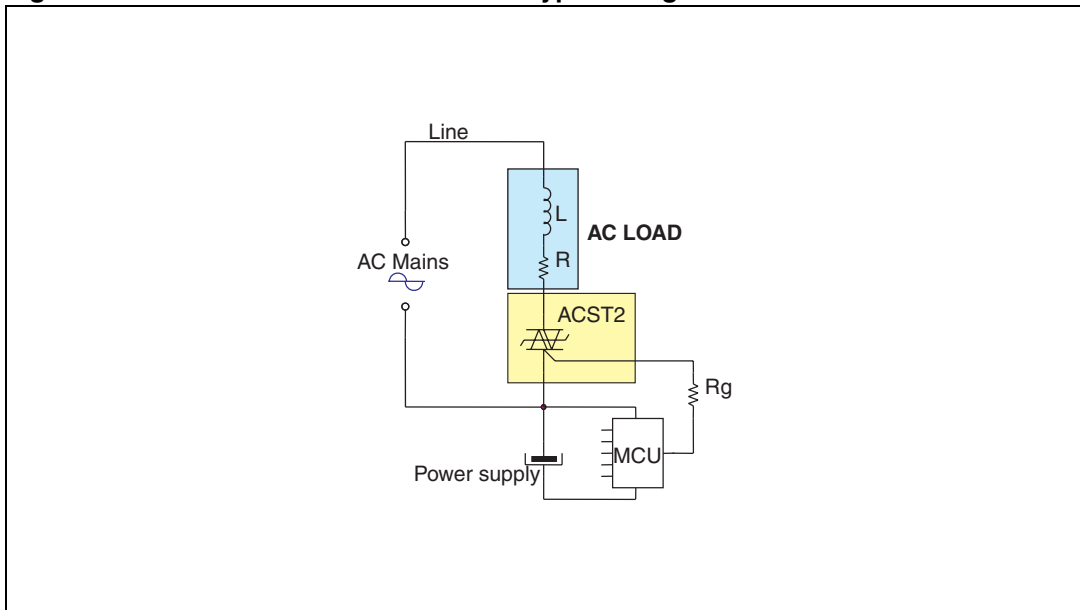


## 2 Application information

### 2.1 Typical application description

The ACST2 device has been designed to switch on and off highly inductive or resistive loads such as pump, valve, fan, or bulb lamp. Thanks to its high sensitivity ( $I_{GT} \text{ max} = 10 \text{ mA}$ ), the ACST2 can be driven directly by logic level circuits through a resistor as shown on the typical application diagram. Thanks to its thermal and turn-off commutation performances, the ACST2 switch can drive, without any additional snubber, an inductive load up to 2 A.

Figure 16. AC induction motor control – typical diagram



## 2.2 AC line transient voltage ruggedness

In comparison with standard Triacs, which are not robust against surge voltage, the ACST2 is self-protected against over-voltage, specified by the new parameter  $V_{CL}$ . In addition, the ACST2 is a sensitive device ( $I_{GT} = 10 \text{ ma}$ ), but provides a high noise immunity level against fast transients. The ACST2 switch can safely withstand AC line transient voltages either by clamping the low energy spikes, such as inductive spikes at switch off, or by switching to the on state (for less than 10 ms) to dissipate higher energy shocks through the load. This safety feature works even with high turn-on current ramp up.

The test circuit of [Figure 17](#) represents the ACST2 application, and is used to stress the ACST switch according to the IEC 61000-4-5 standard conditions. With the additional effect of the load which is limiting the current, the ACST switch withstands the voltage spikes up to 2 kV on top of the peak line voltage. The protection is based on an overvoltage crowbar technology. The ACST2 folds back safely to the on state as shown in [Figure 18](#). The ACST2 recovers its blocking voltage capability after the surge and the next zero current crossing. Such a non repetitive test can be done at least 10 times on each AC line voltage polarity.

**Figure 17. Overvoltage ruggedness test circuit for resistive and inductive loads for IEC 61000-4-5 standards**

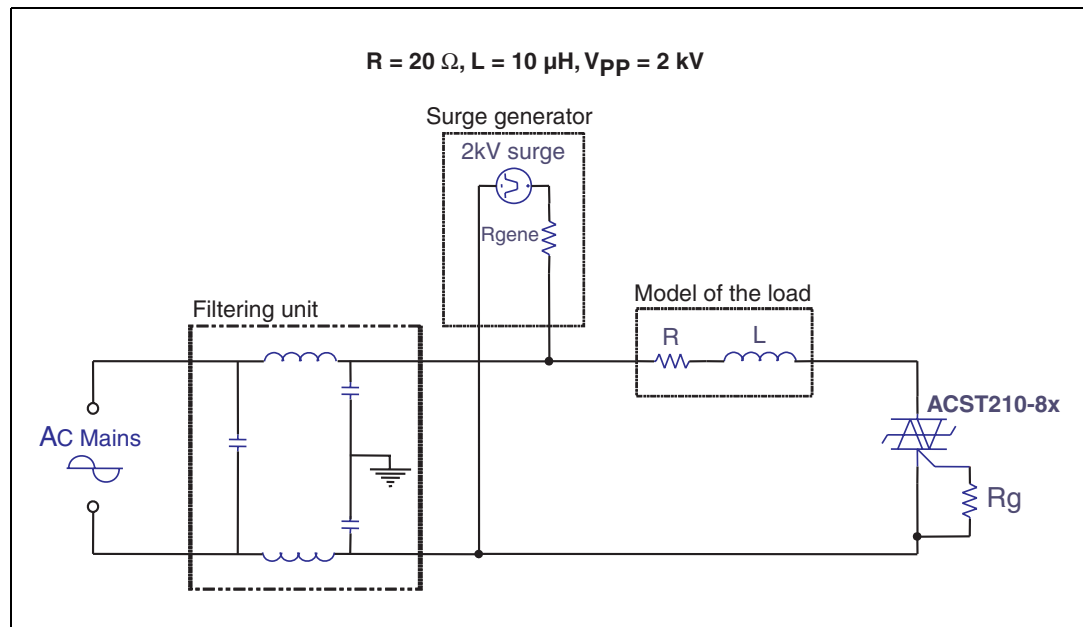
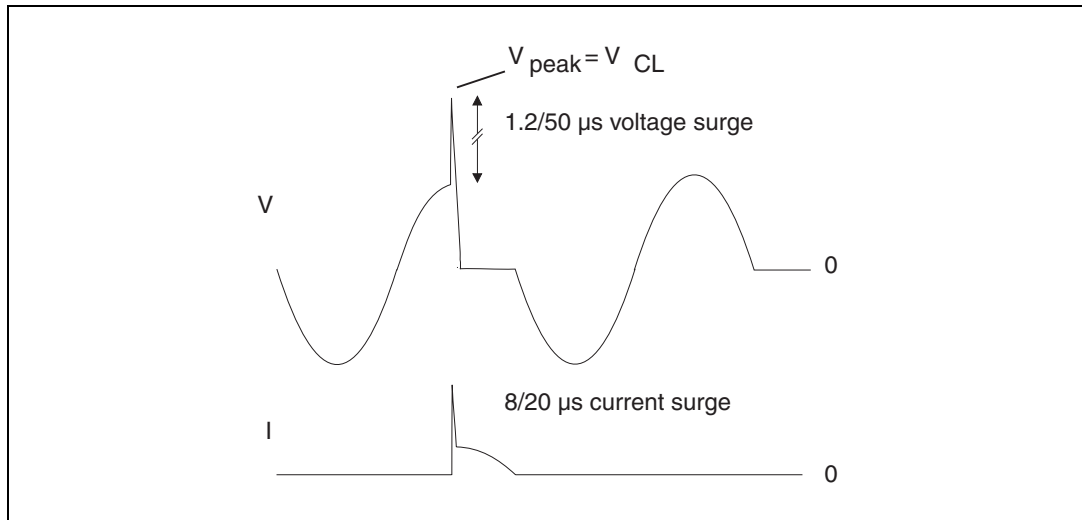


Figure 18. Typical current and voltage waveforms across the ACST2 during IEC 61000-4-5 standard test

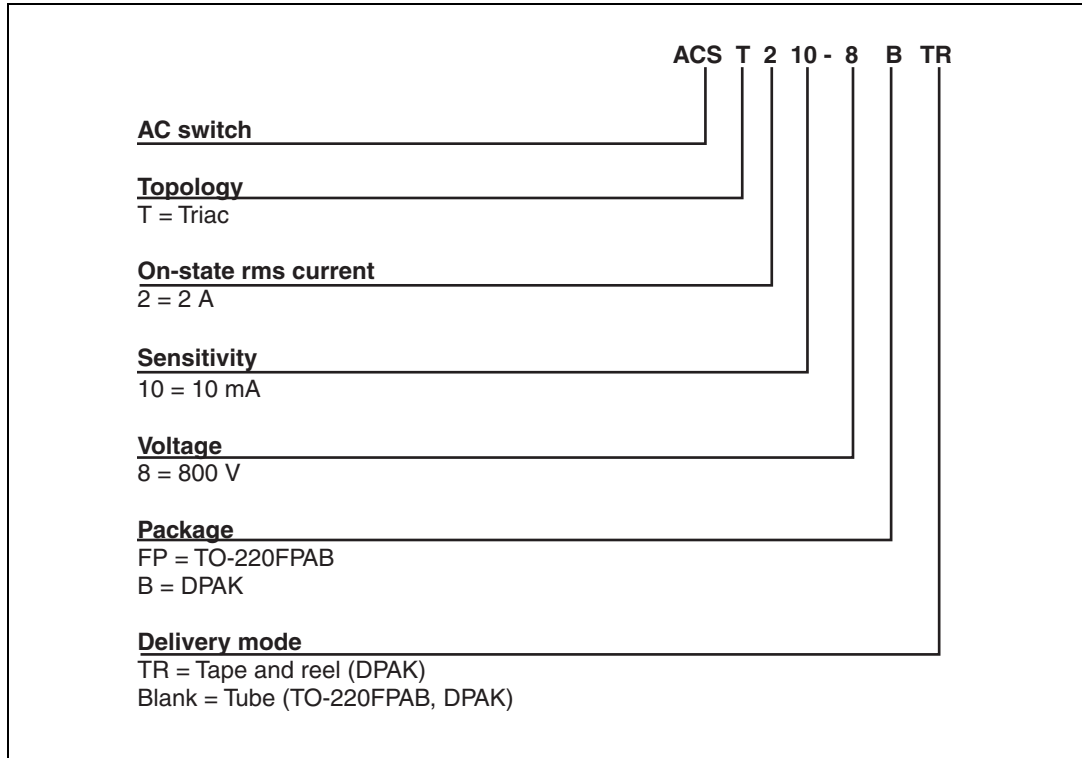


## 2.3 Electrical noise immunity

The ACST2 is a sensitive device ( $I_{\text{GT}} = 10 \text{ mA}$ ) and can be controlled directly through a simple resistor by a logic level circuit, and still provides a high electrical noise immunity. The intrinsic immunity of the ACST2 is shown by the specified  $dV/dt$  equal to  $500 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$  @  $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ . This immunity level is 5 to 10 times higher than the immunity provided by an equivalent standard technology Triac with the same sensitivity. In other words, the ACST2 is sensitive, but has an immunity usually available only for non-sensitive device ( $I_{\text{GT}}$  higher than  $35 \text{ mA}$ ).

### 3 Ordering information scheme

Figure 19. Ordering information scheme



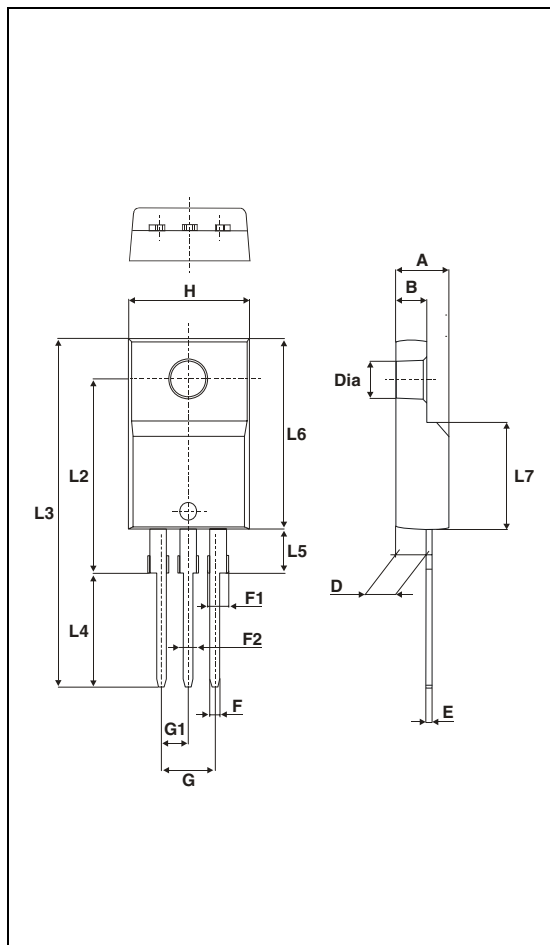
# 4 Package information

- Epoxy meets UL94, V0
- Recommended torque (TO-220FPAB): 0.4 to 0.6 N·m

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: [www.st.com](http://www.st.com). ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

**Table 6. TO-220FPAB dimensions**

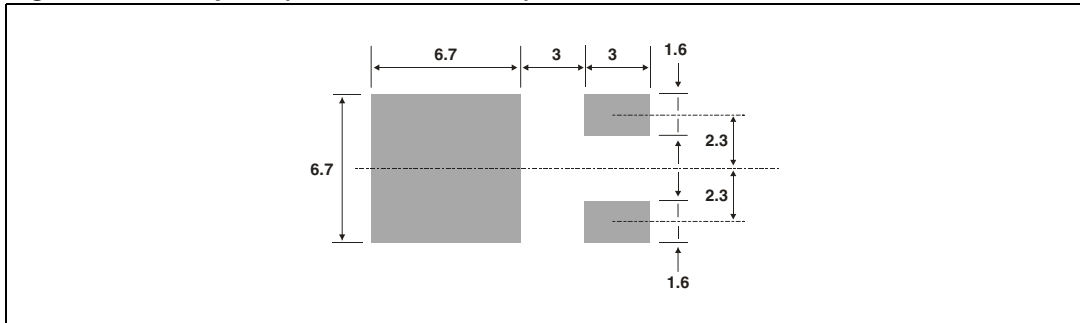
| Ref. | Dimensions  |      |           |       |
|------|-------------|------|-----------|-------|
|      | Millimeters |      | Inches    |       |
|      | Min.        | Max. | Min.      | Max.  |
| A    | 4.4         | 4.6  | 0.173     | 0.181 |
| B    | 2.5         | 2.7  | 0.098     | 0.106 |
| D    | 2.5         | 2.75 | 0.098     | 0.108 |
| E    | 0.45        | 0.70 | 0.018     | 0.027 |
| F    | 0.75        | 1    | 0.030     | 0.039 |
| F1   | 1.15        | 1.70 | 0.045     | 0.067 |
| F2   | 1.15        | 1.70 | 0.045     | 0.067 |
| G    | 4.95        | 5.20 | 0.195     | 0.205 |
| G1   | 2.4         | 2.7  | 0.094     | 0.106 |
| H    | 10          | 10.4 | 0.393     | 0.409 |
| L2   | 16 Typ.     |      | 0.63 Typ. |       |
| L3   | 28.6        | 30.6 | 1.126     | 1.205 |
| L4   | 9.8         | 10.6 | 0.386     | 0.417 |
| L5   | 2.9         | 3.6  | 0.114     | 0.142 |
| L6   | 15.9        | 16.4 | 0.626     | 0.646 |
| L7   | 9.00        | 9.30 | 0.354     | 0.366 |
| Dia. | 3.00        | 3.20 | 0.118     | 0.126 |



**Table 7. DPAK dimensions**

| Ref. | Dimensions  |       |            |       |
|------|-------------|-------|------------|-------|
|      | Millimeters |       | Inches     |       |
|      | Min.        | Max.  | Min.       | Max.  |
| A    | 2.20        | 2.40  | 0.086      | 0.094 |
| A1   | 0.90        | 1.10  | 0.035      | 0.043 |
| A2   | 0.03        | 0.23  | 0.001      | 0.009 |
| B    | 0.64        | 0.90  | 0.025      | 0.035 |
| B2   | 5.20        | 5.40  | 0.204      | 0.212 |
| C    | 0.45        | 0.60  | 0.017      | 0.023 |
| C2   | 0.48        | 0.60  | 0.018      | 0.023 |
| D    | 6.00        | 6.20  | 0.236      | 0.244 |
| E    | 6.40        | 6.60  | 0.251      | 0.259 |
| G    | 4.40        | 4.60  | 0.173      | 0.181 |
| H    | 9.35        | 10.10 | 0.368      | 0.397 |
| L2   | 0.80 typ.   |       | 0.031 typ. |       |
| L4   | 0.60        | 1.00  | 0.023      | 0.039 |
| V2   | 0°          | 8°    | 0°         | 8°    |

**Figure 20. Footprint (dimensions in mm)**



## 5 Ordering information

**Table 8. Ordering information**

| Order code    | Marking  | Package    | Weight | Base Qty | Packing mode  |
|---------------|----------|------------|--------|----------|---------------|
| ACST210-8FP   | ACST2108 | TO-220FPAB | 2.4g   | 50       | Tube          |
| ACST210-8B    |          | DPAK       | 0.3g   | 50       | Tube          |
| ACST210-8B-TR |          | DPAK       | 0.3g   | 2500     | Tape and Reel |

## 6 Revision history

**Table 9. Document revision history**

| Date        | Revision | Changes   |
|-------------|----------|---|
| 01-Mar-2007 | 1        | Initial release.  |
| 13-Apr-2010 | 2        | Updated ECOPACK statement. Reformatted for consistency with other datasheets in this product class. |
| 01-Jul-2010 | 3        | Updated <a href="#">Figure 19</a> .   |

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