



# THE DATASHEET OF TPS82698SIPR



## TPS8269x High-Efficiency MicroSIP™ Step-Down Converter (Profile <1 mm)

### 1 Features

- Total Solution Size < 6.7 mm<sup>2</sup>
- 95% Efficiency at 3-MHz Operation
- 23µA Quiescent Current
- High Duty-Cycle Operation
- *Best in Class* Load and Line Transient
- ±2% Total DC Voltage Accuracy
- Automatic PFM/PWM Mode Switching
- Low Ripple Light-Load PFM Mode
- Excellent AC Load Regulation
- Internal Soft Start, 200-µs Start-Up Time
- Integrated Active Power-Down Sequencing (Optional)
- Current Overload and Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Sub 1-mm Profile Solution

### 2 Applications

- Cell Phones, Smart-Phones
- Optical Data Modules
- Camera and Sensor Modules
- Wearable Devices
- LDO Replacement

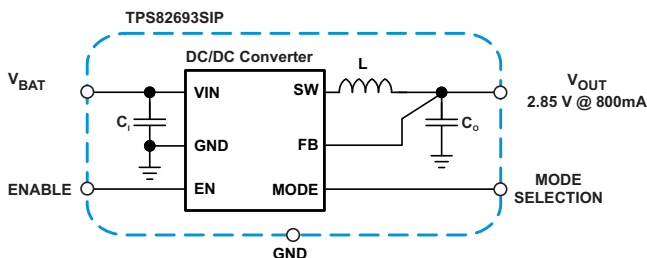
### 3 Description

The TPS8269xSIP device is a complete 500 mA / 800 mA, DC/DC step-down power supply intended for low-power applications. Included in the package are the switching regulator, inductor and input/output capacitors. No additional components are required to finish the design. The TPS8269xSIP is based on a high-frequency synchronous step-down dc-dc converter optimized for battery-powered portable applications. The MicroSIP™ DC/DC converter operates at a regulated 3-MHz switching frequency and enters the power-save mode operation at light load currents to maintain high efficiency over the entire load current range. The PFM mode extends the battery life by reducing the quiescent current to 23 µA (typical) during light load operation. For noise-sensitive applications, the device has PWM spread spectrum capability providing a lower noise regulated output, as well as low noise at the input. These features, combined with high PSRR and AC load regulation performance, make this device suitable to replace a linear regulator to obtain better power conversion efficiency. The TPS8269xSIP is packaged in a compact (2.9 mm × 2.3 mm) and low profile (1 mm) BGA package suitable for automated assembly by standard surface mount equipment.

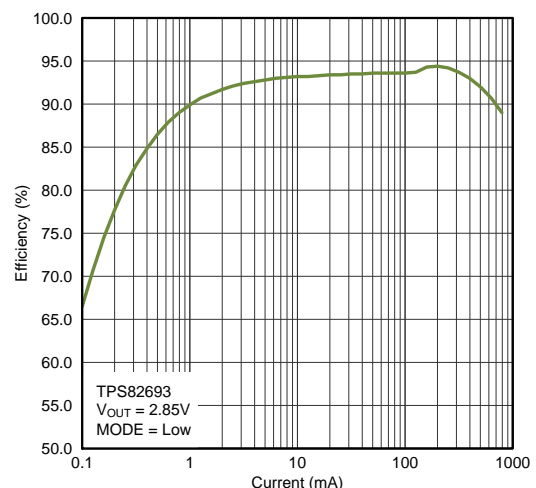
#### Device Information

| ORDER NUMBER | PACKAGE  | BODY SIZE     |
|--------------|----------|---------------|
| TPS82692SIP  | µSIP (8) | 2,9mm × 2,3mm |
| TPS82693SIP  | µSIP (8) | 2,9mm × 2,3mm |
| TPS826951SIP | µSIP (8) | 2,9mm × 2,3mm |
| TPS82697SIP  | µSIP (8) | 2,9mm × 2,3mm |
| TPS82698SIP  | µSIP (8) | 2,9mm × 2,3mm |

#### Simplified Schematic



#### Efficiency vs Output Current



G000



## Table of Contents

|  |           |  |                          |
|--|-----------|--|--------------------------|
| <b>1 Features</b> .....                          | <b>1</b>  | <b>10 Application and Implementation</b> .....   | <b>20</b>                |
| <b>2 Applications</b> .....                      | <b>1</b>  | 10.1 Application Information.....                | 20                       |
| <b>3 Description</b> .....                       | <b>1</b>  | 10.2 Typical Application .....                   | 20                       |
| <b>4 Revision History</b> .....                  | <b>2</b>  | <b>11 Power Supply Recommendations</b> .....     | <b>21</b>                |
| <b>5 Device Comparison</b> .....                 | <b>4</b>  | <b>12 Layout</b> .....                           | <b>22</b>                |
| <b>6 Pin Configuration and Functions</b> .....   | <b>4</b>  | 12.1 Layout Guidelines .....                     | 22                       |
| <b>7 Specifications</b> .....                    | <b>5</b>  | 12.2 Layout Example .....                        | 22                       |
| 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings .....               | 5         | 12.3 Surface Mount Information .....             | 22                       |
| 7.2 ESD Ratings.....                             | 5         | 12.4 Thermal And Reliability Information .....   | 23                       |
| 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions.....        | 5         | 12.5 Package Summary.....                        | 24                       |
| 7.4 Thermal Information .....                    | 5         | 12.6 MicroSIP™.....                              | 24                       |
| 7.5 Electrical Characteristics.....              | 6         | <b>13 Device and Documentation Support</b> ..... | <b>25</b>                |
| 7.6 Typical Characteristics.....                 | 9         | 13.1 Documentation Support .....                 | 25                       |
| <b>8 Parameter Measurement Information</b> ..... | <b>14</b> | 13.2 Related Links .....                         | 25                       |
| <b>9 Detailed Description</b> .....              | <b>17</b> | 13.3 Trademarks .....                            | 25                       |
| 9.1 Overview .....                               | 17        | 13.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution.....        | 25                       |
| 9.2 Functional Block Diagram .....               | 17        | 13.5 Glossary .....                              | 25                       |
| 9.3 Feature Description.....                     | 17        | <b>14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable</b>   | <b>Information</b> ..... |
| 9.4 Device Functional Modes.....                 | 18        | 14.1 Tape and Reel Information .....             | 26                       |

## 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

| <b>Changes from Revision B (March 2014) to Revision C</b>                                   | <b>Page</b> |
|---|-------------|
| • Added text to Device Comparison table for the TPS826951 device special features .....     | 4           |
| • Moved T <sub>stg</sub> spec from Handling Ratings to Absolute Maximum Ratings table ..... | 5           |
| • Changed Handling Ratings table to ESD Ratings table .....                                 | 5           |

| <b>Changes from Revision A (July 2013) to Revision B</b>  | <b>Page</b> |
|---|-------------|
| • Global format to new data sheet standard .....  | 1           |
| • Changed TPS82692, TPS826951 devices to production status. ....  | 4           |
| • Changed Ordering Information table to "Device Comparison" table with cross reference to the POA at end of document. ....                        | 4           |
| • Moved Abs Max Ratings, Handling Ratings, Rec Oper Conditions, Thermal Info, and Elec Characteristics tables to the Specifications section ..... | 5           |
| • Deleted Regulated DC Output Voltage parameters to electrical characteristics table for device TPS82692 .....                                    | 7           |
| • Added efficiency graphs for device TPS82692 .....   | 11          |

**Changes from Original (March 2013) to Revision A**
**Page**

|  |    |
|--|----|
| • Added Regulated DC Output Voltage parameters to electrical characteristics table for device TPS82697 .....         | 7  |
| • Added Regulated DC Output Voltage parameters to electrical characteristics table for device TPS826951 .....        | 7  |
| • Added Regulated DC Output Voltage parameters to electrical characteristics table for device TPS82698 .....         | 7  |
| • Added Power-save mode ripple voltage to electrical characteristics table for devices TPS826951, TPS82697, TPS82698 | 8  |
| • Added Start-up time to electrical characteristics table for devices TPS826951, TPS82697, TPS82698.....             | 8  |
| • Added Efficiency vs Load Current Graph figure references to Table of Graphs. ....                                  | 9  |
| • Added Transient Response Plots to Typical Characteristics for device TPS826951 .....                               | 14 |
| • Added AC Load Transient Response Plots to Typical Characteristics for devices TPS826951, TPS82698.....             | 14 |

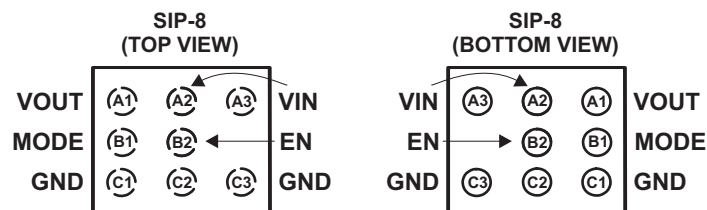
---

## 5 Device Comparison

| PART NUMBER | OUTPUT VOLTAGE | SPECIFIC FEATURE  | STATUS     |
|-------------|----------------|---|------------|
| TPS82692    | 2.2 V          | 800mA peak output current, spread spectrum frequency modulation                   | Production |
| TPS82693    | 2.85 V         | 800mA peak output current, spread spectrum frequency modulation, output discharge | Production |
| TPS826951   | 2.5 V          | 800mA peak output current, spread spectrum frequency modulation, output discharge | Production |
| TPS82697    | 2.8 V          | 800mA peak output current   | Production |
| TPS82698    | 3 V            | 800mA peak output current, spread spectrum frequency modulation, output discharge | Production |

## 6 Pin Configuration and Functions

### 8-Bump $\mu$ SIP Package



### Pin Functions

| TERMINAL |            | I/O | DESCRIPTION   |
|----------|------------|-----|---|
| NAME     | NO.        |     |   |
| VOUT     | A1         | O   | Power output terminal. Apply output load between this terminal and GND.   |
| VIN      | A2, A3     | I   | The VIN terminals supply current to the TPS8269xSIP's internal regulator.   |
| EN       | B2         | I   | This is the enable terminal of the device. Connecting this terminal to ground forces the converter into shutdown mode. Pulling this terminal to $V_{IN}$ enables the device. This terminal must not be left floating and must be terminated.  |
| MODE     | B1         |     | This is the mode selection terminal of the device. This terminal must not be left floating and must be terminated.<br><br>MODE = LOW: The device is operating in regulated frequency pulse width modulation mode (PWM) at high-load currents and in pulse frequency modulation mode (PFM) at light load currents.<br><br>MODE = HIGH: Low-noise mode enabled, regulated frequency PWM operation forced. |
| GND      | C1, C2, C3 | –   | Ground terminal.  |

## 7 Specifications

### 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

|   |   | MIN  | MAX                   | UNIT |
|---|---|------|-----------------------|------|
| Input Voltage   | Voltage at VIN <sup>(2)(3)</sup> , SW <sup>(3)</sup>          | -0.3 | 6                     | V    |
|   | Voltage at VOUT <sup>(3)</sup>                                | -0.3 | 3.6                   | V    |
|   | Voltage at EN, MODE <sup>(3)</sup>                            | -0.3 | V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3 | V    |
| Peak output current, I <sub>O</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>            | TPS82692,<br>TPS82693,<br>TPS826951,<br>TPS82697,<br>TPS82698 |      | 800 <sup>(4)</sup>    | mA   |
| Power dissipation   | Internally limited  |      |                       |      |
| Operating temperature range, T <sub>A</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>    |   | -40  | 85                    | °C   |
| Maximum internal operating temperature, T <sub>INT(max)</sub> |   |      | 125                   | °C   |
| Storage temperature, T <sub>stg</sub>                         |   | -55  | 125                   |      |

- Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- Operation above 4.8 V input voltage is not recommended over an extended period of time.
- All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.
- Limit to 50% Duty Cycle over Lifetime.
- In applications where high power dissipation and/or poor package thermal resistance is present, the maximum ambient temperature may have to be derated. Maximum ambient temperature (T<sub>A(max)</sub>) is dependent on the maximum operating junction temperature (T<sub>J(max)</sub>), the maximum power dissipation of the device in the application (P<sub>D(max)</sub>), and the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the part/package in the application (θ<sub>JA</sub>), as given by the following equation: T<sub>A(max)</sub> = T<sub>J(max)</sub> - (θ<sub>JA</sub> × P<sub>D(max)</sub>). To achieve optimum performance, it is recommended to operate the device with a maximum junction temperature of 105°C.

### 7.2 ESD Ratings

|     |                            | VALUE | UNIT |
|-----|----------------------------|-------|------|
| ESD | Human body model (HBM)     | ±2000 | V    |
|     | Charged device model (CDM) | ±1000 | V    |

### 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                 |   | MIN | NOM | MAX                | UNIT |
|-----------------|---|-----|-----|--------------------|------|
| V <sub>IN</sub> | Input voltage range                     | 2.3 |     | 4.8 <sup>(1)</sup> | V    |
| I <sub>O</sub>  | Output current range                    |     |     | 800                | mA   |
|                 | Additional output capacitance (PFM/PWM) |     | 0   | 4                  | μF   |
|                 | Additional output capacitance (PWM)     |     | 0   | 7                  | μF   |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Ambient temperature                     | -40 |     | 85                 | °C   |
| T <sub>J</sub>  | Operating junction temperature          | -40 |     | 125                | °C   |

- Operation above 4.8 V input voltage is not recommended over an extended period of time.

### 7.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup> |  | TPS82693/4/51/7/8/9 | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|--|---------------------|------|
|                               |  | SIP (8-TERMINALS)   |      |
| θ <sub>JA</sub>               | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 83                  | °C/W |

- For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

## Thermal Information (continued)

| THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup> |  | TPS82693/4/51/7/8/9 | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|--|---------------------|------|
|                               |  | SIP (8-TERMINALS)   |      |
| $\theta_{JCTop}$              | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance    | 53                  | °C/W |
| $\theta_{JB}$                 | Junction-to-board thermal resistance         | -                   | °C/W |
| $\Psi_{JT}$                   | Junction-to-top characterization parameter   | -                   | °C/W |
| $\Psi_{JB}$                   | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | -                   | °C/W |
| $\theta_{JCbott}$             | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | -                   | °C/W |

## 7.5 Electrical Characteristics

Minimum and maximum values are at  $V_{IN} = 2.3\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.85\text{ V}$ ,  $EN = 1.8\text{ V}$ , AUTO mode and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ; Circuit of Parameter Measurement Information section (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at  $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.85\text{ V}$ ,  $EN = 1.8\text{ V}$ , AUTO mode and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted).

| PARAMETER             |                                    | TEST CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP  | MAX | UNIT          |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|-----|------|-----|---------------|
| <b>SUPPLY CURRENT</b> |                                    |                 |  |     |      |     |               |
| $I_Q$                 | Operating quiescent current        | TPS8269x        | $I_O = 0\text{ mA}$ . Device not switching               |     | 23   | 50  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                       |                                    | TPS8269x        | $I_O = 0\text{ mA}$ , PWM mode                           |     | 3.5  |     | mA            |
| $I_{(SD)}$            | Shutdown current                   | TPS8269x        | $EN = \text{GND}$  |     | 0.2  | 7   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| UVLO                  | Undervoltage lockout threshold     | TPS8269x        |  |     | 2.05 | 2.1 | V             |
| <b>Protection</b>     |                                    |                 |  |     |      |     |               |
|                       | Thermal Shutdown                   | TPS8269x        |  |     | 140  |     | °C            |
|                       | Thermal Shutdown hysteresis        | TPS8269x        |  |     | 10   |     | °C            |
| $I_{LIM}$             | Peak Output Current Limit          | TPS8269x        |  |     | 1000 |     | mA            |
| $I_{sc}$              | Short Circuit Output Current Limit | TPS8269x        |  |     | 15   |     | mA            |
| <b>ENABLE, MODE</b>   |                                    |                 |  |     |      |     |               |
| $V_{IH}$              | High-level input voltage           | TPS8269x        |  | 1   |      |     | V             |
| $V_{IL}$              | Low-level input voltage            |                 |  |     |      | 0.4 | V             |
| $I_{lkg}$             | Input leakage current              |                 | Input connected to GND or VIN                            |     | 0.01 | 1.5 | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| <b>OSCILLATOR</b>     |                                    |                 |  |     |      |     |               |
| $f_{SW}$              | Oscillator frequency               | TPS8269x        | $I_O = 0\text{ mA}$ , PWM mode. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 2.7 | 3    | 3.3 | MHz           |

## Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Minimum and maximum values are at  $V_{IN} = 2.3\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.85\text{ V}$ ,  $EN = 1.8\text{ V}$ , AUTO mode and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ; Circuit of Parameter Measurement Information section (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at  $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.85\text{ V}$ ,  $EN = 1.8\text{ V}$ , AUTO mode and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted).

| PARAMETER                 |                             | TEST CONDITIONS  | MIN  | TYP                   | MAX                   | UNIT                  |   |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| <b>OUTPUT</b>             |                             |  |  |                       |                       |                       |   |
| $V_{OUT}$                 | Regulated DC output voltage | TPS82693<br>TPS82697   | $3.15\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation   | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.03 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             |  | $3.25\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.03 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             |  | $3.15\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation   | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.04 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             |  | $3.25\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.04 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             |  | $3.15\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PWM operation       | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.02 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             |  | $3.25\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PWM operation     | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.02 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             | TPS826951  | $2.9\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation    | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.03 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             |  | $3.15\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.03 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             |  | $2.9\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation    | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.04 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             |  | $3.15\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.04 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             |  | $2.9\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PWM operation        | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.02 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           |                             |  | $3.15\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PWM operation     | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$ | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.02 \times V_{NOM}$ | V |
|                           | TPS82698                    | $3.3\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation    | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.03 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           |                             | $3.45\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.03 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           |                             | $3.3\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation    | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.04 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           |                             | $3.45\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.04 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           |                             | $3.3\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PWM operation        | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.02 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           |                             | $3.45\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PWM operation     | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.02 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           | TPS82692                    | $2.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation    | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.03 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           |                             | $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation  | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.03 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           |                             | $2.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation    | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.04 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           |                             | $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PFM/PWM operation  | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.04 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           |                             | $2.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 500\text{ mA}$<br>PWM operation        | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.02 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
|                           |                             | $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.8\text{ V}$ , $500\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 800\text{ mA}$<br>PWM operation      | $0.98 \times V_{NOM}$  | $V_{NOM}$             | $1.02 \times V_{NOM}$ | V                     |   |
| Line regulation           |                             | $V_{IN} = V_O + 0.5\text{ V}$ (min $3.15\text{ V}$ ) to $5.5\text{ V}$<br>$I_O = 200\text{ mA}$                  |  | 0.18                  |                       | %/V                   |   |
| Load regulation           |                             | $I_O = 0\text{ mA}$ to $800\text{ mA}$   |  | -0.0002               |                       | %/mA                  |   |
| Feedback input resistance | TPS8269x                    |  |  | 480                   |                       | k $\Omega$            |   |

## Electrical Characteristics (continued)

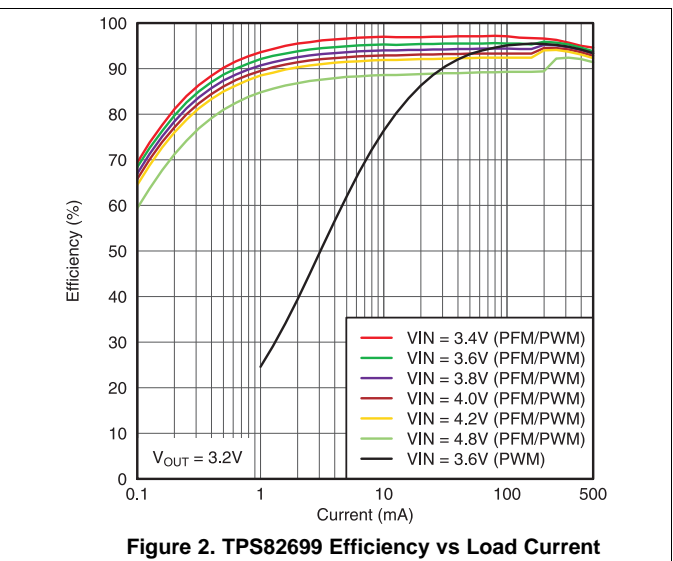
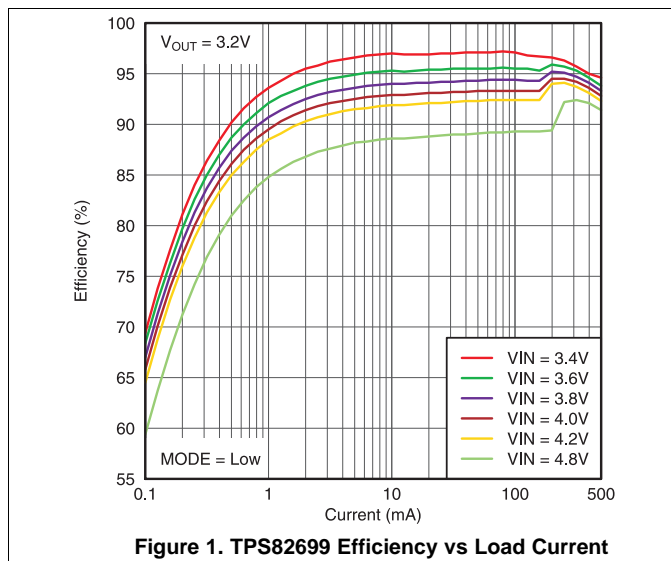
Minimum and maximum values are at  $V_{IN} = 2.3\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.85\text{ V}$ ,  $EN = 1.8\text{ V}$ , AUTO mode and  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ; Circuit of Parameter Measurement Information section (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at  $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.85\text{ V}$ ,  $EN = 1.8\text{ V}$ , AUTO mode and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted).

| PARAMETER    |  | TEST CONDITIONS                               | MIN   | TYP | MAX | UNIT     |                  |
|--------------|--|---|---|-----|-----|----------|------------------|
| $\Delta V_O$ | Power-save mode ripple voltage             | TPS82693<br>TPS826951<br>TPS82697             | $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$<br>$C_O = 4.7\mu\text{F X5R 6.3V 0402}$ |     | 30  |          | mV <sub>PP</sub> |
|              |  | TPS82698                                      | $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$<br>$C_O = 4.7\mu\text{F X5R 6.3V 0402}$ |     | 65  |          | mV <sub>PP</sub> |
|              |  |   | $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$<br>$C_O = 10\mu\text{F X5R 6.3V 0603}$  |     | 25  |          | mV <sub>PP</sub> |
|              |  | TPS82692                                      | $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$<br>$C_O = 10\mu\text{F X5R 6.3V 0603}$  |     | 22  |          | mV <sub>PP</sub> |
| $r_{DIS}$    | Discharge resistor for power-down sequence |   |   | 120 |     | $\Omega$ |                  |
|              | Start-up time                              | TPS82693<br>TPS826951<br>TPS82698<br>TPS82697 | $I_O = 0\text{ mA}$ , Time from active EN to $V_O$          |     | 200 |          | $\mu\text{s}$    |
|              |  | TPS82692                                      | $I_O = 0\text{ mA}$ , Time from active EN to $V_O$          |     | 160 |          | $\mu\text{s}$    |

## 7.6 Typical Characteristics

Table 1. Table Of Graphs

|        |                                    |   | FIGURE                                     |
|--------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| $\eta$ | Efficiency                         | vs Load current (TPS82699 $V_{OUT} = 3.2V$ )  | Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3               |
|        |                                    | vs Load current (TPS82693 $V_{OUT} = 2.85V$ ) | Figure 4, Figure 5, Figure 6               |
|        |                                    | vs Load current (TPS82697 $V_{OUT} = 2.8V$ )  | Figure 7, Figure 8                         |
|        |                                    | vs Load current (TPS826951 $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$ ) | Figure 9, Figure 10                        |
|        |                                    | vs Load current (TPS82698 $V_{OUT} = 3.0V$ )  | Figure 11, Figure 12                       |
|        |                                    | vs Input Voltage (TPS82699 $V_{OUT} = 3.2V$ ) | Figure 15                                  |
|        |                                    | vs Input Voltage (TPS82692 $V_{OUT} = 2.2V$ ) | Figure 41, Figure 42                       |
|        | Peak-to-peak output ripple voltage | vs Load current (TPS82699 $V_{OUT} = 3.2V$ )  | Figure 16, Figure 17                       |
| $V_O$  | DC output voltage                  | vs Load Current (TPS82699 $V_{OUT} = 3.2V$ )  | Figure 18                                  |
|        |                                    | vs Load Current (TPS82693 $V_{OUT} = 2.85V$ ) | Figure 19, Figure 20                       |
|        | Load transient response            | TPS82699 $V_{OUT} = 3.2V$                     | Figure 28, Figure 29, Figure 30            |
|        |                                    | TPS826951 $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$                    | Figure 31, Figure 32                       |
|        | AC load transient response         | TPS82699 $V_{OUT} = 3.2V$                     | Figure 33, Figure 34, Figure 35, Figure 36 |
|        |                                    | TPS826951 $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$                    | Figure 37, Figure 38, Figure 39, Figure 40 |
|        |                                    | TPS82698 $V_{OUT} = 3.0V$                     | Figure 41, Figure 42, Figure 43            |
|        | PFM/PWM boundaries                 | vs Input voltage (TPS82699 $V_{OUT} = 3.2V$ ) | Figure 21                                  |
| $I_Q$  | Quiescent current                  | vs Input voltage                              | Figure 22                                  |
| $f_s$  | PWM switching frequency            | vs Input voltage (TPS82699 $V_{OUT} = 3.2V$ ) | Figure 23                                  |
|        | Start-up                           | (TPS82699 $V_{OUT} = 3.2V$ )                  | Figure 24, Figure 25                       |
|        | Shut-Down                          |   | Figure 26                                  |



Typical Characteristics (continued)

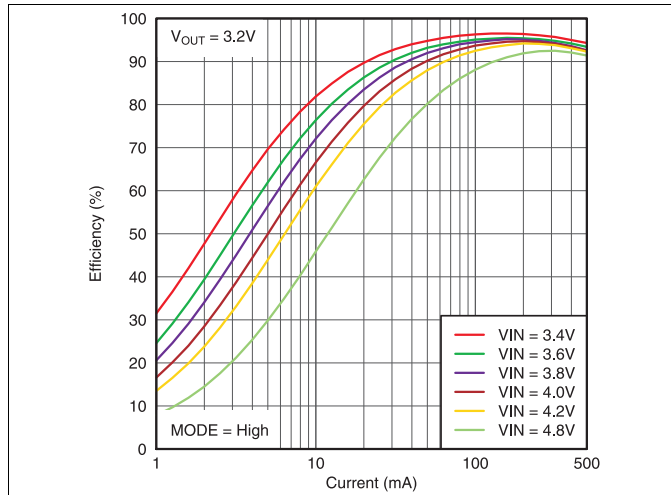


Figure 3. TPS82699 Efficiency vs Load Current

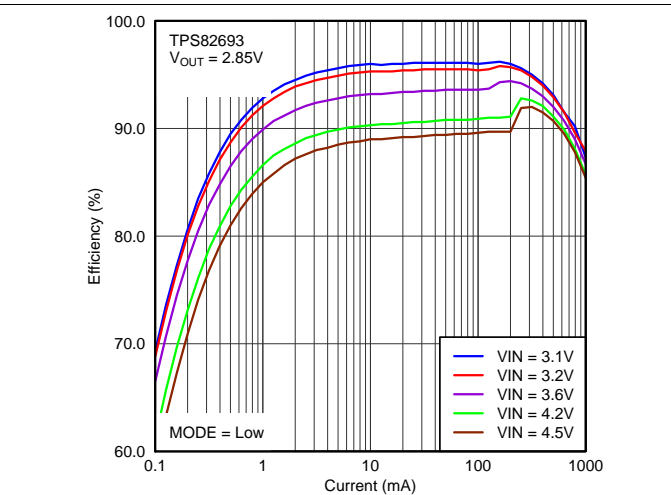


Figure 4. TPS82693 Efficiency vs Load Current

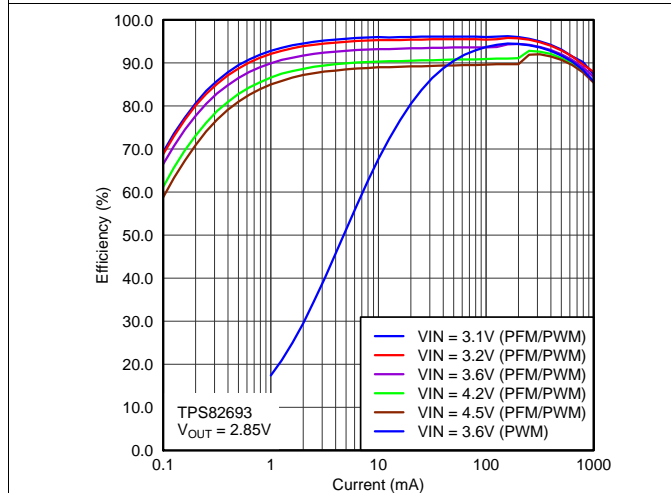


Figure 5. TPS82693 Efficiency vs Load Current

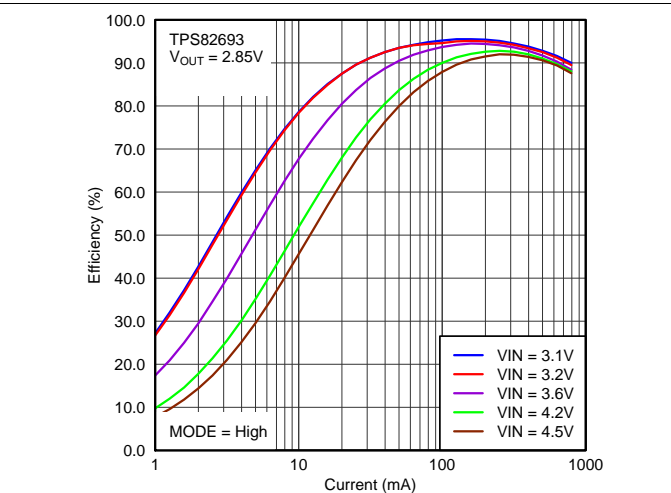


Figure 6. TPS82693 Efficiency vs Load Current

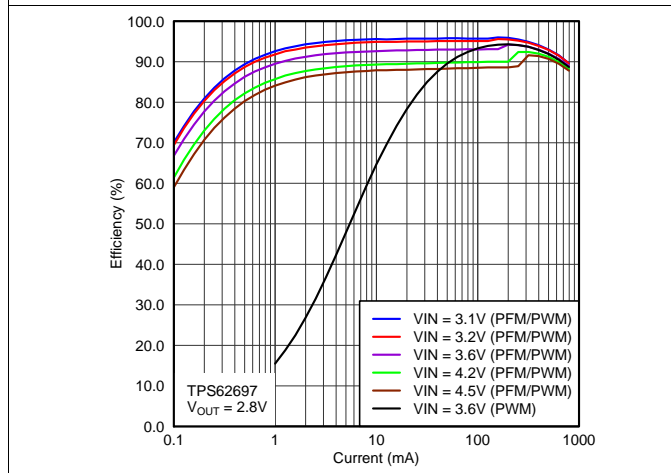


Figure 7. Efficiency vs Load Current Forced PWM Operation For Device TPS82697

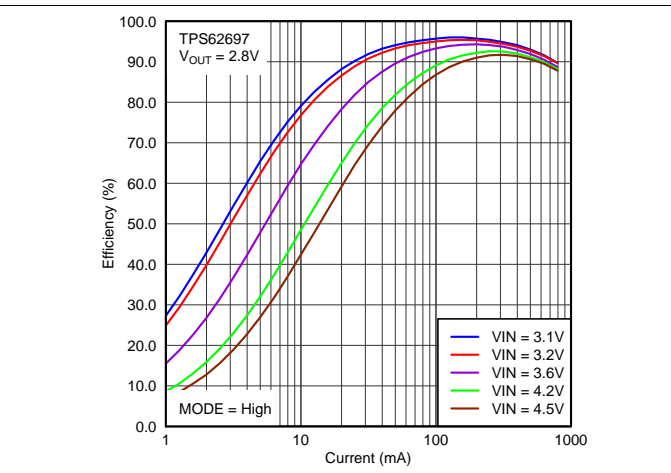


Figure 8. Efficiency vs Load Current Forced PWM Operation For Device TPS82697

Typical Characteristics (continued)

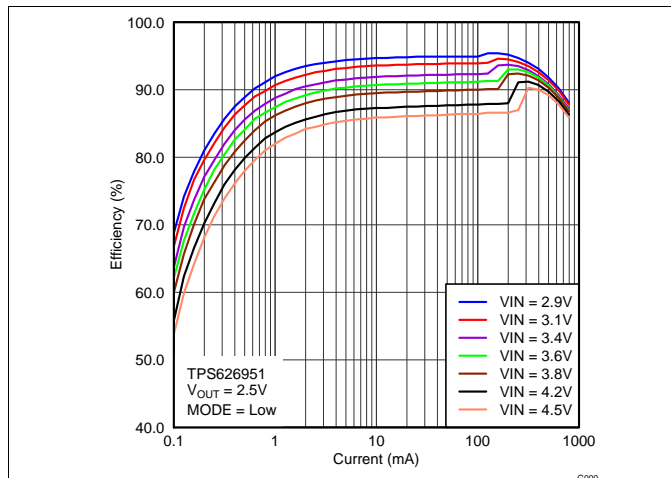


Figure 9. Efficiency vs Load Current PFM/PWM Operation For Device TPS826951

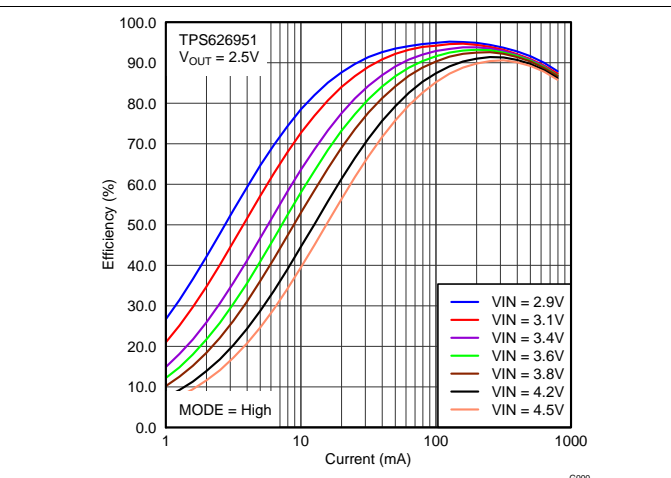


Figure 10. Efficiency vs Load Current Forced PWM Operation For Device TPS826951

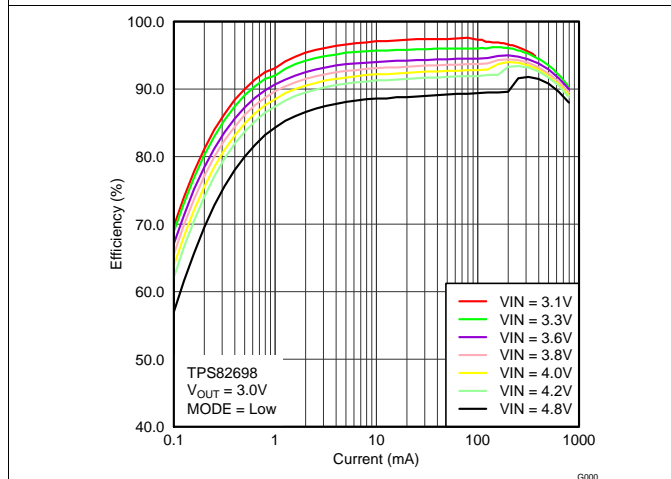


Figure 11. Efficiency vs Load Current PFM/PWM Operation For Device TPS82698

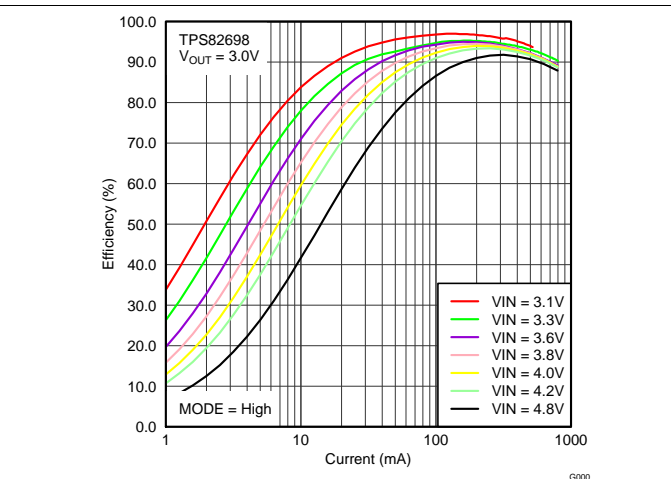


Figure 12. Efficiency vs Load Current Forced PWM Operation For Device TPS82698

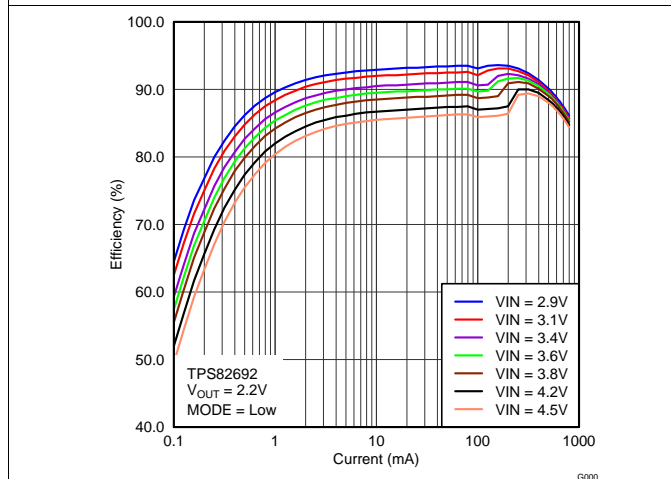


Figure 13. Efficiency vs Load Current PFM/PWM Operation For Device TPS82692

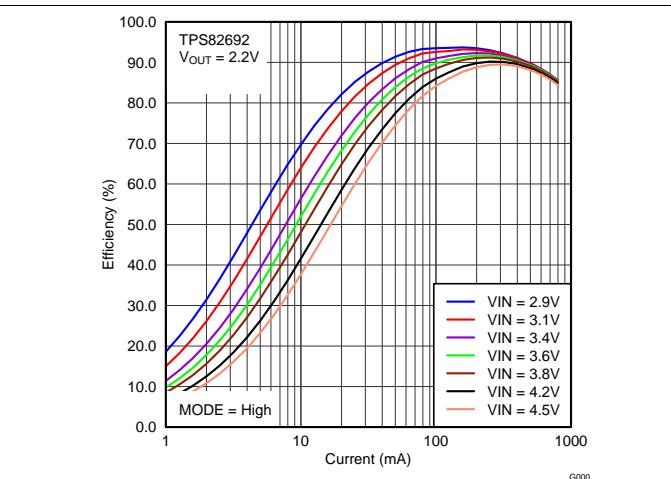
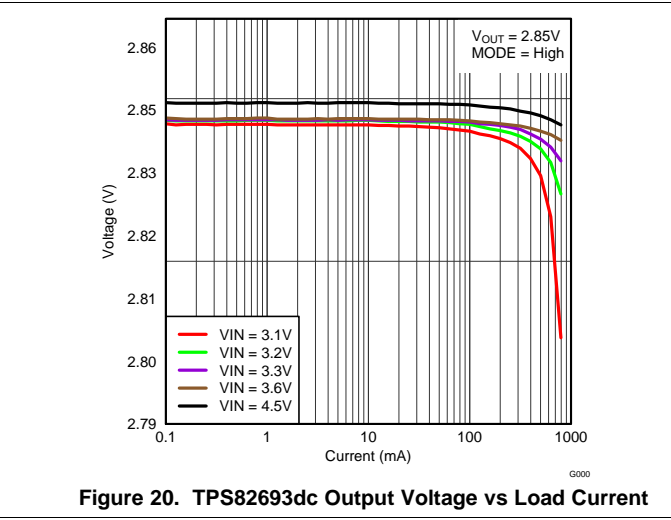
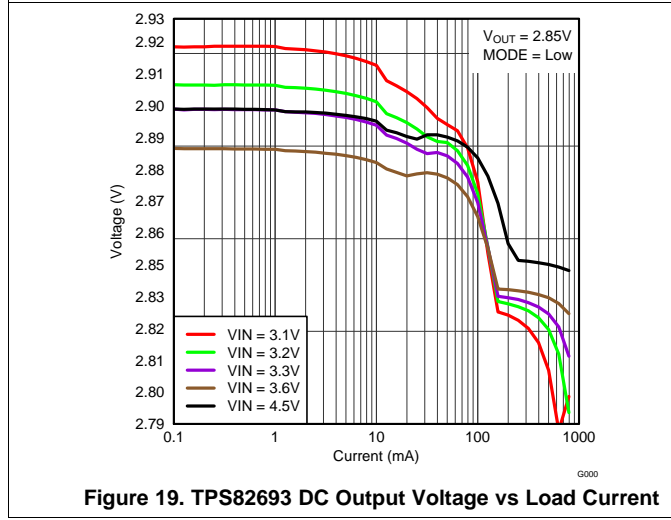
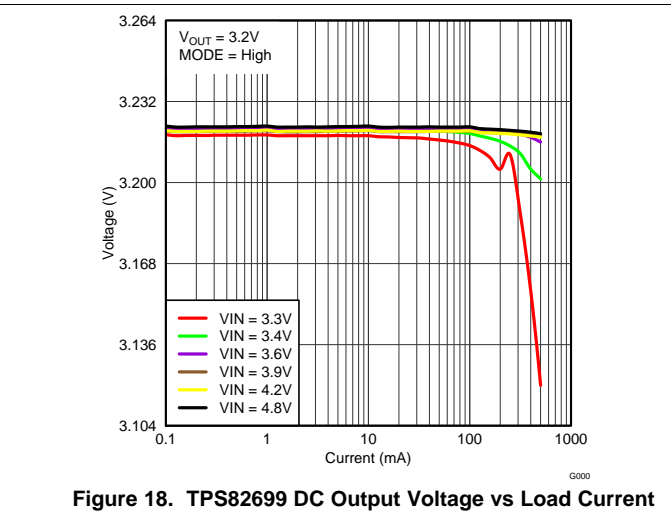
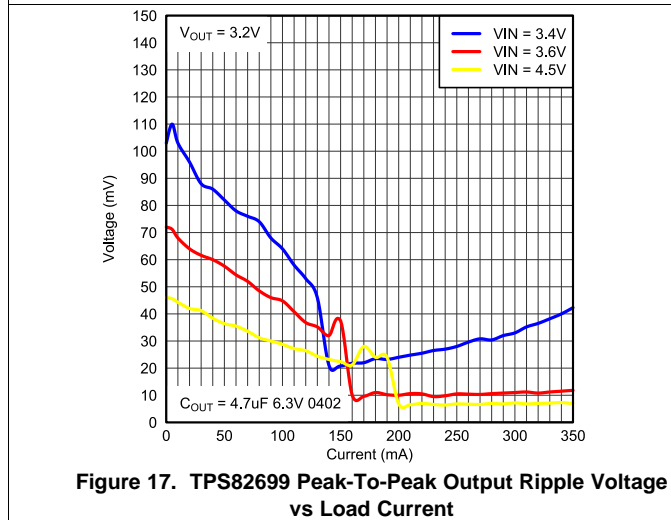
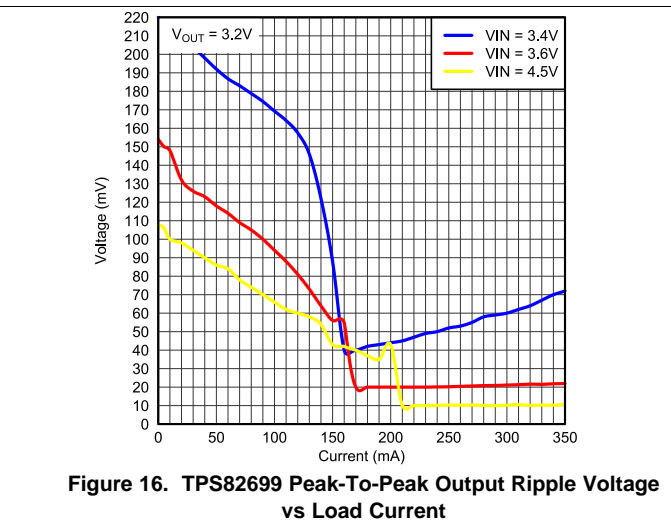
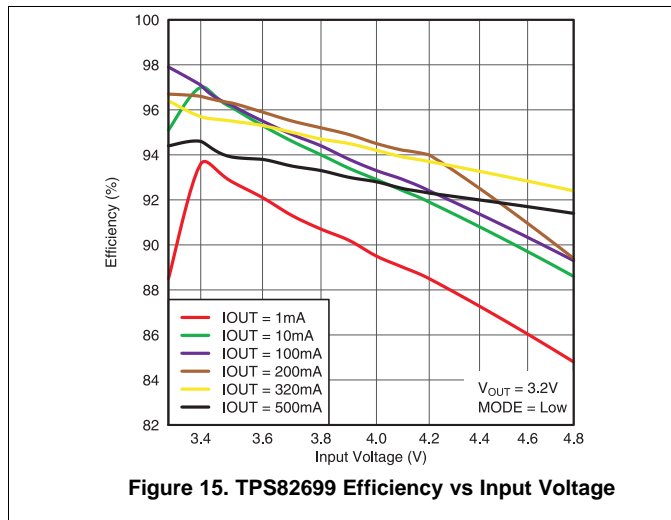


Figure 14. Efficiency vs Load Current PWM Operation For Device TPS82692

Typical Characteristics (continued)



Typical Characteristics (continued)

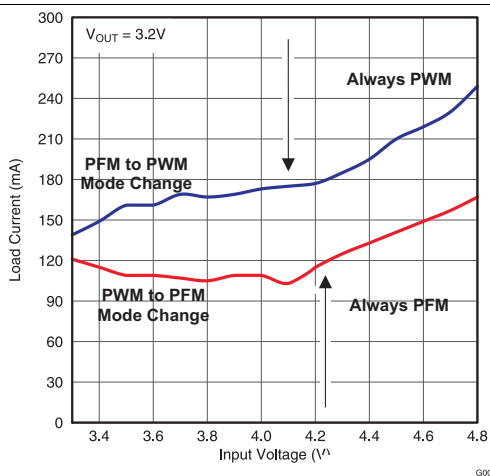


Figure 21. TPS82699 PFM/PWM Boundaries

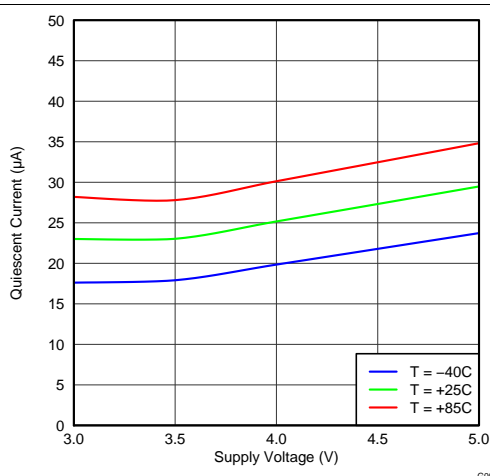


Figure 22. Quiescent Current vs Input Voltage

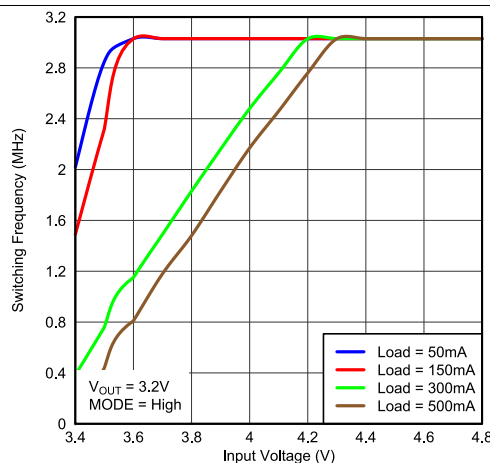


Figure 23. TPS82699 PWM Switching Frequency vs Input Voltage

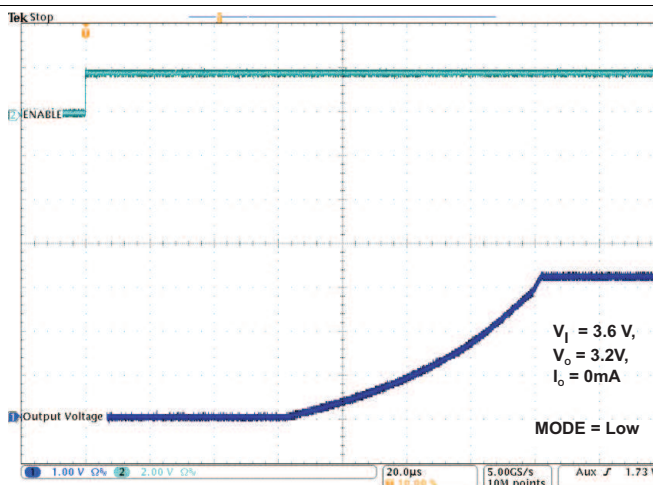


Figure 24. TPS82699 Start-Up

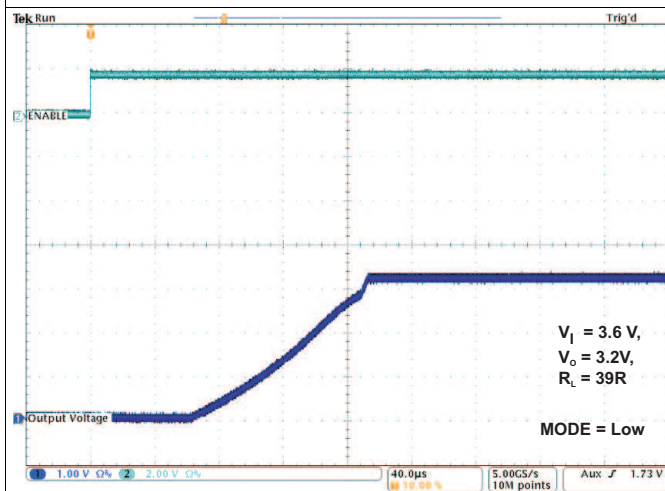


Figure 25. TPS82699 Start-Up

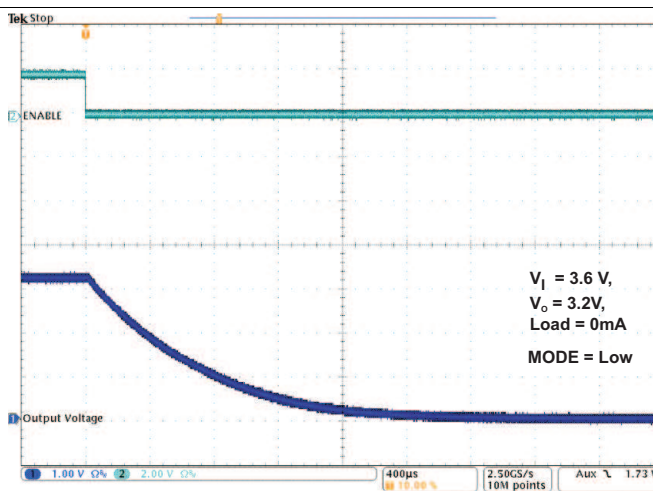


Figure 26. TPS82699 Shutdown

## 8 Parameter Measurement Information

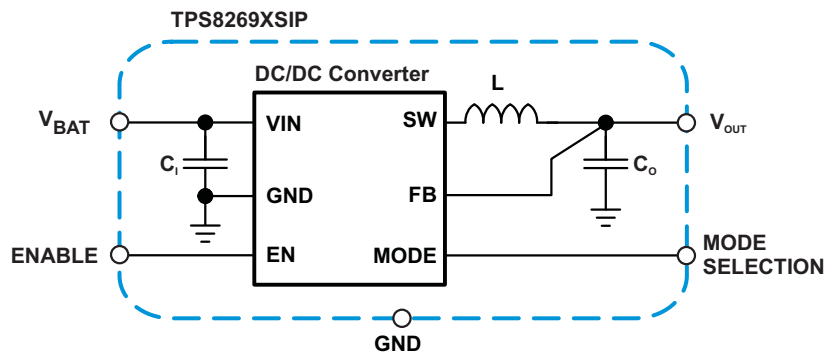


Figure 27. Circuit

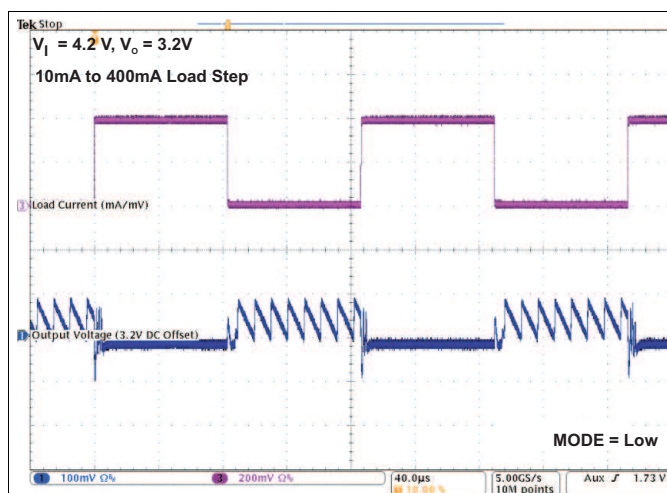


Figure 28. TPS8269 Load Transient Response In PFM/PWM Operation

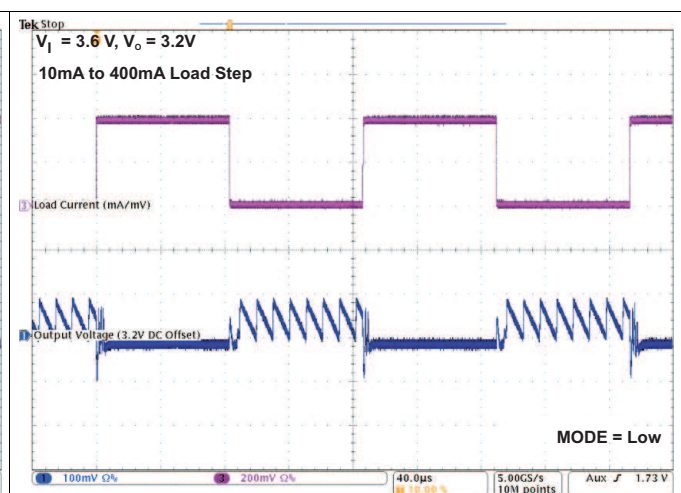


Figure 29. TPS82699 Load Transient Response In PFM/PWM Operation

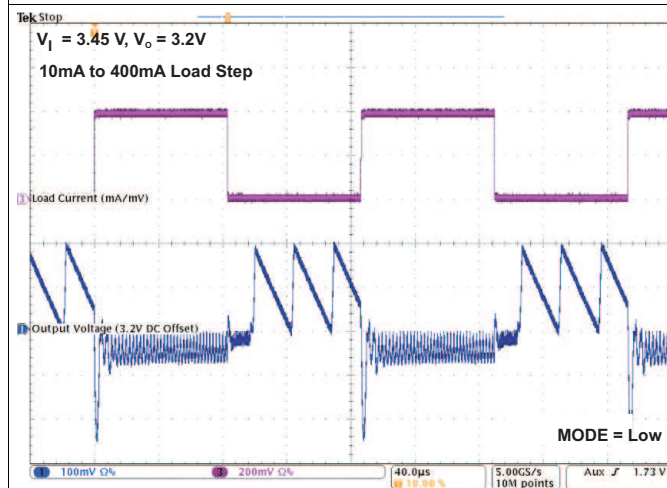


Figure 30. TPS82699 Load Transient Response In PFM/PWM Operation

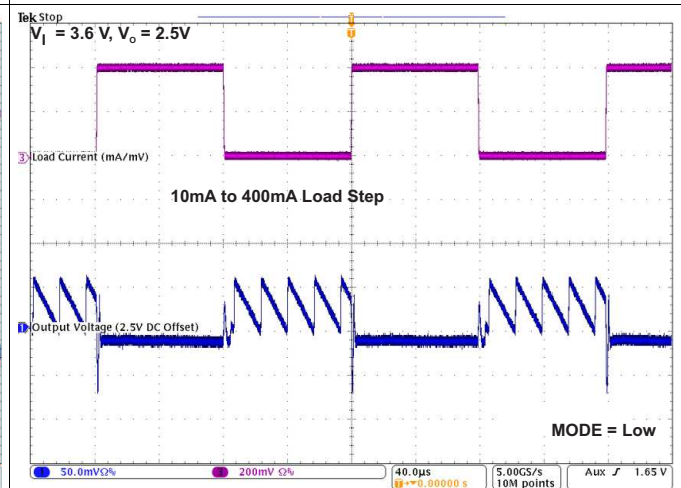


Figure 31. TPS826951 Load Transient Response In PFM/PWM Operation

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

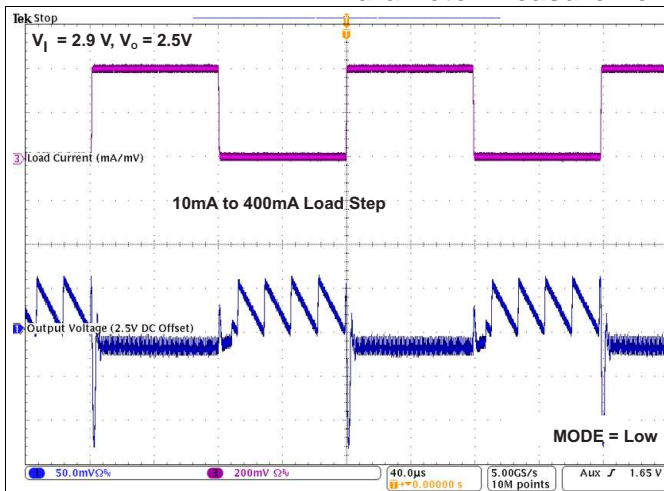


Figure 32. TPS826951 Load Transient Response In PFM/PWM Operation

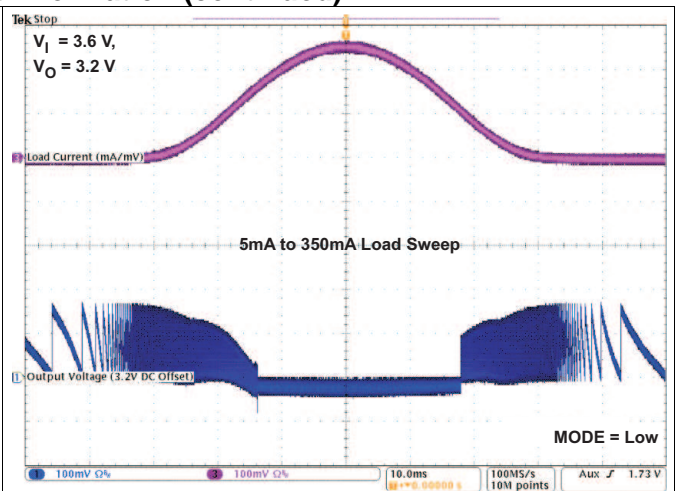


Figure 33. TPS82699 AC Load Transient Response

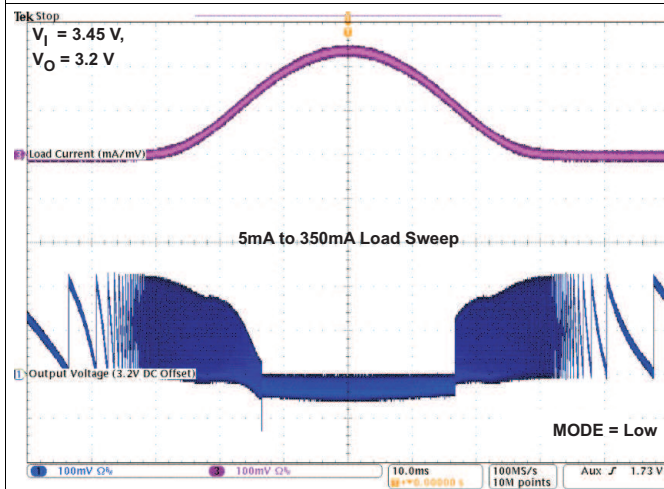


Figure 34. TPS82699 AC Load Transient Response

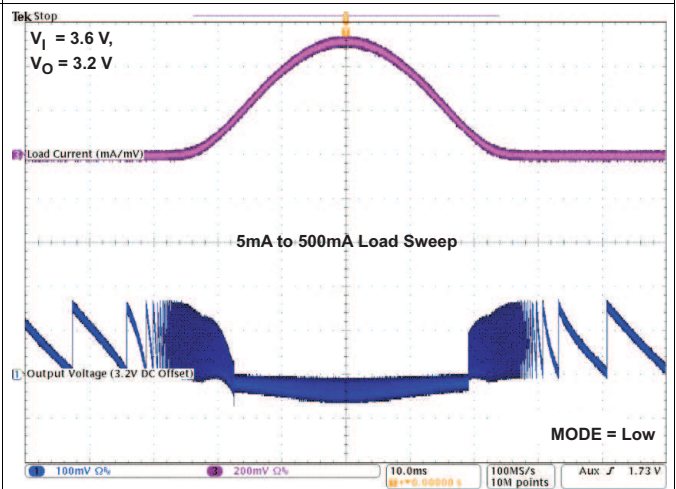


Figure 35. TPS82699 AC Load Transient Response

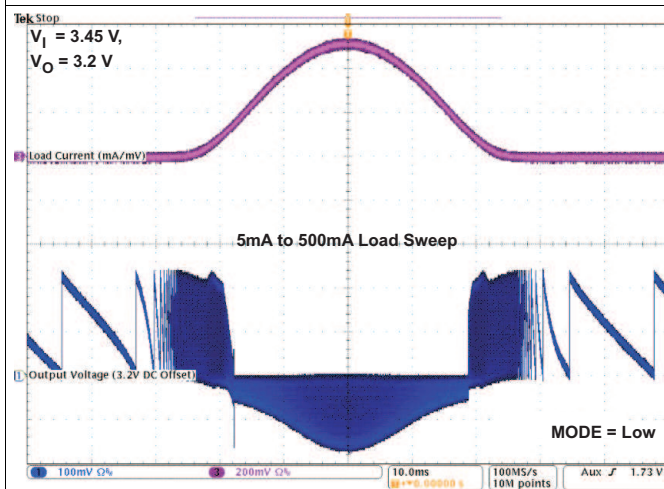


Figure 36. TPS82699 AC Load Transient Response

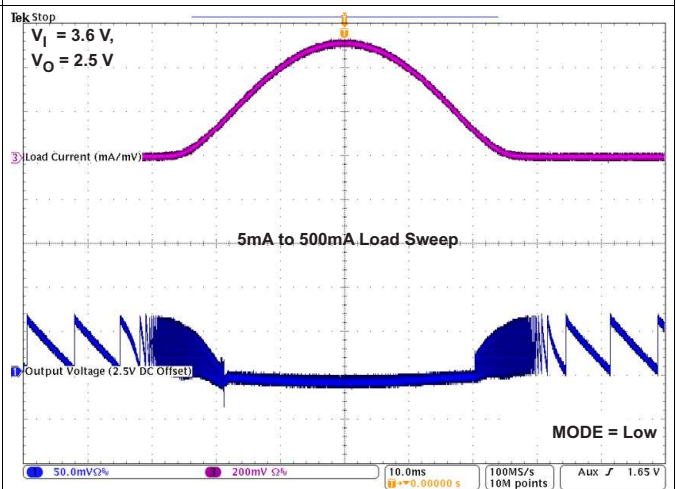
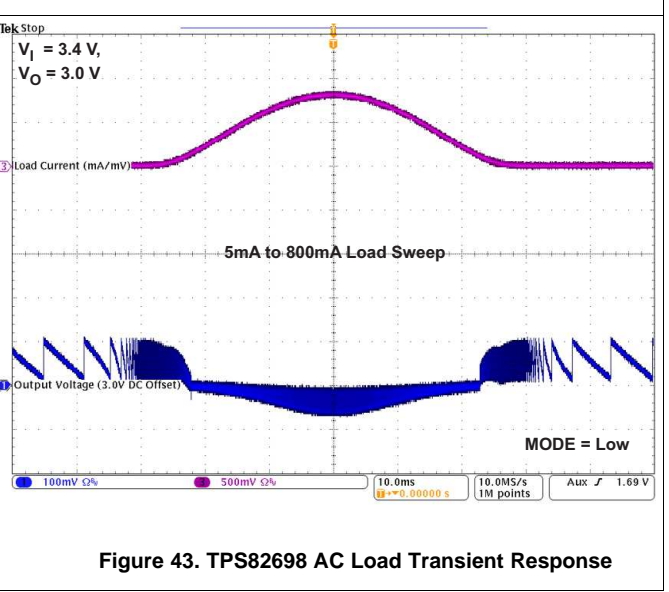
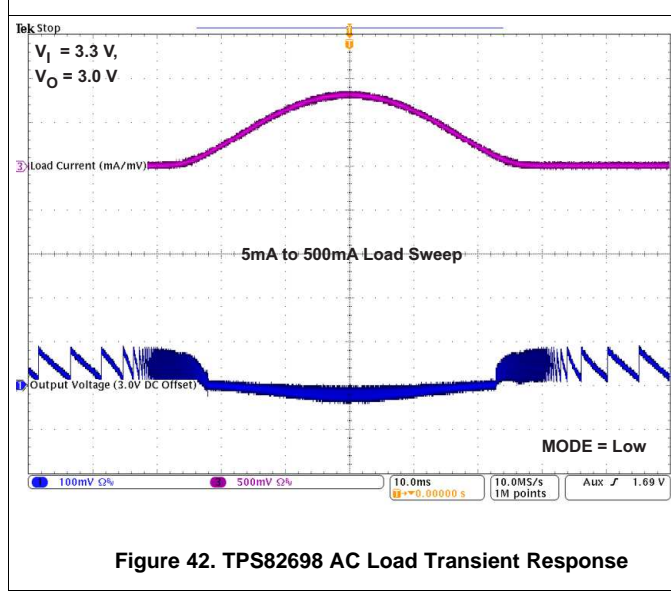
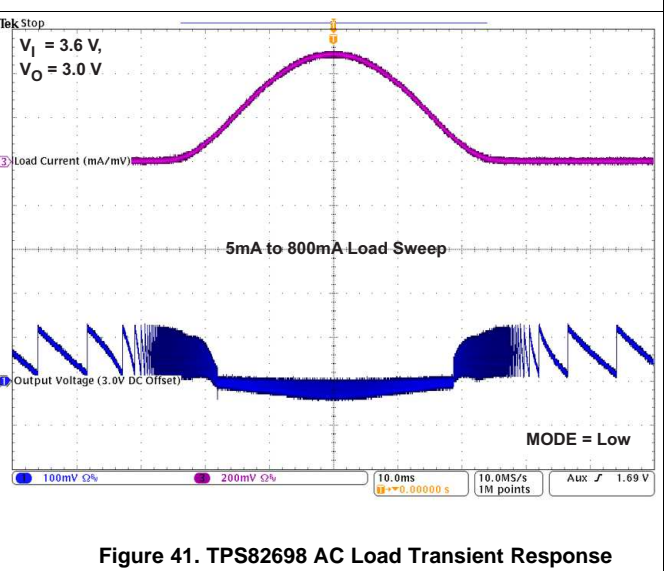
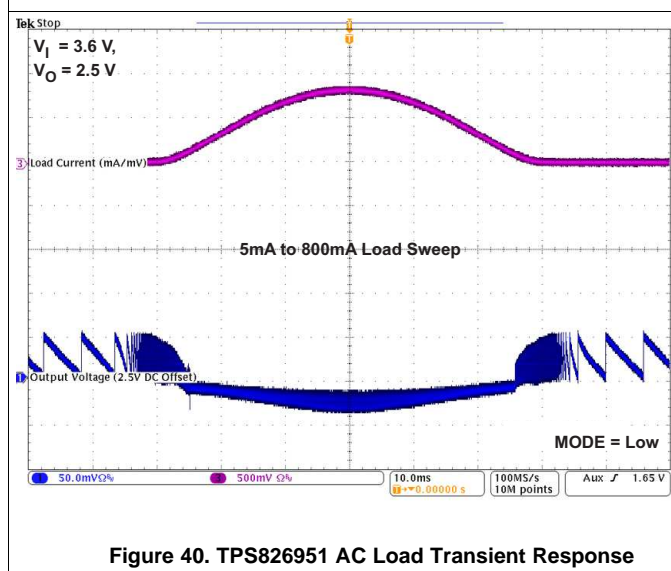
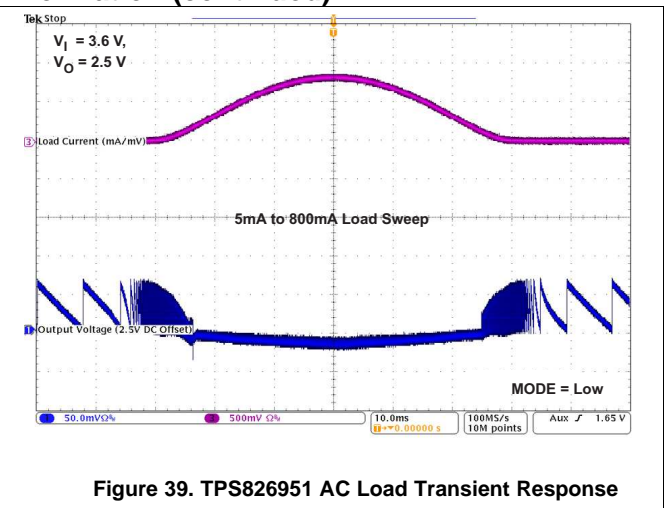
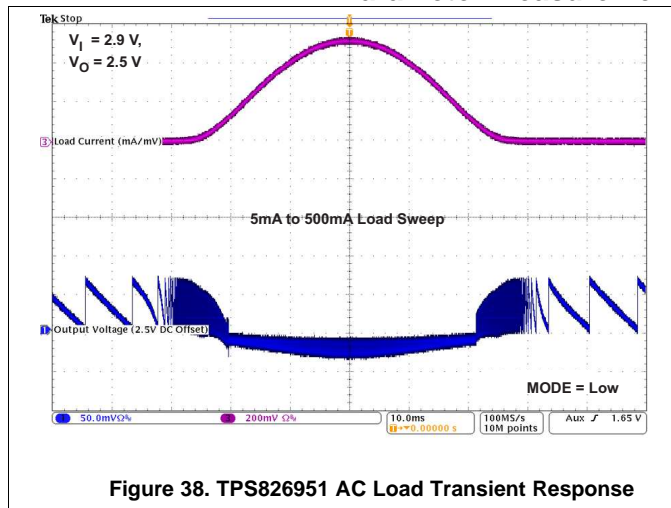


Figure 37. TPS826951 AC Load Transient Response

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)



## 9 Detailed Description

### 9.1 Overview

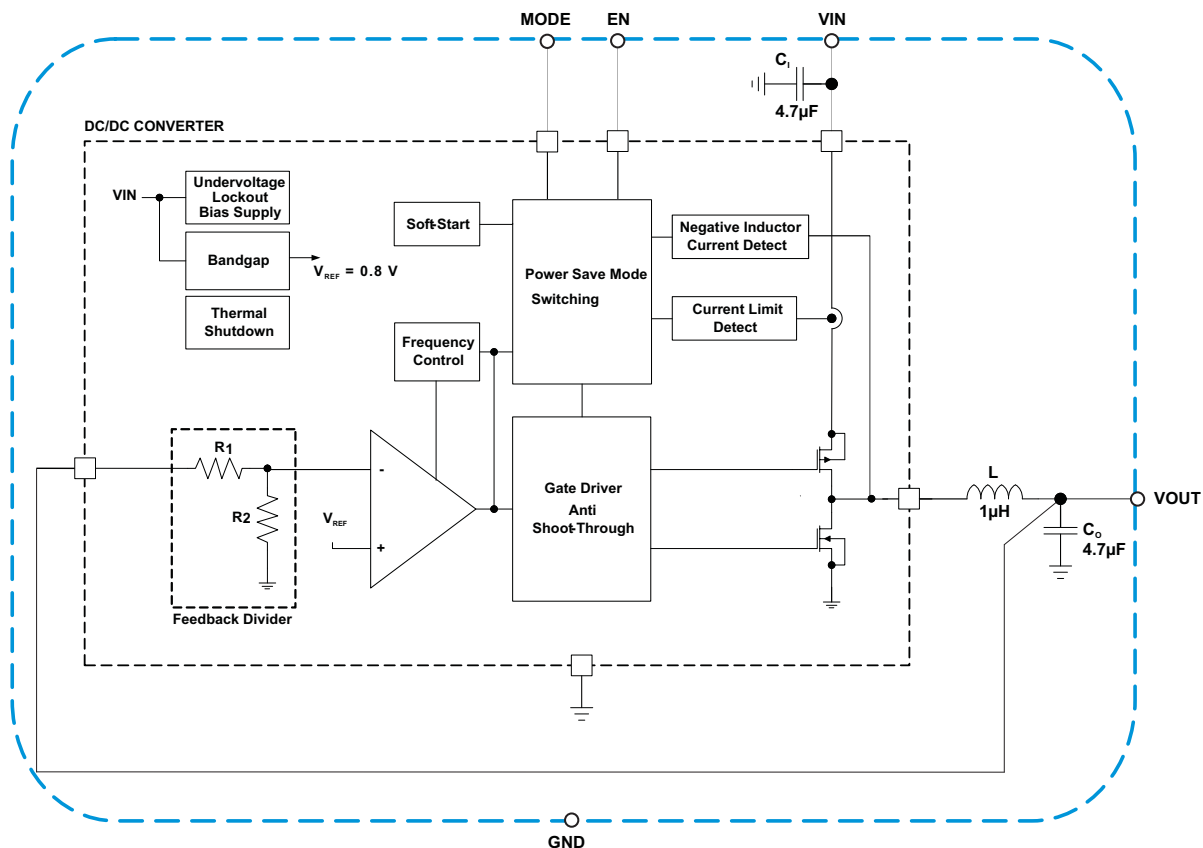
The TPS8269xSIP is a standalone synchronous step-down converter operating at a regulated 3-MHz frequency pulse width modulation (PWM) at moderate to heavy load currents (up to 500 mA / 800mA output current). At light load currents, the TPS8269xSIP's converter operates in power-save mode with pulse frequency modulation (PFM).

The converter uses a unique frequency locked ring oscillating modulator to achieve *best-in-class* load and line response. One key advantage of the non-linear architecture is that there is no traditional feedback loop. The loop response to change in  $V_O$  is essentially instantaneous, which explains the transient response. Although this type of operation normally results in a switching frequency that varies with input voltage and load current, an internal frequency lock loop (FLL) holds the switching frequency constant over a large range of operating conditions.

Combined with *best in class* load and line transient response characteristics, the low quiescent current of the device (ca. 23 $\mu$ A) allows to maintain high efficiency at light load, while preserving fast transient response for applications requiring tight output regulation.

The TPS8269xSIP integrates an input current limit to protect the device against heavy load or short circuits and features an undervoltage lockout circuit to prevent the device from misoperation at low input voltages.

### 9.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 9.3 Feature Description

#### 9.3.1 Power-Save Mode

If the load current decreases, the converter will enter power save mode operation automatically. During power-save mode the converter operates in discontinuous current (DCM) with a minimum of one pulse, which produces low output ripple compared with other PFM architectures.

## Feature Description (continued)

When in power-save mode, the converter resumes its operation when the output voltage trips below the nominal voltage. It ramps up the output voltage with a minimum of one pulse and goes into power-save mode when the output voltage is within its regulation limits again.

PFM mode is left and PWM operation is entered as the output current can no longer be supported in PFM mode. As a consequence, the DC output voltage is typically positioned ca. 1.5% above the nominal output voltage and the transition between PFM and PWM is seamless.

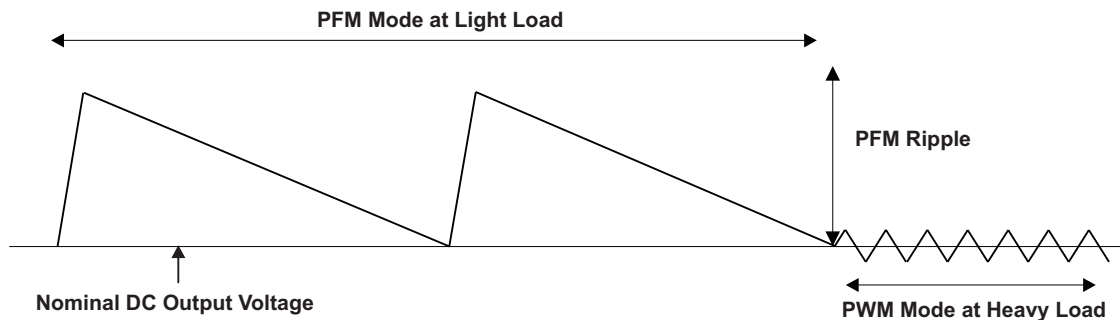


Figure 44. Operation In PFM Mode And Transfer To PWM Mode

### 9.3.2 Mode Selection

The MODE terminal allows to select the operating mode of the device. Connecting this terminal to GND enables the automatic PWM and power-save mode operation. The converter operates in regulated frequency PWM mode at moderate to heavy loads and in the PFM mode during light loads, which maintains high efficiency over a wide load current range.

Pulling the MODE terminal high forces the converter to operate in the PWM mode even at light load currents. The advantage is that the converter operates with a fixed frequency that allows simple filtering of the switching frequency for noise-sensitive applications. In this mode, the efficiency is lower compared to the power-save mode during light loads.

For additional flexibility, it is possible to switch from power-save mode to PWM mode during operation. This allows efficient power management by adjusting the operation of the converter to the specific system requirements.

### 9.3.3 Soft Start

The TPS8269xSIP has an internal soft-start circuit that limits the inrush current during start-up. This limits input voltage drops when a battery or a high-impedance power source is connected to the input of the MicroSIP™ converter.

The soft-start system progressively increases the switching on-time from a minimum pulse-width of 35ns as a function of the output voltage. This mode of operation continues for approximately 100μs after enable. Should the output voltage not have reached its target value by that time, such as in the case of heavy load, the soft-start transitions to a second mode of operation.

If the output voltage has raised above 0.5V (approximately), the converter increases the input current limit thereby enabling the power supply to come-up properly. The start-up time mainly depends on the capacitance present at the output node and load current.

## 9.4 Device Functional Modes

### 9.4.1 Low Dropout, 100% Duty Cycle Operation

The device starts to enter 100% duty cycle mode once input and output voltage come close together. In order to maintain the output voltage, the DC/DC converter's high-side MOSFET is turned on 100% for one or more cycles.

## Device Functional Modes (continued)

With further decreasing  $V_{IN}$  the high-side switch is constantly turned on, thereby providing a low input-to-output voltage difference. This is particularly useful in battery-powered applications to achieve longest operation time by taking full advantage of the whole battery voltage range.

### 9.4.2 Enable

The TPS8269xSIP device starts operation when EN is set high and starts up with the soft start as previously described. For proper operation, the EN terminal must be terminated and must not be left floating.

Pulling the EN terminal low forces the device into shutdown. In this mode, all internal circuits are turned off and  $V_{IN}$  current reduces to the device leakage current, typically a few hundred nano amps.

The TPS8269xSIP device can actively discharge the output capacitor when it turns off (See [Device Comparison](#) table). The integrated discharge resistor has a typical resistance of 100  $\Omega$ . The required time to ramp-down the output voltage depends on the load current and the capacitance present at the output node.

## 10 Application and Implementation

### 10.1 Application Information

The TPS8269X devices are complete power supplies, optimized for and working within the given specification range without additional components or design steps. Further improvements can be achieved as described below.

### 10.2 Typical Application

#### 10.2.1 Input Capacitor Selection

Because of the pulsating input current nature of the buck converter, a low ESR input capacitor is required to prevent large voltage transients that can cause misbehavior of the device or interference in other circuits in the system.

For most applications, the input capacitor that is integrated into the TPS8269x should be sufficient. If the application exhibits a noisy or erratic switching frequency, experiment with additional input ceramic capacitance to find a remedy.

The TPS8269x uses a tiny ceramic input capacitor. When a ceramic capacitor is combined with trace or cable inductance, such as from a wall adapter, a load step at the output can induce ringing at the VIN terminal. This ringing can couple to the output and be mistaken as loop instability or can even damage the part. In this circumstance, additional "bulk" capacitance, such as electrolytic or tantalum, should be placed between the input of the converter and the power source lead to reduce ringing that can occur between the inductance of the power source leads and  $C_1$ .

#### 10.2.2 Output Capacitor Selection

The advanced, fast-response, voltage mode, control scheme of the TPS8269x allows the use of a tiny ceramic output capacitor ( $C_O$ ). For most applications, the output capacitor integrated in the TPS8269x is sufficient.

At nominal load current, the device operates in PWM mode; the overall output voltage ripple is the sum of the voltage step that is caused by the output capacitor ESL and the ripple current that flows through the output capacitor impedance. At light loads, the output capacitor limits the output ripple voltage and provides holdup during large load transitions.

The TPS8269x is designed as a Point-Of-Load (POL) regulator, to operate stand-alone without requiring any additional capacitance. Adding a 4.7 $\mu$ F ceramic output capacitor (X7R or X5R dielectric) generally works from a converter stability point of view, helps to minimize the output ripple voltage in PFM mode and improves the converter's transient response under when input and output voltage are close together.

For best operation (i.e. optimum efficiency over the entire load current range, proper PFM/PWM auto transition), the TPS8269xSIP requires a minimum output ripple voltage in PFM mode. The typical output voltage ripple is ca. 1% of the nominal output voltage  $V_O$ . The PFM pulses are time controlled resulting in a PFM output voltage ripple and PFM frequency that depends (first order) on the capacitance seen at the MicroSiP™ DC/DC converter's output.

In applications requiring additional output bypass capacitors located close to the load, care should be taken to ensure proper operation. If the converter exhibits marginal stability or erratic switching frequency, experiment with additional low value series resistance (e.g. 50 to 100m $\Omega$ ) in the output path to find a remedy.

Because the damping factor in the output path is directly related to several resistive parameters (e.g. inductor DCR, power-stage  $r_{DS(on)}$ , PWB DC resistance, load switches  $r_{DS(on)}$  ...) that are temperature dependant, the converter small and large signal behavior must be checked over the input voltage range, load current range and temperature range.

The easiest sanity test is to evaluate, directly at the converter's output, the following aspects:

- PFM/PWM efficiency
- PFM/PWM and forced PWM load transient response

During the recovery time from a load transient, the output voltage can be monitored for settling time, overshoot or ringing that helps judge the converter's stability. Without any ringing, the loop has usually more than 45° of phase margin.

## 11 Power Supply Recommendations

The TPS8269X MicroSIP™ devices are fully featured point of load power supplies. Use information given in [Application Information](#) to connect input and output circuitry appropriately. Even if electrical characteristics are based on measurements up to  $V_{IN}=5.5V$ , it is not recommended to operate at higher voltages than 4.8V permanently.

## 12 Layout

### 12.1 Layout Guidelines

In making the pad size for the SiP LGA balls, it is recommended that the layout use non-solder-mask defined (NSMD) land. With this method, the solder mask opening is made larger than the desired land area, and the opening size is defined by the copper pad width. Figure 45 shows the appropriate diameters for a MicroSiP™ layout.

### 12.2 Layout Example

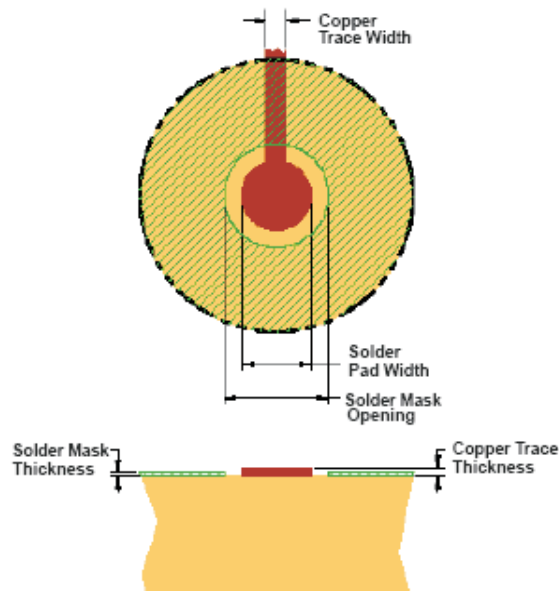


Figure 45. Recommended Land Pattern Image And Dimensions

| SOLDER PAD DEFINITIONS <sup>(1)(2)(3)(4)</sup> | COPPER PAD | SOLDER MASK <sup>(5)</sup> OPENING | COPPER THICKNESS  | STENCIL <sup>(6)</sup> OPENING | STENCIL THICKNESS |
|--|------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Non-solder-mask defined (NSMD)                 | 0.30mm     | 0.360mm                            | 1oz max (0.032mm) | 0.34mm diameter                | 0.1mm thick       |

- (1) Circuit traces from non-solder-mask defined PWB lands should be 75µm to 100µm wide in the exposed area inside the solder mask opening. Wider trace widths reduce device stand off and affect reliability.
- (2) Best reliability results are achieved when the PWB laminate glass transition temperature is above the operating the range of the intended application.
- (3) Recommend solder paste is Type 3 or Type 4.
- (4) For a PWB using a Ni/Au surface finish, the gold thickness should be less than 0.5µm to avoid a reduction in thermal fatigue performance.
- (5) Solder mask thickness should be less than 20 µm on top of the copper circuit pattern.
- (6) For best solder stencil performance use laser cut stencils with electro polishing. Chemically etched stencils give inferior solder paste volume control.

### 12.3 Surface Mount Information

The TPS8269x MicroSiP DC/DC converter uses an open frame construction that is designed for a fully automated assembly process and that features a large surface area for pick and place operations. See the "Pick Area" in the package drawings.

Package height and weight have been kept to a minimum thereby allowing the MicroSiP device to be handled similarly to a 0805 component.

See JEDEC/IPC standard J-STD-20b for reflow recommendations.

## 12.4 Thermal And Reliability Information

The TPS8269x output current may need to be de-rated if it is required to operate in a high ambient temperature or deliver a large amount of continuous power. The amount of current de-rating is dependent upon the input voltage, output power and environmental thermal conditions. Care should especially be taken in applications where the localized PWB temperature exceeds 65°C.

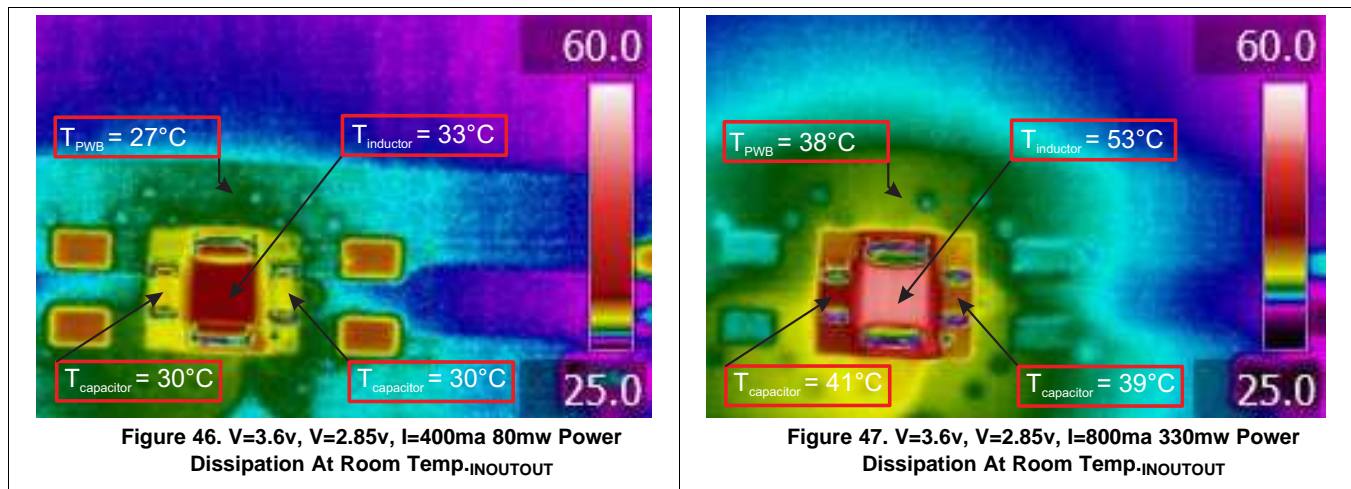
The TPS8269x die and inductor temperature should be kept lower than the maximum rating of 125°C, so care should be taken in the circuit layout to ensure good heat sinking. Sufficient cooling should be provided to ensure reliable operation.

Three basic approaches for enhancing thermal performance are listed below:

- Improve the power dissipation capability of the PCB design.
- Improve the thermal coupling of the component to the PCB.
- Introduce airflow into the system.

To estimate the junction temperature, approximate the power dissipation within the TPS8269x by applying the typical efficiency stated in this datasheet to the desired output power; or, by taking a power measurement if you have an actual TPS8269x device or a TPS8269x evaluation module. Then calculate the internal temperature rise of the TPS8269x above the surface of the printed circuit board by multiplying the TPS8269x power dissipation by the thermal resistance.

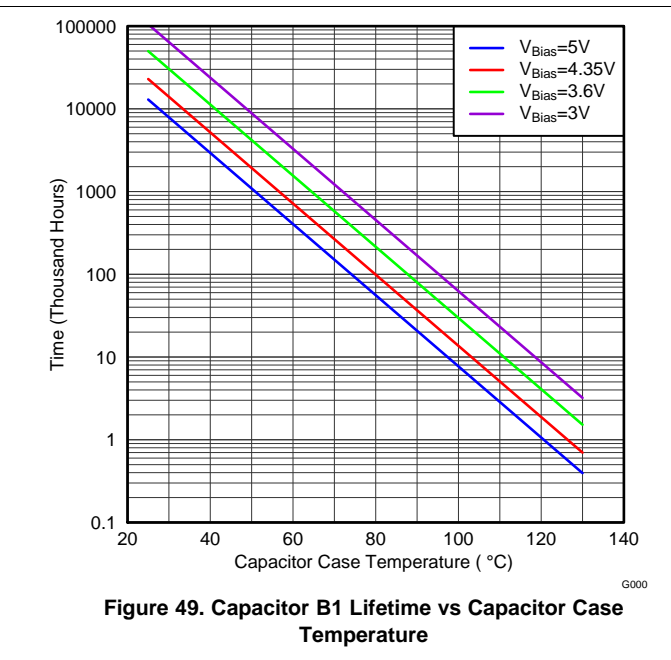
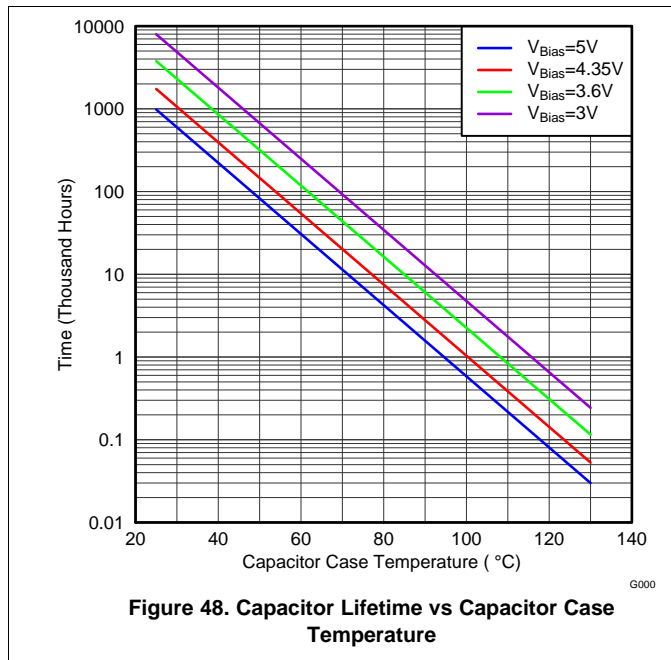
The thermal resistance numbers listed in the Thermal Information table are based on modeling the MicroSIP™ package mounted on a high-K test board specified per JEDEC standard. For increased accuracy and fidelity to the actual application, it is recommended to run a thermal image analysis of the actual system. [Figure 46](#) and [Figure 47](#) are thermal images of TI's evaluation board with readings of the temperatures at specific locations on the device.



The TPS8269x is equipped with a thermal shutdown that will inhibit power switching at high junction temperatures. The activation threshold of this function, however, is above 125°C to avoid interfering with normal operation. Thus, it follows that prolonged or repetitive operation under a condition in which the thermal shutdown activates necessarily means that the components internal to the MicroSIP package are subjected to high temperatures for prolonged or repetitive intervals, which may damage or impair the reliability of the device.

MLCC capacitor reliability/lifetime is depending on temperature and applied voltage conditions. At higher temperatures, MLCC capacitors are subject to stronger stress. On the basis of frequently evaluated failure rates determined at standardized test conditions, the reliability of all MLCC capacitors can be calculated for their actual operating temperature and voltage.

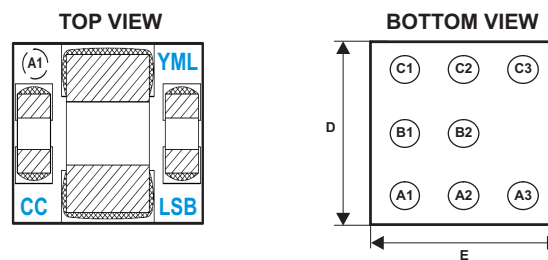
## Thermal And Reliability Information (continued)



Failures caused by systematic degradation can be described by the Arrhenius model. The most critical parameter (IR) is the Insulation Resistance (i.e. leakage current). The drop of IR below a lower limit (e.g., 1 MΩ) is used as the failure criterion, see Figure 48. Figure 49 (B1 life) defines the capacitor lifetime based on a failure rate reaching 1%. Note that the wear-out mechanisms occurring in the MLCC capacitors are not reversible but cumulative over time.

## 12.5 Package Summary

### SIP Package



Code:

- CC — Customer Code (device/voltage specific)
- YML — Y: Year, M: Month, L: Lot trace code
- LSB — L: Lot trace code, S: Site code, B: Board locator

## 12.6 MicroSIP™

### DC/DC Module Package Dimensioning

The TPS8269x device is available in an 8-bump ball grid array (BGA) package. The package dimensions are:

- D = 2,30 ±0,05 mm
- E = 2,90 ±0,05 mm

## 13 Device and Documentation Support

### 13.1 Documentation Support

#### 13.1.1 Related Documentation

See [ONET-10G-EVM](#)

### 13.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

**Table 2. Related Links**

| PARTS     | PRODUCT FOLDER             | SAMPLE & BUY               | TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS        | TOOLS & SOFTWARE           | SUPPORT & COMMUNITY        |
|-----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| TPS82692  | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> |
| TPS82693  | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> |
| TPS826951 | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> |
| TPS82697  | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> |
| TPS82698  | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> | <a href="#">Click here</a> |

### 13.3 Trademarks

MicroSIP is a trademark of Texas Instruments.  
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 13.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### 13.5 Glossary

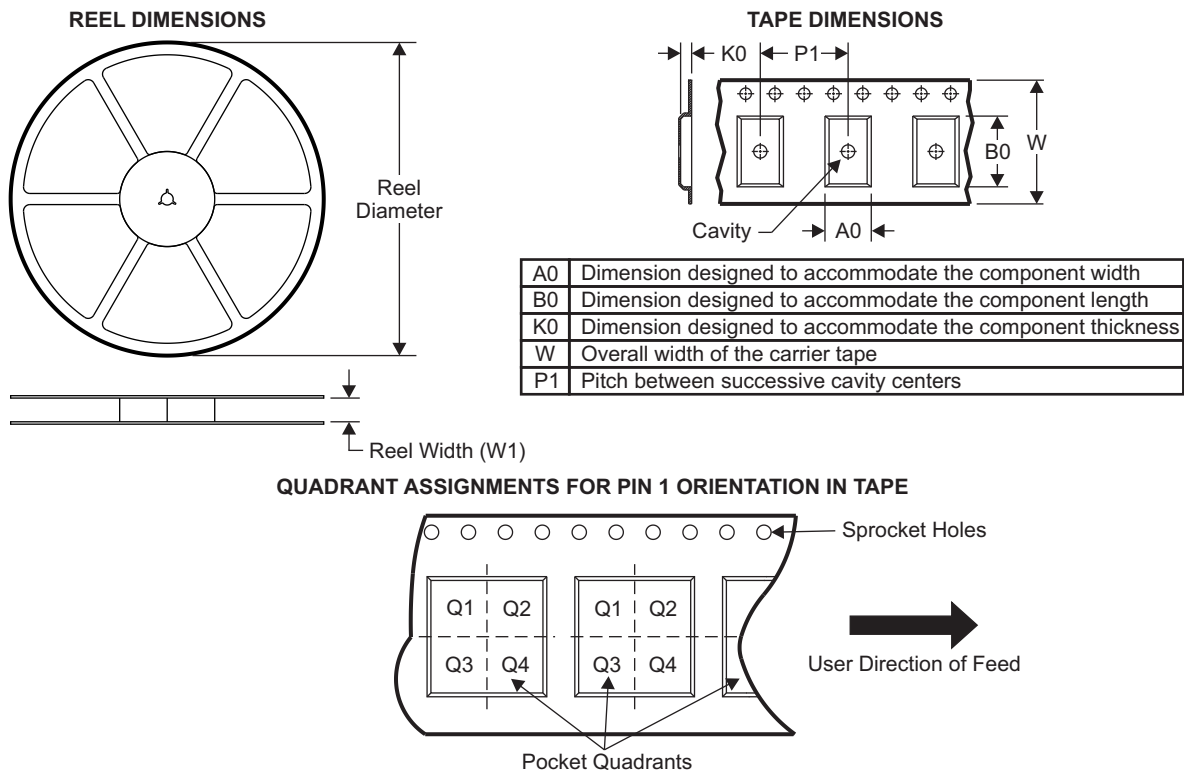
[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

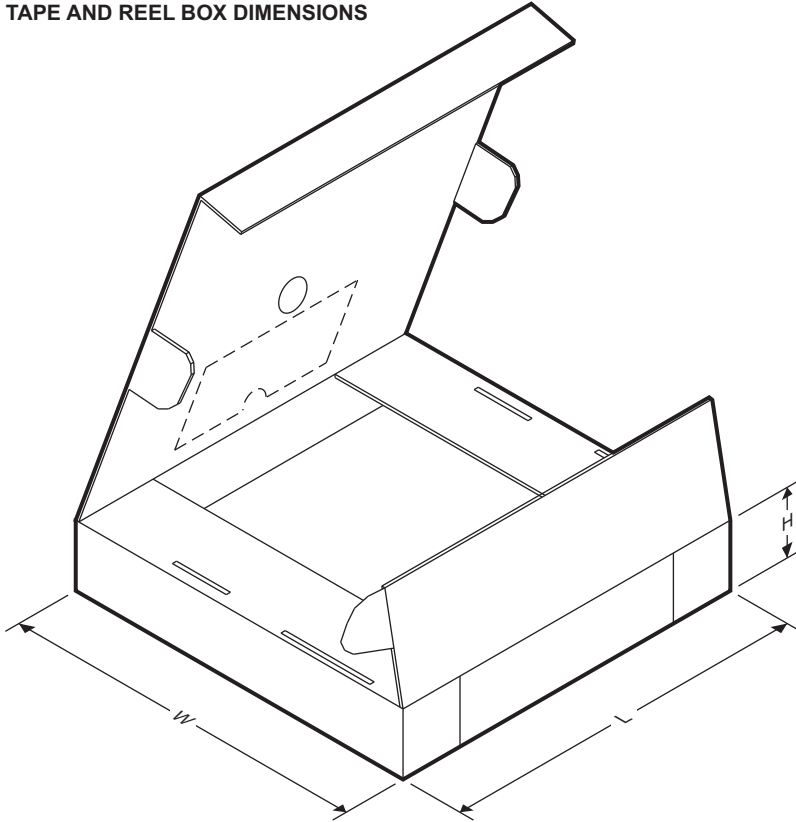
The following pages include mechanical packaging and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

### 14.1 Tape and Reel Information



| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TPS82692SIPR  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 178.0              | 9.0                | 2.45    | 3.05    | 1.1     | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q2            |
| TPS82692SIPT  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 178.0              | 9.0                | 2.45    | 3.05    | 1.1     | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q2            |
| TPS82693SIPR  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 178.0              | 9.0                | 2.45    | 3.05    | 1.1     | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q2            |
| TPS82693SIPT  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 178.0              | 9.0                | 2.45    | 3.05    | 1.1     | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q2            |
| TPS826951SIPR | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 178.0              | 9.0                | 2.45    | 3.05    | 1.1     | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q2            |
| TPS826951SIPT | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 178.0              | 9.0                | 2.45    | 3.05    | 1.1     | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q2            |
| TPS82697SIPR  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 178.0              | 9.0                | 2.45    | 3.05    | 1.1     | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q2            |
| TPS82697SIPT  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 178.0              | 9.0                | 2.45    | 3.05    | 1.1     | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q2            |
| TPS82698SIPR  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 178.0              | 9.0                | 2.45    | 3.05    | 1.1     | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q2            |
| TPS82698SIPT  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 178.0              | 9.0                | 2.45    | 3.05    | 1.1     | 4.0     | 8.0    | Q2            |

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**



| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TPS82692SIPR  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 223         | 194        | 35          |
| TPS82692SIPT  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 223         | 194        | 35          |
| TPS82693SIPR  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 223         | 194        | 35          |
| TPS82693SIPT  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 223         | 194        | 35          |
| TPS826951SIPR | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 223         | 194        | 35          |
| TPS826951SIPT | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 223         | 194        | 35          |
| TPS82697SIPR  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 223         | 194        | 35          |
| TPS82697SIPT  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 223         | 194        | 35          |
| TPS82698SIPR  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 223         | 194        | 35          |
| TPS82698SIPT  | uSIP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 223         | 194        | 35          |

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status<br>(1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2)         | Lead/Ball Finish<br>(6) | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples                 |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| TPS82692SIPR     | ACTIVE        | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000        | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SnAgCu                  | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | E9<br>TXI692            | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS82692SIPT     | ACTIVE        | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250         | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SnAgCu                  | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | E9<br>TXI692            | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS82693SIPR     | ACTIVE        | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000        | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SnAgCu                  | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | W3<br>TXI693            | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS82693SIPT     | ACTIVE        | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250         | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SnAgCu                  | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | W3<br>TXI693            | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS826951SIPR    | ACTIVE        | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000        | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SnAgCu                  | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | DO<br>TXI695            | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS826951SIPT    | ACTIVE        | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250         | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SnAgCu                  | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | DO<br>TXI695            | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS82697SIPR     | ACTIVE        | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000        | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SnAgCu                  | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | C2<br>TXI697            | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS82697SIPT     | ACTIVE        | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250         | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SnAgCu                  | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | C2<br>TXI697            | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS82698SIPR     | ACTIVE        | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000        | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SnAgCu                  | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | WN<br>TXI698            | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TPS82698SIPT     | ACTIVE        | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250         | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | SnAgCu                  | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | WN<br>TXI698            | <a href="#">Samples</a> |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:**The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TPS82692SIPR  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 180.0              | 8.4                | 1.04    | 1.41    | 0.21    | 2.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |
| TPS82692SIPT  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 180.0              | 8.4                | 1.04    | 1.41    | 0.21    | 2.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |
| TPS82693SIPR  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 180.0              | 8.4                | 1.04    | 1.41    | 0.21    | 2.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |
| TPS82693SIPT  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 180.0              | 8.4                | 1.04    | 1.41    | 0.21    | 2.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |
| TPS826951SIPR | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 180.0              | 8.4                | 1.04    | 1.41    | 0.21    | 2.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |
| TPS826951SIPT | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 180.0              | 8.4                | 1.04    | 1.41    | 0.21    | 2.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |
| TPS82697SIPR  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 180.0              | 8.4                | 1.04    | 1.41    | 0.21    | 2.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |
| TPS82697SIPT  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 180.0              | 8.4                | 1.04    | 1.41    | 0.21    | 2.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |
| TPS82698SIPR  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 180.0              | 8.4                | 1.04    | 1.41    | 0.21    | 2.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |
| TPS82698SIPT  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 180.0              | 8.4                | 1.04    | 1.41    | 0.21    | 2.0     | 8.0    | Q1            |

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**

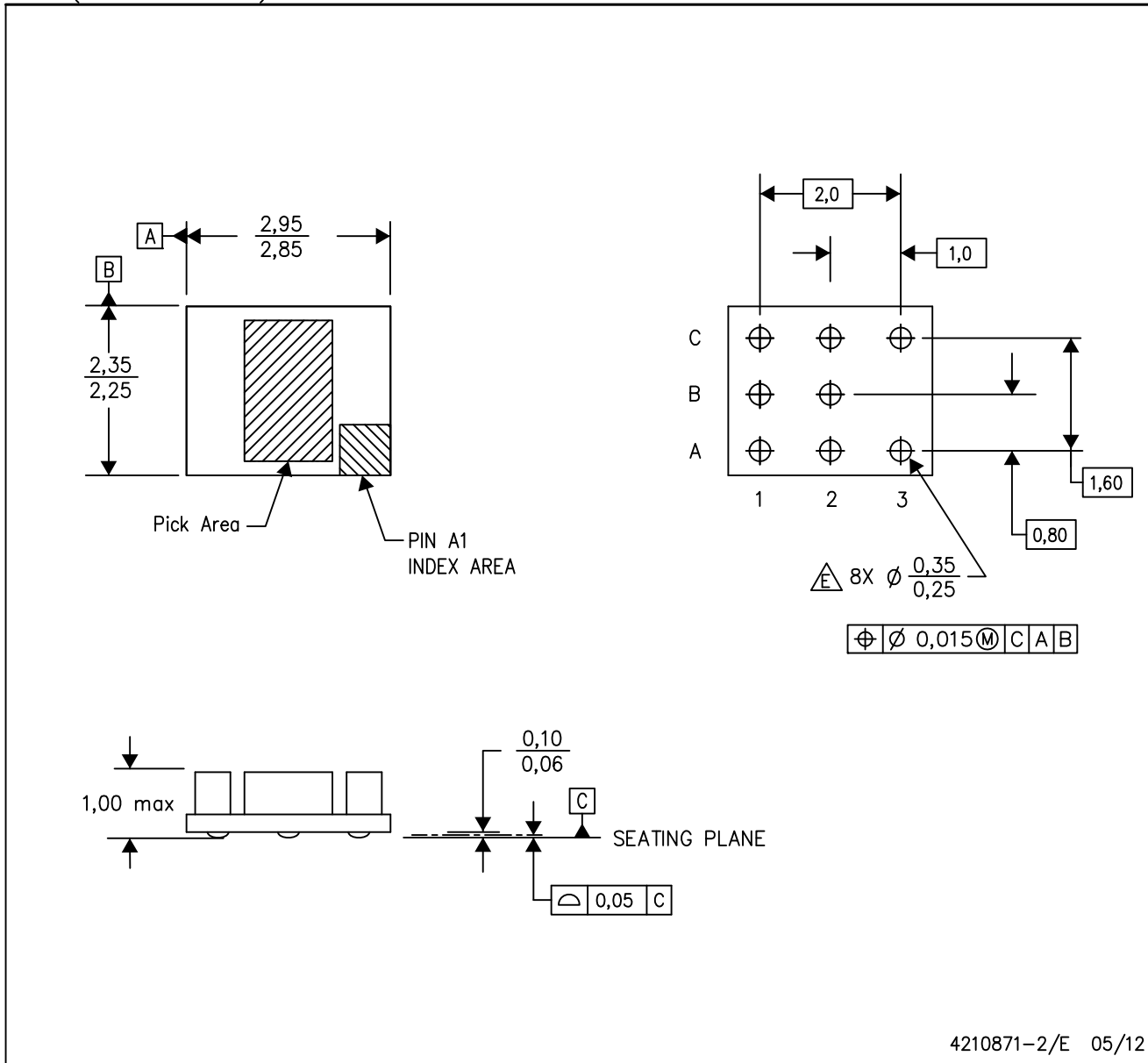

\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TPS82692SIPR  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 182.0       | 182.0      | 20.0        |
| TPS82692SIPT  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 182.0       | 182.0      | 20.0        |
| TPS82693SIPR  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |
| TPS82693SIPT  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |
| TPS826951SIPR | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 182.0       | 182.0      | 20.0        |
| TPS826951SIPT | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 182.0       | 182.0      | 20.0        |
| TPS82697SIPR  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |
| TPS82697SIPT  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |
| TPS82698SIPR  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 3000 | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |
| TPS82698SIPT  | uSiP         | SIP             | 8    | 250  | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |

TPS62670SiP, TPS62690SiP, TPS82671SiP, TPS82675SiP

SIP (R-uSiP-N8)

MicroSiP™



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. MicroSiP™ package configuration - Micro System in Package.
  - D. Reference Product Data Sheet for array population.  
3 x 3 matrix pattern is shown for illustration only.
  - E. This package contains Pb-free balls.

MicroSiP is a trademark of Texas Instruments

## IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, or other requirements. These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale ([www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html](http://www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html)) or other applicable terms available either on [ti.com](http://ti.com) or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265  
Copyright © 2019, Texas Instruments Incorporated

## Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

Click below to explore more details on WIN SOURCE:

 [View TPS82698SIPR](#) on WIN SOURCE

 [Texas Instruments](#) Information

## Optimize Your Supply Chain with WIN SOURCE Solutions

-  Global Sourcing Solution
-  Obsolete Management
-  Cost Control Management
-  Shortage Management
-  Alternative Solution
-  Excess Inventory Management