



THE DATASHEET OF SN75176ADR



SN75176A Differential Bus Transceiver

1 Features

- Bidirectional Transceiver
- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI Standards EIA/TIA-422-B and ITU Recommendations V.11
- Designed for Multipoint Transmission on Long Bus Lines in Noisy Environments
- 3-State Driver and Receiver Outputs
- Individual Driver and Receiver Enables
- Wide Positive and Negative Input/Output Bus Voltage Ranges
- Driver Output Capability ± 60 mA Max
- Thermal-Shutdown Protection
- Driver Positive-Current Limiting and Negative-Current Limiting
- Receiver Input Impedance 12 k Ω Min
- Receiver Input Sensitivity ± 200 mV
- Receiver Input Hysteresis 50 mV Typ
- Operates From Single 5-V Supply
- Lower Power Requirements

2 Applications

- Low Speed RS485 communication (5 Mbps or less)
- For 10 Mbps, use SN75176B

3 Description

The SN75176A differential bus transceiver is a monolithic integrated circuit designed for bidirectional data communication on multipoint bus-transmission lines. It is designed for balanced transmission lines and meets ANSI Standard EIA/TIA-422-B and ITU Recommendation V.11.

The SN75176A combines a 3-state differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, that can be externally connected together to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs are connected internally to form differential input/output (I/O) bus ports that are designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or $V_{CC} = 0$. These ports feature wide positive and negative common-mode voltage ranges making the device suitable for party-line applications.

The driver is designed to handle loads up to 60 mA of sink or source current. The driver features positive- and negative-current limiting and thermal shutdown for protection from line fault conditions. Thermal shutdown is designed to occur at a junction temperature of approximately 150°C. The receiver features a minimum input impedance of 12 k Ω , an input sensitivity of ± 200 mV, and a typical input hysteresis of 50 mV.

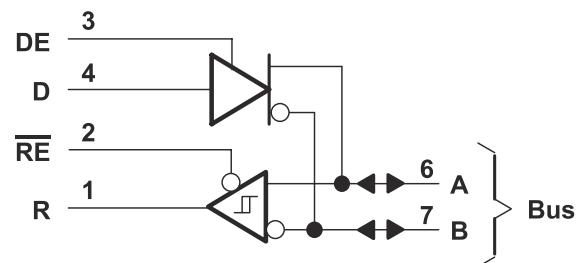
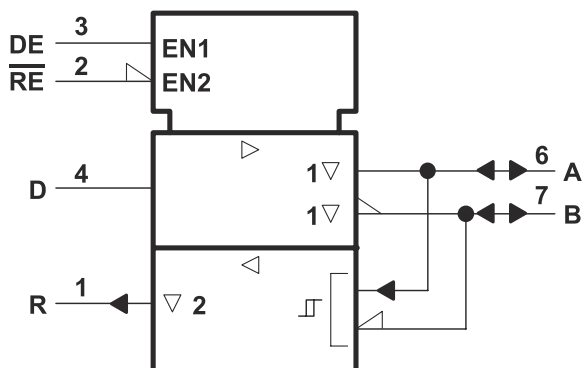
The SN75176A can be used in transmission-line applications employing the SN75172 and SN75174 quadruple differential line drivers and SN75173 and SN75175 quadruple differential line receivers.

The SN75176A is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE (PIN)	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN75176A	SOIC (8)	4.90 mm × 3.91 mm
	PDIP (8)	9.81 mm × 6.35 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.



Simplified Schematics

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4 Revision History

Changes from Revision B (January 2015) to Revision C (October 2022)	Page
• Deleted the <i>ESD Ratings</i> table.....	4
• Changed the <i>Thermal Information</i> table.....	4
Changes from Revision A (May 1995) to Revision B (January 2015)	Page
• Added <i>Applications, Device Information</i> table, <i>Pin Functions</i> table, <i>ESD Ratings</i> table, <i>Thermal Information</i> table, <i>Typical Characteristics, Feature Description</i> section, <i>Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation</i> section, <i>Power Supply Recommendations</i> section, <i>Layout</i> section, <i>Device and Documentation Support</i> section, and <i>Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</i> section.....	1
• Deleted <i>Ordering Information</i> table.....	1

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

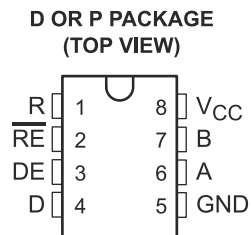


Table 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
R	1	O	Logic Data Output from RS-485 Receiver
$\overline{\text{RE}}$	2	I	Receive Enable (active low)
DE	3	I	Driver Enable (active high)
D	4	I	Logic Data Input to RS-485 Driver
GND	5	—	Device Ground Pin
A	6	I/O	RS-422 or RS-485 Data Line
B	7	I/O	RS-422 or RS-485 Data Line
V _{CC}	8	—	Power Input. Connect to 5-V Power Source.

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage ⁽²⁾		7	V
	Voltage range at any bus terminal	-10	15	V
V _I	Enable input voltage		5.5	V
	Continuous Total power Dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table		
T _A	Operating free-air temperature range	0	70	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under [Section 6.2](#). Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values, except differential input/output bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.

6.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	4.75	5	5.25	V
V _I or V _{IC}	Voltage at any buss terminal (separately or common mode)	-7		12	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	D, DE, and \overline{RE}	2		V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	D, DE, and \overline{RE}		0.8	V
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage ⁽¹⁾			±12	V
I _{OH}	High-level output current	Driver		-60	mA
		Receiver		-400	μA
I _{OL}	Low-level output current	Driver		60	mA
		Receiver		8	
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	0		70	°C

- (1) Differential-input/output bus voltage is measured at the non-inverting terminal A with respect to the inverting terminal B.

6.3 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		D	P	UNIT
		8 PINS	8 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	116.7	66.5	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	56.3	55.6	
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	63.4	42.9	
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	8.8	23.9	
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	62.6	42.5	
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

6.4 Dissipation Rating Table

PACKAGE	T _A ≤ 25°C	DERATING FACTOR	T _A = 70°C
	POWER RATING	ABOVE T _A = 25°C	POWER RATING
D	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW
P	1100 mW	8.8 mW/°C	704 mW

6.5 Electrical Characteristics – Driver

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{IK}	Input clamp voltage	I _I = -18 mA			-1.5	V
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _{IH} = 2 V, V _{IL} = 0.8 V, I _{OH} = -33 mA		3.7		V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _{IH} = 2 V, V _{IL} = 0.8 V, I _{OH} = 33 mA		1.1		V
V _{OD1}	Differential output voltage	I _O = 0			2V _{OD2}	V
V _{OD2}	Differential output voltage	RL = 100 Ω, see Figure 7-1	2	2.7		V
		RL = 54 Ω, see Figure 7-1	1.5	2.4		
Δ V _{OD}	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage ⁽²⁾				±0.2	V
V _{OC}	Common-mode output voltage ⁽³⁾	RL = 54 Ω or 100 Ω, see Figure 7-1			3	V
Δ V _{OC}	Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage ⁽²⁾				±0.2	V
I _O	Output current	Output disabled ⁽⁴⁾	V _O = 12 V		1	mA
			V _O = -7 V		-0.8	
I _{IH}	High-level input current	V _I = 2.4 V			20	μA
I _{IL}	Low-level input current	V _I = 0.4 V			-400	μA
I _{OS}	Short-circuit output current	V _O = -7 V			-250	mA
		V _O = V _{CC}			250	
		V _O = 12 V			500	
I _{CC}	Supply current (total package)	No load	Outputs enabled	35	50	mA
			Outputs disabled	26	40	

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V and T_A = 25°C.

(2) Δ|V_{OD}| and Δ|V_{OC}| are the changes in magnitude of V_{OD} and V_{OC} respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.

(3) In ANSI Standard EIA/TIA-422-B, V_{OC}, which is the average of the two output voltages with respect to GND, is called output offset voltage, V_{OS}.

(4) This applies for both power on and off; refer to ANSI Standard EIA/TIA-422-B for exact conditions.

6.6 Electrical Characteristics – Receiver

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{IT+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	V _O = 2.7 V, I _O = -0.4 mA			0.2	V
V _{IT-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	V _O = 0.5 V, I _O = 8 mA	-0.2			V
V _{hys}	Input hysteresis voltage (V _{IT+} - V _{IT-})			50		mV
V _{IK}	Enable clamp voltage	I _I = -18 mA			-1.5	V
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _{ID} = 200 mV, I _{OH} = -400 μA See Figure 7-2	2.7			V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _{ID} = 200 mV, I _{OH} = 8 mA See Figure 7-2			0.45	V
I _{OZ}	High-impedance-state output current	V _O = 0.4 V to 2.4 V			±20	μA
I _I	Line input current	Other input = 0 V ⁽²⁾	V _I = 12 V		1	mA
			V _I = -7 V		-0.8	
I _{IH}	High-level enable input current	V _{IH} = 2.7 V			20	μA
I _{IL}	Low-level enable input current	V _{IL} = 0.4 V			-100	μA
r _i	Input resistance		12			kΩ
I _{OS}	Short-circuit output current		-15		-85	mA

6.6 Electrical Characteristics – Receiver (continued)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT	
I _{CC}	Supply current (total package)	No load	Outputs enabled		35	50	mA
			Outputs disabled		26	40	

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

(2) This applies for both power on and power off. Refer to ANSI Standard EIA/TIA-422-B for exact conditions.

6.7 Switching Characteristics – Driver

V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{d(OD)}	Differential-output delay time	R _L = 60 Ω, See Figure 7-3		40	60	ns
t _{t(OD)}	Differential-output transition time				65	95
t _{PZH}	Output enable time to high level	R _L = 110 Ω, See Figure 7-4		55	90	ns
t _{PZL}	Output enable time to low level	R _L = 110 Ω, See Figure 7-5		30	50	ns
t _{PHZ}	Output disable time form high level	R _L = 110 Ω, See Figure 7-4		85	130	ns
t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from low level	R _L = 110 Ω, See Figure 7-5		20	40	ns

6.8 Switching Characteristics – Receiver

V_{CC} = 5 V, C_L = 15 pF, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	V _{ID} = -1.5 V to 1.5 V, See Figure 7-6		21	35	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output				23	35
t _{PZH}	Output enable time to high level	See Figure 7-7		10	30	ns
t _{PZL}	Output enable time to low level				12	30
t _{PHZ}	Output disable time from high level	See Figure 7-7		20	35	ns
t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from low level				17	25

6.9 Typical Characteristics

Conditions listed in each chart

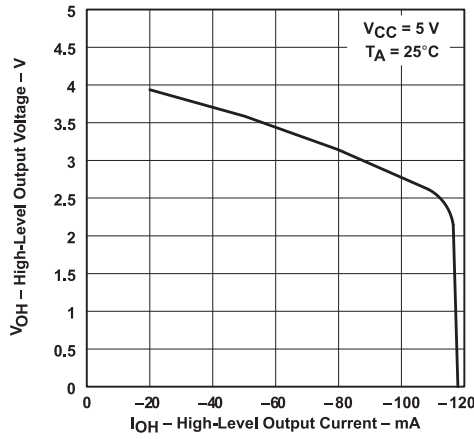


Figure 6-1. Driver, High-level Output Voltage vs High-Level Output Current

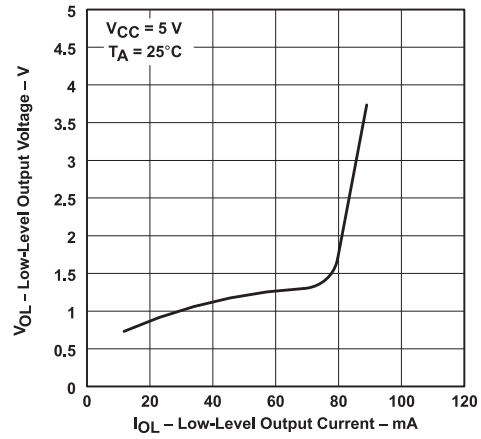


Figure 6-2. Driver, Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Output Current

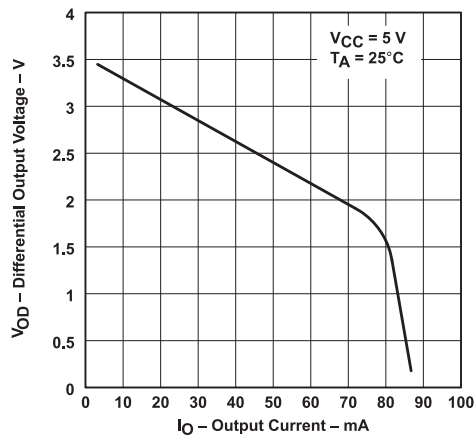


Figure 6-3. Driver, Differential Output Voltage vs Output Current

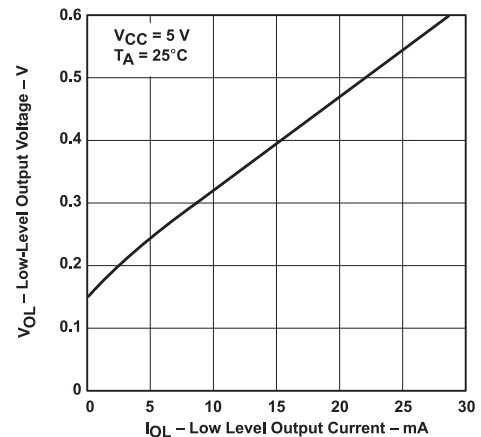


Figure 6-4. Receiver, Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Output Current

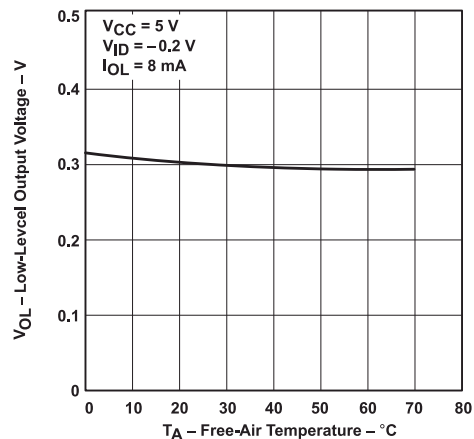


Figure 6-5. Receiver, Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Output Current

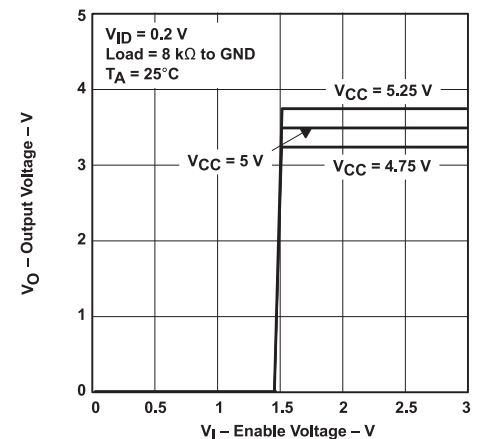


Figure 6-6. Low-Level Output Voltage vs Free-Air Temperature

6.9 Typical Characteristics (continued)

Conditions listed in each chart

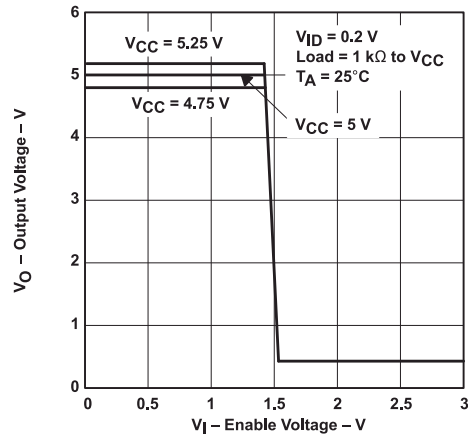


Figure 6-7. Output Voltage vs Enable Voltage

7 Parameter Measurement Information

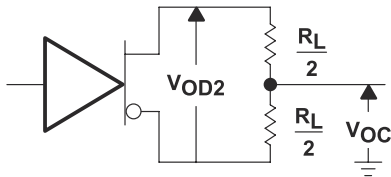


Figure 7-1. Driver V_{OD} and V_{OC}

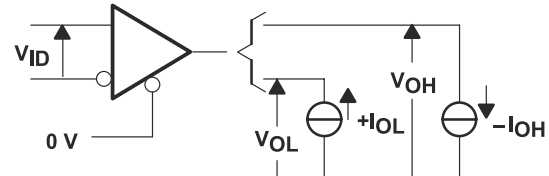
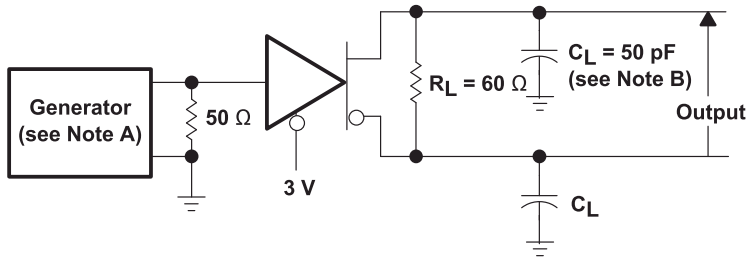


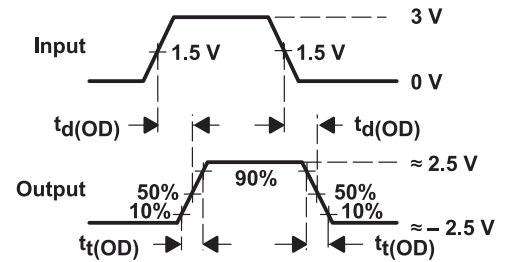
Figure 7-2. Receiver V_{OH} and V_{OL}



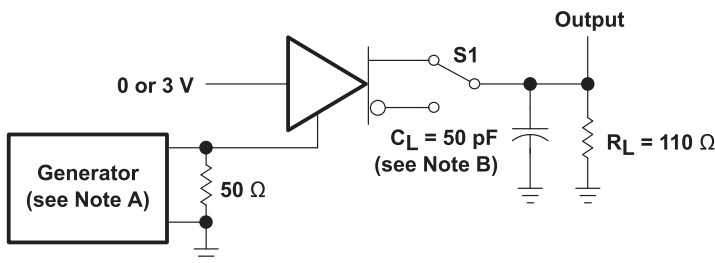
TEST CIRCUIT

- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7-3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



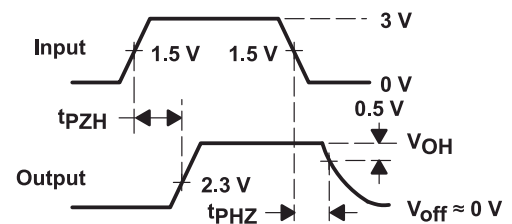
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS



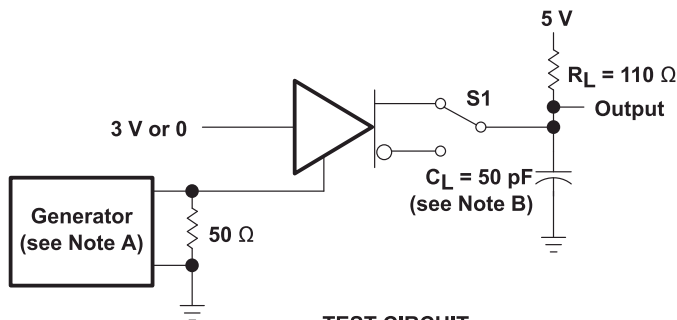
TEST CIRCUIT

- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7-4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

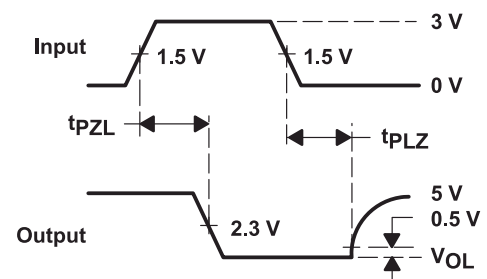


VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS



TEST CIRCUIT

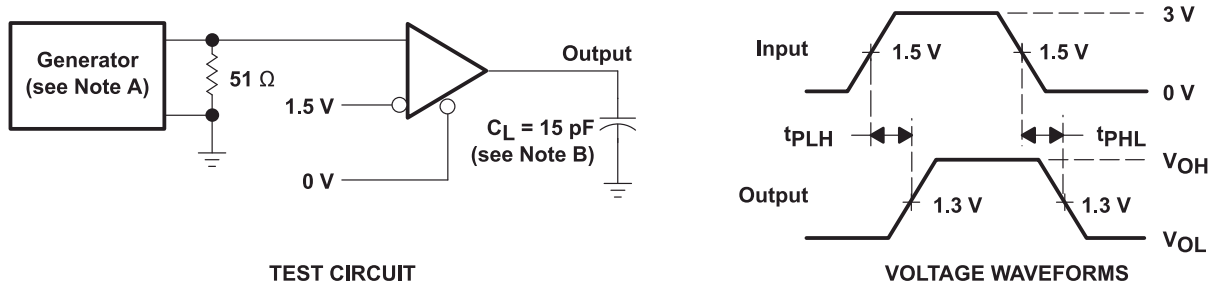
- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

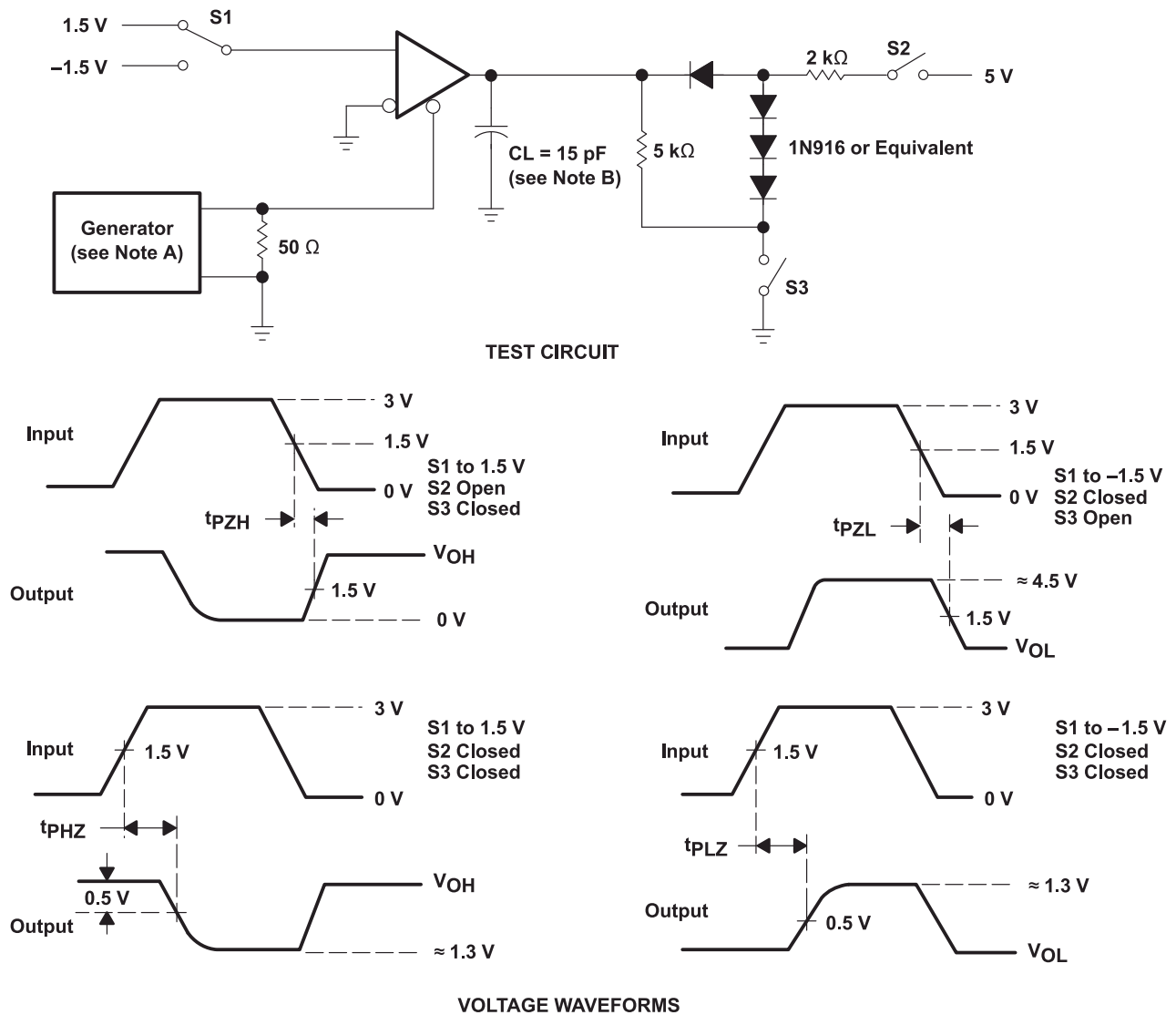
B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7-5. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns, $Z_O = 50$ W.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7-6. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns, $Z_O = 50$ W.

- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7-7. Receiver Test Circuit and voltage Waveforms

8 Detailed Description

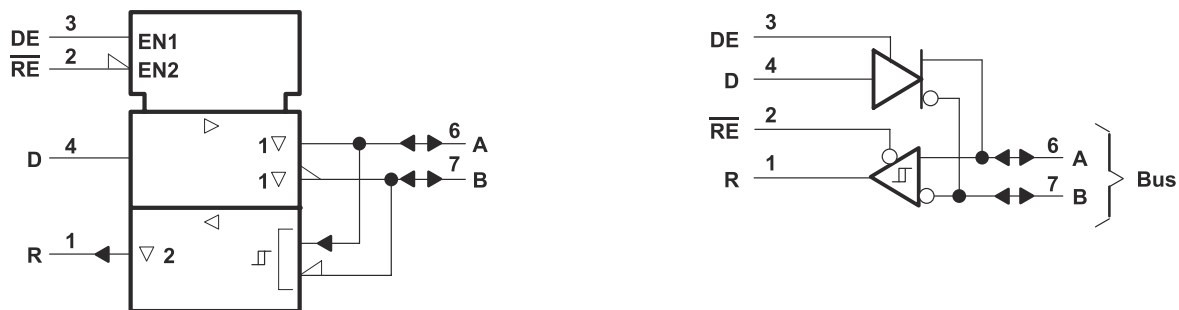
8.1 Overview

The SN75176A differential bus transceiver is a monolithic integrated circuit designed for bidirectional data communication on multipoint bus-transmission lines. It is designed for balanced transmission lines and meets ANSI Standard EIA/TIA-422-B and ITU Recommendation V.11.

The SN75176A combines a 3-state differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, that can be externally connected together to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs are connected internally to form differential input/output (I/O) bus ports that are designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or $V_{CC} = 0$. These ports feature wide positive and negative common-mode voltage ranges making the device suitable for party-line applications.

The driver is designed to handle loads up to 60 mA of sink or source current. The driver features positive- and negative-current limiting and thermal shutdown for protection from line fault conditions. Thermal shutdown is designed to occur at a junction temperature of approximately 150°C. The receiver features a minimum input impedance of 12 k Ω , an input sensitivity of ± 200 mV, and a typical input hysteresis of 50 mV.

8.2 Functional Block Diagrams



This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12

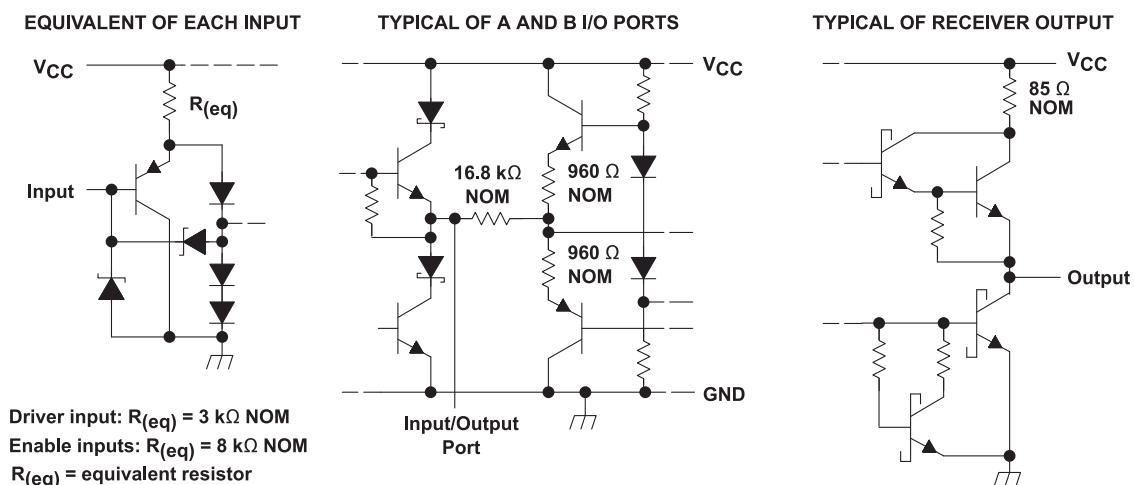


Figure 8-1. Schematics of Inputs and Outputs

8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Driver

The driver converts a TTL logic signal level to RS-422 and RS-485 compliant differential output. The TTL logic input, DE pin, can be used to turn the driver on and off.

Table 8-1. Driver Function Table⁽¹⁾

INPUT D	ENABLE DE	DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUTS	
		A	B
H	H	H	L
L	H	L	H
X	L	Z	Z

(1) H = high level, L = low level,
X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)

8.3.2 Receiver

The receiver converts a RS-422 or RS-485 differential input voltage to a TTL logic level output. The TTL logic input, \overline{RE} pin, can be used to turn the receiver logic output on and off.

Table 8-2. Receiver Function Table⁽¹⁾

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS A–B	ENABLE \overline{RE}	OUTPUT R
$V_{ID} \geq 0.2\text{ V}$	L	H
$-0.2\text{ V} < V_{ID} < 0.2\text{ V}$	L	U
$V_{ID} \leq -0.2\text{ V}$	L	L
X	H	Z
Open	L	U

(1) H = high level,
L = low level,
U = unknown,
Z = high impedance (off)

8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 Device Powered

Both the driver and receiver can be individually enabled or disabled in any combination. DE and \overline{RE} can be connected together for a single port direction control bit.

8.4.2 Device Unpowered

The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs are connected internally to form differential input/output (I/O) bus ports that are designed to offer minimum loading to the bus when the driver is disabled or $V_{CC} = 0$.

9 Application and Implementation

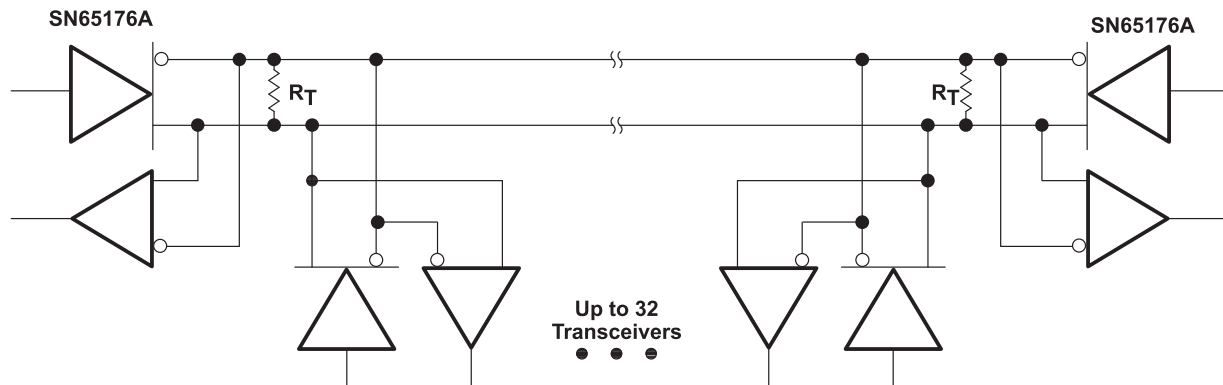
Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The device can be used in RS-485 and RS-422 physical layer communications.

9.2 Typical Application



The line should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance ($R_T = Z_0$). Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.

Figure 9-1. Typical Application Circuit

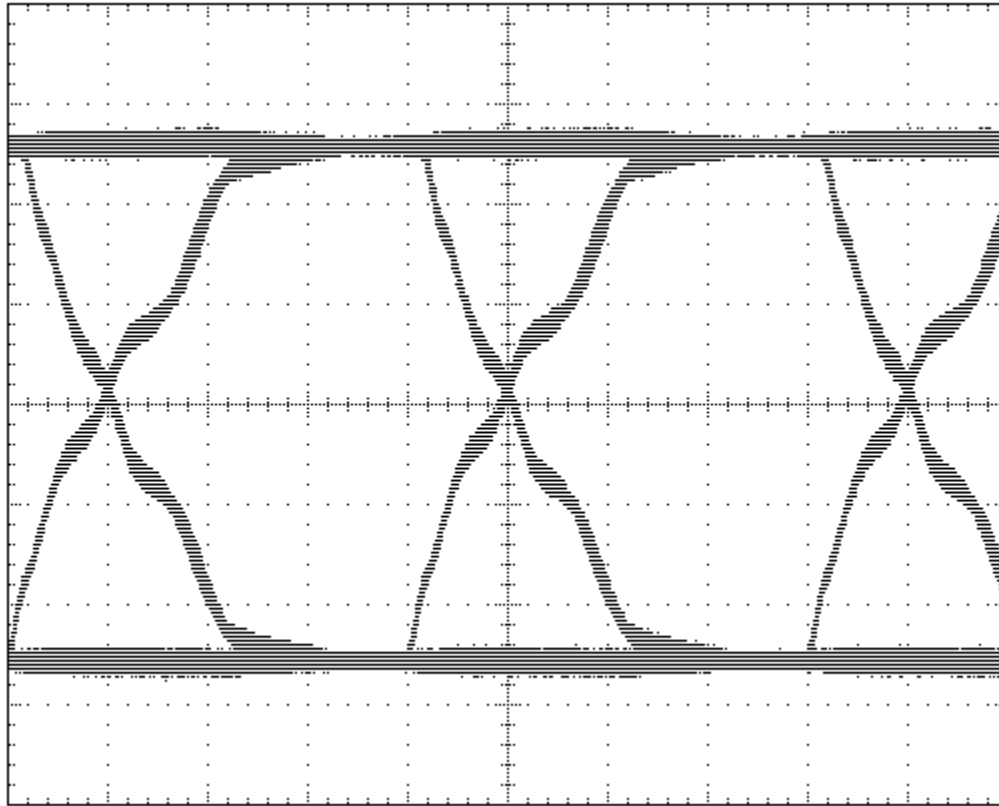
9.2.1 Design Requirements

- 5-V power source
- RS-485 bus operating at 5 Mbps or less
- Connector that ensures the correct polarity for port pins
- External fail safe implementation

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- Place the device close to bus connector to keep traces (stub) short to prevent adding reflections to the bus line
- If desired, add external fail-safe biasing to ensure +200 mV on the A-B port.

9.2.3 Application Curves



A. Scale is 1V per division and 50nS per division

Figure 9-2. Eye Diagram for 5-Mbps Over 100 feet of Standard CAT-5E cable 120-Ω Termination at Both Ends.

9.3 Power Supply Recommendations

Power supply should be 5 V with a tolerance less than 10%

9.4 Layout

9.4.1 Layout Guidelines

Traces from device pins A and B to connector must be short and capable of 250 mA maximum current.

9.4.2 Layout Example

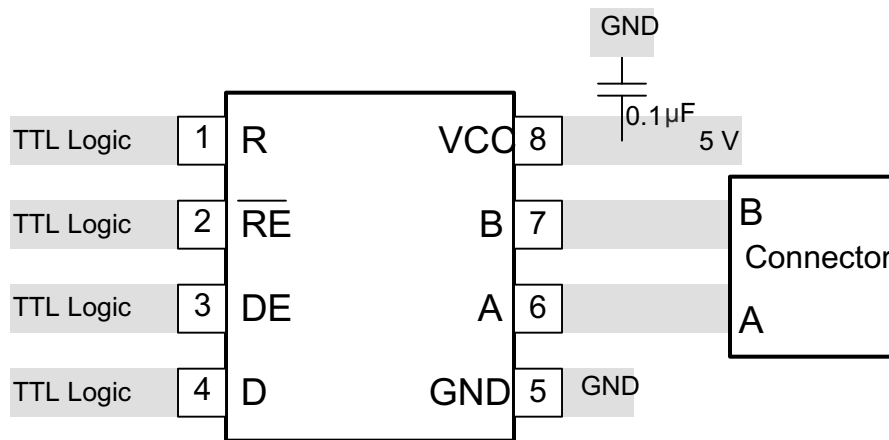


Figure 9-3. Layout Example

10 Device and Documentation Support

10.1 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

10.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

10.3 Glossary

[TI Glossary](#) This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN75176ADR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	75176A	Samples
SN75176ADRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	75176A	Samples
SN75176ADRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	75176A	Samples
SN75176AP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	SN75176AP	Samples
SN75176APE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	SN75176AP	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



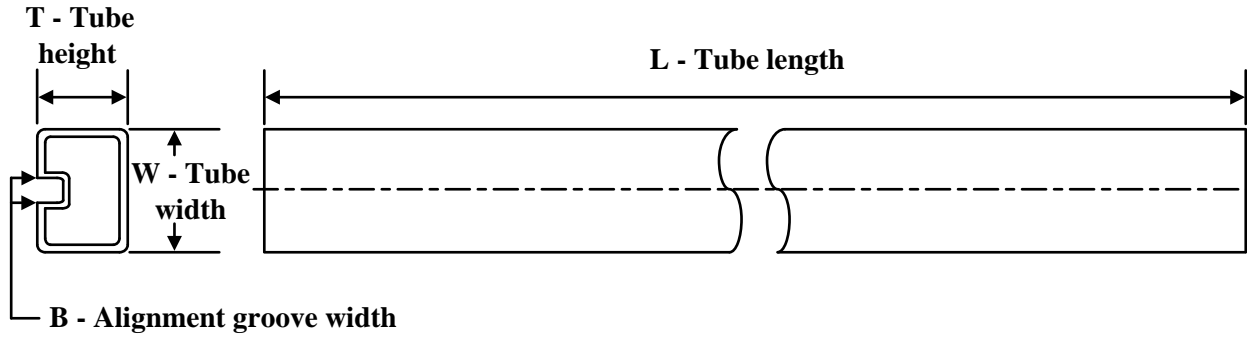
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN75176ADR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN75176ADR	SOIC	D	8	2500	356.0	356.0	35.0

TUBE


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μm)	B (mm)
SN75176AP	P	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN75176APE4	P	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32

P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.



D0008A

PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



4214825/C 02/2019

NOTES:

1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
 EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
 SCALE:8X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

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NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON .005 INCH [0.125 MM] THICK STENCIL
SCALE:8X

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NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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