



**THE DATASHEET OF
PA0511.101NLT**



SMT Power Inductors

Power Beads - PA051XNL, PA121XNL, PA151XNL Series



- Current Rating:** Over 70A_{pk}
- Inductance Range:** 72nH to 470nH
- Four Package Sizes:**

PA0512/PA1212: 7.0 x 7.0 x 4.96mm Max
PA0511/PA1211: 10.2 x 7.0 x 4.96mm Max
PA0515: 11.2 x 11.2 x 9.0mm Max
PA0513/PA1513: 13.5 x 13.0 x 8.0mm Max

Electrical Specifications @ 25°C - Operating Temperature -40°C to +130°C^{7,8}

Part Number	Inductance @ 0A _{DC} (nH ±20%)	Inductance @ I _{rated} (nH TYP)	I _{rated} ¹ (A _{DC})	DCR ² (mΩ)	Saturation Current ³ (TYP)		Heating ⁴ Current (A TYP)
					25°C	100°C	
PA0512NL and PA1212NL - 7.0mm x 7.0mm x 4.96mm Max							
PA0512.700NLT	72	72	31	0.32 ±9.4%	58	45	31
PA0512.101NLT	105	102	31		46	38	
PA0512.151NLT	150	134	24		30	24	
PA1212.700NLT	72	72	31	0.46 ±6.5%	58	45	31
PA1212.101NLT	105	102	31		46	38	
PA1212.151NLT	150	134	24		30	24	
PA0511NL and PA1211NL - 10.2mm x 7.0mm x 4.96mm Max							
PA0511.850NLT	85	85	31	0.39 ±7.7%	70+	70	31
PA0511.900NLT	100	100	31		70	65	
PA0511.101NLT	120	120	31		52	42	
PA0511.151NLT	155	150	31		40	36	
PA0511.221NLT	220	176	25		33	25	
PA1211.850NLT *	85	85	31	0.55 ±7.3%	70+	70	31
PA1211.900NLT *	100	100	31		70	65	
PA1211.101NLT	120	120	31		52	42	
PA1211.151NLT	155	150	31		40	36	
PA1211.221NLT	220	176	25		33	25	
PA0515NL - 11.2mm x 11.2mm x 9.0mm Max							
PA0515.221NLT	225	225	35	0.63 ±9.5%	68	59	35
PA0515.271NLT	270	280	35		50	44	
PA0515.321NLT	325	325	35		43	36	
PA0515.471NLT	470	380	23		30	23	

SMT Power Inductors

Power Beads - PA051XNL, PA121XNL, PA151XNL Series

Electrical Specifications @ 25°C - Operating Temperature -40°C to +130°C^{7,8}

Part Number	Inductance @ $0A_{DC}$ (nH $\pm 20\%$)	Inductance @ I_{rated} (nH TYP)	I_{rated}^1 (A_{DC})	DCR ² (m Ω)	Saturation Current ³ (TYP)		Heating ⁴ Current (A TYP)
					25°C	100°C	
PA0513NL and PA1513NL - 13.5mm x 13.0mm x 8.0mm Max							
PA0513.211NLT	210	210	45	0.32 $\pm 9.4\%$	71	64	45
PA0513.261NLT	260	260	45		60	55	
PA0513.321NLT	320	285	41		50	45	
PA0513.441NLT	440	363	30		35	30	
PA1513.211NLT	210	210	45	0.53 $\pm 11.3\%$	71	64	45
PA1513.261NLT	260	260	45		60	55	
PA1513.321NLT	320	285	41		50	45	
PA1513.441NLT	440	363	30		35	30	

Notes:

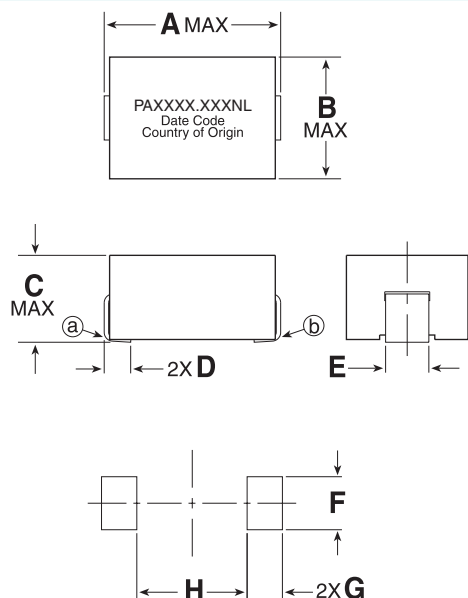
- The rated current as listed is either the saturation current or the heating current depending on which value is lower.
- The nominal DCR tolerance is by design. The nominal DCR is measured from point (a) to point (b), as shown below on the mechanical drawing.
- The saturation current is the typical current which causes the inductance to drop by 20% at the stated ambient temperatures (25°C and 100°C). This current is determined by placing the component in the specified ambient environment and applying a short duration pulse current (to eliminate self-heating effects) to the component.
- The heating current is the DC current which causes the part temperature to increase by approximately 40°C. This current is determined by soldering the component on a typical application PCB, and then applying the current to the device for 30 minutes without any forced air cooling.
- In high volt*time applications, additional heating in the component can occur due to core losses in the inductor which may necessitate derating the current in order to limit the temperature rise of the component. To determine the approximate total losses (or temperature rise) for a given application, the coreloss and temperature rise curves can be used.
- Pulse complies to industry standard tape and reel specification EIA481.
- The temperature of the component (ambient plus temperature rise) must be within the stated operating temperature range.
- Part numbers shown on this datasheet (with NL suffix) are for the RoHS compliant versions of the series. Non-RoHS compliant versions use the same part number but without the NL suffix (ie: PA0511.221NL becomes PA0511.221). Electrical and mechanical specs are identical for RoHS and non-RoHS components.

* Contact Pulse for availability

Mechanical

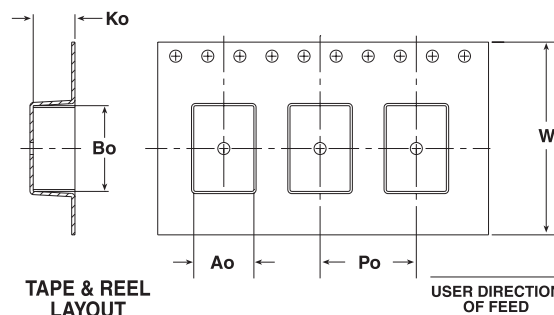
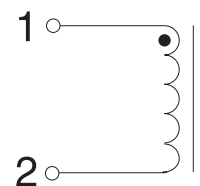
Schematic

PAXXXX.XXXNL



Dimensions: $\frac{\text{Inches}}{\text{mm}}$

Unless otherwise specified, all tolerances are $\pm \frac{.010}{0,25}$



SMT Power Inductors

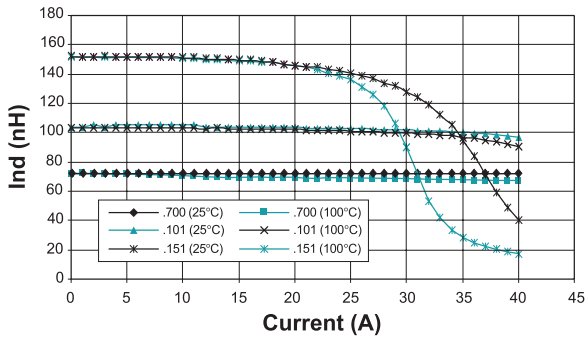
Power Beads - PA051XNL, PA121XNL, PA151XNL Series

Dimensions (inches/mm)

Part Number	Mechanical Dimensions									T&R Dimensions					Parts/Reel	Weight (grams)
	A (MAX)	B (MAX)	C (MAX)	D (NOM)	E (NOM)	F (NOM)	G (NOM)	H (NOM)	Ao	Bo	Ko	Po	W			
PA0512/PA1212	.276 7,00	.276 7,00	.195 4,96	.060 1,52	.098 2,49	.120 3,05	.080 2,03	.130 3,30	.295 7,49	.300 7,62	.205 5,21	.472 12,00	.630 16,00	1000	0.94	
PA0511/PA1211	.400 10,20	.276 7,00	.195 4,96	.060 1,52	.098 2,49	.120 3,05	.080 2,03	.250 6,35	.295 7,49	.420 10,67	.205 5,21	.472 12,00	.945 24,00	1000	1.35	
PA0515	.400 11,18	.440 11,18	.354 9,00	.100 2,54	.080 2,03	.100 2,54	.120 3,05	.210 5,33	.453 11,50	.453 11,50	.378 9,60	.945 24,00	.945 24,00	250	4.5	
PA0513/PA1513	.530 13,46	.510 12,95	.315 8,00	.100 2,54	.200 5,08	.300 7,62	.125 3,18	.280 7,11	.525 13,34	.525 13,34	.320 8,13	.630 16,00	.945 24,00	400	5.7	

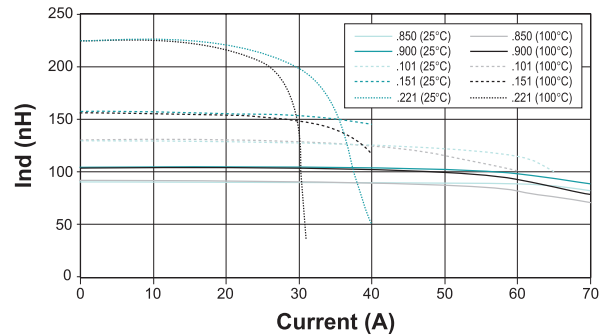
PA0512NL & PA1212NL

Inductance vs Current

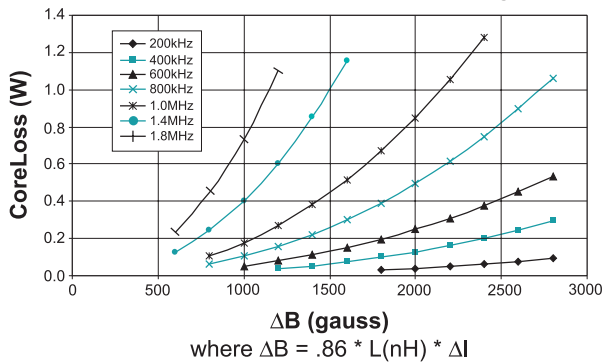


PA0511NL & PA1211NL

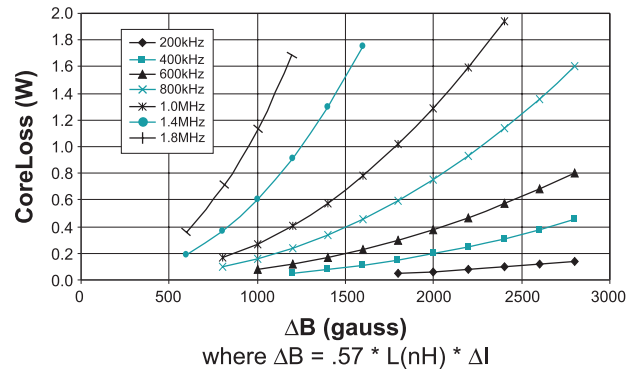
Inductance vs Current



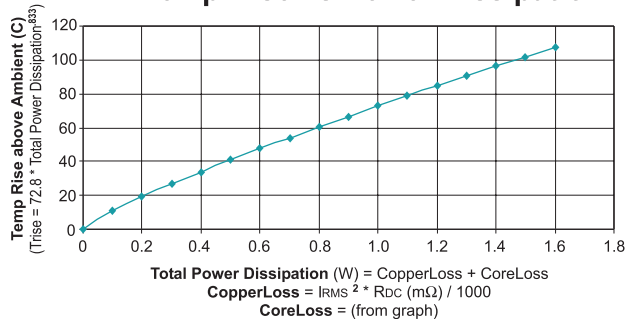
CoreLoss vs Flux Density



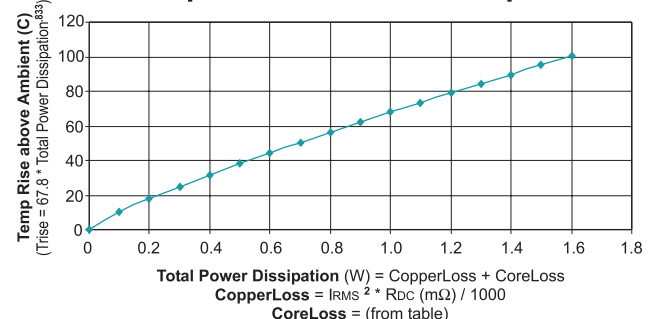
CoreLoss vs Flux Density



Temp Rise vs Power Dissipation



Temp Rise vs Power Dissipation

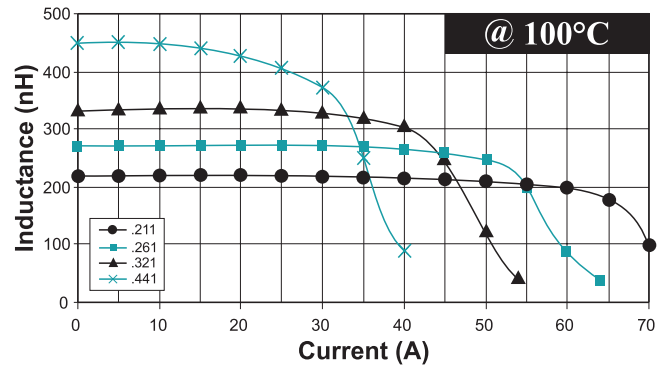
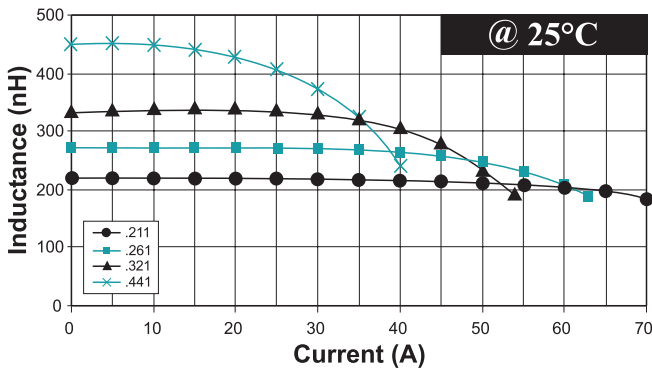


SMT Power Inductors

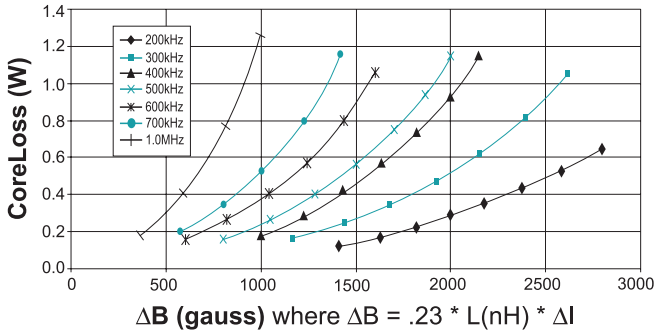
Power Beads - PA051XNL, PA121XNL, PA151XNL Series

Typical Inductance vs Current

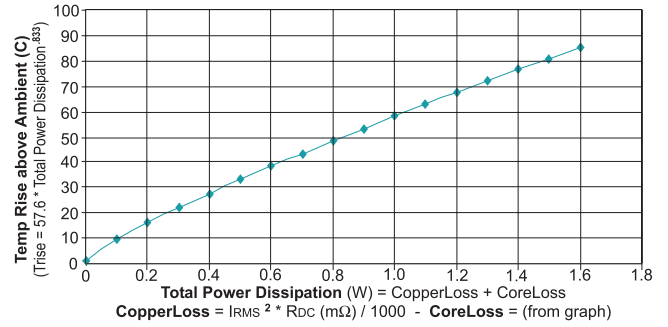
PA0513NL / PA1513NL



CoreLoss vs Flux Density

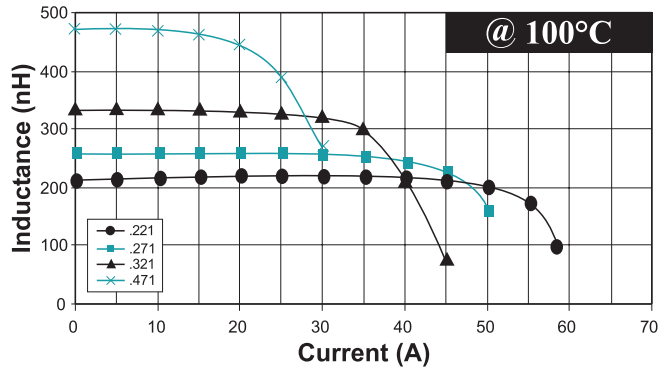
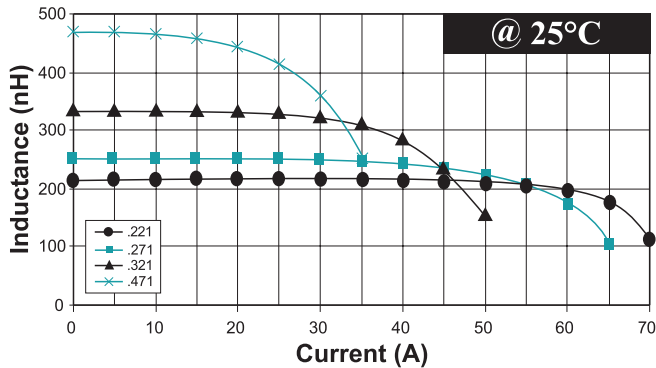


Temp Rise vs Power Dissipation

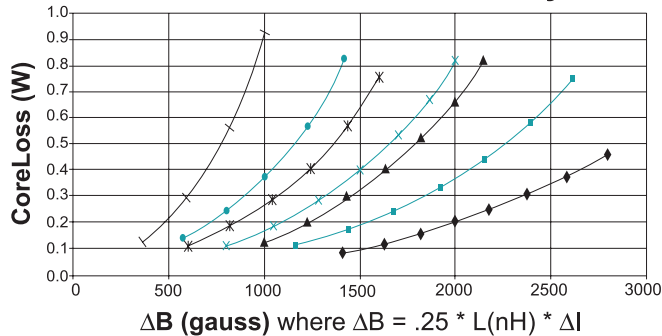


Typical Inductance vs Current

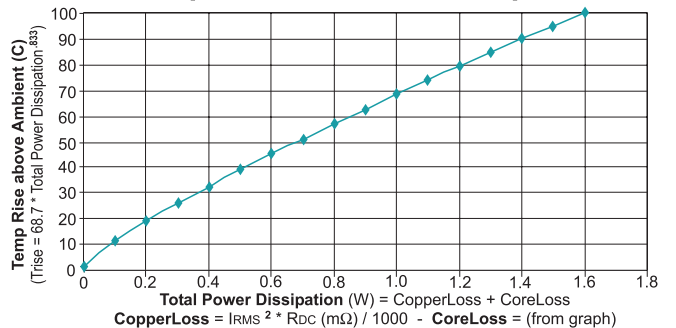
PA0515NL



CoreLoss vs Flux Density



Temp Rise vs Power Dissipation



Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

Click below to explore more details on WIN SOURCE:

 [View PA0511.101NLT on WIN SOURCE](#)

 [Pulse Information](#)

Optimize Your Supply Chain with WIN SOURCE Solutions

-  Global Sourcing Solution
-  Obsolete Management
-  Cost Control Management
-  Shortage Management
-  Alternative Solution
-  Excess Inventory Management