



**THE DATASHEET OF  
MAX6195BESA+**



## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### General Description

The MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198 precision, micropower, low-dropout voltage references offer high initial accuracy and very low temperature coefficient through a proprietary curvature-correction circuit and laser-trimmed precision thin-film resistors.

These series-mode bandgap references draw a maximum of only 35µA quiescent supply current, making them ideal for battery-powered instruments. They offer a supply current that is virtually immune to input voltage variations. Load-regulation specifications are guaranteed for source and sink currents up to 500µA. These devices are internally compensated, making them ideal for applications that require fast settling, and are stable with capacitive loads up to 2.2nF.

### Selector Guide

PART	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	INITIAL ACCURACY (mV)	TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT (ppm/°C)
MAX6190A	1.250	±2	<5
MAX6190B	1.250	±4	<10
MAX6190C	1.250	±6	<25
MAX6191A	2.048	±2	<5
MAX6191B	2.048	±5	<10
MAX6191C	2.048	±10	<25
MAX6192A	2.500	±2	<5
MAX6192B	2.500	±5	<10
MAX6192C	2.500	±10	<25
MAX6193A	3.000	±2	<5
MAX6193B	3.000	±5	<10
MAX6193C	3.000	±10	<25
MAX6198A	4.096	±2	<5
MAX6198B	4.096	±5	<10
MAX6198C	4.096	±10	<25
MAX6194A	4.500	±2	<5
MAX6194B	4.500	±5	<10
MAX6194C	4.500	±10	<25
MAX6195A	5.000	±2	<5
MAX6195B	5.000	±5	<10
MAX6195C	5.000	±10	<25

Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

### Features

- ◆ ±2mV (max) Initial Accuracy
- ◆ 5ppm/°C (max) Temperature Coefficient
- ◆ 35µA (max) Supply Current
- ◆ 100mV Dropout at 500µA Load Current
- ◆ 0.12µV/µA Load Regulation
- ◆ 8µV/V Line Regulation

### Applications

Hand-Held Instruments  
 Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog Converters  
 Industrial Process Control  
 Precision 3V/5V Systems  
 Hard-Disk Drives

### Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6190AESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6190BESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6190CESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6191AESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6191BESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6191CESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6192AESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6192BESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6192CESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free /RoHS-compliant package.

### Pin Configuration



For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at [www.maximintegrated.com](http://www.maximintegrated.com).

# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltages Referenced to GND

IN .....-0.3V to +13.5V

OUT .....-0.3V to ( $V_{IN} + 0.3V$ )

Output Short Circuit to GND or IN ( $V_{IN} < 6V$ ) .....Continuous

Output Short Circuit to GND or IN ( $V_{IN} \geq 6V$ ) .....60s

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^\circ C$ )

8-Pin SO (derate 5.88mW/ $^\circ C$  above  $+70^\circ C$ ).....471mW

Operating Temperature Range .....-40 $^\circ C$  to +85 $^\circ C$

Junction Temperature.....+150 $^\circ C$

Storage Temperature Range .....-65 $^\circ C$  to +150 $^\circ C$

Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....+300 $^\circ C$

Soldering Temperature (reflow) .....+260 $^\circ C$

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6190

( $V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 0nA$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
<b>OUTPUT</b>							
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	MAX6190A	1.248	1.250	1.252	V
			MAX6190B	1.246	1.250	1.254	
			MAX6190C	1.244	1.250	1.256	
Output-Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	$TCV_{OUT}$	MAX6190A		2	5	ppm/ $^\circ C$	
		MAX6190B		4	10		
		MAX6190C		8	25		
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$2.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		8	80	$\mu V/V$	
Load Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500\mu A$		0.12	0.5	$\mu V/\mu A$	
		Sinking: $-500\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$		0.15	0.6		
Short-Circuit Current	$I_{SC}$	Short to GND		4		mA	
		Short to IN		4			
Temperature Hysteresis (Note 2)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{cycle}}$			75		ppm	
Long-Term Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{time}}$	1000hrs at $+25^\circ C$		50		ppm/1000hrs	
<b>DYNAMIC</b>							
Noise Voltage	$e_{OUT}$	0.1Hz to 10Hz		25		$\mu V_{P-P}$	
		10Hz to 10kHz		65		$\mu V_{RMS}$	
Ripple Rejection	$V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 5V \pm 100mV$ , $f = 120Hz$		86		dB	
Turn-On Settling Time	$t_R$	$T_O 0.1\%$ , $C_{OUT} = 50pF$		30		$\mu s$	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	$C_{OUT}$	(Note 3)	0		2.2	nF	
<b>INPUT</b>							
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by line-regulation test	2.5		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current	$I_{IN}$			27	35	$\mu A$	
Change in Supply Current	$I_{IN}/V_{IN}$	$2.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		0.8	2	$\mu A/V$	

# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6191

( $V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 0nA$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
<b>OUTPUT</b>							
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	MAX6191A	2.046	2.048	2.050	V
			MAX6191B	2.043	2.048	2.053	
			MAX6191C	2.038	2.048	2.058	
Output-Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	$TCV_{OUT}$	MAX6191A		2	5	ppm/ $^\circ C$	
		MAX6191B		4	10		
		MAX6191C		8	25		
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$2.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		10	100	$\mu V/V$	
Load Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500\mu A$		0.12	0.55	$\mu V/\mu A$	
		Sinking: $-500\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$		0.18	0.70		
Short-Circuit Current	$I_{SC}$	Short to GND		4		mA	
		Short to IN		4			
Temperature Hysteresis (Note 2)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{cycle}}$			75		ppm	
Long-Term Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{time}}$	1000hrs at $+25^\circ C$		50		ppm/1000hrs	
<b>DYNAMIC</b>							
Noise Voltage	$e_{OUT}$	0.1Hz to 10Hz		40		$\mu V_{P-P}$	
		10Hz to 10kHz		105		$\mu V_{RMS}$	
Ripple Rejection	$V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 5V \pm 100mV$ , $f = 120Hz$		84		dB	
Turn-On Settling Time	$t_R$	$T_o 0.1\%$ , $C_{OUT} = 50pF$		30		$\mu s$	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	$C_{OUT}$	(Note 3)	0		2.2	nF	
<b>INPUT</b>							
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by line-regulation test	2.5		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current	$I_{IN}$			27	35	$\mu A$	
Change in Supply Current	$I_{IN}/V_{IN}$	$2.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		0.8	2	$\mu A/V$	

# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6192

( $V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 0nA$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
<b>OUTPUT</b>							
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	MAX6192A	2.498	2.500	2.502	V
			MAX6192B	2.495	2.500	2.505	
			MAX6192C	2.490	2.500	2.510	
Output-Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	$TCV_{OUT}$	MAX6192A		2	5	ppm/ $^\circ C$	
		MAX6192B		4	10		
		MAX6192C		8	25		
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		15	140	$\mu V/V$	
Load Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500\mu A$		0.14	0.60	$\mu V/\mu A$	
		Sinking: $-500\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$		0.18	0.80		
Dropout Voltage (Note 4)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	$\Delta V_{OUT} \leq 0.2\%$ , $I_{OUT} = 500\mu A$		100	200	mV	
Short-Circuit Current	$I_{SC}$	Short to GND		4		mA	
		Short to IN		4			
Temperature Hysteresis (Note 2)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{cycle}}$			75		ppm	
Long-Term Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{time}}$	1000hrs at $+25^\circ C$		50		ppm/1000hrs	
<b>DYNAMIC</b>							
Noise Voltage	$e_{OUT}$	0.1Hz to 10Hz		60		$\mu V_{P-P}$	
		10Hz to 10kHz		125		$\mu V_{RMS}$	
Ripple Rejection	$V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 5V \pm 100mV$ , $f = 120Hz$		82		dB	
Turn-On Settling Time	$t_R$	To 0.1%, $C_{OUT} = 50pF$		85		$\mu s$	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	$C_{OUT}$	(Note 3)	0		2.2	nF	
<b>INPUT</b>							
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by line-regulation test	$V_{OUT} + 0.2$		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current	$I_{IN}$			27	35	$\mu A$	
Change in Supply Current	$I_{IN}/V_{IN}$	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		0.8	2	$\mu A/V$	

# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6193

( $V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 0nA$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
<b>OUTPUT</b>							
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	MAX6193A	2.998	3.000	3.002	V
			MAX6193B	2.995	3.000	3.005	
			MAX6193C	2.990	3.000	3.010	
Output-Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	$TCV_{OUT}$	MAX6193A		2	5	ppm/ $^\circ C$	
		MAX6193B		4	10		
		MAX6193C		8	25		
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$2.5V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		20	150	$\mu V/V$	
Load Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500\mu A$		0.14	0.60	$\mu V/\mu A$	
		Sinking: $-500\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$		0.18	0.80		
Dropout Voltage (Note 4)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	$I_{OUT} = 500\mu A$		100	200	mV	
Short-Circuit Current	$I_{SC}$	Short to GND		4		mA	
		Short to IN		4			
Temperature Hysteresis (Note 2)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{cycle}}$			75		ppm	
Long-Term Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{time}}$	1000hrs at $+25^\circ C$		50		ppm/ 1000hrs	
<b>DYNAMIC</b>							
Noise Voltage	$e_{OUT}$	0.1Hz to 10Hz		75		$\mu V_{P-P}$	
		10Hz to 10kHz		150		$\mu V_{RMS}$	
Ripple Rejection	$V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 5V \pm 100mV$ , $f = 120Hz$		80		dB	
Turn-On Settling Time	$t_R$	To 0.1%, $C_{OUT} = 50pF$		100		$\mu s$	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	$C_{OUT}$	(Note 3)	0		2.2	nF	
<b>INPUT</b>							
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by line-regulation test	$V_{OUT} + 0.2$		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current	$I_{IN}$			27	35	$\mu A$	
Change in Supply Current	$I_{IN}/V_{IN}$	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		0.8	2	$\mu A/V$	

# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6194

( $V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 0nA$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
<b>INPUT</b>							
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	MAX6194A	4.498	4.500	4.502	V
			MAX6194B	4.495	4.500	4.505	
			MAX6194C	4.490	4.500	4.510	
Output-Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	$TCV_{OUT}$	MAX6194A		2	5	ppm/ $^\circ C$	
		MAX6194B		4	10		
		MAX6194C		8	25		
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		25	160	$\mu V/V$	
Load Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500\mu A$		0.16	0.80	$\mu V/\mu A$	
		Sinking: $-500\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$		0.22	1.00		
Dropout Voltage (Note 4)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	$\Delta V_{OUT} \leq 0.2\%$ , $I_{OUT} = 500\mu A$		100	200	mV	
Short-Circuit Current	$I_{SC}$	Short to GND		4		mA	
		Short to IN		4			
Temperature Hysteresis (Note 2)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{cycle}}$			75		ppm	
Long-Term Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{time}}$	1000hrs at $+25^\circ C$		50		ppm/1000hrs	
<b>DYNAMIC</b>							
Noise Voltage	$e_{OUT}$	0.1Hz to 10Hz		110		$\mu V_{P-P}$	
		10Hz to 10kHz		215		$\mu V_{RMS}$	
Ripple Rejection	$V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 5V \pm 100mV$ , $f = 120Hz$		76		dB	
Turn-On Settling Time	$t_R$	To 0.1%, $C_{OUT} = 50pF$		180		$\mu s$	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	$C_{OUT}$	(Note 3)	0		2.2	nF	
<b>OUTPUT</b>							
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by line-regulation test	$V_{OUT} + 0.2$		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current	$I_{IN}$			27	35	$\mu A$	
Change in Supply Current	$I_{IN}/V_{IN}$	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		0.8	2	$\mu A/V$	

# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6195

( $V_{IN} = 5.5V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 0nA$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
<b>INPUT</b>							
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$T_A = +25^\circ C$	MAX6195A	4.998	5.000	5.002	V
			MAX6195B	4.995	5.000	5.005	
			MAX6195C	4.990	5.000	5.010	
Output-Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	$TCV_{OUT}$	MAX6195A		2	5	ppm/ $^\circ C$	
		MAX6195B		4	10		
		MAX6195C		8	25		
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		25	160	$\mu V/V$	
Load Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500\mu A$		0.17	0.85	$\mu V/\mu A$	
		Sinking: $-500\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$		0.24	1.10		
Dropout Voltage (Note 4)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	$\Delta V_{OUT} \leq 0.2\%$ , $I_{OUT} = 500\mu A$		100	200	mA	
Short-Circuit Current	$I_{SC}$	Short to GND		4		mA	
		Short to IN		4			
Temperature Hysteresis (Note 2)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{cycle}}$			75		ppm	
Long-Term Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{time}}$	1000hrs at $+25^\circ C$		50		ppm/1000hrs	
<b>DYNAMIC</b>							
Noise Voltage	$e_{OUT}$	0.1Hz to 10Hz		120		$\mu V_{P-P}$	
		10Hz to 10kHz		240		$\mu V_{RMS}$	
Ripple Rejection	$V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 5.5V \pm 100mV$ , $f = 120Hz$		72		dB	
Turn-On Settling Time	$t_R$	To 0.1%, $C_{OUT} = 50pF$		220		$\mu s$	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	$C_{OUT}$	(Note 3)	0		2.2	nF	
<b>OUTPUT</b>							
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by line-regulation test	$V_{OUT} + 0.2$		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current	$I_{IN}$			27	35	$\mu A$	
Change in Supply Current	$I_{IN}/V_{IN}$	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		0.8	2	$\mu A/V$	

# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6198

( $V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 0nA$ ,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
<b>OUTPUT</b>							
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	MAX6198A	4.094	4.096	4.098	V
			MAX6198B	4.091	4.096	4.101	
			MAX6198C	4.086	4.096	4.106	
Output-Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	$TCV_{OUT}$	MAX6198A		2	5	ppm/ $^{\circ}C$	
		MAX6198B		4	10		
		MAX6198C		8	25		
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		25	160	$\mu V/V$	
Load Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$	Sourcing: $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 500\mu A$		0.15	0.70	$\mu V/\mu A$	
		Sinking: $-500\mu A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$		0.20	0.90		
Dropout Voltage (Note 4)	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	$\Delta V_{OUT} \leq 0.2\%$ , $I_{OUT} = 500\mu A$		100	200	mV	
Short-Circuit Current	$I_{SC}$	Short to GND		4		mA	
		Short to IN		4			
Temperature Hysteresis (Note 2)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{cycle}}$			75		ppm	
Long-Term Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\text{time}}$	1000hrs at $+25^{\circ}C$		50		ppm/1000hrs	
<b>DYNAMIC</b>							
Noise Voltage	$e_{OUT}$	0.1Hz to 10Hz		100		$\mu V_{P-P}$	
		10Hz to 10kHz		200		$\mu V_{RMS}$	
Ripple Rejection	$V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 5V \pm 100mV$ , $f = 120Hz$		77		dB	
Turn-On Settling Time	$t_R$	To 0.1%, $C_{OUT} = 50pF$		160		$\mu s$	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	$C_{OUT}$	(Note 3)	0		2.2	nF	
<b>INPUT</b>							
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	Guaranteed by line-regulation test	$V_{OUT} + 0.2$		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current	$I_{IN}$			27	35	$\mu A$	
Change in Supply Current	$I_{IN}/V_{IN}$	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6V$		0.8	2	$\mu A/V$	

**Note 1:** Temperature Coefficient is measured by the "box" method; i.e., the maximum  $\Delta V_{OUT}$  is divided by the maximum  $\Delta t$ .

**Note 2:** Thermal Hysteresis is defined as the change in  $+25^{\circ}C$  output voltage before and after cycling the device from  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ .

**Note 3:** Not production tested. Guaranteed by design.

**Note 4:** Dropout voltage is the minimum input voltage at which  $V_{OUT}$  changes  $\leq 0.2\%$  from  $V_{OUT}$  at  $V_{IN} = 5.0V$  ( $V_{IN} = 5.5V$  for MAX6195).

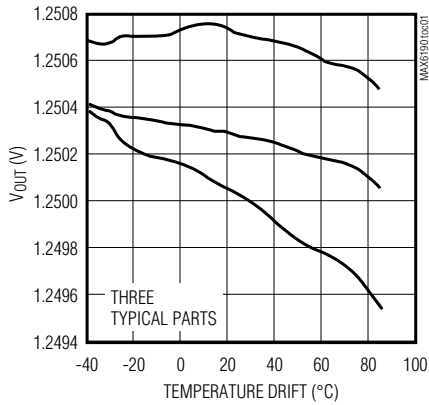
# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

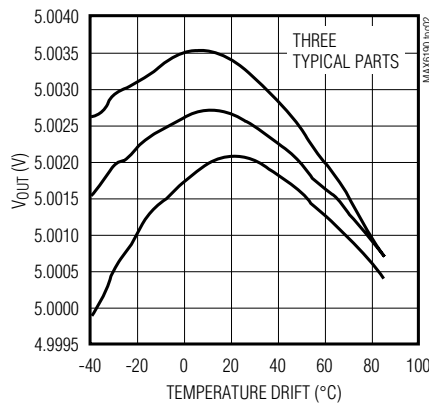
### Typical Operating Characteristics

( $V_{IN} = 5V$  for MAX6190/1/2/3/4/8,  $V_{IN} = 5.5V$  for MAX6195;  $I_{OUT} = 0nA$ ;  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ; unless otherwise noted.) (Note 5)

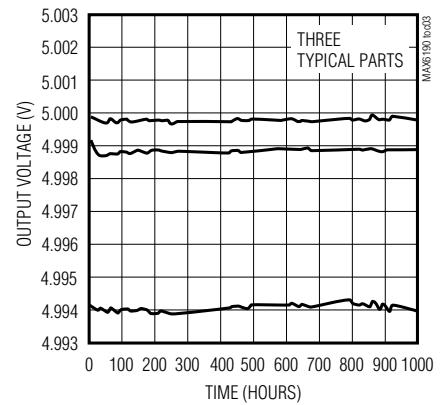
**MAX6190  
OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
TEMPERATURE DRIFT**



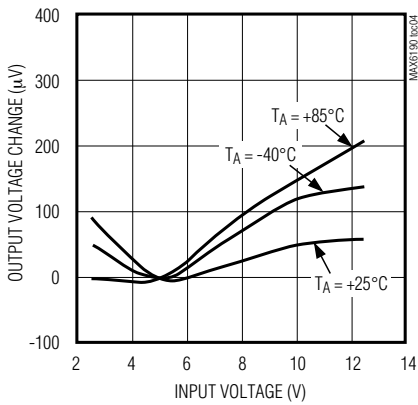
**MAX6195  
OUTPUT VOLTAGE  
TEMPERATURE DRIFT**



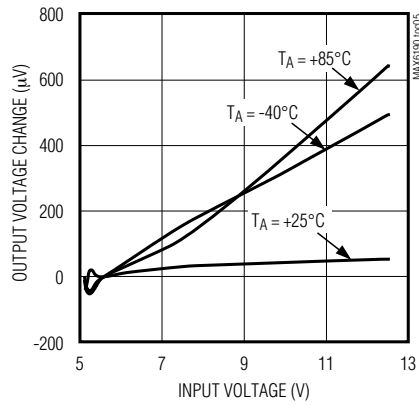
**MAX6195  
LONG-TERM DRIFT**



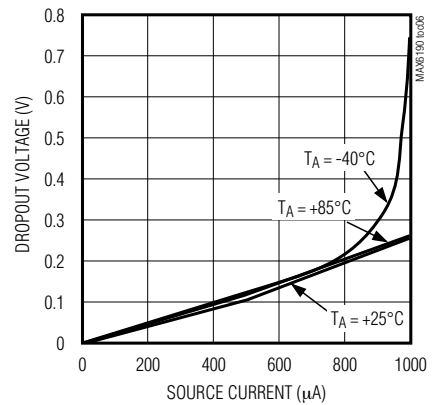
**MAX6190  
LINE REGULATION**



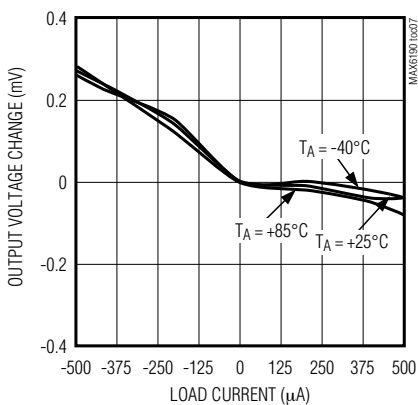
**MAX6195  
LINE REGULATION**



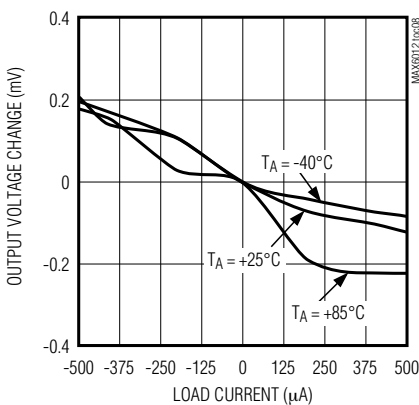
**MAX6192/MAX6193  
DROPOUT VOLTAGE  
vs. SOURCE CURRENT**



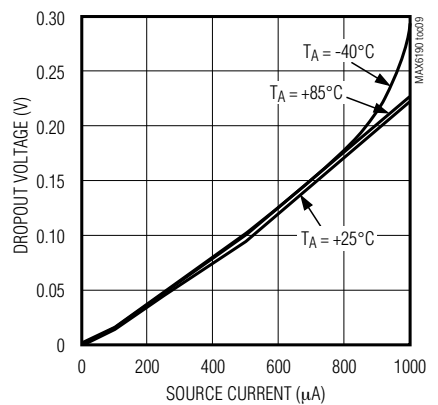
**MAX6190  
LOAD REGULATION**



**MAX6195  
LOAD REGULATION**



**MAX6194/MAX6195/MAX6198  
DROPOUT VOLTAGE  
vs. SOURCE CURRENT**



# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{IN} = 5V$  for MAX6190/1/2/3/4/8,  $V_{IN} = 5.5V$  for MAX6195;  $I_{OUT} = 0nA$ ;  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ; unless otherwise noted.) (Note 5)

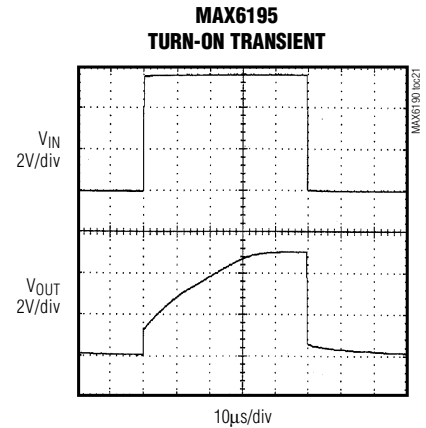


# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

( $V_{IN} = 5V$  for MAX6190/1/2/3/4/8,  $V_{IN} = 5.5V$  for MAX6195;  $I_{OUT} = 0nA$ ;  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ; unless otherwise noted.) (Note 5)



**Note 5:** Many of the *Typical Operating Characteristics* of the MAX6190 family are extremely similar. The extremes of these characteristics are found in the MAX6190 (1.2V output) and the MAX6195 (5.0V output) devices. The *Typical Operating Characteristics* of the remainder of the MAX6190 family typically lie between these two extremes and can be estimated based on their output voltage.

# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 3, 5, 7, 8	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.
2	IN	Supply Voltage Input
4	GND	Ground
6	OUT	Reference Voltage Output

### Detailed Description

The MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198 precision bandgap references use a proprietary curvature-correction circuit and laser-trimmed thin-film resistors, resulting in a low temperature coefficient of <math><5\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}</math> and initial accuracy of better than 0.1%. These devices can sink and source up to 500 $\mu\text{A}$  with <math><200\text{mV}</math> of dropout voltage, making them attractive for use in low-voltage applications.

### Applications Information

#### Output/Load Capacitance

Devices in this family do not require an output capacitance for frequency stability. They are stable for capacitive loads from 0 to 2.2nF. However, in applications where the load or the supply can experience step changes, an output capacitor will reduce the amount of overshoot (or undershoot) and assist the circuit's transient response. Many applications do not need an external capacitor, and this family can offer a significant advantage in these applications when board space is critical.

#### Supply Current

The quiescent supply current of these series-mode references is a maximum of 35 $\mu\text{A}$  and is virtually independent of the supply voltage, with only a 0.8 $\mu\text{A}/\text{V}$  variation with supply voltage. Unlike series references, shunt-mode references operate with a series resistor connected to the power supply. The quiescent current of a shunt-mode reference is thus a function of the input

voltage. Additionally, shunt-mode references have to be biased at the maximum expected load current, even if the load current is not present all the time. In the series-mode MAX6190 family, the load current is drawn from the input voltage only when required, so supply current is not wasted and efficiency is maximized at all input voltages. This improved efficiency can help reduce power dissipation and extend battery life.

When the supply voltage is below the minimum specified input voltage (as during turn-on), the devices can draw up to 200 $\mu\text{A}$  beyond the nominal supply current. The input voltage source must be capable of providing this current to ensure reliable turn-on.

#### Output Voltage Hysteresis

Output voltage hysteresis is the change in the output voltage at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  before and after the device is cycled over its entire operating temperature range. Hysteresis is caused by differential package stress appearing across the bandgap core transistors. The typical temperature hysteresis value is 75ppm.

#### Turn-On Time

These devices typically turn on and settle to within 0.1% of their final value in 30 $\mu\text{s}$  to 220 $\mu\text{s}$ , depending on the device. The turn-on time can increase up to 1.5ms with the device operating at the minimum dropout voltage and the maximum load.

#### Positive and Negative Low-Power Voltage Reference

Figure 1 shows a typical method for developing a bipolar reference. The circuit uses a MAX681 voltage doubler/inverter charge-pump converter to power an ICL7652, thus creating a positive as well as a negative reference voltage.

# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References



Figure 1. Positive and Negative References from Single 3V or 5V Supply

### Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
<b>MAX6193</b> AESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6193BESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6193CESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
<b>MAX6194</b> AESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6194BESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6194CESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
<b>MAX6195</b> AESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6195BESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6195CESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
<b>MAX6198</b> AESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6198BESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6198CESA+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX6198AESA/V+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free /RoHS-compliant package.

/V denotes an automotive qualified part.

### Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

### Typical Operating Circuit



### Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maximintegrated.com/packages](http://www.maximintegrated.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
8 SO	S8+2	<a href="#">21-0041</a>	<a href="#">90-0096</a>

# MAX6190–MAX6195/MAX6198

## Precision, Micropower, Low-Dropout Voltage References

### Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
3	4/10	Added automotive grade part, added lead-free information, and made style changes	1–14



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