



# Photocoupler

## Product Data Sheet

LTV-217-G

(Half Pitch LO Own Brand -  
1CH Halogen Free Series)

Spec No.: DS70-2009-0016

Effective Date: 10/27/2016

Revision: B

**LITE-ON DCC**

**RELEASE**

BNS-OD-FC001/A4

## Photocoupler LTV-2X7 series

### 1. DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 Features

- Current transfer ratio (CTR) : MIN. 50% at  $I_F = 5\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$
- High input-output isolation voltage. (Viso=3,750Vrms)
- Employs double transfer mold technology
- Safety approval:
  - UL 1577
  - VDE DIN EN60747-5-5 (VDE 0884-5) ,
  - CSA CA5A
  - FIMKO
- RoHS Compliance: All materials be used in device are followed EU RoHS directive (No.2002/95/EC).
- ESD pass HBM 8000V/MM2000V
- MSL class1
- Halogen Free

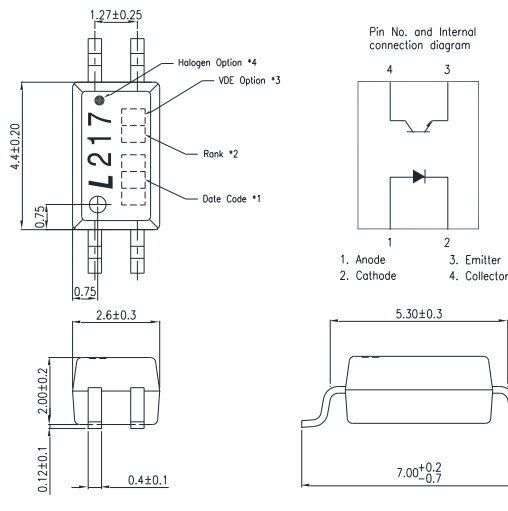
#### 1.2 Applications

- Hybrid substrates that require high density mounting.
- Programmable controllers
- System appliances, measuring instruments

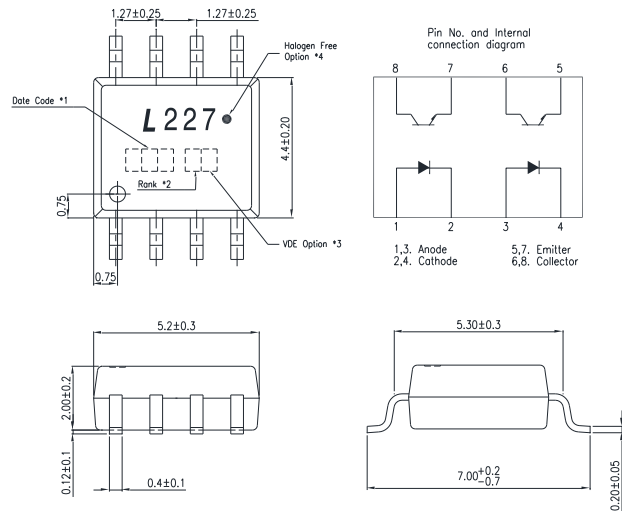
## Photocoupler LTV-2X7 series

### 2. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

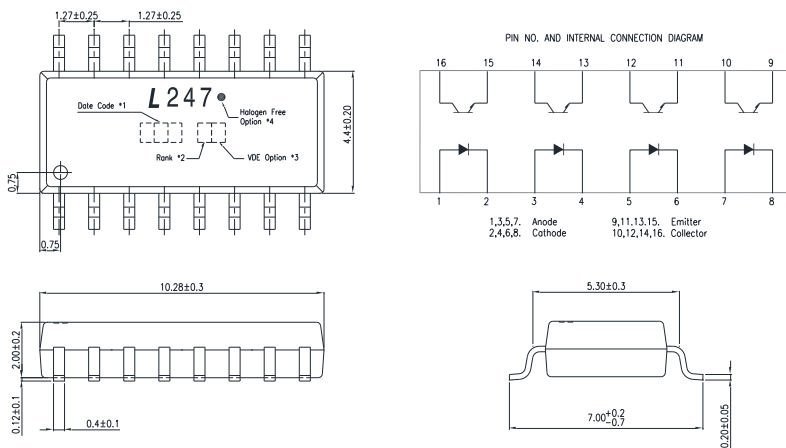
#### 2.1 LTV-217



#### 2.2 LTV-227



#### 2.3 LTV-247



#### Notes :

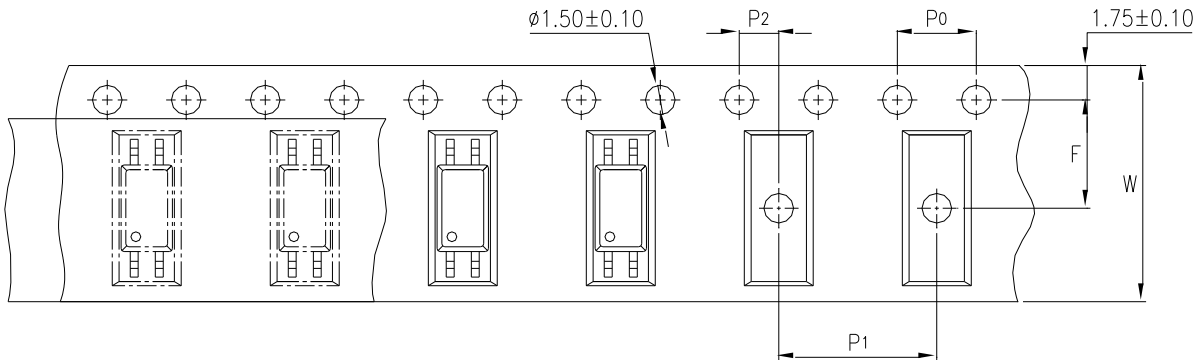
- 1-digit year code, Example : 2010 = A  
2-digit work week ranging from '01' to '53'
- Rank shall be or shall not be marked
- VDE mark only appears on devices or ordered "V" option.
- "●" indicates Halogen free option.

\*All dimensions in millimeters.

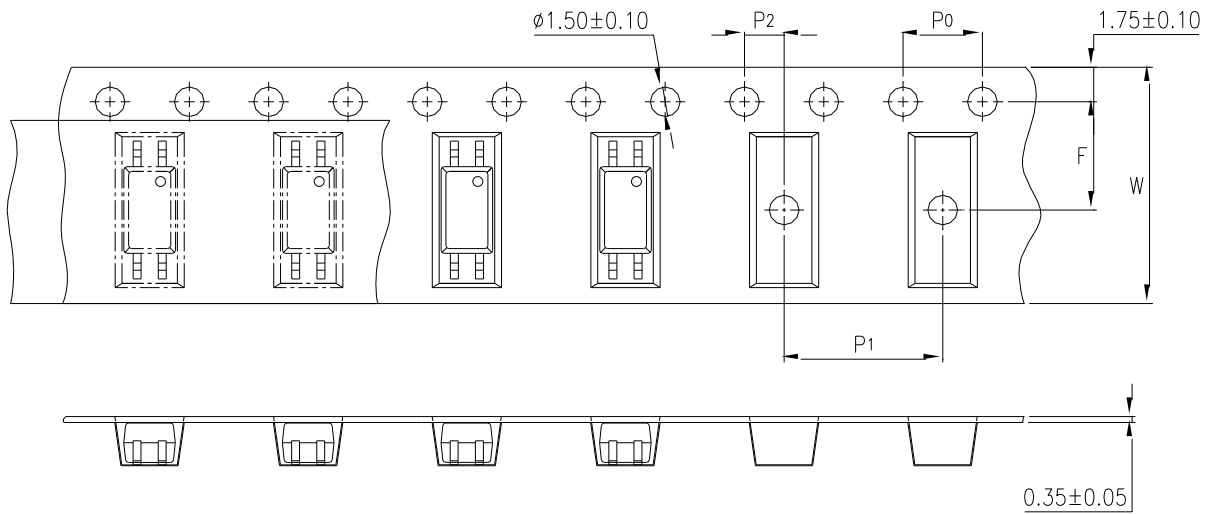
Photocoupler  
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3. TAPING DIMENSIONS

3.1 LTV-217-TP



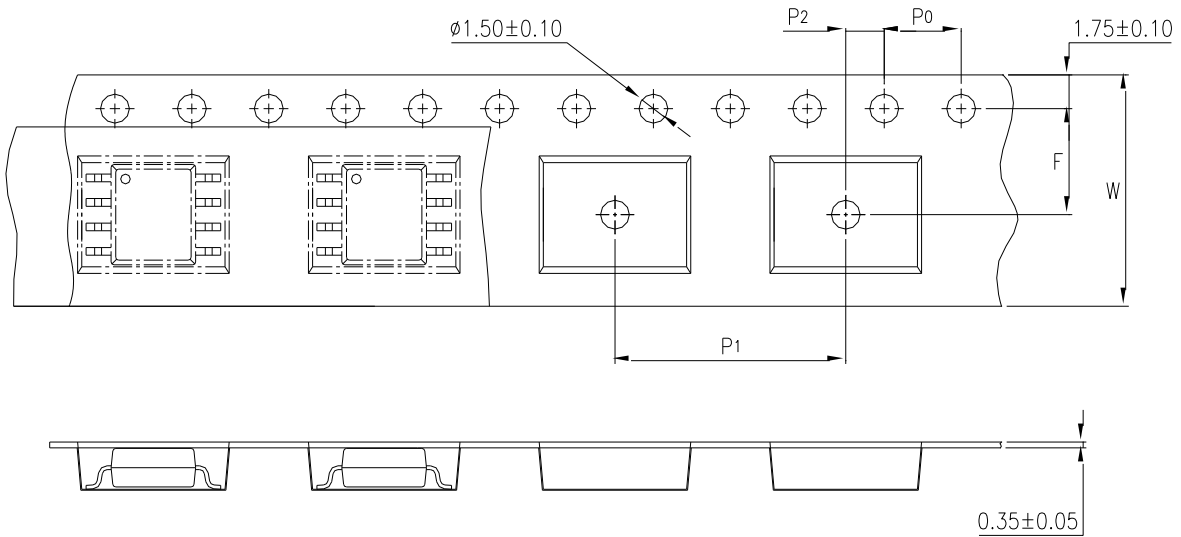
3.2 LTV-217



| Description                            | Symbol | Dimension in mm (inch) |
|--|--------|------------------------|
| Tape wide                              | W      | 12±0.3 (0.47)          |
| Pitch of sprocket holes                | $P_0$  | 4±0.1 (0.15)           |
| Distance of compartment                | F      | 5.5±0.1 (0.217)        |
|  | $P_2$  | 2±0.1 (0.079)          |
| Distance of compartment to compartment | $P_1$  | 8±0.1 (0.315)          |

## Photocoupler LTV-2X7 series

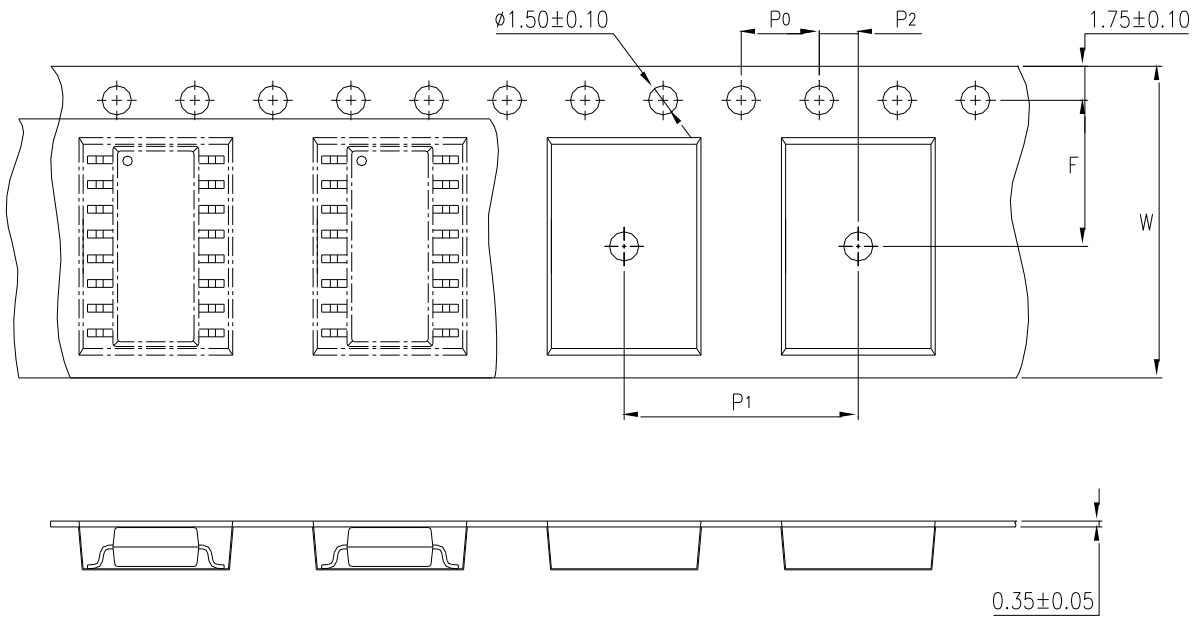
### 3.3 LTV-227



| Description                            | Symbol         | Dimension in mm (inch) |
|--|----------------|------------------------|
| Tape wide                              | W              | 12±0.3 (0.47)          |
| Pitch of sprocket holes                | P <sub>0</sub> | 4±0.1 (0.15)           |
| Distance of compartment                | F              | 5.5±0.1 (0.217)        |
|  | P <sub>2</sub> | 2±0.1 (0.079)          |
| Distance of compartment to compartment | P <sub>1</sub> | 8±0.1 (0.315)          |

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**3.4 LTV-247**



| Description                            | Symbol         | Dimension in mm (inch) |
|--|----------------|------------------------|
| Tape wide                              | W              | 16±0.3 (0.47)          |
| Pitch of sprocket holes                | P <sub>0</sub> | 4±0.1 (0.15)           |
| Distance of compartment                | F              | 7.5±0.1 (0.217)        |
|  | P <sub>2</sub> | 2±0.1 (0.079)          |
| Distance of compartment to compartment | P <sub>1</sub> | 12±0.1 (0.315)         |

**3.5 Quantities per Reel**

| Package Type     | LTV-217 | LTV-227 | LTV-247 |
|------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Quantities (pcs) | 3000    | 2000    | 2000    |

## Photocoupler LTV-2X7 series

### 4. RATING AND CHARACTERISTICS

#### 4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

|        | Parameter                   | Symbol    | Rating     |     |     | Unit      |
|--------|-----------------------------|-----------|------------|-----|-----|-----------|
|        |                             |           | 217        | 227 | 247 |           |
| Input  | Forward Current             | $I_F$     | 50         |     |     | mA        |
|        | Reverse Voltage             | $V_R$     | 6          |     |     | V         |
|        | Power Dissipation           | P         | 70         |     |     | mW        |
|        | Pulse Forward Current       | $I_{FSM}$ | 1          |     |     | A         |
|        | Junction Temperature        | $T_J$     | 125        |     |     | °C        |
| Output | Collector - Emitter Voltage | $V_{CEO}$ | 80         |     |     | V         |
|        | Emitter - Collector Voltage | $V_{ECO}$ | 7          |     |     | V         |
|        | Collector Current           | $I_C$     | 50         |     |     | mA        |
|        | Collector Power Dissipation | $P_C$     | 150        |     | 100 | mW        |
|        | Junction Temperature        | $T_J$     | 125        |     |     | °C        |
|        | Total Power Dissipation     | $P_{tot}$ | 200        |     | 170 | mW        |
| 1.     | Isolation Voltage           | $V_{iso}$ | 3750       |     |     | $V_{rms}$ |
|        | Operating Temperature       | $T_{opr}$ | -55 ~ +110 |     |     | °C        |
|        | Storage Temperature         | $T_{stg}$ | -55 ~ +150 |     |     | °C        |
| 2.     | Soldering Temperature       | $T_{sol}$ | 260        |     |     | °C        |

1. AC For 1 Minute, R.H. = 40 ~ 60%

Isolation voltage shall be measured using the following method.

- (1) Short between anode and cathode on the primary side and between collector and emitter on the secondary side.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

2. For 10 Seconds

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### 4.2 ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at Ta=25°C

| Parameter                |                                      | Symb          | Min.               | Typ.               | Max. | Unit     | Test Condition                            |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|----------|---|
| Input                    | Forward Voltage                      | $V_F$         | —                  | 1.2                | 1.4  | V        | $I_F=20mA$                                |
|                          | Reverse Current                      | $I_R$         | —                  | —                  | 10   | $\mu A$  | $V_R=4V$                                  |
|                          | Terminal Capacitance                 | $C_t$         | —                  | 30                 | 250  | pF       | $V=0, f=1KHz$                             |
| Output                   | Collector Dark Current               | $I_{CEO}$     | —                  | —                  | 100  | nA       | $V_{CE}=20V, I_F=0$                       |
|                          | Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage  | $BV_{CEO}$    | 80                 | —                  | —    | V        | $I_C=0.1mA, I_F=0$                        |
|                          | Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage  | $BV_{ECO}$    | 7                  | —                  | —    | V        | $I_E=10\mu A, I_F=0$                      |
| TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS | Collector Current                    | $I_C$         | 2.5                | —                  | 30   | mA       | $I_F=5mA$                                 |
|                          | 1. Current Transfer Ratio            | CTR           | 50                 | —                  | 600  | %        | $V_{CE}=5V$                               |
|                          | Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage | $V_{CE(sat)}$ | —                  | —                  | 0.4  | V        | $I_F=8mA$<br>$I_C=2.4mA$                  |
|                          | Isolation Resistance                 | $R_{iso}$     | $5 \times 10^{10}$ | $1 \times 10^{11}$ | —    | $\Omega$ | DC500V,<br>40 ~ 60% R.H.                  |
|                          | Floating Capacitance                 | $C_f$         | —                  | 0.6                | 1    | pF       | $V=0, f=1MHz$                             |
|                          | Response Time (Rise)                 | $t_r$         | —                  | 2                  | 18   | $\mu s$  | $V_{CE}=10V,$                             |
|                          | Response Time (Fall)                 | $t_f$         | —                  | 3                  | 18   | $\mu s$  | $I_C=2mA$                                 |
|                          | Turn-On Time                         | $T_{ON}$      | —                  | 3                  | —    | $\mu s$  | $R_L=100\Omega,$                          |
|                          | Turn-Off Time                        | $T_{OFF}$     | —                  | 3                  | —    | $\mu s$  | $f=100Hz$                                 |
|                          | Turn-On Time                         | $t_{ON}$      | —                  | 2                  | —    | $\mu s$  | $V_{CE}=5V, I_C=16mA$<br>$R_L=1.9K\Omega$ |
|                          | Storage Time                         | $T_s$         | —                  | 25                 | —    | $\mu s$  |   |
|                          | Turn-Off Time                        | $t_{OFF}$     | —                  | 40                 | —    | $\mu s$  |   |

$$1. CTR = \frac{I_C}{I_F} \times 100\%$$

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**5. RANK TABLE OF CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO CTR**

| MODEL NO. | CTR Rank                    | Min | Max | Condition                             |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-----|-----|---------------------------------------|
| LTV-217   | A                           | 80  | 160 | $I_F=5mA, V_{CE}=5V, T_a=25^{\circ}C$ |
|           | A1                          | 100 | 160 |                                       |
|           | B                           | 130 | 260 |                                       |
|           | C                           | 200 | 400 |                                       |
|           | D                           | 300 | 600 |                                       |
|           | A or B or C or D or No mark | 50  | 600 |                                       |
| LTV-227   | B                           | 130 | 260 |                                       |
|           | C                           | 200 | 400 |                                       |
|           | B or C or No mark           | 50  | 600 |                                       |
| LTV-247   | No mark                     | 100 | 600 |                                       |

# Photocoupler LTV-2X7 series

## 6. CHARACTERISTICS CURVES (TYPICAL PERFORMANCE)

Figure 1. Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

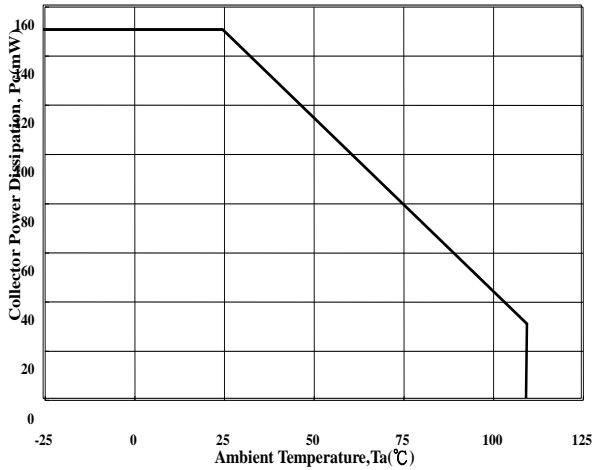


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

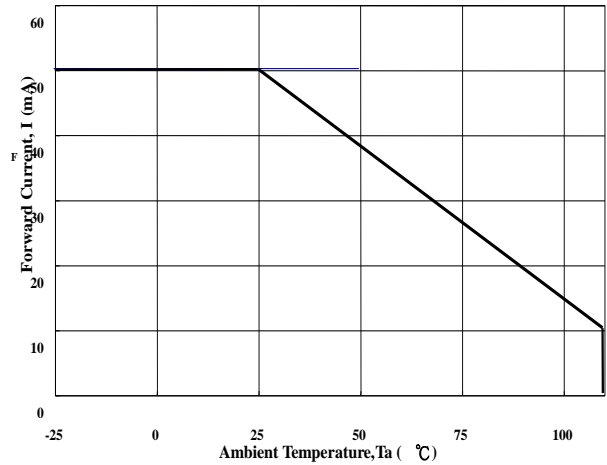


Figure 3. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

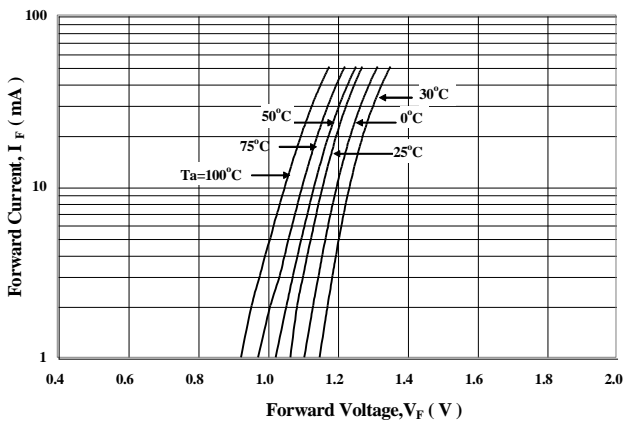


Figure 4. Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient vs. Forward Current

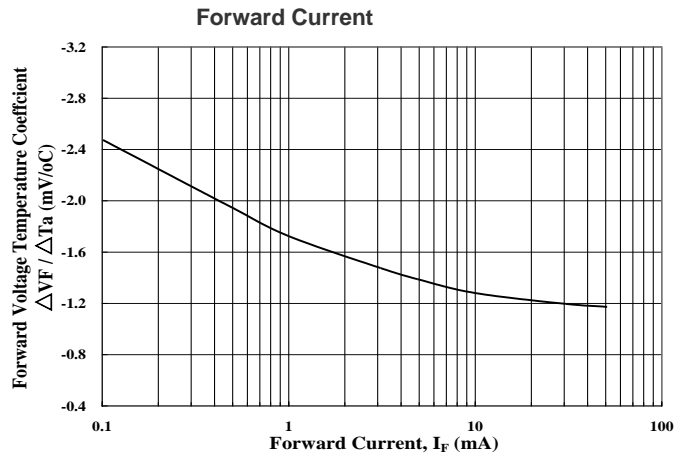


Figure 5. Pulse Forward Current vs. Duty Cycle Ratio

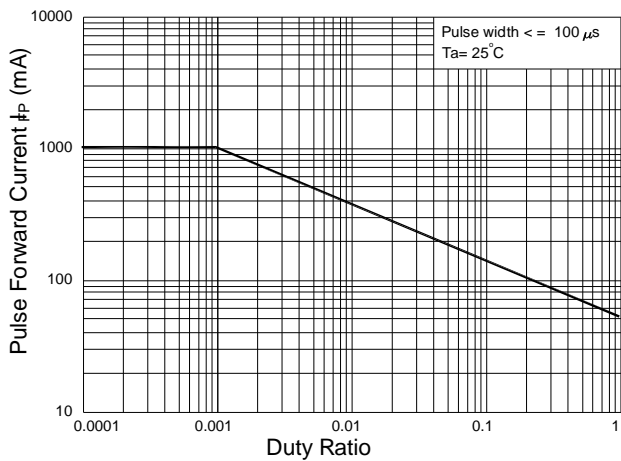
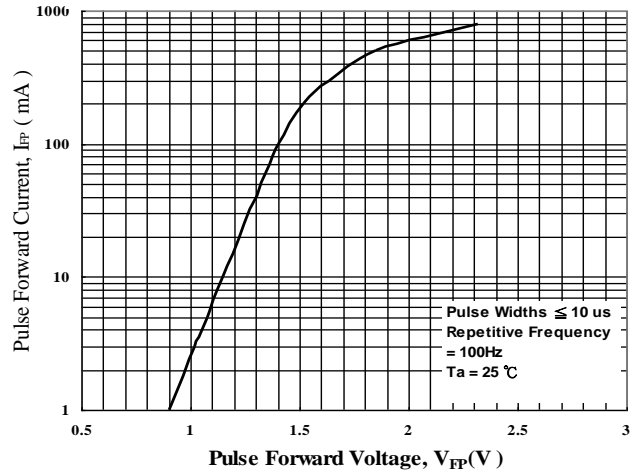


Figure 6. Pulse Forward Current vs. Pulse Forward Voltage



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Figure 7. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward

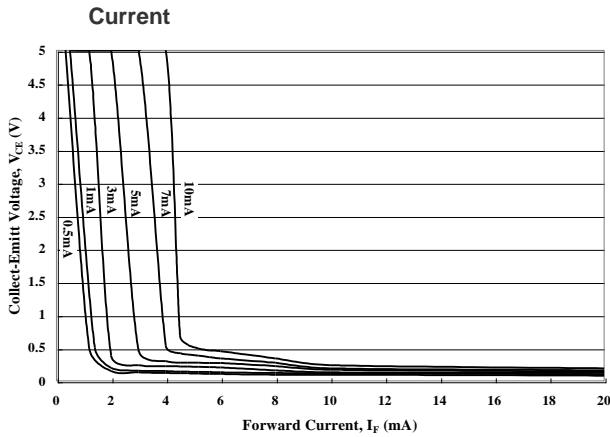


Figure 8. Collector Current vs. Collector-Emitter

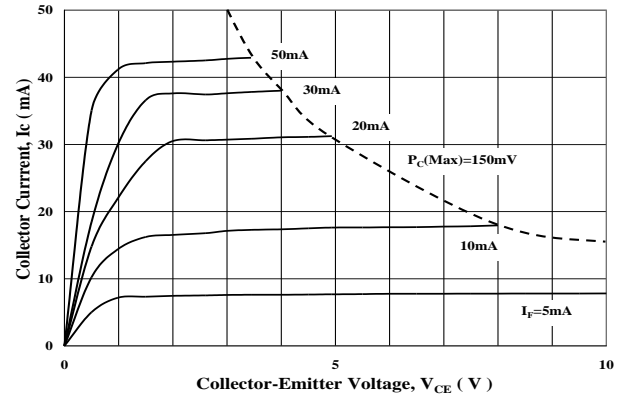


Figure 9. Collector Current vs. Small Collector-Emitter

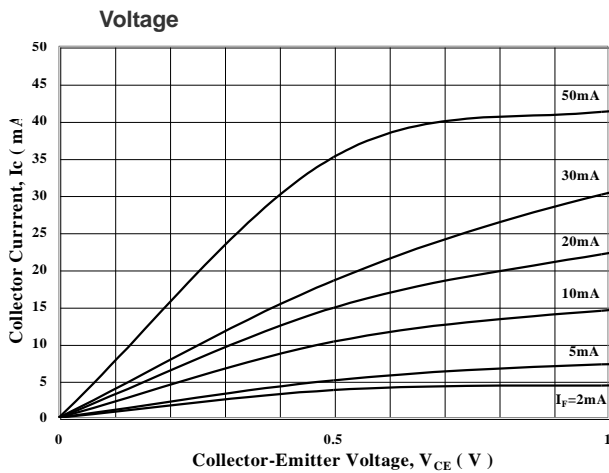


Figure 10. Normalized CTR vs. Forward Current

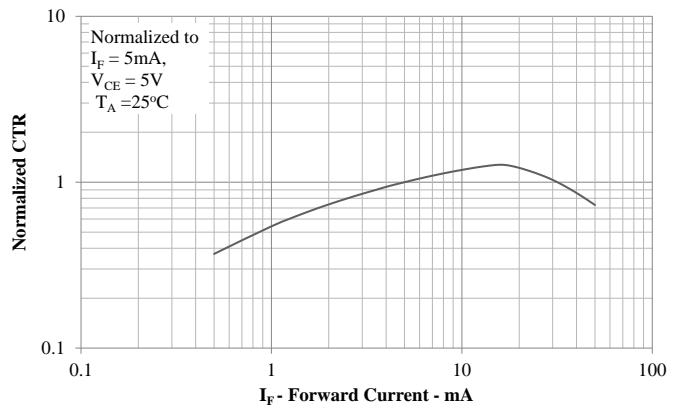


Figure 11. Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

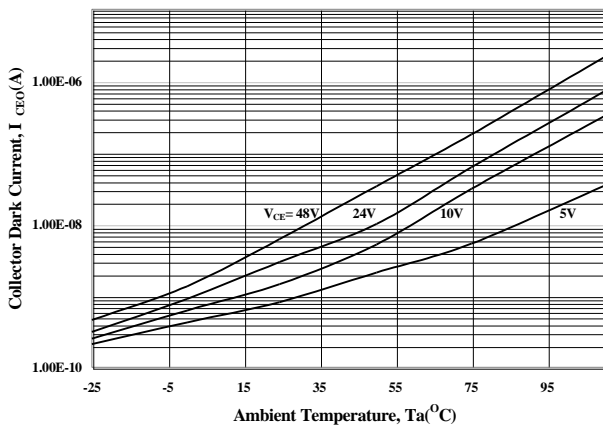
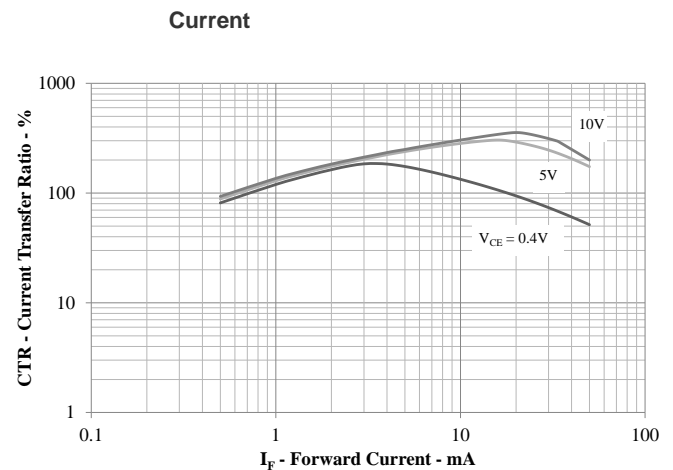


Figure 12. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward



## Photocoupler LTV-2X7 series

Figure 13. Normalized CTR vs. Ambient Temperature

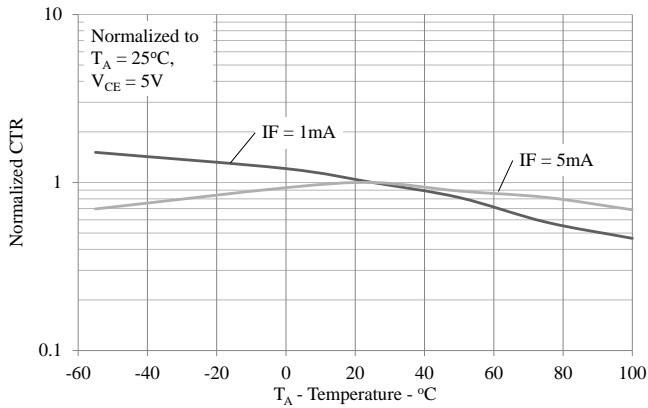


Figure 15. Collector Current vs. Ambient Temperature

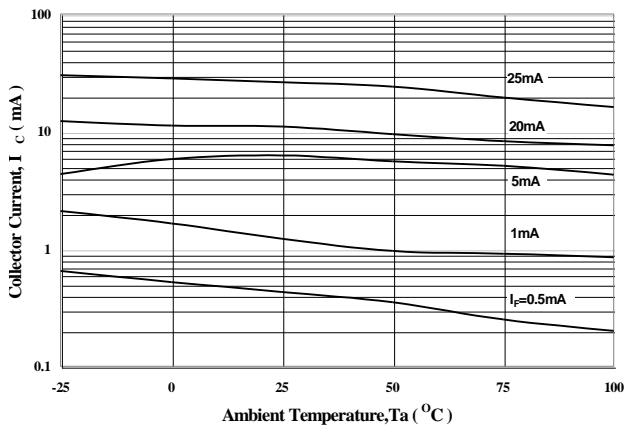


Figure 17. Switching Time vs. Ambient Temperature

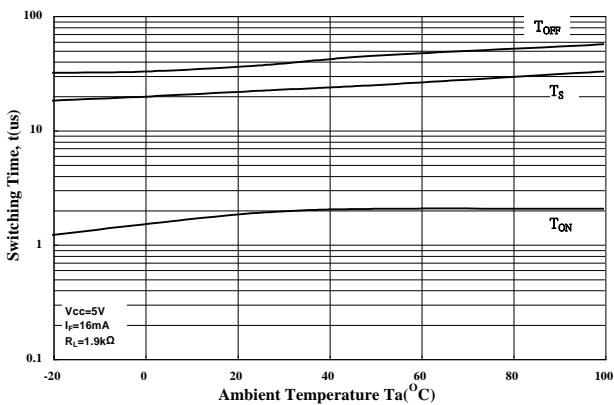


Figure 14. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

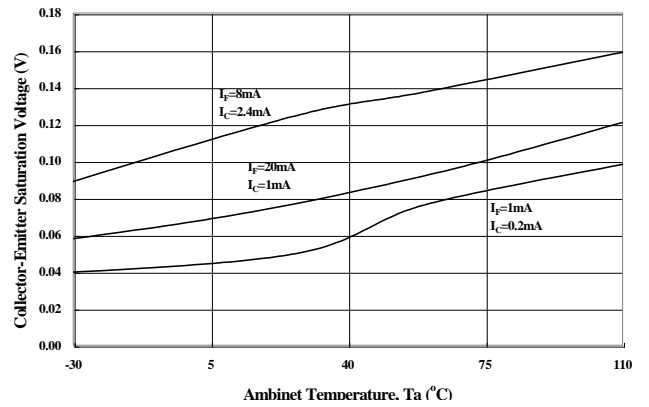


Figure 16. Switching Time vs. Load Resistance

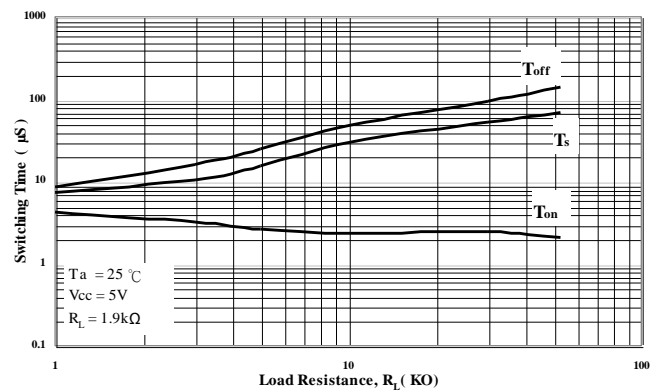
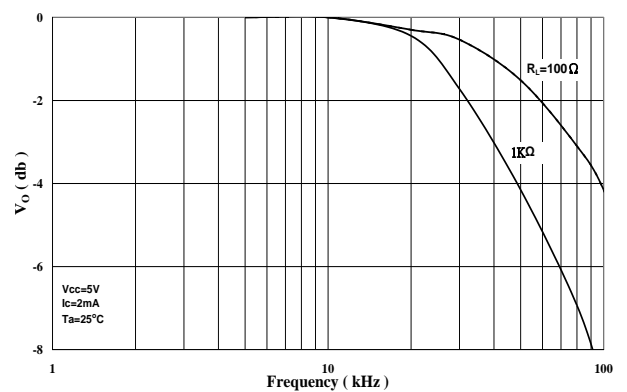
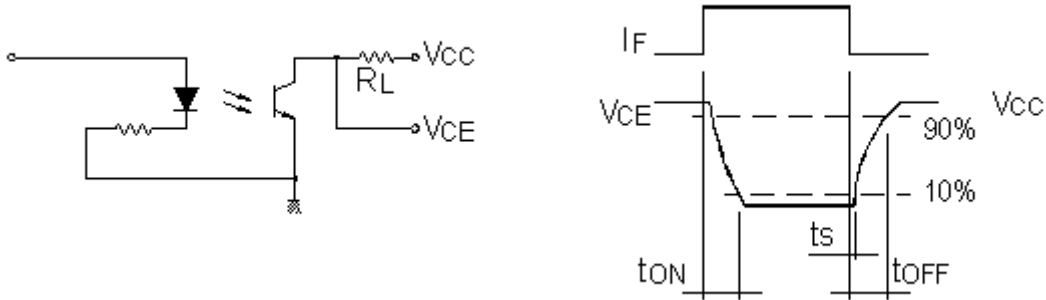


Figure 18. Frequency Response



## Photocoupler LTV-2X7 series

### 7. SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT



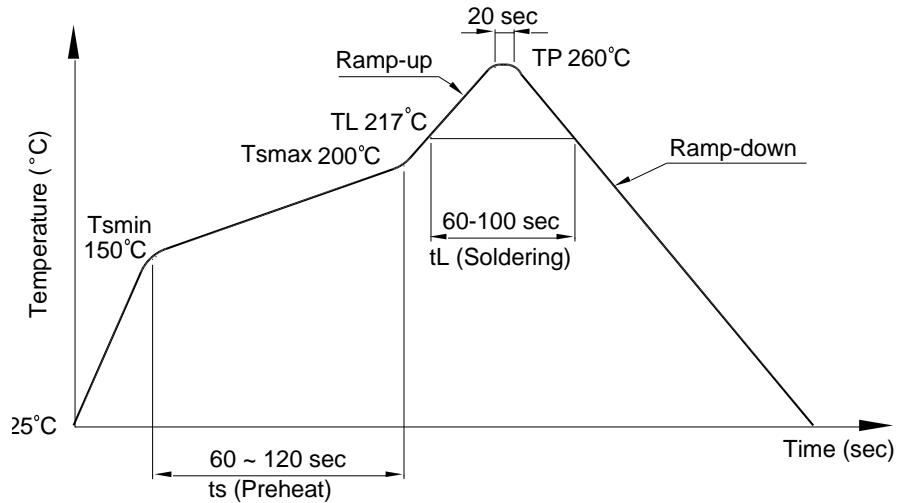
### 8. TEMPERATURE PROFILE OF SOLDERING

#### 8.1 IR Reflow soldering (JEDEC-STD-020C compliant)

One time soldering reflow is recommended within the condition of temperature and time profile shown below. Do not solder more than three times.

| Profile item                     | Conditions     |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Preheat                          |                |
| - Temperature Min ( $T_{Smin}$ ) | 150°C          |
| - Temperature Max ( $T_{Smax}$ ) | 200°C          |
| - Time (min to max) (ts)         | 90±30 sec      |
| Soldering zone                   |                |
| - Temperature ( $T_L$ )          | 217°C          |
| - Time ( $t_L$ )                 | 60 ~100 sec    |
| Peak Temperature ( $T_P$ )       | 260°C          |
| Ramp-up rate                     | 3°C / sec max. |
| Ramp-down rate                   | 3~6°C / sec    |

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LTV-2X7 series



8.2 Wave soldering (JEDEC22A111 compliant)

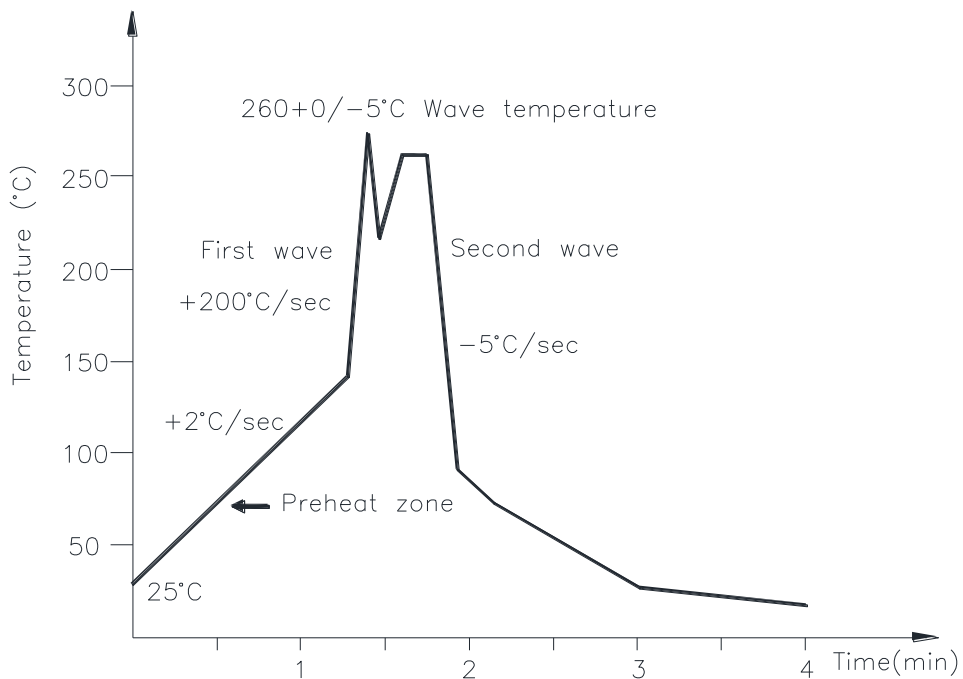
One time soldering is recommended within the condition of temperature.

Temperature: 260+0/-5°C

Time: 10 sec.

Preheat temperature: 25 to 140°C

Preheat time: 30 to 80 sec.



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### 8.3 Hand soldering by soldering iron

Allow single lead soldering in every single process. One time soldering is recommended.

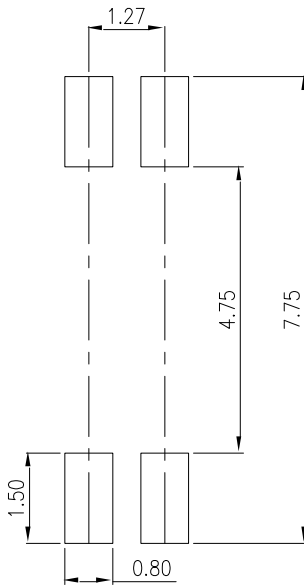
Temperature: 380+0/-5°C

Time: 3 sec max.

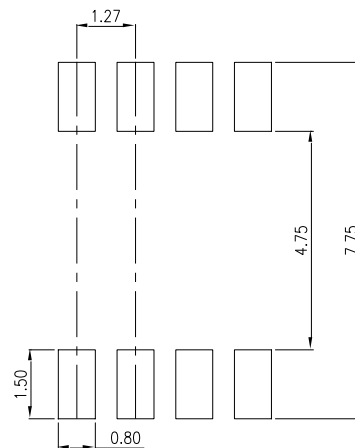
## 9. RECOMMENDED FOOT PRINT PATTERNS (MOUNT PAD)

Unit: mm

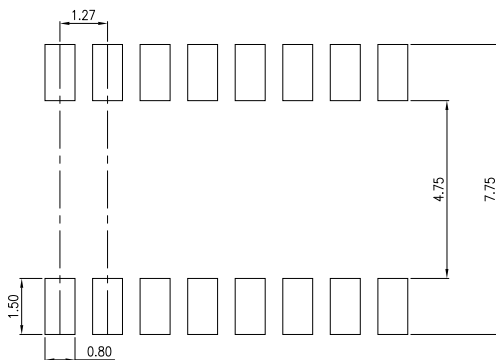
### 9.1 LTV-217



### 9.2 LTV-227



### 9.3 LTV-247



**Photocoupler  
LTV-2X7 series**

**10. NAMING RULE**

**LTV-2X7-(1)-(2)-G**

DEVICE PART NUMBER

(1) TAPING TYPE (TP or none)

Please refer to orientation of taping on Page P3-P5

(2) CTR RANK

Please refer to the CTR table on Page P8

(3) Halogen free option

Example : LTV-217-TP-A-G

**LTV2X7(1)(2)-V-G**

DEVICE PART NUMBER

(1) TAPING TYPE (TP or none)

Please refer to orientation of taping on Page P3-P5

(2) CTR RANK

Please refer to the CTR table on Page P8

(3) VDE order option

(4) Halogen free option

Example : LTV217TPA-V-G

**11. NOTES**

- LiteOn is continually improving the quality, reliability, function or design and LiteOn reserves the right to make changes without further notices.
- The products shown in this publication are designed for the general use in electronic applications such as office automation equipment, communications devices, audio/visual equipment, electrical application and instrumentation.
- For equipment/devices where high reliability or safety is required, such as space applications, nuclear power control equipment, medical equipment, etc, please contact our sales representatives.
- When requiring a device for any "specific" application, please contact our sales in advance.
- If there are any questions about the contents of this publication, please contact us at your convenience.
- The contents described herein are subject to change without prior notice.
- Immerge unit's body in solder paste is not recommended.

## Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

Click below to explore more details on WIN SOURCE:

- [View LTV-217-C-G on WIN SOURCE](#)
- [Lite-On Inc. Information](#)

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- ✓ Obsolete Management
- ✓ Cost Control Management
- ✓ Shortage Management
- ✓ Alternative Solution
- ✓ Excess Inventory Management