



**THE DATASHEET OF  
LT1492CS8#TRPBF**



# 5MHz, 3V/ $\mu$ s, Low Power Single Supply, Dual and Quad Precision Op Amps

## FEATURES

- **Gain-Bandwidth Product: 5MHz Typ**
- **Slew Rate: 3V/ $\mu$ s Typ**
- **Low Supply Current per Amplifier: 0.55mA Max**
- **Input Offset Voltage: 180 $\mu$ V Max**
- Input Offset Voltage Drift: 3 $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C Max
- Input Offset Current: 20nA Max
- Input Bias Current: 100nA Max
- Open-Loop Gain: 1500V/mV Min ( $V_S = \pm 15V$ )
- Low Input Noise Voltage: 16.5nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
- Low Input Noise Current: 0.14pA/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
- Large Output Drive Current: 20mA Min
- Single Supply Operation
  - Input Voltage Range Includes Ground
  - Output Swings to Ground While Sinking Current
- Wide Supply Voltage Range: 2.5V to 36V
- Specified on 3.3V, 5V and  $\pm 15V$
- Dual in 8-Pin PDIP and SO Package
- Quad in a Narrow 16-Pin SO Package

## APPLICATIONS

- Battery-Powered Systems
  - Portable Instrumentation
- Active Filters
- Photodiode Amplifiers
- DAC Current to Voltage Amplifiers

## DESCRIPTION


The LT<sup>®</sup>1492/LT1493 are dual/quad, low power, single supply precision op amps with 5MHz gain-bandwidth product, 3V/ $\mu$ s slew rate and only 450 $\mu$ A of quiescent supply current per amplifier.

With a maximum input offset voltage of only 180 $\mu$ V, the LT1492/LT1493 eliminate trims in most systems while providing high frequency performance not usually found in low power single supply amplifiers.

The LT1492/LT1493 will operate on any supply greater than 2.5V and less than 36V total, and are specified on single 3.3V, single 5V and  $\pm 15V$  supplies. Even with their low quiescent supply current the minimum output drive is 20mA, ideal for driving low impedance loads.

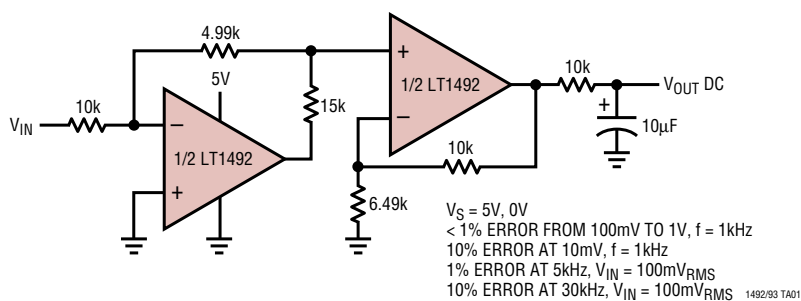
The inputs can be driven beyond the supplies without damage or phase reversal of the output. The low operating voltage and wide input and output range make the LT1492/LT1493 amplifiers ideal for battery-powered applications.

For applications requiring faster precision single supply amplifiers, see the 14MHz, 7V/ $\mu$ s LT1211/LT1212, the 28MHz, 12V/ $\mu$ s LT1213/LT1214 or the 23MHz, 50V/ $\mu$ s LT1215/LT1216.

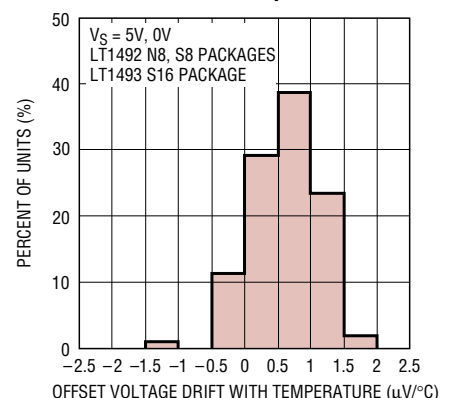
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## TYPICAL APPLICATION

### Precision AC to DC Converter (Full Wave Rectifier and Filter)



### Distribution of Offset Voltage Drift with Temperature



1492/93 G02

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Total Supply Voltage ( $V^+$  to  $V^-$ ) ..... 36V  
 Input Current .....  $\pm 15\text{mA}$   
 Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 1) ..... Continuous  
 Operating Temperature Range .....  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$

Specified Temperature Range (Note 2) .....  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$   
 Junction Temperature .....  $150^\circ\text{C}$   
 Storage Temperature Range .....  $-65^\circ\text{C}$  to  $150^\circ\text{C}$   
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) .....  $300^\circ\text{C}$

## PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                        |                                                                                                                                          |                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| <p>N8 PACKAGE<br/>8-LEAD PDIP<br/>S8 PACKAGE<br/>8-LEAD PLASTIC SO</p> <p><math>T_{JMAX} = 150^\circ\text{C}</math>, <math>\theta_{JA} = 130^\circ\text{C/W}</math> (N8)<br/> <math>T_{JMAX} = 150^\circ\text{C}</math>, <math>\theta_{JA} = 190^\circ\text{C/W}</math> (S8)</p> | ORDER PART NUMBER      | <p>S PACKAGE<br/>16-LEAD PLASTIC SO</p> <p><math>T_{JMAX} = 150^\circ\text{C}</math>, <math>\theta_{JA} = 150^\circ\text{C/W}</math></p> | ORDER PART NUMBER |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | LT1492CN8<br>LT1492CS8 |                                                                                                                                          | LT1493CS          |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | S8 PART MARKING        |                                                                                                                                          |                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 1492                   |                                                                                                                                          |                   |

Consult factory for Industrial and Military grade parts.

## 5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = 5\text{V}$ ,  $0\text{V}$ ;  $V_{CM} = 0.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 0.5\text{V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL                                     | PARAMETER                                | CONDITIONS                            | MIN | TYP   | MAX | UNITS                   |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------------------------|
| $V_{OS}$                                   | Input Offset Voltage                     |                                       |     | 100   | 180 | $\mu\text{V}$           |
| $\frac{\Delta V_{OS}}{\Delta \text{Time}}$ | Long-Term Input Offset Voltage Stability |                                       |     | 0.6   |     | $\mu\text{V}/\text{Mo}$ |
| $I_{OS}$                                   | Input Offset Current                     |                                       |     | 5     | 20  | nA                      |
| $I_B$                                      | Input Bias Current                       |                                       |     | 50    | 100 | nA                      |
| $e_n$                                      | Input Noise Voltage                      | 0.1Hz to 10Hz                         |     | 330   |     | nV <sub>p-p</sub>       |
| $e_n$                                      | Input Noise Voltage Density              | $f_0 = 10\text{Hz}$                   |     | 17.3  |     | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  |
|                                            |                                          | $f_0 = 1000\text{Hz}$                 |     | 16.5  |     | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  |
| $i_n$                                      | Input Noise Current Density              | $f_0 = 10\text{Hz}$                   |     | 0.78  |     | pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  |
|                                            |                                          | $f_0 = 1000\text{Hz}$                 |     | 0.14  |     | pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  |
|                                            | Input Resistance (Note 3)                | Differential Mode<br>Common Mode      | 10  | 40    |     | $\text{M}\Omega$        |
|                                            |                                          |                                       |     | 800   |     | $\text{M}\Omega$        |
|                                            | Input Capacitance                        | $f = 1\text{MHz}$                     |     | 10    |     | pF                      |
|                                            |                                          |                                       | 3.4 | 3.60  |     | V                       |
|                                            |                                          |                                       | 0   | -0.25 |     | V                       |
| CMRR                                       | Common Mode Rejection Ratio              | $V_{CM} = 0\text{V}$ to $3.4\text{V}$ | 86  | 102   |     | dB                      |
| PSRR                                       | Power Supply Rejection Ratio             | $V_S = 2.5\text{V}$ to $12.5\text{V}$ | 90  | 110   |     | dB                      |

## 5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = 5V, 0V; V_{CM} = 0.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V, T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL     | PARAMETER                                | CONDITIONS                                     | MIN      | TYP      | MAX   | UNITS      |   |
|------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|-------|------------|---|
| $A_{VOL}$  | Large-Signal Voltage Gain                | $V_O = 0.05V$ to $3.7V, R_L = 2k$              | 175      | 350      |       | V/mV       |   |
|            | Maximum Output Voltage Swing<br>(Note 4) | Output High, No Load                           | 4.2      | 4.35     |       | V          |   |
|            |                                          | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 1mA$                | 4.1      | 4.25     |       | V          |   |
|            |                                          | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$               | 3.0      | 3.15     |       | V          |   |
|            |                                          | Output Low, No Load                            |          | 0.003    | 0.006 |            | V |
|            |                                          | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 1mA$                   |          | 0.062    | 0.075 |            | V |
|            |                                          | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 15mA$                  |          | 0.362    | 0.500 |            | V |
| $I_O$      | Maximum Output Current (Note 8)          |                                                | $\pm 20$ | $\pm 60$ |       | mA         |   |
| SR         | Slew Rate                                | $A_V = -2$                                     |          | 1.8      |       | V/ $\mu s$ |   |
| GBW        | Gain-Bandwidth Product                   | $f = 100kHz$                                   |          | 4.5      |       | MHz        |   |
| $I_S$      | Supply Current per Amplifier             |                                                |          | 425      | 550   | $\mu A$    |   |
|            | Minimum Supply Voltage                   |                                                |          | 2.1      | 2.5   | V          |   |
|            | Full Power Bandwidth                     | $A_V = 1, V_O = 2.5V_{P-P}$                    |          | 150      |       | kHz        |   |
| $t_r, t_f$ | Rise Time, Fall Time                     | $A_V = 1, 10\%$ to $90\%, V_O = 100mV$         |          | 100      |       | ns         |   |
| OS         | Overshoot                                | $A_V = 1, V_O = 100mV$                         |          | 20       |       | %          |   |
| $t_{PD}$   | Propagation Delay                        | $A_V = 1, V_O = 100mV$                         |          | 100      |       | ns         |   |
| $t_S$      | Settling Time                            | $0.01\%, A_V = 1, \Delta V_O = 2V$             |          | 2.6      |       | $\mu s$    |   |
|            | Open-Loop Output Resistance              | $I_O = 0mA, f = 2MHz$                          |          | 130      |       | $\Omega$   |   |
| THD        | Total Harmonic Distortion                | $A_V = 1, V_O = 1V_{RMS}, f = 20Hz$ to $20kHz$ |          | 0.005    |       | %          |   |

$V_S = 5V, 0V; V_{CM} = 0.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V, 0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL                    | PARAMETER                                | CONDITIONS                        | MIN | TYP | MAX   | UNITS            |   |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-------|------------------|---|
| $V_{OS}$                  | Input Offset Voltage                     |                                   | ●   | 120 | 280   | $\mu V$          |   |
| $\frac{V_{OS}}{\Delta T}$ | Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 3)      |                                   | ●   | 1   | 3     | $\mu V/^\circ C$ |   |
| $I_{OS}$                  | Input Offset Current                     |                                   | ●   | 5   | 25    | nA               |   |
| $I_B$                     | Input Bias Current                       |                                   | ●   | 55  | 110   | nA               |   |
|                           | Input Voltage Range                      |                                   | ●   | 3.4 | 3.55  | V                |   |
|                           |                                          |                                   | ●   | 0   | -0.15 | V                |   |
| CMRR                      | Common Mode Rejection Ratio              | $V_{CM} = 0V$ to $3.4V$           | ●   | 84  | 102   | dB               |   |
| PSRR                      | Power Supply Rejection Ratio             | $V_S = 2.5V$ to $12.5V$           | ●   | 90  | 110   | dB               |   |
| $A_{VOL}$                 | Large-Signal Voltage Gain                | $V_O = 0.05V$ to $3.7V, R_L = 2k$ | ●   | 140 | 250   | V/mV             |   |
|                           | Maximum Output Voltage Swing<br>(Note 4) | Output High, No Load              | ●   | 4.1 | 4.25  | V                |   |
|                           |                                          | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 1mA$   | ●   | 4.0 | 4.15  | V                |   |
|                           |                                          | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$  | ●   | 2.9 | 3.05  | V                |   |
|                           |                                          | Output Low, No Load               | ●   |     | 0.004 | 0.007            | V |
|                           |                                          | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 1mA$      | ●   |     | 0.070 | 0.085            | V |
|                           |                                          | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 15mA$     | ●   |     | 0.390 | 0.525            | V |
| $I_S$                     | Supply Current per Amplifier             |                                   | ●   | 470 | 650   | $\mu A$          |   |

## 5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = 5V, 0V; V_{CM} = 0.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V, -40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. (Note 2)

| SYMBOL                    | PARAMETER                             | CONDITIONS                        | MIN      | TYP         | MAX   | UNITS            |   |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------|-------|------------------|---|
| $V_{OS}$                  | Input Offset Voltage                  |                                   |          | 150         | 325   | $\mu V$          |   |
| $\frac{V_{OS}}{\Delta T}$ | Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 3)   |                                   |          | 1           | 3     | $\mu V/^\circ C$ |   |
| $I_{OS}$                  | Input Offset Current                  |                                   |          | 5           | 40    | nA               |   |
| $I_B$                     | Input Bias Current                    |                                   |          | 55          | 130   | nA               |   |
|                           | Input Voltage Range                   |                                   | 3.4<br>0 | 3.5<br>-0.1 |       | V<br>V           |   |
| CMRR                      | Common Mode Rejection Ratio           | $V_{CM} = 0V$ to 3.4V             |          | 80          | 90    | dB               |   |
| PSRR                      | Power Supply Rejection Ratio          | $V_S = 2.5V$ to 12.5V             |          | 90          | 110   | dB               |   |
| $A_{VOL}$                 | Large-Signal Voltage Gain             | $V_O = 0.05V$ to 3.7V, $R_L = 2k$ |          | 140         | 220   | V/mV             |   |
|                           | Maximum Output Voltage Swing (Note 4) | Output High, No Load              |          | 3.95        | 4.15  | V                |   |
|                           |                                       | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 1mA$   |          | 3.85        | 4.05  | V                |   |
|                           |                                       | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$  |          | 2.75        | 2.95  | V                |   |
|                           |                                       | Output Low, No Load               |          |             | 0.005 | 0.008            | V |
|                           |                                       | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 1mA$      |          |             | 0.073 | 0.095            | V |
|                           |                                       | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 15mA$     |          |             | 0.400 | 0.575            | V |
| $I_S$                     | Supply Current per Amplifier          |                                   |          | 480         | 700   | $\mu A$          |   |

## $\pm 15V$ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = \pm 15V, V_{CM} = 0V, V_{OUT} = 0V, T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL    | PARAMETER                    | CONDITIONS                         | MIN           | TYP           | MAX     | UNITS      |
|-----------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------|------------|
| $V_{OS}$  | Input Offset Voltage         |                                    |               | 120           | 450     | $\mu V$    |
| $I_{OS}$  | Input Offset Current         |                                    |               | 5             | 20      | nA         |
| $I_B$     | Input Bias Current           |                                    |               | 45            | 100     | nA         |
|           | Input Voltage Range          |                                    | 13.4<br>-15.0 | 13.6<br>-15.2 |         | V<br>V     |
| CMRR      | Common Mode Rejection Ratio  | $V_{CM} = -15V$ to 13.4V           |               | 86            | 102     | dB         |
| PSRR      | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $V_S = \pm 2V$ to $\pm 16V$        |               | 90            | 113     | dB         |
| $A_{VOL}$ | Large-Signal Voltage Gain    | $V_O = \pm 10V, R_L = 5k$          |               | 1500          | 6500    | V/mV       |
|           | Maximum Output Voltage Swing | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$   |               | 12.9          | 13.15   | V          |
|           |                              | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 15mA$      |               | -14.4         | -14.6   | V          |
| $I_O$     | Maximum Output Current       | (Note 8)                           | $\pm 20$      | $\pm 55$      |         | mA         |
| SR        | Slew Rate                    | $A_V = -2$ , (Note 5)              | 2             | 3             |         | V/ $\mu s$ |
| GBW       | Gain-Bandwidth Product       | $f = 100kHz$                       | 3             | 5             |         | MHz        |
| $I_S$     | Supply Current per Amplifier |                                    |               | 500           | 800     | $\mu A$    |
|           | Channel Separation           | $V_O = \pm 10V, R_L = 5k$          | 128           | 140           |         | dB         |
|           | Minimum Supply Voltage       |                                    |               | $\pm 1.4$     | $\pm 2$ | V          |
|           | Full Power Bandwidth         | $A_V = 1, V_O = 20V_{P-P}$         |               | 30            |         | kHz        |
| $t_S$     | Settling Time                | 0.01%, $A_V = 1, \Delta V_O = 10V$ |               | 5.8           |         | $\mu s$    |

## ±15V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 0V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 0V$ ,  $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL                    | PARAMETER                           | CONDITIONS                                                        | MIN           | TYP           | MAX           | UNITS            |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| $V_{OS}$                  | Input Offset Voltage                |                                                                   |               | 160           | 550           | $\mu V$          |
| $\frac{V_{OS}}{\Delta T}$ | Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 3) |                                                                   |               | 1             | 3             | $\mu V/^\circ C$ |
| $I_{OS}$                  | Input Offset Current                |                                                                   |               | 10            | 30            | nA               |
| $I_B$                     | Input Bias Current                  |                                                                   |               | 55            | 120           | nA               |
|                           | Input Voltage Range                 |                                                                   | 13.4<br>-15.0 | 13.5<br>-15.1 |               | V<br>V           |
| CMRR                      | Common Mode Rejection Ratio         | $V_{CM} = -15V$ to $13.4V$                                        |               | 84            | 101           | dB               |
| PSRR                      | Power Supply Rejection Ratio        | $V_S = \pm 2V$ to $\pm 16V$                                       |               | 90            | 108           | dB               |
| $A_{VOL}$                 | Large-Signal Voltage Gain           | $V_O = \pm 10V$ , $R_L = 5k$                                      |               | 1200          | 4000          | V/mV             |
|                           | Maximum Output Voltage Swing        | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$<br>Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 15mA$ |               | 12.7<br>-14.2 | 13.0<br>-14.6 | V<br>V           |
| $I_S$                     | Supply Current per Amplifier        |                                                                   |               | 600           | 930           | $\mu A$          |

$V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 0V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 0V$ ,  $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. (Note 2)

| SYMBOL                    | PARAMETER                           | CONDITIONS                                                        | MIN           | TYP             | MAX           | UNITS            |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|
| $V_{OS}$                  | Input Offset Voltage                |                                                                   |               | 180             | 650           | $\mu V$          |
| $\frac{V_{OS}}{\Delta T}$ | Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 3) |                                                                   |               | 1               | 3             | $\mu V/^\circ C$ |
| $I_{OS}$                  | Input Offset Current                |                                                                   |               | 10              | 50            | nA               |
| $I_B$                     | Input Bias Current                  |                                                                   |               | 55              | 150           | nA               |
|                           | Input Voltage Range                 |                                                                   | 13.4<br>-15.0 | 13.45<br>-15.05 |               | V<br>V           |
| CMRR                      | Common Mode Rejection Ratio         | $V_{CM} = -15V$ to $13.4V$                                        |               | 82              | 101           | dB               |
| PSRR                      | Power Supply Rejection Ratio        | $V_S = \pm 2V$ to $\pm 16V$                                       |               | 90              | 108           | dB               |
| $A_{VOL}$                 | Large-Signal Voltage Gain           | $V_O = \pm 10V$ , $R_L = 5k$                                      |               | 1000            | 3500          | V/mV             |
|                           | Maximum Output Voltage Swing        | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$<br>Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 15mA$ |               | 12.5<br>-14.1   | 12.9<br>-14.6 | V<br>V           |
| $I_S$                     | Supply Current per Amplifier        |                                                                   |               | 620             | 1000          | $\mu A$          |

### 3.3V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = 3.3V, 0V; V_{CM} = 0.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V, T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. (Note 6)

| SYMBOL   | PARAMETER                    | CONDITIONS                       | MIN      | TYP         | MAX   | UNITS   |
|----------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|-------------|-------|---------|
| $V_{OS}$ | Input Offset Voltage         |                                  |          | 100         | 180   | $\mu V$ |
|          | Input Voltage Range (Note 7) |                                  | 1.7<br>0 | 1.9<br>-0.2 |       | V<br>V  |
|          | Maximum Output Voltage Swing | Output High, No Load             | 2.50     | 2.65        |       | V       |
|          |                              | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 1mA$  | 2.40     | 2.55        |       | V       |
|          |                              | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$ | 1.30     | 1.45        |       | V       |
|          | Output Low, No Load          |                                  |          | 0.003       | 0.006 | V       |
|          |                              | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 1mA$     |          | 0.062       | 0.075 | V       |
|          |                              | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 15mA$    |          | 0.362       | 0.500 | V       |
| $I_O$    | Maximum Output Current       |                                  | $\pm 20$ | $\pm 50$    | mA    |         |

$V_S = 3.3V, 0V; V_{CM} = 0.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V, 0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. (Note 6)

| SYMBOL   | PARAMETER                    | CONDITIONS                       | MIN      | TYP         | MAX   | UNITS   |
|----------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|-------------|-------|---------|
| $V_{OS}$ | Input Offset Voltage         |                                  |          | 120         | 280   | $\mu V$ |
|          | Input Voltage Range (Note 7) |                                  | 1.7<br>0 | 1.8<br>-0.1 |       | V<br>V  |
|          | Maximum Output Voltage Swing | Output High, No Load             | 2.4      | 2.55        |       | V       |
|          |                              | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 1mA$  | 2.3      | 2.45        |       | V       |
|          |                              | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$ | 1.2      | 1.35        |       | V       |
|          | Output Low, No Load          |                                  |          | 0.004       | 0.007 | V       |
|          |                              | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 1mA$     |          | 0.070       | 0.085 | V       |
|          |                              | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 15mA$    |          | 0.390       | 0.525 | V       |

$V_S = 3.3V, 0V; V_{CM} = 0.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V, -40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. (Notes 2, 6)

| SYMBOL   | PARAMETER                    | CONDITIONS                       | MIN      | TYP           | MAX   | UNITS   |
|----------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|-------|---------|
| $V_{OS}$ | Input Offset Voltage         |                                  |          | 150           | 325   | $\mu V$ |
|          | Input Voltage Range (Note 7) |                                  | 1.7<br>0 | 1.75<br>-0.05 |       | V<br>V  |
|          | Maximum Output Voltage Swing | Output High, No Load             | 2.25     | 2.45          |       | V       |
|          |                              | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 1mA$  | 2.15     | 2.35          |       | V       |
|          |                              | Output High, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$ | 1.05     | 1.25          |       | V       |
|          | Output Low, No Load          |                                  |          | 0.005         | 0.008 | V       |
|          |                              | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 1mA$     |          | 0.073         | 0.095 | V       |
|          |                              | Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 15mA$    |          | 0.400         | 0.575 | V       |

The ● denotes specifications that apply over the full operating temperature range.

**Note 1:** A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below absolute maximum when the output is shorted indefinitely.

**Note 2:** The LT1492/LT1493 are designed, characterized and expected to meet these extended temperature limits, but are not tested at  $-40^\circ C$  and  $85^\circ C$ . Guaranteed I grade parts are available. Consult factory.

**Note 3:** This parameter is not 100% tested.

**Note 4:** Guaranteed by correlation to  $V_S = 3.3V$  and  $V_S = \pm 15V$  tests.

**Note 5:** Slew rate is measured between  $\pm 5V$  on an output swing of  $\pm 10V$  on  $\pm 15V$  supplies.

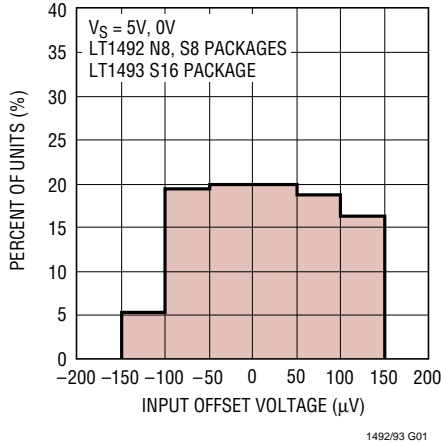
**Note 6:** Most LT1492/LT1493 electrical characteristics change very little with supply voltage. See the 5V tables for characteristics not listed in the 3.3V table.

**Note 7:** Guaranteed by correlation to  $V_S = 5V$  and  $V_S = \pm 15V$  tests.

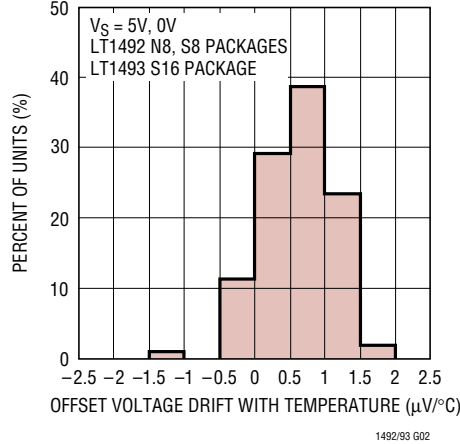
**Note 8:** Guaranteed by correlation to  $V_S = 3.3V$  tests.

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

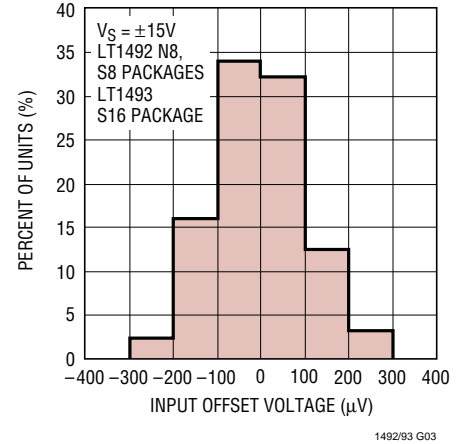
**Distribution of Input Offset Voltage**



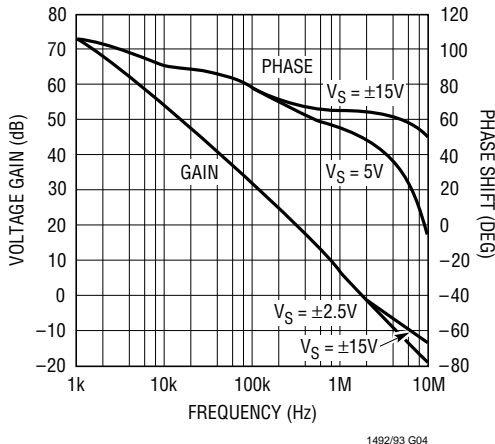
**Distribution of Offset Voltage Drift with Temperature**



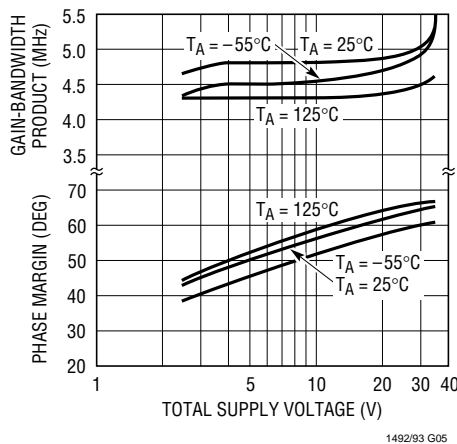
**Distribution of Input Offset Voltage**



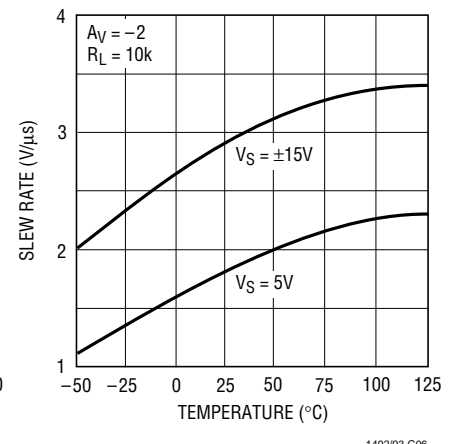
**Voltage Gain, Phase vs Frequency**



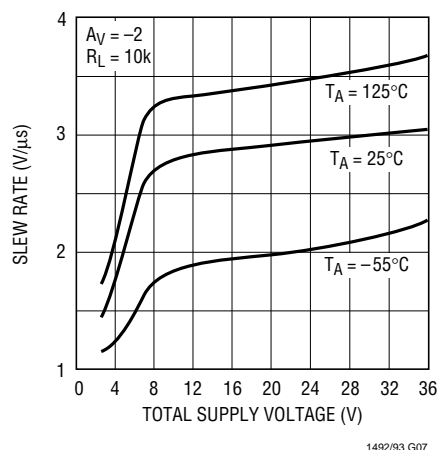
**Gain-Bandwidth Product, Phase Margin vs Supply Voltage**



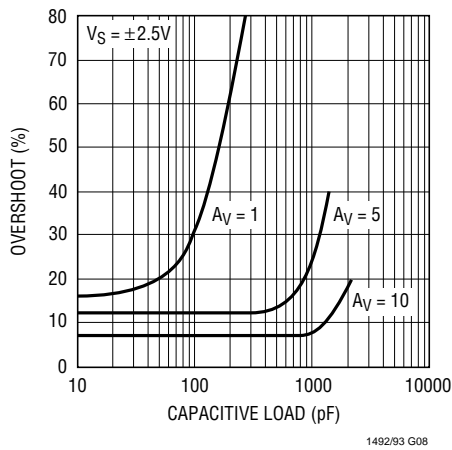
**Slew Rate vs Temperature**



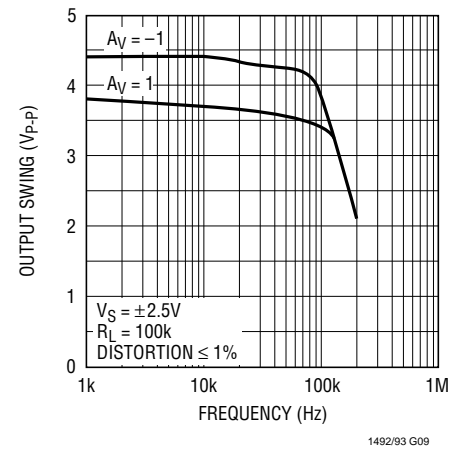
**Slew Rate vs Supply Voltage**



**Capacitive Load Handling**

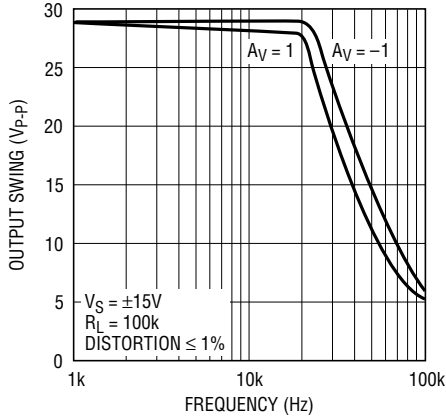


**Undistorted Output Swing vs Frequency, VS = ±2.5V**



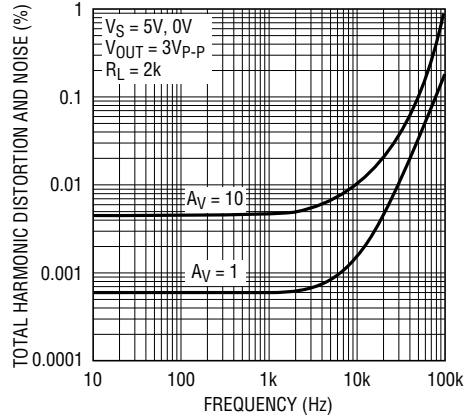
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Undistorted Output Swing vs Frequency,  $V_S = \pm 15V$**



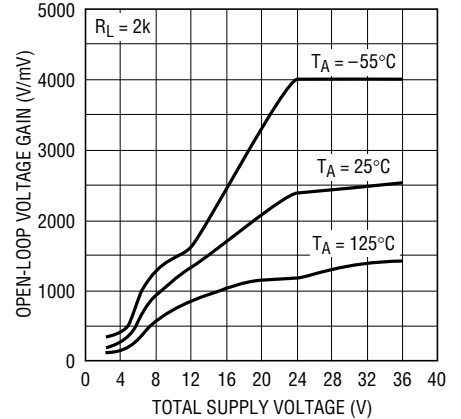
1492/93 G10

**Total Harmonic Distortion and Noise vs Frequency**



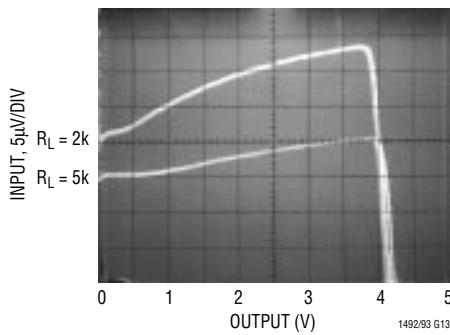
1492/93 G11

**Open-Loop Voltage Gain vs Supply Voltage**



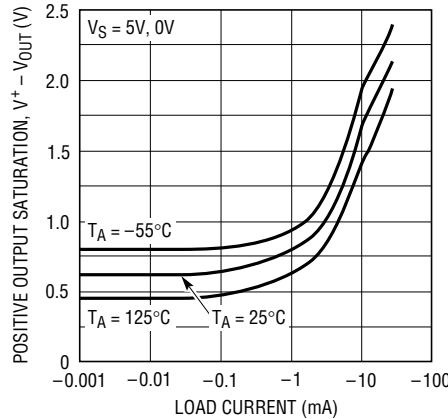
1492/93 G12

**Open-Loop Gain,  $V_S = 5V$**



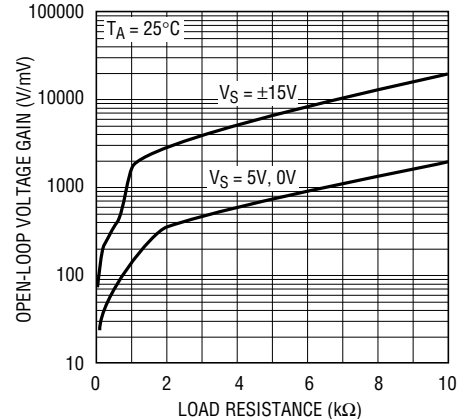
1492/93 G13

**Positive Output Saturation Voltage vs Load Current**



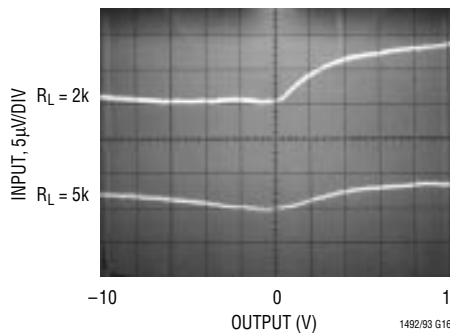
1492/93 G14

**Voltage Gain vs Load Resistance**



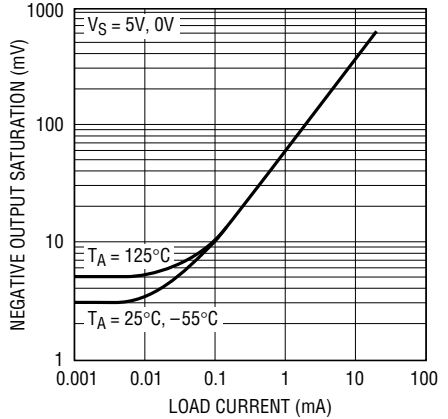
1492/93 G15

**Open-Loop Gain,  $V_S = \pm 15V$**



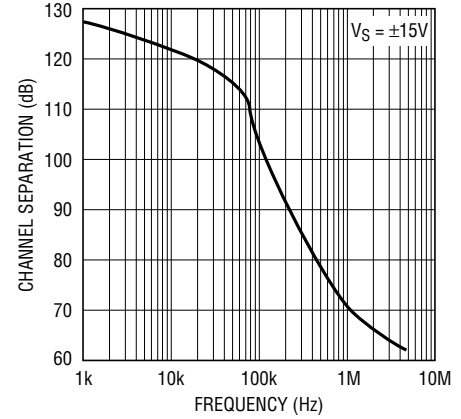
1492/93 G16

**Negative Output Saturation Voltage vs Load Current**



1492/93 G17

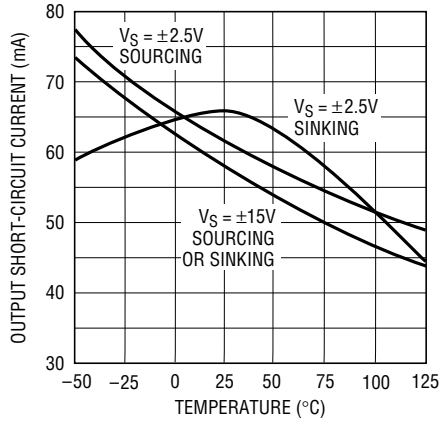
**Channel Separation vs Frequency**



1492/93 G18

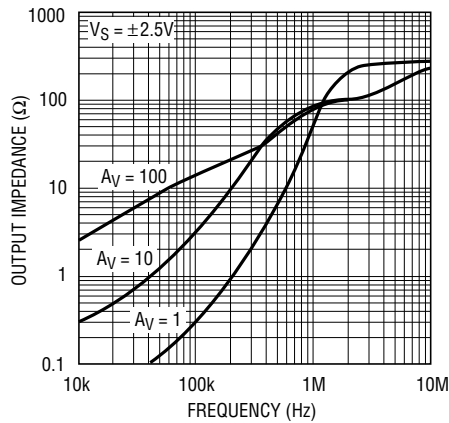
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Output Short-Circuit Current vs Temperature**



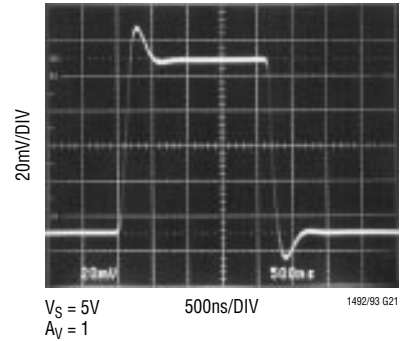
1492/93 G19

**Output Impedance vs Frequency**



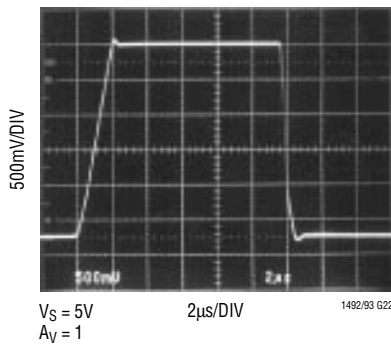
1492/93 G20

**5V Small-Signal Response**



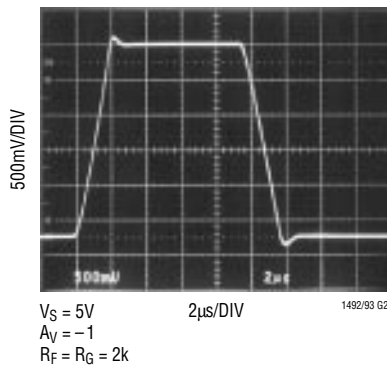
1492/93 G21

**5V Large-Signal Response**



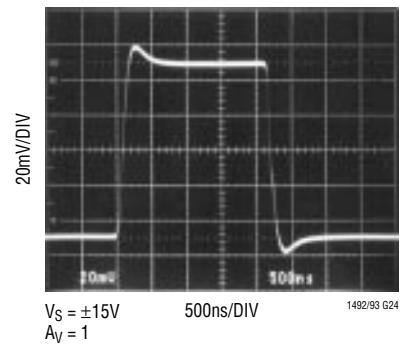
1492/93 G22

**5V Large-Signal Response**



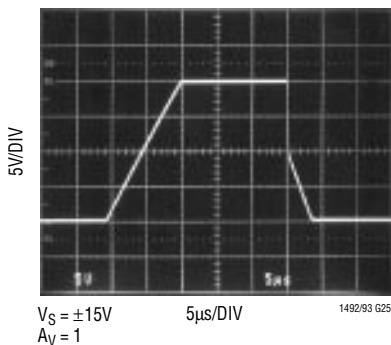
1492/93 G23

**±15V Small-Signal Response**



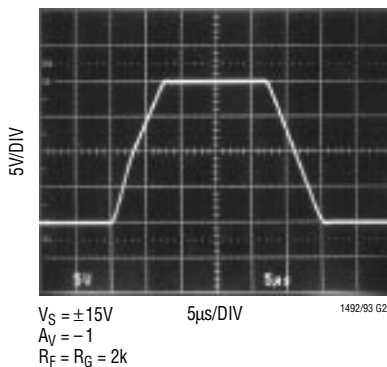
1492/93 G24

**±15V Large-Signal Response**



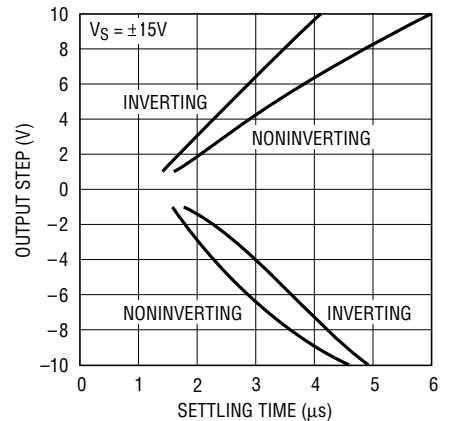
1492/93 G25

**±15V Large-Signal Response**



1492/93 G26

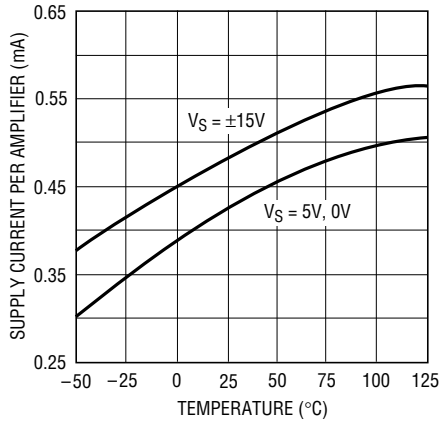
**Settling Time to 1mV vs Output Step**



1492/93 G27

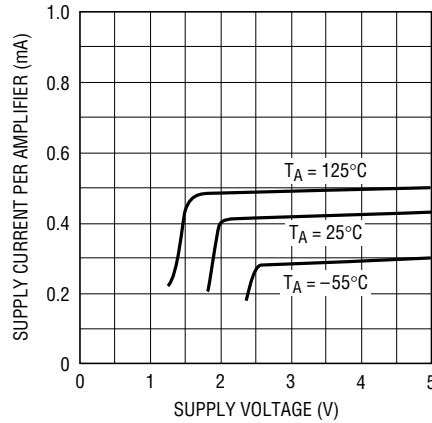
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Supply Current vs Temperature**



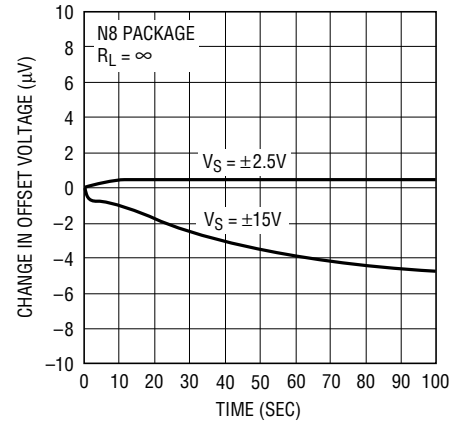
1492/93 G28

**Supply Current vs Supply Voltage**



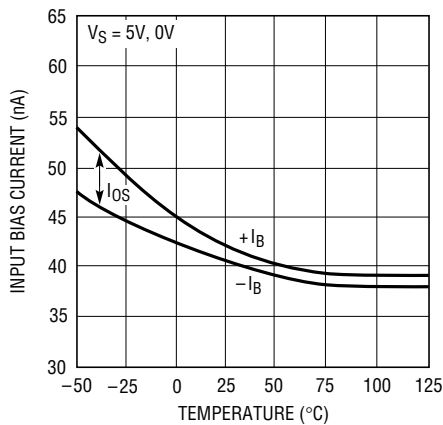
1492/93 G29

**Warm-Up Drift vs Time**



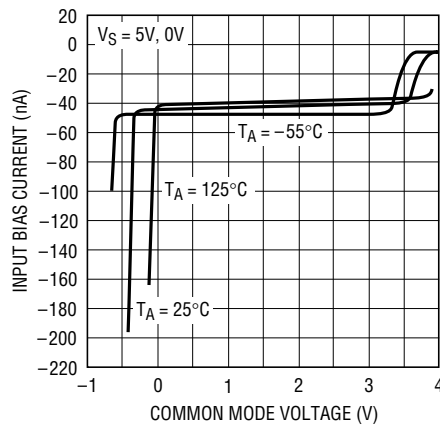
1492/93 G30

**Input Bias Current vs Temperature**



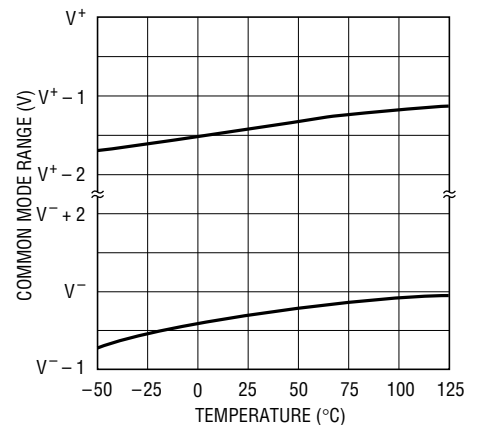
1492/93 G31

**Input Bias Current vs Common Mode Voltage**



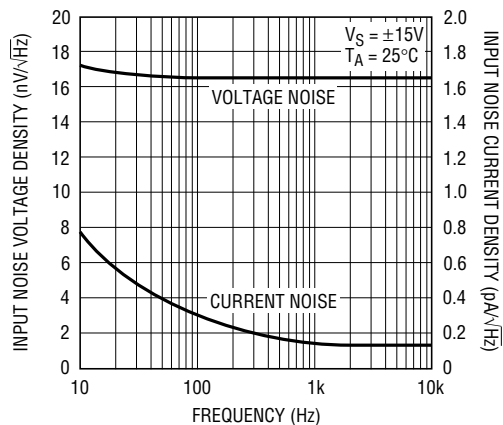
1492/93 G32

**Common Mode Range vs Temperature**



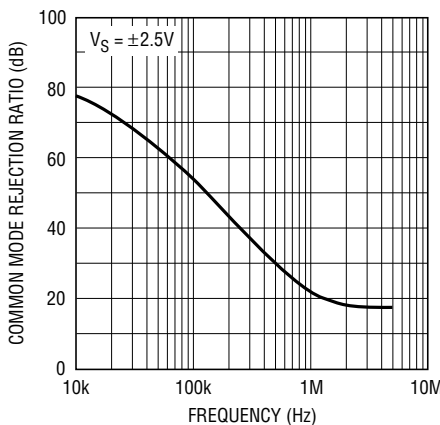
1492/93 G33

**Input Noise Current, Noise Voltage Density vs Frequency**



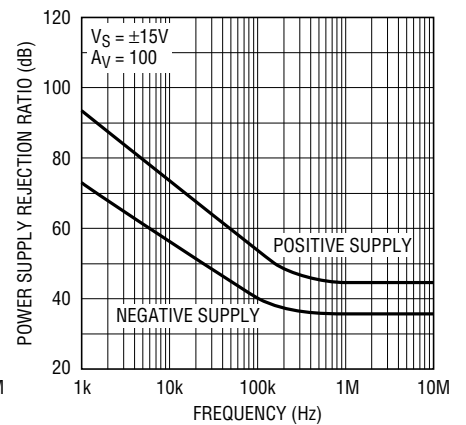
1492/93 G34

**Common Mode Rejection Ratio vs Frequency**



1492/93 G35

**Input Referred Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs Frequency**



1492/93 G26

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### Supply Voltage

The LT1492/LT1493 op amps are fully functional and all internal bias circuits are in regulation with 2.1V of supply. The amplifiers will continue to function with as little as 1.6V, although the input common mode range and the phase margin are about gone. The minimum operating supply voltage is guaranteed by the PSRR tests that are done with the input common mode equal to 500mV and a minimum supply voltage of 2.5V.

The positive supply pin of the LT1492/LT1493 should be bypassed with a small capacitor (about 0.01 $\mu$ F) within an inch of the pin. When driving heavy loads and for good settling time, an additional 4.7 $\mu$ F capacitor should be used. When using split supplies, the same is true for the negative supply pin.

### Power Dissipation

The LT1492/LT1493 combine high speed and large output drive in small packages. Because of the wide supply voltage range, it is possible to exceed the maximum junction temperature under certain conditions. Maximum junction temperature ( $T_J$ ) is calculated from the ambient temperature ( $T_A$ ) and power dissipation ( $P_D$ ) as follows:

$$\text{LT1492CN8: } T_J = T_A + (P_D \cdot 130^\circ\text{C/W})$$

$$\text{LT1492CS8: } T_J = T_A + (P_D \cdot 190^\circ\text{C/W})$$

$$\text{LT1493CS: } T_J = T_A + (P_D \cdot 150^\circ\text{C/W})$$

Worst-case power dissipation occurs at the maximum supply current and when the output voltage is at 1/2 of either supply voltage (or the maximum swing if less than 1/2 supply voltage). For each amplifier  $P_{D\text{MAX}}$  is:

$$P_{D\text{MAX}} = (V^+ - V^-)(I_{S\text{MAX}}) + (V^+/2)^2/R_L$$

Example: LT1493 at 70°C,  $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ ,  $R_L = 1\text{k}$

$$P_{D\text{MAX}} = (30\text{V})(930\mu\text{A}) + (7.5\text{V})^2/1\text{k}\Omega = 84.2\text{mW}$$

$$T_{J\text{MAX}} = 70^\circ\text{C} + (4 \cdot 84.2\text{mW})(150^\circ\text{C/W}) = 121^\circ\text{C}$$

### Inputs

Typically, at room temperature, the inputs of the LT1492/LT1493 can common mode 400mV below ground ( $V^-$ ) and to within 1.2V of the positive supply with the amplifier

still functional. However, the input bias current will shift as shown in the characteristic curves. For full precision performance, the common mode range should be limited between ground ( $V^-$ ) and 1.5V below the positive supply.

When either of the inputs is taken below ground ( $V^-$ ) by more than about 700mV, that input current will increase dramatically. The current is limited by internal 100 $\Omega$  resistors between the input pins and diodes to each supply. The output will remain low (no phase reversal) for inputs 1.3V below ground ( $V^-$ ). If the output does not have to sink current, such as in a single supply system with a 1k load to ground, there is no phase reversal for inputs up to 8V below ground.

There are no clamps across the inputs of the LT1492/LT1493 and therefore each input can be forced to any voltage between the supplies. The input current will remain constant at about 50nA over most of this range. When an input gets closer than 1.5V to the positive supply, that input current will gradually decrease to zero until the input goes above the supply, then will increase due to the previously mentioned diodes. If the inverting input is held more positive than the noninverting input by 200mV or more, while at the same time the noninverting input is within 300mV to ground ( $V^-$ ), then the supply current will increase by 1mA and the noninverting input current will increase to about 10 $\mu$ A. This should be kept in mind in comparator applications where the inverting input stays above ground ( $V^-$ ) and the noninverting input is at or near ground ( $V^-$ ).

### Output

The output of the LT1492/LT1493 will swing to within 0.65V of the positive supply and to within 3mV of the negative supply with no load. Under loaded conditions see the Typical Performance curves for the output saturation voltage characteristics.

The output of the LT1492/LT1493 has reverse-biased diodes to each supply. If the output is forced beyond either supply, unlimited currents will flow. If the current is transient and limited to several hundred milliamps, no damage will occur.

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

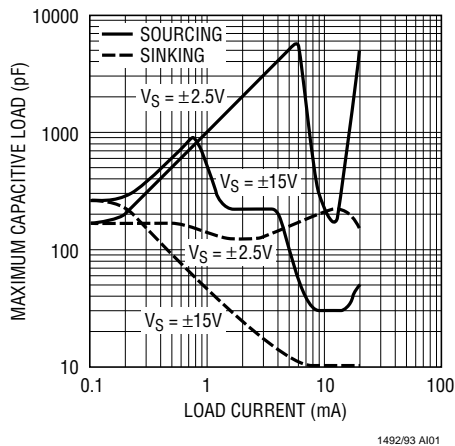
### Feedback Components

Because the input currents of the LT1492/LT1493 are less than 100nA, it is possible to use high value feedback resistors to set the gain. However, care must be taken to insure that the pole that is formed by the feedback resistors and the input capacitance does not degrade the stability of the amplifier. For example, if a single supply, noninverting gain of 2 is set with two 62k resistors, the LT1492/LT1493 will probably oscillate. This is because the amplifier goes open-loop at 1MHz (6dB of gain) and has 50° of phase margin. The feedback resistors and the 10pF input capacitance generate a pole at 500kHz that introduces 63° of phase shift at 1MHz! The solution is simple, lower the values of the resistors or add a feedback capacitor of 10pF or more.

### Capacitive Loading

The LT1492/LT1493 are optimized for low voltage, single supply operation. The Maximum Capacitive Load vs Load Current typical performance curve shows the circuit performance without any load resistance. When the output is sinking current or driving heavy loads with high supplies, capacitive load handling is degraded.

Maximum Capacitive Load vs Load Current

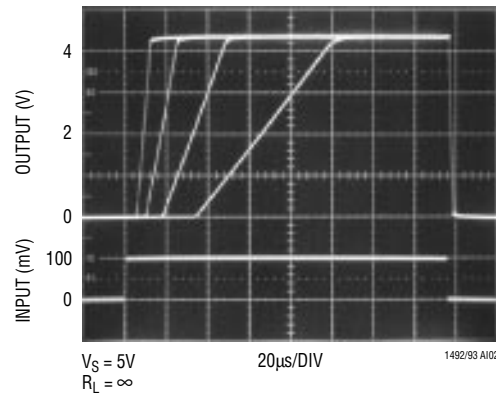


### Comparator Applications

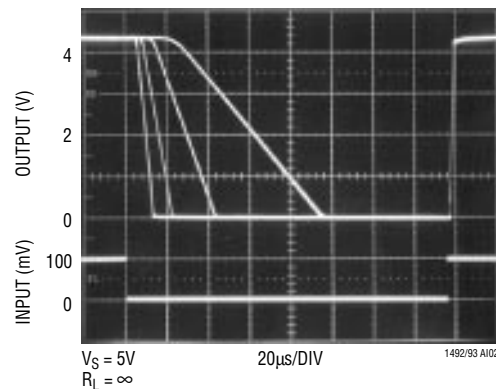
Sometimes it is desirable to use an op amp as a comparator. When operating the LT1492/LT1493 on a single 3.3V or 5V supply, the output interfaces directly with most TTL and CMOS logic.

The response time of the LT1492/LT1493 is a strong function of the amount of input overdrive as shown in the following photos. These amplifiers are unity-gain stable op amps and not fast comparators, therefore, the logic being driven may oscillate due to the long transition time. The output can be speeded up by adding 20mV or more of hysteresis (positive feedback), but the offset is then a function of the input direction.

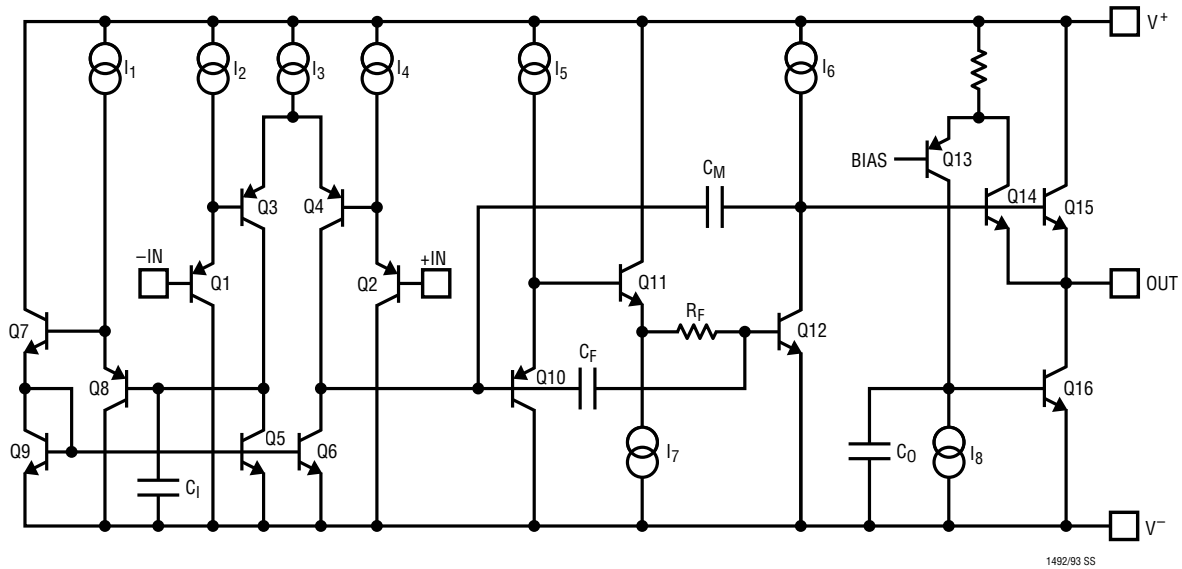
Comparator Response (+)  
20mV, 10mV, 5mV, 2mV Overdrives



Comparator Response (-)  
20mV, 10mV, 5mV, 2mV Overdrives



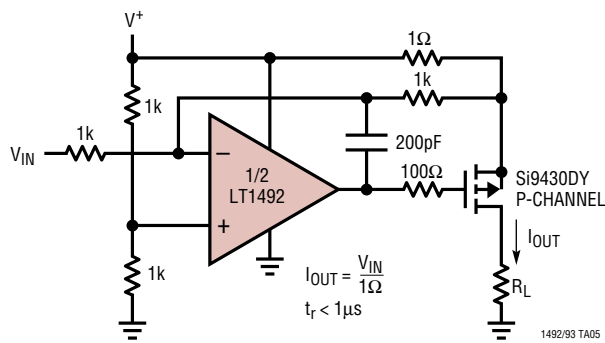
## SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC



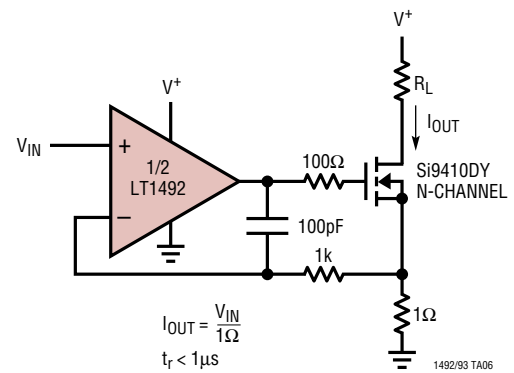
1492/93 SS

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

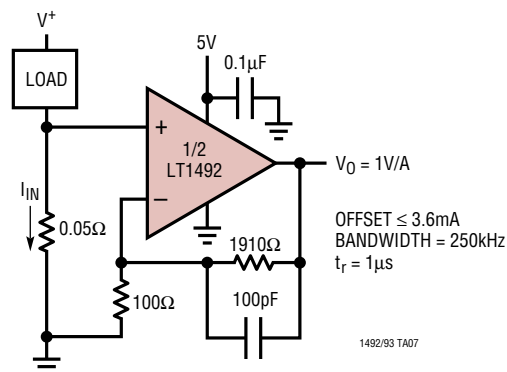
1A Voltage-Controlled Current Source



1A Voltage-Controlled Current Sink

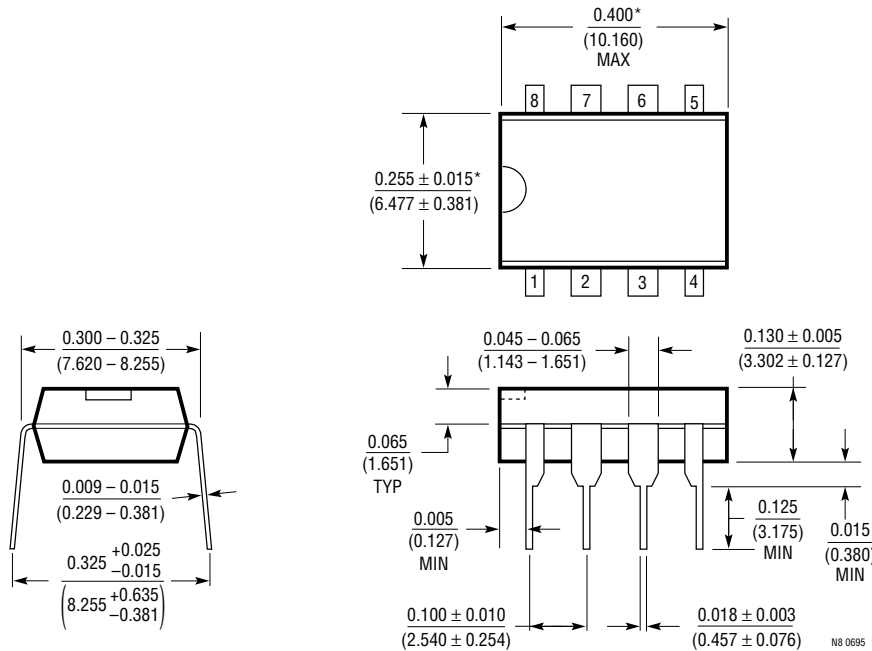


Ground Current Sense Amplifier



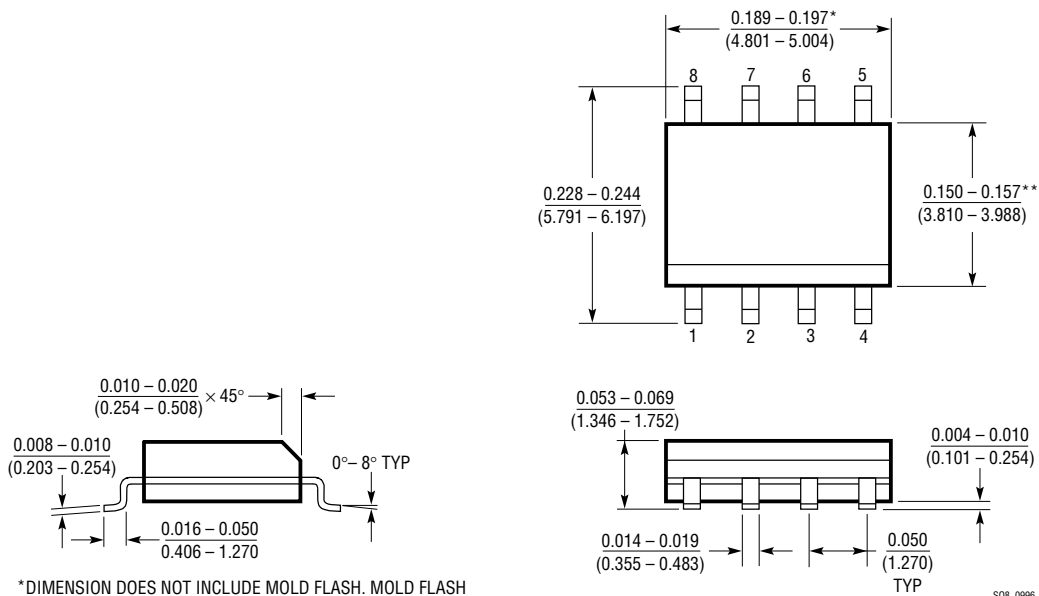
**PACKAGE DESCRIPTION** Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

**N8 Package**  
**8-Lead PDIP (Narrow 0.300)**  
 (LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)



\*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.  
 MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 INCH (0.254mm)

**S8 Package**  
**8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150)**  
 (LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)

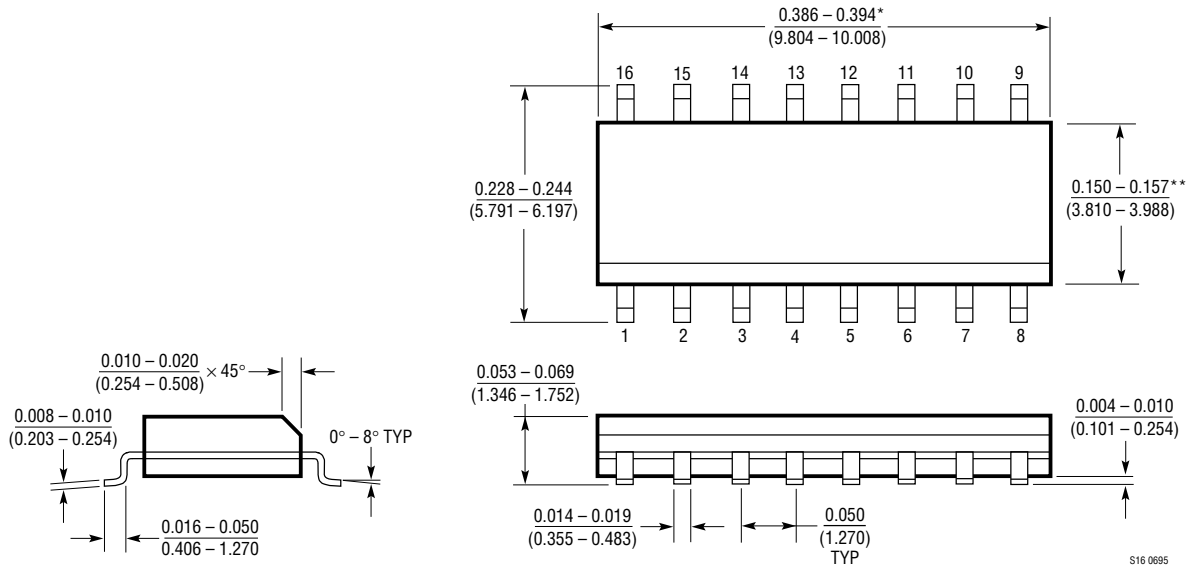


\*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE

\*\*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE

**PACKAGE DESCRIPTION** Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

**S Package**  
**16-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150)**  
 (LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)

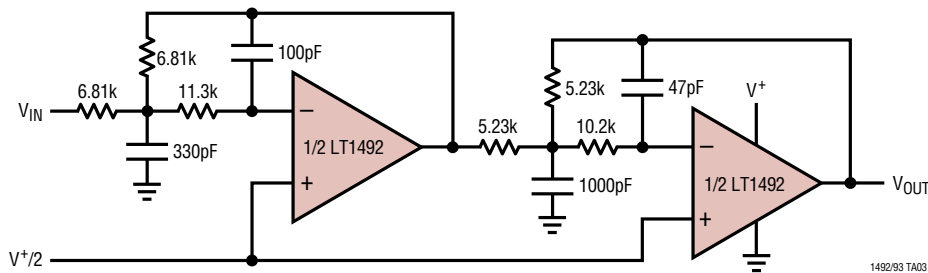


\* DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE  
 \*\* DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE

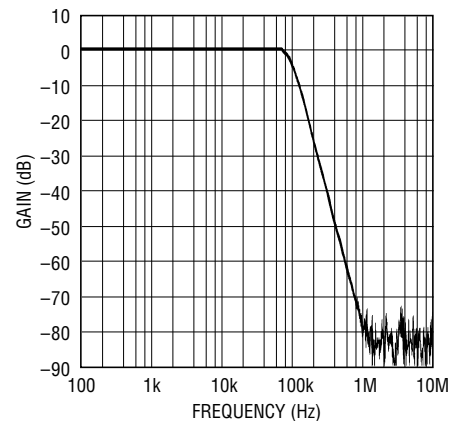
S16 0695

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

Single Supply 100kHz 4th Order Butterworth Filter



Frequency Response



## RELATED PARTS

| PART NUMBER   | DESCRIPTION                                                           | COMMENTS                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LTC®1152      | Rail-to-Rail Input and Output, Zero-Drift Op Amp                      | High DC Accuracy, 10 $\mu\text{V}$ $V_{OS(\text{MAX})}$ , 100nV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ Drift, 1MHz GBW, 1V/ $\mu\text{s}$ Slew Rate, Max Supply Current 2.2mA     |
| LT1211/LT1212 | Dual/Quad 14MHz, 7V/ $\mu\text{s}$ , Single Supply Precision Op Amps  | Input Common Mode Includes Ground, 275 $\mu\text{V}$ $V_{OS(\text{MAX})}$ , 6 $\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ Max Drift, Max Supply Current 1.8mA per Amplifier |
| LT1213/LT1214 | Dual/Quad 28MHz, 12V/ $\mu\text{s}$ , Single Supply Precision Op Amps | Input Common Mode Includes Ground, 275 $\mu\text{V}$ $V_{OS(\text{MAX})}$ , 6 $\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ Max Drift, Max Supply Current 3.5mA per Amplifier |
| LT1215/LT1216 | Dual/Quad 23MHz, 50V/ $\mu\text{s}$ , Single Supply Precision Op Amps | Input Common Mode Includes Ground, 450 $\mu\text{V}$ $V_{OS(\text{MAX})}$ , Max Supply Current 6.6mA per Amplifier                                             |
| LT1366/LT1367 | Dual/Quad Precision, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps            | 475 $\mu\text{V}$ $V_{OS(\text{MAX})}$ , 400kHz GBW, 0.13V/ $\mu\text{s}$ Slew Rate, Max Supply Current 520 $\mu\text{A}$ per Amplifier                        |
| LT1490/LT1491 | Dual/Quad Micropower, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps           | Max Supply Current 50 $\mu\text{A}$ per Amplifier, 200kHz GBW, 0.07V/ $\mu\text{s}$ Slew Rate, Operates with Inputs 44V Above $V^-$ Independent of $V^+$       |
| LT1498/LT1499 | Dual/Quad Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Precision C-Load™ Op Amps     | 475 $\mu\text{V}$ $V_{OS(\text{MAX})}$ , 10MHz GBW, 6V/ $\mu\text{s}$ Slew Rate, Max Supply Current 2.2mA per Amplifier                                        |

C-Load is a trademark of Linear Technology Corporation.

## Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

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-  Shortage Management
-  Alternative Solution
-  Excess Inventory Management