



THE DATASHEET OF LMV721IDCKR



10-MHz LOW-NOISE LOW-VOLTAGE LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

Check for Samples: [LMV721](#), [LMV722](#)

FEATURES

- **Power-Supply Voltage Range:** 2.2 V to 5.5 V
- **Low Supply Current:** 930 μ A/Amplifier at 2.2 V
- **High Unity-Gain Bandwidth:** 10 MHz
- **Rail-to-Rail Output Swing**
 - 600- Ω Load: 120 mV From Either Rail at 2.2 V
 - 2-k Ω Load: 50 mV From Either Rail at 2.2 V
- **Input Common-Mode Voltage Range Includes Ground**
- **Input Voltage Noise:** 9 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at $f = 1$ kHz

APPLICATIONS

- Cellular and Cordless Phones
- Active Filter and Buffers
- Laptops and PDAs
- Battery Powered Electronics

DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The LMV721 (single) and LMV722 (dual) are low-noise low-voltage low-power operational amplifiers that can be designed into a wide range of applications. The LMV721 and LMV722 have a unity-gain bandwidth of 10 MHz, a slew rate of 5 V/ μ s, and a quiescent current of 930 μ A/amplifier at 2.2 V.

The LMV721 and LMV722 are designed to provide optimal performance in low-voltage and low-noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common-mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage are 3.5 mV (over recommended temperature range) for the devices. Their capacitive load capability is also good at low supply voltages. The operating range is from 2.2 V to 5.5 V.

ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

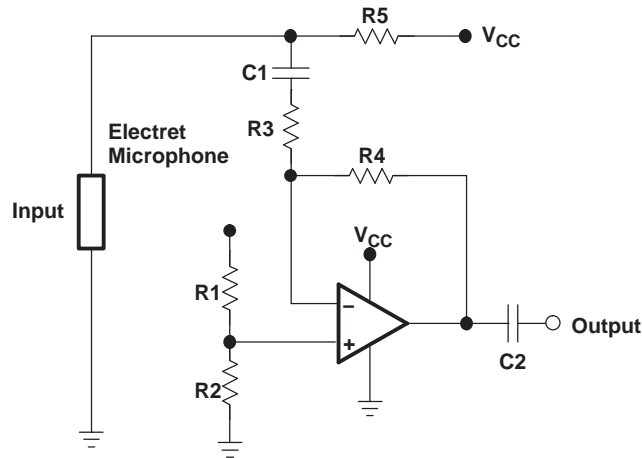
T_A	PACKAGE ⁽²⁾		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING ⁽³⁾	
–40°C to 105°C	Single	SC-70 – DCK	Reel of 3000	LMV721DCKR	RK_
			Reel of 250	LMV721DCKT	
		SOT-23 – DBV	Reel of 3000	LMV721DBVR	RBF_
	Dual	SOIC – D	Reel of 2500	LMV722IDR	MV722I
			Tube of 75	LMV722ID	
		VSSOP – DGK	Reel of 2500	LMV722IDGKR	R6_
	QFN – DRG	Reel of 2500	LMV722IDRGR	ZYY	

- (1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.
- (2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.
- (3) DBV/DCK/DGK: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the wafer fab/assembly site.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

Typical Application



Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC+} - V_{CC-}$	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾		6	V
V_{ID}	Differential input voltage ⁽³⁾	±Supply voltage		V
θ_{JA}	Package thermal impedance ⁽⁴⁾	D package ⁽⁵⁾		°C/W
		DBV package ⁽⁵⁾		
		DCK package ⁽⁵⁾		
		DGK package ⁽⁵⁾		
		DRG package ⁽⁶⁾		
T_J	Operating virtual-junction temperature		150	°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values (except differential voltages and V_{CC} specified for the measurement of I_{OS}) are with respect to the network GND.
- (3) Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN-.
- (4) Maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_J(\max)$, θ_{JA} , and T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_J(\max) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability.
- (5) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.
- (6) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-5.

Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC+} - V_{CC-}$	Supply voltage	2.2	5.5	V
T_J	Operating virtual-junction temperature	-40	105	°C

ESD Protection

	TYP	UNIT
Human-Body Model	2000	V
Machine Model	100	V

Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{CC+} = 2.2\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = \text{GND}$, $V_{ICR} = V_{CC+}/2$, $V_O = V_{CC+}/2$, and $R_L > 1\text{ M}\Omega$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T_J	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage		25°C		0.02	3	mV	
			–40°C to 105°C			3.5		
TCV_{IO}	Input offset voltage average drift		25°C		0.6		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	
I_{IB}	Input bias current		25°C		260		nA	
I_{IO}	Input offset current		25°C		25		nA	
CMMR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{ICR} = 0\text{ V to }1.3\text{ V}$	25°C	70	88		dB	
			–40°C to 105°C	64				
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	$V_{CC+} = 2.2\text{ V to }5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0$, $V_{ICR} = 0$	25°C	80	90		dB	
			–40°C to 105°C	70				
V_{ICR}	Input common-mode voltage	CMRR $\geq 50\text{ dB}$	25°C		–0.3		V	
					1.3			
A_{VD}	Large-signal voltage gain	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $V_O = 0.75\text{ V to }2\text{ V}$	25°C	75	81		dB	
			–40°C to 105°C	70				
		$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.1\text{ V}$	25°C	75	84			
			–40°C to 105°C	70				
V_O	Output swing	$R_L = 600\ \Omega\text{ to }V_{CC+}/2$	25°C	2.090	2.125		V	
			–40°C to 105°C	2.065				
			25°C		0.071	0.120		
			–40°C to 105°C			0.145		
		$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega\text{ to }V_{CC+}/2$	25°C	2.150	2.177			
			–40°C to 105°C	2.125				
			25°C		0.056	0.080		
			–40°C to 105°C			0.105		
I_O	Output current	Sourcing, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{IN(\text{diff})} = \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	25°C	10	14.9		mA	
			–40°C to 105°C	5				
		Sinking, $V_O = 2.2\text{ V}$, $V_{IN(\text{diff})} = \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	25°C	10	17.6			
			–40°C to 105°C	5				
I_{CC}	Supply current	LMV721	25°C		0.93	1.3	mA	
			–40°C to 105°C			1.5		
		LMV722	25°C		1.81	2.4		
			–40°C to 105°C			2.6		
SR	Slew rate ⁽¹⁾		25°C		4.9		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
GBW	Gain bandwidth product		25°C		10		MHz	
Φ_m	Phase margin		25°C		67.4		°	
G_m	Gain margin		25°C		–9.8		dB	
V_n	Input-referred voltage noise	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C		9		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
I_n	Input-referred current noise	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C		0.3		$\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $A_V = 1$, $R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $V_O = 500\text{ mV}_{pp}$	25°C		0.004		%	

(1) Connected as voltage follower with 1-V step input. Number specified is the slower of the positive and negative slew rate.

Electrical Characteristics

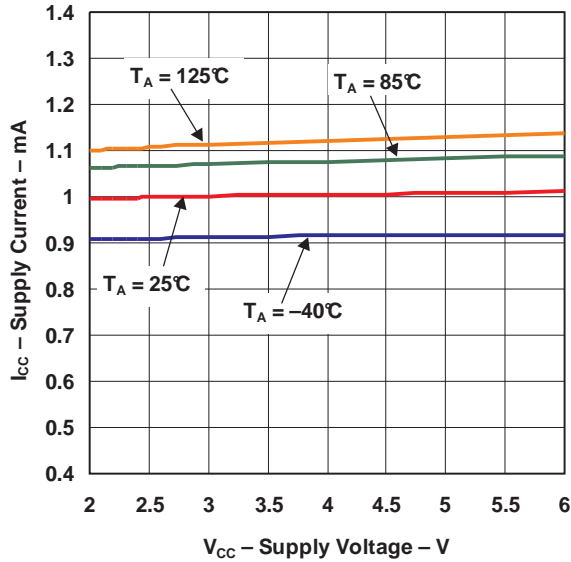
$V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = \text{GND}$, $V_{ICR} = V_{CC+}/2$, $V_O = V_{CC+}/2$, and $R_L > 1\text{ M}\Omega$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T_J	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage		25°C	-0.08	3		mV
			-40°C to 105°C		3.5		
TCV_{IO}	Input offset voltage average drift		25°C	0.6			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IB}	Input bias current		25°C	260			nA
I_{IO}	Input offset current		25°C	25			nA
CMMR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{ICR} = 0\text{ V to } 4.1\text{ V}$	25°C	80	89		dB
			-40°C to 105°C	75			
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	$V_{CC+} = 2.2\text{ V to } 5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0$, $V_{ICR} = 0$	25°C	70	90		dB
			-40°C to 105°C	64			
V_{ICR}	Input common-mode voltage	CMRR $\geq 50\text{ dB}$	25°C	-0.3			V
				4.1			
A_{VD}	Large-signal voltage gain	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $V_O = 0.75\text{ V to } 4.8\text{ V}$	25°C	80	87		dB
			-40°C to 105°C	70			
		$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_O = 0.7\text{ V to } 4.9\text{ V}$	25°C	80	94		
			-40°C to 105°C	70			
V_O	Output swing	$R_L = 600\ \Omega\text{ to } V_{CC+}/2$	25°C	4.84	4.882		V
			-40°C to 105°C	4.815			
			25°C	0.134	0.19		
			-40°C to 105°C	0.215			
		$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega\text{ to } V_{CC+}/2$	25°C	4.93	4.952		
			-40°C to 105°C	4.905			
			25°C	0.076	0.11		
			-40°C to 105°C	0.135			
I_O	Output current	Sourcing, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{IN(\text{diff})} = \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	25°C	20	52.6		mA
			-40°C to 105°C	12			
		Sinking, $V_O = 2.2\text{ V}$, $V_{IN(\text{diff})} = \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	25°C	15	23.7		
			-40°C to 105°C	8.5			
I_{CC}	Supply current	LMV721	25°C	1.03	1.4		mA
			-40°C to 105°C		1.7		
		LMV722	25°C	2.01	2.4		
			-40°C to 105°C		2.8		
SR	Slew rate ⁽¹⁾		25°C	5.25			V/ μs
GBW	Gain bandwidth product		25°C	10			MHz
Φ_m	Phase margin		25°C	72			°
G_m	Gain margin		25°C	-11			dB
V_n	Input-referred voltage noise	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C	8.5			$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
I_n	Input-referred current noise	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C	0.2			$\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $AV = 1$, $R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $V_O = 500\text{ mV}_{pp}$	25°C	0.001			%

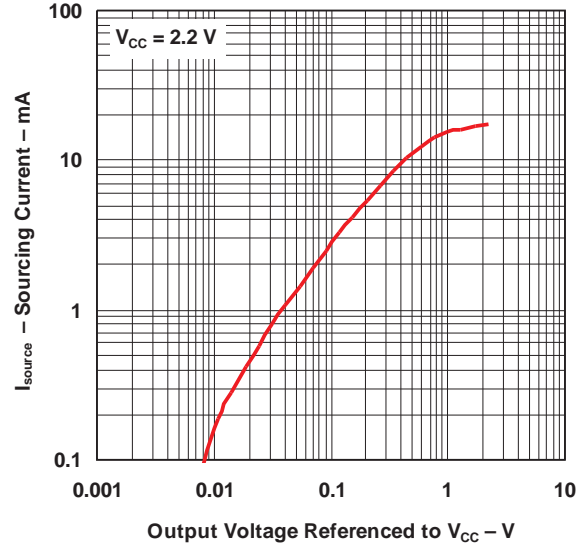
(1) Connected as voltage follower with 1-V step input. Number specified is the slower of the positive and negative slew rate.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

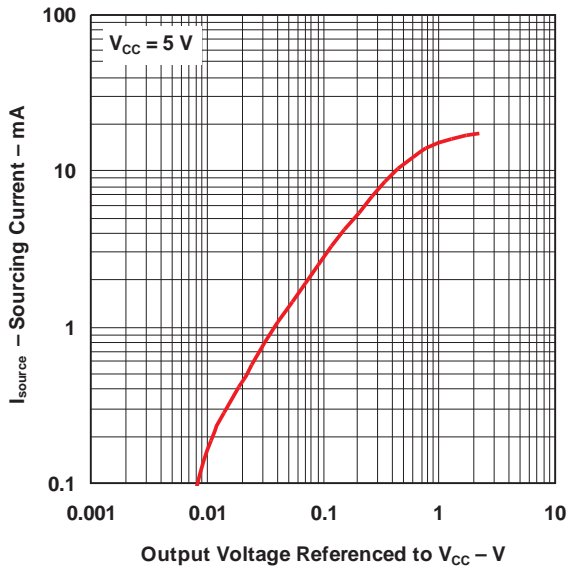
SUPPLY CURRENT
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE



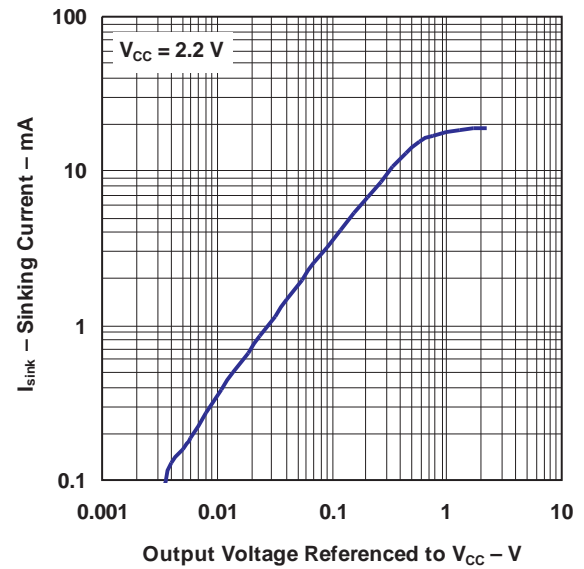
SOURCING CURRENT
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE



SOURCING CURRENT
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE

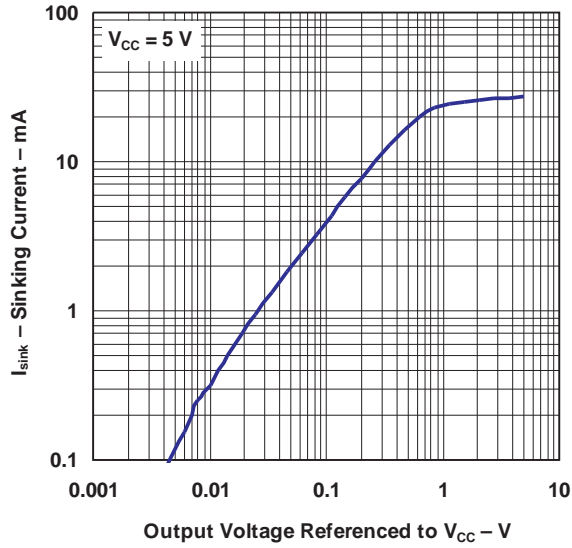


SINKING CURRENT
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE

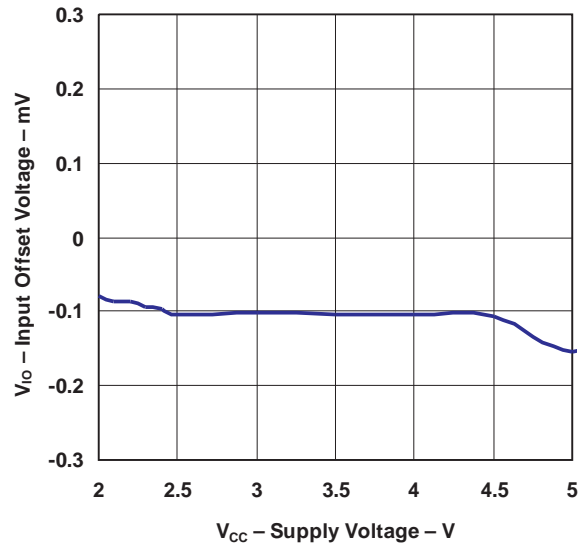


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

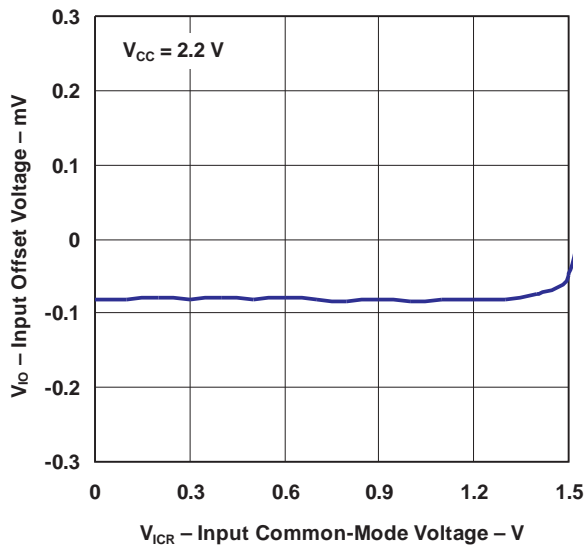
**SINKING CURRENT
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE**



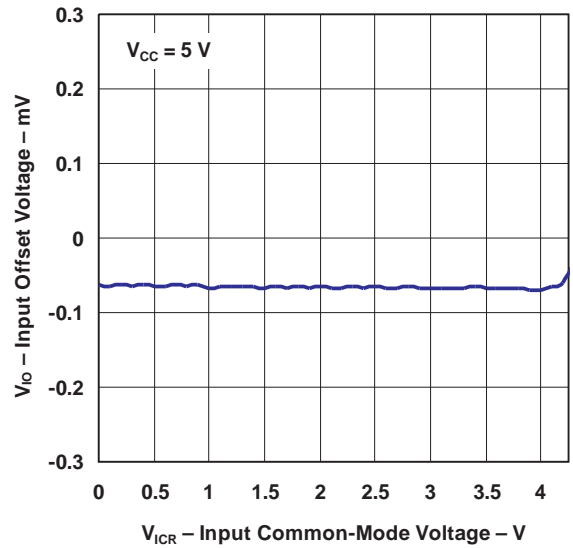
**OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE**



**INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
vs
INPUT COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE**

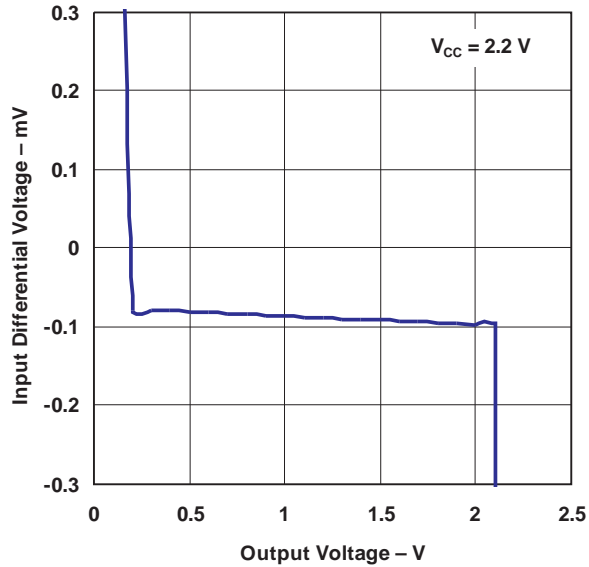


**INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
vs
INPUT COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE**

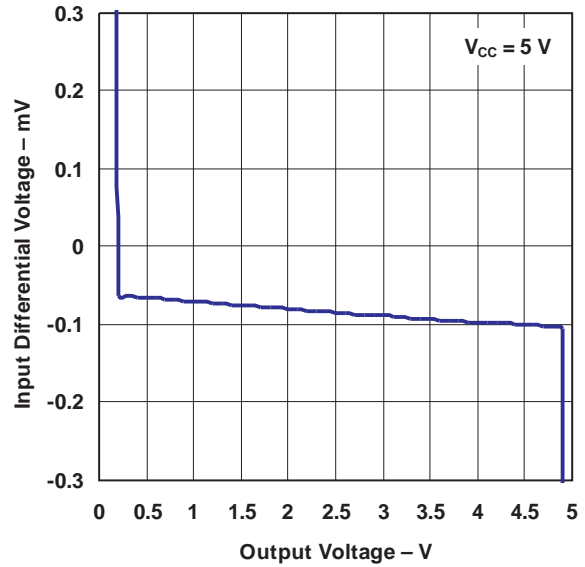


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

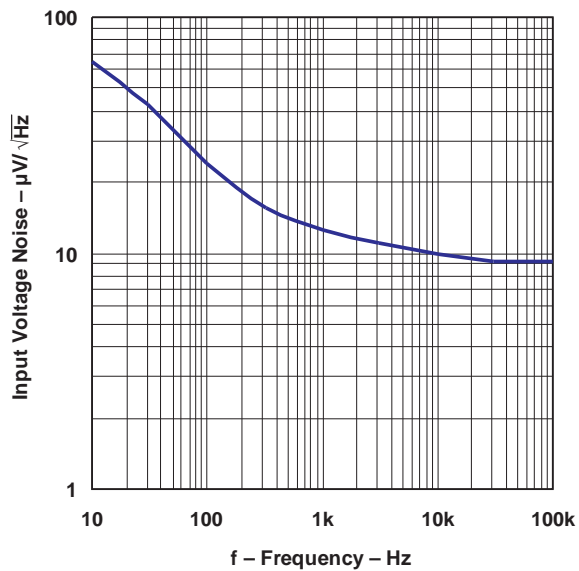
INPUT VOLTAGE
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE



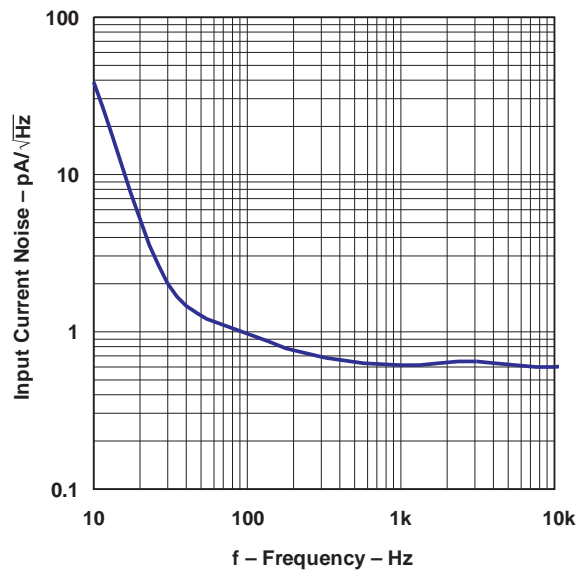
INPUT VOLTAGE
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE



INPUT VOLTAGE NOISE
vs
FREQUENCY

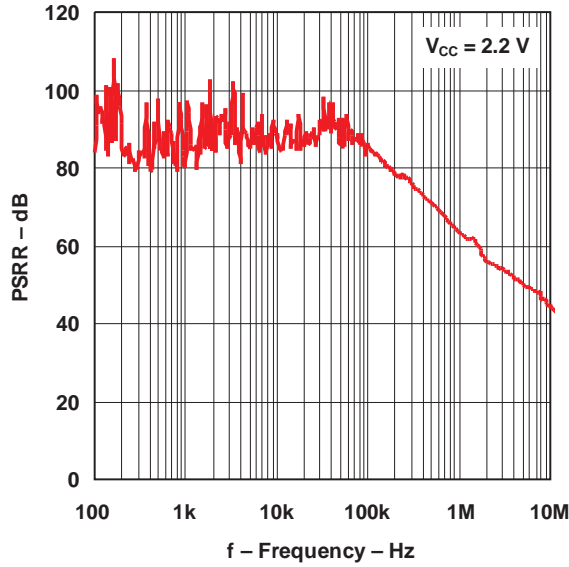


INPUT CURRENT NOISE
vs
FREQUENCY

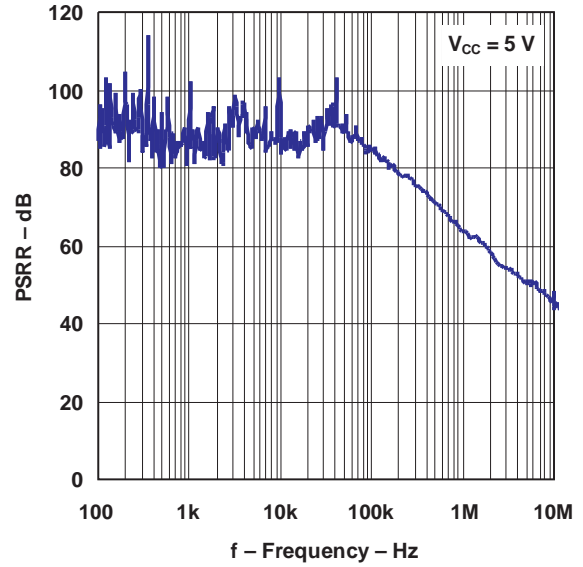


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

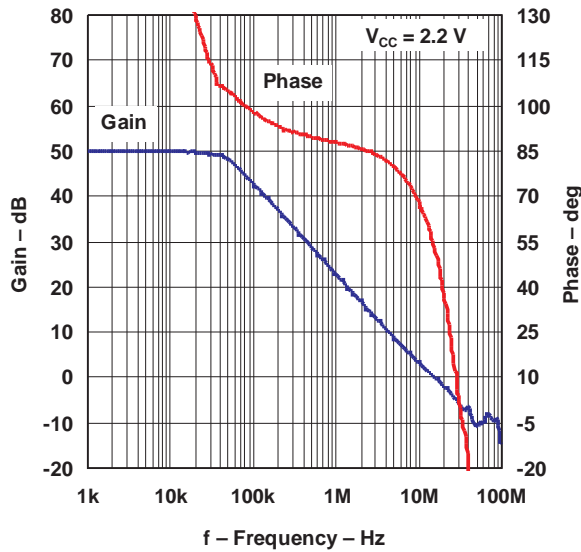
**PSRR
vs
FREQUENCY**



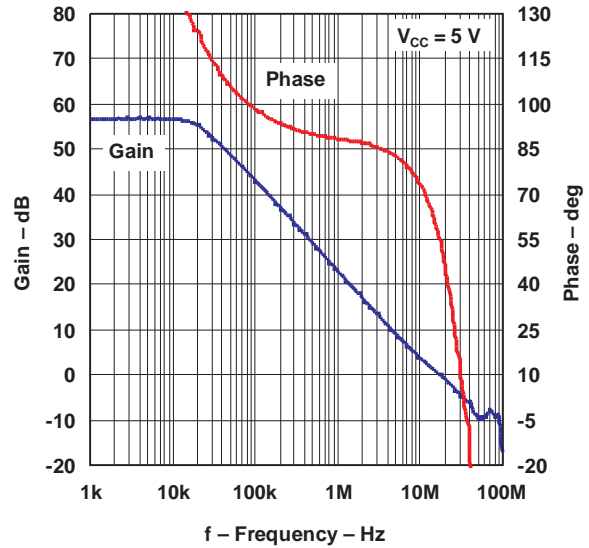
**PSRR
vs
FREQUENCY**



**GAIN AND PHASE
vs
FREQUENCY**

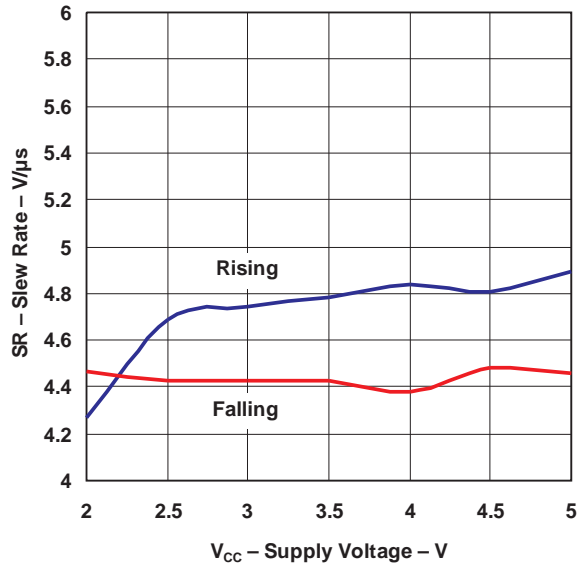


**GAIN AND PHASE
vs
FREQUENCY**

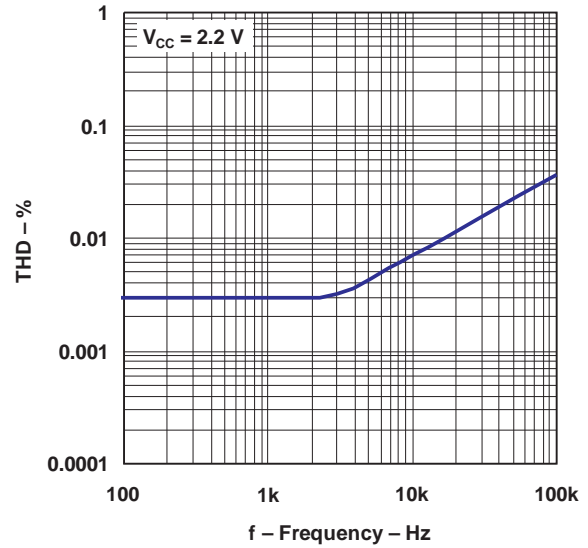


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

SLEW RATE
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

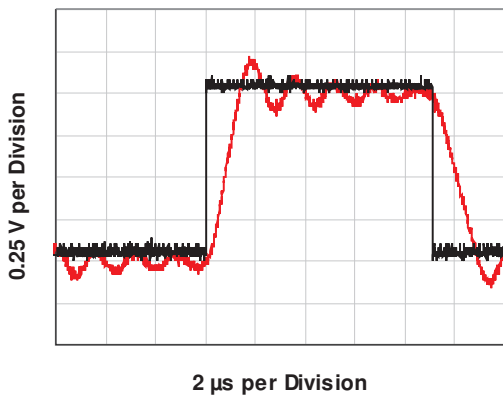


THD
vs
FREQUENCY



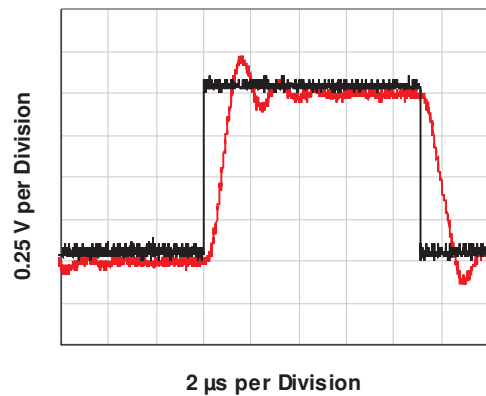
PULSE RESPONSE

V_{CC} = 5 V, R_L = 2 kΩ, C_L = 21.2 nF, R_O = 0 Ω



PULSE RESPONSE

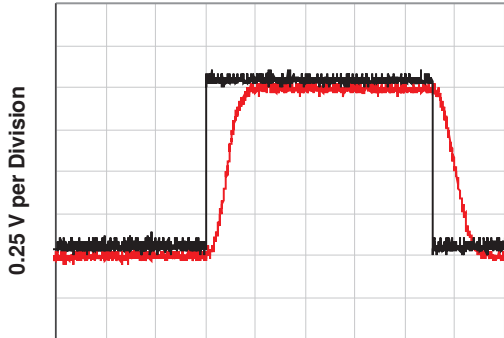
V_{CC} = 5 V, R_L = 2 kΩ, C_L = 21.2 nF, R_O = 2.1 Ω



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

PULSE RESPONSE

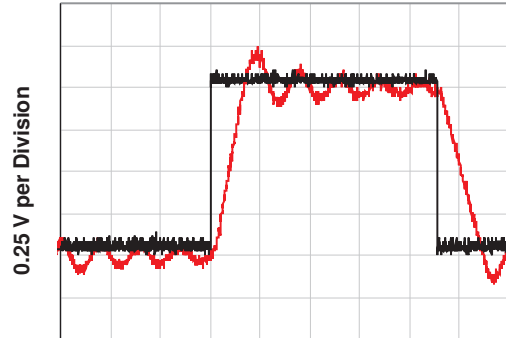
$V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}, R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 21.2\text{ nF}, R_o = 9.5\ \Omega$



2 μs per Division

PULSE RESPONSE

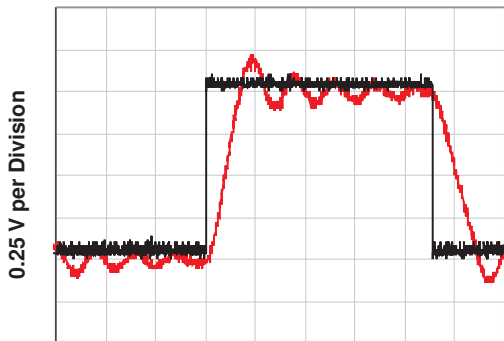
$V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}, R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 21.2\text{ nF}, R_o = 0\ \Omega$



2 μs per Division

PULSE RESPONSE

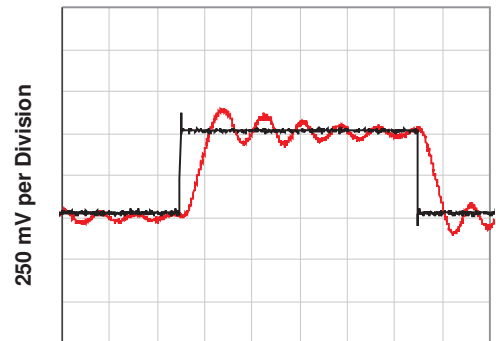
$V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}, R_L = 600\ \Omega, C_L = 21.2\text{ nF}, R_o = 0\ \Omega$



2 μs per Division

PULSE RESPONSE

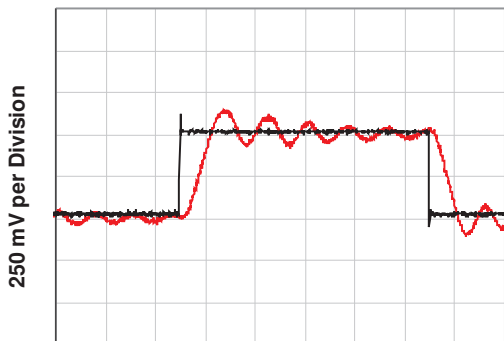
$V_{cc} = 2.2\text{ V}, R_L = 2\ \Omega, C_L = 2.12\text{ nF}, R_o = 0\ \Omega$



1 μs per Division

PULSE RESPONSE

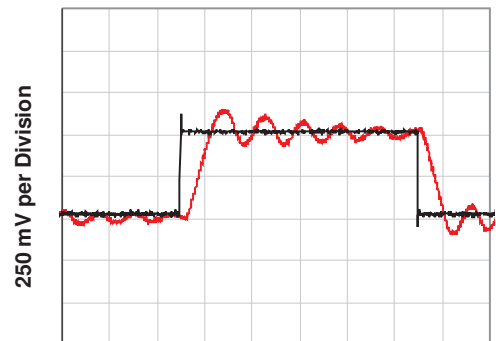
$V_{cc} = 2.2\text{ V}, R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 2.12\text{ nF}, R_o = 0\ \Omega$



1 μs per Division

PULSE RESPONSE

$V_{cc} = 2.2\text{ V}, R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 2.12\text{ nF}, R_o = 0\ \Omega$

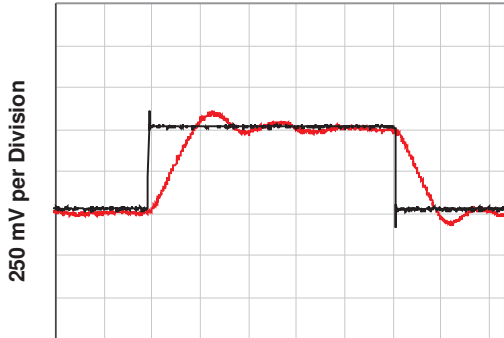


1 μs per Division

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

PULSE RESPONSE

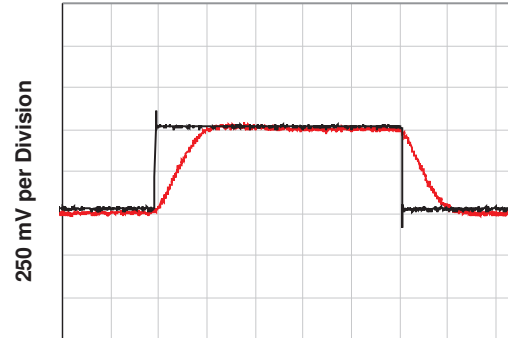
$V_{cc} = 2.2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 2.12\text{ nF}$, $R_o = 2.2\ \Omega$



1 μs per Division

PULSE RESPONSE

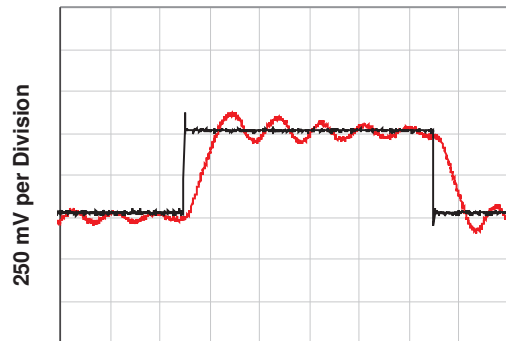
$V_{cc} = 2.2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 2.12\text{ nF}$, $R_o = 11.5\ \Omega$



1 μs per Division

PULSE RESPONSE

$V_{cc} = 2.2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 1.89\text{ nF}$, $R_o = 0\ \Omega$



1 μs per Division

REVISION HISTORY

Changes from Revision B (August 2010) to Revision C	Page
• Changed all temperature parameters from max of 85°C to 105°C	1
• Changed supply voltage max value to 6 in Absolute Maximum Ratings table	2
• Changed supply voltage MAX value to 5.5 in Recommended Operating Conditions table	2
• Changed A_{VD} , V_O test conditons for $R_L = 600 \Omega$: 0.75 V to 4.8 V	4
• Changed A_{VD} , V_O test conditons for $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$: 0.75 V to 4.8 V	4

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
LMV721IDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	(RBFA, RBFM)	Samples
LMV721IDCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU CU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	(RKA, RKM)	Samples
LMV721IDCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU CU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	(RKA, RKM)	Samples
LMV722ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	MV722I	Samples
LMV722IDGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	R6E	Samples
LMV722IDGKRG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	R6E	Samples
LMV722IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	MV722I	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=100ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer:The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF LMV722 :

- Automotive: [LMV722-Q1](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LMV721IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV721IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV721IDCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV721IDCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	180.0	8.4	2.47	2.3	1.25	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV721IDCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	180.0	8.4	2.47	2.3	1.25	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV721IDCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV722IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.3	1.3	8.0	12.0	Q1
LMV722IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LMV721IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LMV721IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
LMV721IDCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LMV721IDCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
LMV721IDCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
LMV721IDCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
LMV722IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	346.0	346.0	35.0
LMV722IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6

DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
 - D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



D0008A

PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



4214825/C 02/2019

NOTES:

1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed $.006$ [0.15] per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
 EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
 SCALE:8X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214825/C 02/2019

NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

D0008A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON .005 INCH [0.125 MM] THICK STENCIL
SCALE:8X

4214825/C 02/2019

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

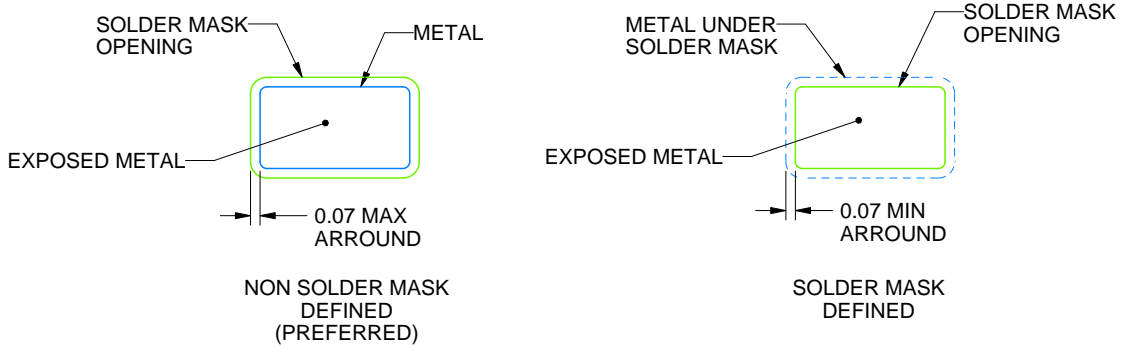
DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214839/D 11/2018

NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, or other requirements. These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale (www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html) or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265
Copyright © 2019, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Looking for pricing, stock, or lifecycle information?

Click below to explore more details on WIN SOURCE:

 [View LMV721IDCKR](#) on WIN SOURCE

 [Texas Instruments](#) Information

Optimize Your Supply Chain with WIN SOURCE Solutions

-  Global Sourcing Solution
-  Obsolete Management
-  Cost Control Management
-  Shortage Management
-  Alternative Solution
-  Excess Inventory Management