



**THE DATASHEET OF  
PI4IOE5V9535ZDEX**



**8-bit I<sup>2</sup>C-Bus and SMBus I/O Port with Interrupt**

**Features**

- ➔ Operation Power Supply Voltage from 2.3V to 5.5 V
- ➔ 8-bit I<sup>2</sup>C-bus GPIO with Interrupt and Reset
- ➔ 5V Tolerant I/Os
- ➔ Polarity Inversion Register
- ➔ Active LOW Interrupt Output
- ➔ Low Current Consumption
- ➔ 0Hz to 400KHz Clock Frequency
- ➔ Noise Filter on SCL/SDA Inputs
- ➔ Power-on Reset
- ➔ ESD Protection (4KV HBM and 1KV CDM)
- ➔ **Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)**
- ➔ **Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)**
- ➔ **For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please [contact us](https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/) or your local Diodes representative.**
- ➔ Offered in Three Different Packages:
  - ◆ TSSOP-16 and TQFN 3x3-16

<https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/>

**Description**

The PI4IOE5V9554 and PI4IOE5V9554A provide 8 bits of general purpose parallel input/output (GPIO) expansion for I<sup>2</sup>C-bus/SMBus applications. The device includes features such as higher driving capability, 5V tolerance, lower power supply, individual I/O configuration, and smaller packaging. It provides a simple solution when additional I/O is required for ACPI power switches, sensors, push buttons, LEDs, fans, etc.

The PI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A consists of an 8-bit register to configure the I/Os as either inputs or outputs and an 8-bit polarity register to change the polarity of the input port register data. The data for each input or output is kept in the corresponding input port or output port register. All registers can be read by the system master.

The PI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A open-drain interrupt output is activated and indicates to the system when any input state has changed. The power-on reset sets the registers to their default values and initializes the device state machine.

Three hardware pins (A0, A1, A2) vary the fixed I<sup>2</sup>C-bus address and allow up to eight devices to share the same I<sup>2</sup>C-bus/SMBus. The PI4IOE5V9554A is identical to the PI4IOE5V9554 except the fixed I<sup>2</sup>C-bus address is different, allowing up to sixteen of these devices (eight of each) on the same I<sup>2</sup>C-bus/SMBus.

**Pin Configuration**

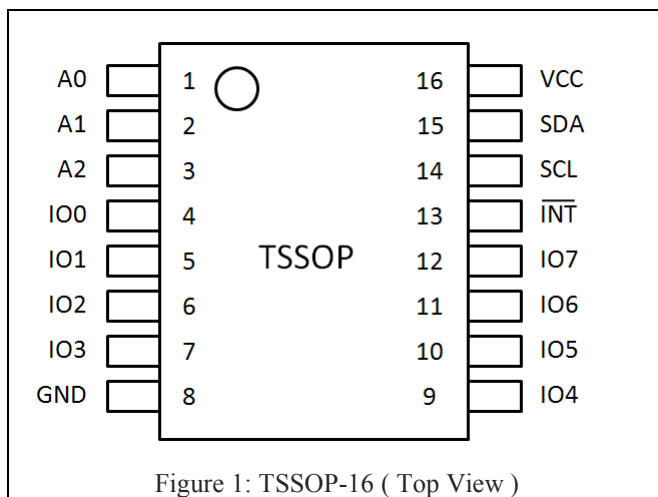


Figure 1: TSSOP-16 ( Top View )

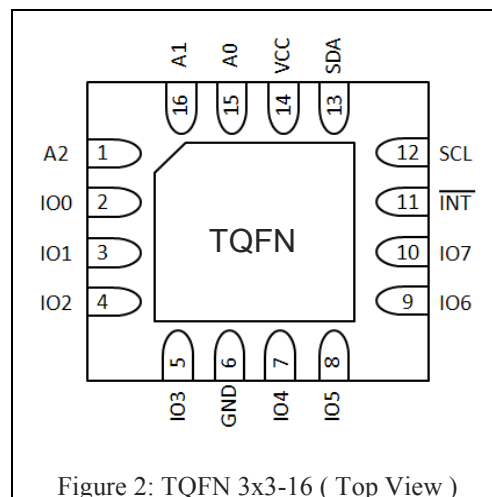


Figure 2: TQFN 3x3-16 ( Top View )

Notes:  
 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.  
 2. See <https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/> for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.  
 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

## Pin Description

Table 1: Pin Description

Pin		Name	Type	Description
TSSOP16	TQFN16			
1	15	A0	I	Address Input 0
2	16	A1	I	Address Input 1
3	1	A2	I	Address Input 2
4	2	IO0	I/O	Input/Output 0
5	3	IO1	I/O	Input/Output 1
6	4	IO2	I/O	Input/Output 2
7	5	IO3	I/O	Input/Output 3
8	6	GND	G	Supply Ground
9	7	IO4	I/O	Input/Output 4
10	8	IO5	I/O	Input/Output 5
11	9	IO6	I/O	Input/Output 6
12	10	IO7	I/O	Input/Output 7
13	11	$\overline{\text{INT}}$	O	Interrupt Output (Open Drain)
14	12	SCL	I	Serial Clock Line
15	13	SDA	I	Serial Data Line
16	14	VCC	P	Supply Voltage

\* I = Input; O = Output; P = Power; G = Ground

## Maximum Ratings

Power Supply.....	-0.5V to +6.0V
Voltage on I/O pin.....	GND-0.5V to +6.0V
Input Current.....	±20mA
Output Current on an I/O pin.....	±50mA
Supply Current.....	±160mA
Ground Supply Current.....	200mA
Total Power Dissipation.....	400mW
Operation Temperature.....	-40°C ~ 85°C
Storage Temperature.....	-65°C ~ 150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature, Tj(max).....	125°C

**Note:**

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

## Static Characteristics

VCC = 2.3V to 5.5V; GND = 0 V; Tamb = -40°C to +85°C; unless otherwise specified.

Table 2: Static Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
<b>Power Supply</b>						
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	—	2.3	—	5.5	V
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Current	Operating mode VCC = 5.5V No load fSCL = 400kHz	—	40	60	μA
		Operating mode VCC = 2.3V No load fSCL = 400kHz	—	10	20	μA
I <sub>stb</sub>	Standby Current	Standby mode VCC = 5.5V No load VI = GND fSCL = 0kHz I/O = inputs	—	500	700	μA
		Standby mode VCC = 5.5V No load VI = VCC fSCL = 0kHz I/O = inputs	—	0.25	1	μA
V <sub>POR</sub>	Power-on Reset Voltage <sup>[1]</sup>	—	—	1.16	1.41	V
<b>Input SCL, Input/Output SDA</b>						
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low Level Input Voltage	—	-0.5	—	+0.3VCC	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input Voltage	—	0.7VCC	—	5.5	V
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low Level Output Current	V <sub>OL</sub> =0.4V; VCC=2.3V	3	6	—	mA
I <sub>L</sub>	Leakage Current	V <sub>I</sub> = VCC or GND	-1	—	1	μA
C <sub>i</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = GND	—	6	10	pF

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
<b>I/Os</b>						
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low Level Input Voltage	—	-0.5	—	+0.81	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input Voltage	—	+1.8	—	5.5	V
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low Level Output Current	VCC = 2.3V; V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5V <sup>[2]</sup>	8	10	—	mA
		VCC = 2.3V; V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.7V <sup>[2]</sup>	10	13	—	mA
		VCC = 3.0V; V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5V <sup>[2]</sup>	8	14	—	mA
		VCC = 3.0V; V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.7V <sup>[2]</sup>	10	19	—	mA
		VCC = 4.5V; V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5V <sup>[2]</sup>	8	17	—	mA
		VCC = 4.5V; V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.7V <sup>[2]</sup>	10	24	—	mA
V <sub>OH</sub>	High Level Output Current	I <sub>OH</sub> = -8mA; VCC = 2.3V <sup>[3]</sup>	1.8	—	—	V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -10mA; VCC = 2.3V <sup>[3]</sup>	1.7	—	—	V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -8mA; VCC = 3.0V <sup>[3]</sup>	2.6	—	—	V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -10mA; VCC = 3.0V <sup>[3]</sup>	2.5	—	—	V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -8mA; VCC = 4.5V <sup>[3]</sup>	4.1	—	—	V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -10mA; VCC = 4.5V <sup>[3]</sup>	4.0	—	—	V
I <sub>LI</sub>	Low Level Input Leakage Current	VCC = 3.6V; V <sub>I</sub> = VCC	-1	—	1	μA
I <sub>L</sub>	Leakage Current	VCC = 5.5V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND	—	—	-100	μA
C <sub>i</sub>	Input Capacitance	—	—	3.7	10	pF
C <sub>o</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	—	3.7	10	pF
<b>Interrupt INT</b>						
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low Level Output Current	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4V	3	—	—	mA
<b>Select Inputs A0, A1, A2</b>						
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low Level Input Voltage	—	-0.5	—	+0.81	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input Voltage	—	+1.8	—	5.5	V
I <sub>L</sub>	Input Leakage Current	—	-1	—	1	μA

**Note:**

- VCC must be lowered to 0.2V for at least 20μs in order to reset part.
- Each I/O must be limited to a maximum current of 25mA and the device must be limited to a maximum current of 100mA.
- The total current sourced by all I/Os must be limited to 85mA.

## Dynamic Characteristics

Table 3: Dynamic Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Standard Mode I <sup>2</sup> C		Fast Mode I <sup>2</sup> C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
f <sub>SCL</sub>	SCL Clock Frequency	—	0	100	0	400	kHz
t <sub>BUF</sub>	Bus Free Time Between a STOP and START Condition	—	4.7	—	1.3	—	μs
t <sub>HD;STA</sub>	Hold Time (Repeated) START Condition	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs
t <sub>SU;STA</sub>	Setup Time for a Repeated START Condition	—	4.7	—	0.6	—	μs
t <sub>SU;STO</sub>	Setup Time for STOP Condition	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs
t <sub>VD;ACK</sub> <sup>[1]</sup>	Data Valid Acknowledge Time	—	—	3.45	—	0.9	μs
t <sub>HD;DAT</sub> <sup>[2]</sup>	Data Hold Time	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t <sub>VD;DAT</sub>	Data Valid Time	—	—	3.45	—	0.9	μs
t <sub>SU;DAT</sub>	Data Setup Time	—	250	—	100	—	ns
t <sub>LOW</sub>	LOW Period of the SCL Clock	—	4.7	—	1.3	—	μs
t <sub>HIGH</sub>	HIGH Period of the SCL Clock	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time of Both SDA and SCL Signals	—	—	300	—	300	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time of Both SDA and SCL Signals	—	—	1000	—	300	ns
t <sub>SP</sub>	Pulse Width of Spikes that must be Suppressed by the Input Filter	—	—	50	—	50	ns
<b>Port Timing</b>							
t <sub>v(Q)</sub>	Data Output Valid Time <sup>[3]</sup>	—	—	200	—	200	ns
t <sub>su(D)</sub>	Data Input Setup Time	—	100	—	100	—	ns
t <sub>h(D)</sub>	Data Input Hold Time	—	1	—	1	—	μs
<b>Interrupt Timing</b>							
t <sub>v(INT)</sub>	Valid Time on pin $\overline{INT}$	—	—	4	—	4	μs
t <sub>rec(INT)</sub>	Reset Time on pin $\overline{INT}$	—	—	4	—	4	μs

**Note:**

- t<sub>VD;ACK</sub> = time for acknowledgement signal from SCL LOW to SDA (out) LOW.
- t<sub>VD;DAT</sub> = minimum time for SDA data out to be valid following SCL LOW.
- t<sub>v(Q)</sub> measured from 0.7VCC on SCL to 50% I/O output.

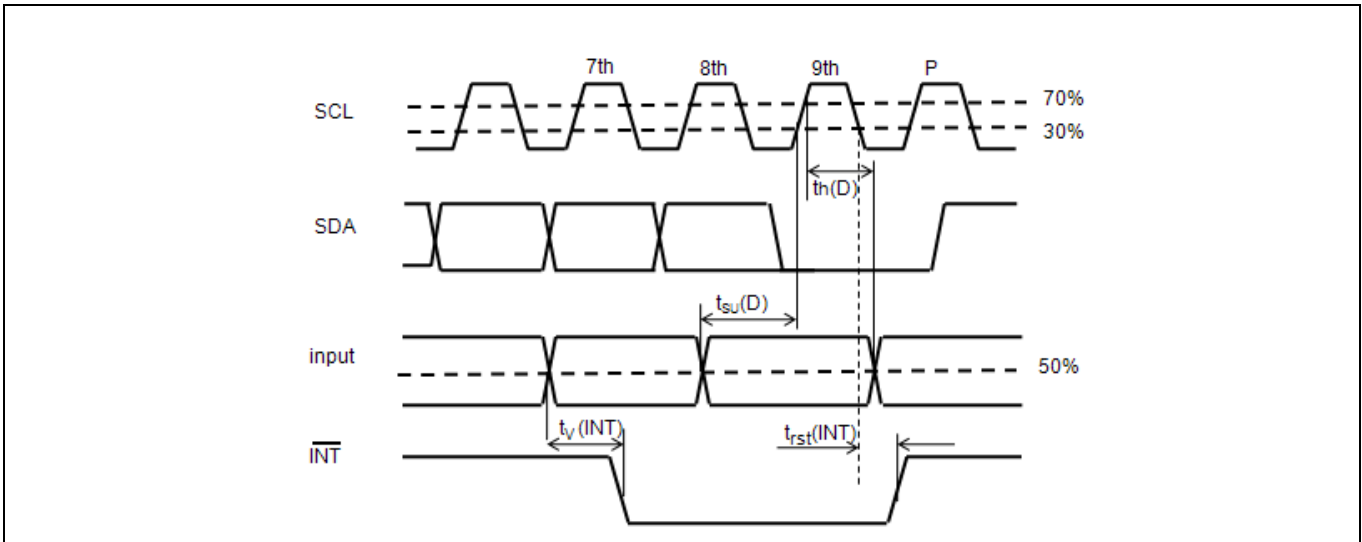
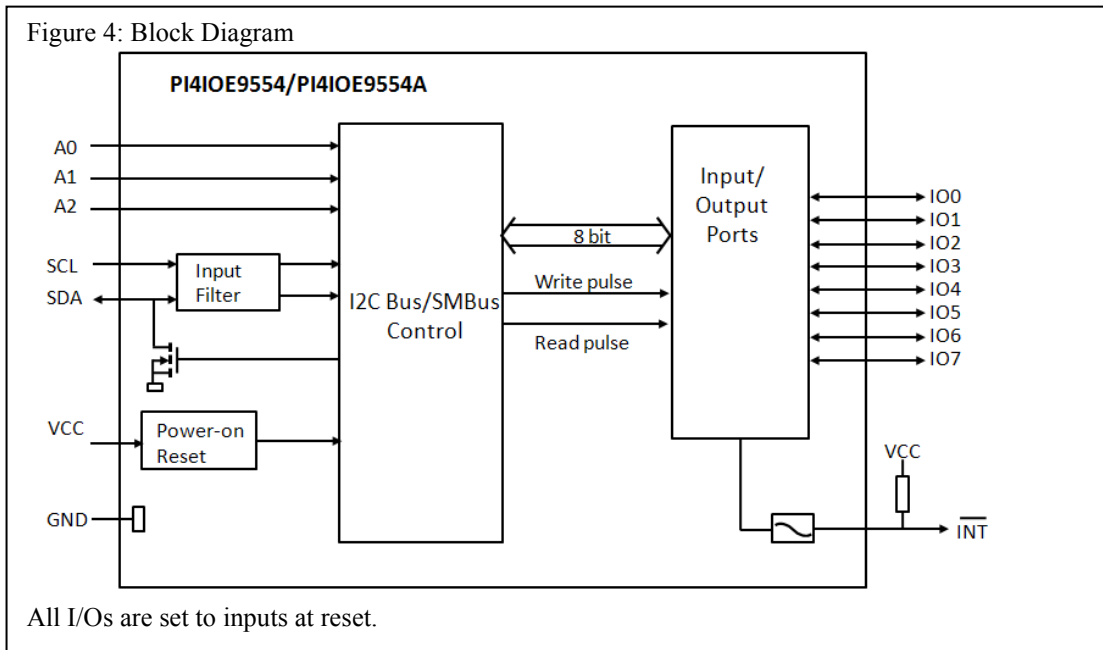


Figure 3: Timing Parameters for INT Signal

**PI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A Block Diagram**



## Details Description

### a. Device Address

Following a START condition, the bus master must output the address of the slave it is accessing. The address of the PI4IOE5V9554/54A is shown below. To conserve power, no internal pullup resistors are incorporated on the hardware selectable address pins, and they must be pulled HIGH or LOW.

Table 4: Device Address Byte

	b7(MSB)	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
PI4IOE5V9554	0	1	0	0	A2	A1	A0	R/W
PI4IOE5V9554A	0	1	1	1	A2	A1	A0	R/W

Note: Read “1”, Write “0”

### b. Register Description

#### i. Command Byte

The command byte is the first byte to follow the address byte during a write transmission. It is used as a pointer to determine which of the following registers are written or read.

Table 5: Command Byte

Command	Protocol	Function
0	Read Byte	Input port register
1	Read/Write Byte	Output port register
2	Read/Write Byte	Polarity Inversion register
3	Read/Write Byte	Configuration register

#### ii. Register 0: Input Port Register

This register is a read-only port. It reflects the incoming logic levels of the pins, regardless of whether the pin is defined as an input or an output by Register 3. Writes to this register have no effect.

The default ‘X’ is determined by the externally applied logic level, which is normally ‘1’ when no external signal externally applied because of the internal pullup resistors.

Table 6: Input Port Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	I7	I6	I5	I4	I3	I2	I1	I0

### iii. Register 1: Output Port Register

This register reflects the outgoing logic levels of the pins defined as outputs by Register 3. Bit values in this register have no effect on pins defined as inputs. Reads from this register return the value that is in the flip-flop controlling the output selection—**not** the actual pin value.

Table 7: Output Port Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	O7	O6	O5	O4	O3	O2	O1	O0
Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

### iv. Register 2: Polarity Inversion Register

This register allows the user to invert the polarity of the input port register data. If a bit in this register is set (written with '1'), the corresponding input port data is inverted. If a bit in this register is cleared (written with a '0'), the input port data polarity is retained.

Table 8: Polarity Inversion Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	N7	N6	N5	N4	N3	N2	N1	N0
Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### v. Register 3: Configuration Register

This register configures the directions of the I/O pins. If a bit in this register is set, the corresponding port pin is enabled as an input with high-impedance output driver. If a bit in this register is cleared, the corresponding port pin is enabled as an output. At reset, the I/Os are configured as inputs with a weak pullup to VCC.

Table 9: Configuration Register

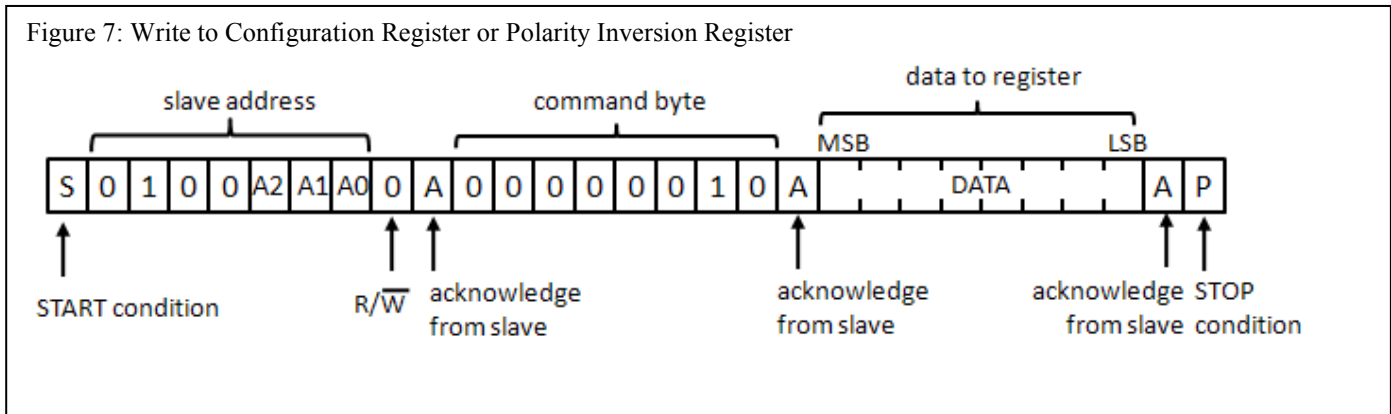
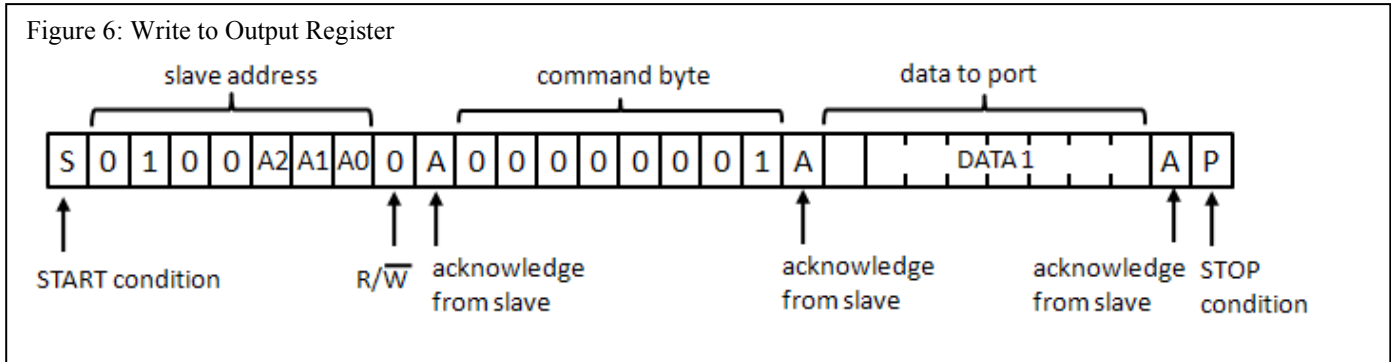
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	C0
Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



**e. Bus Transaction**

Data is transmitted to the PI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A registers using the write mode as shown in Figure 6 and Figure 7.

These devices do not implement an auto-increment function, so once a command byte has been sent, the register which was addressed continues to be accessed by reads until a new command byte is sent.



Data is read from the PI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A registers using the read mode as shown in Figure 8 and Figure 9.

Figure 8: Read from Register

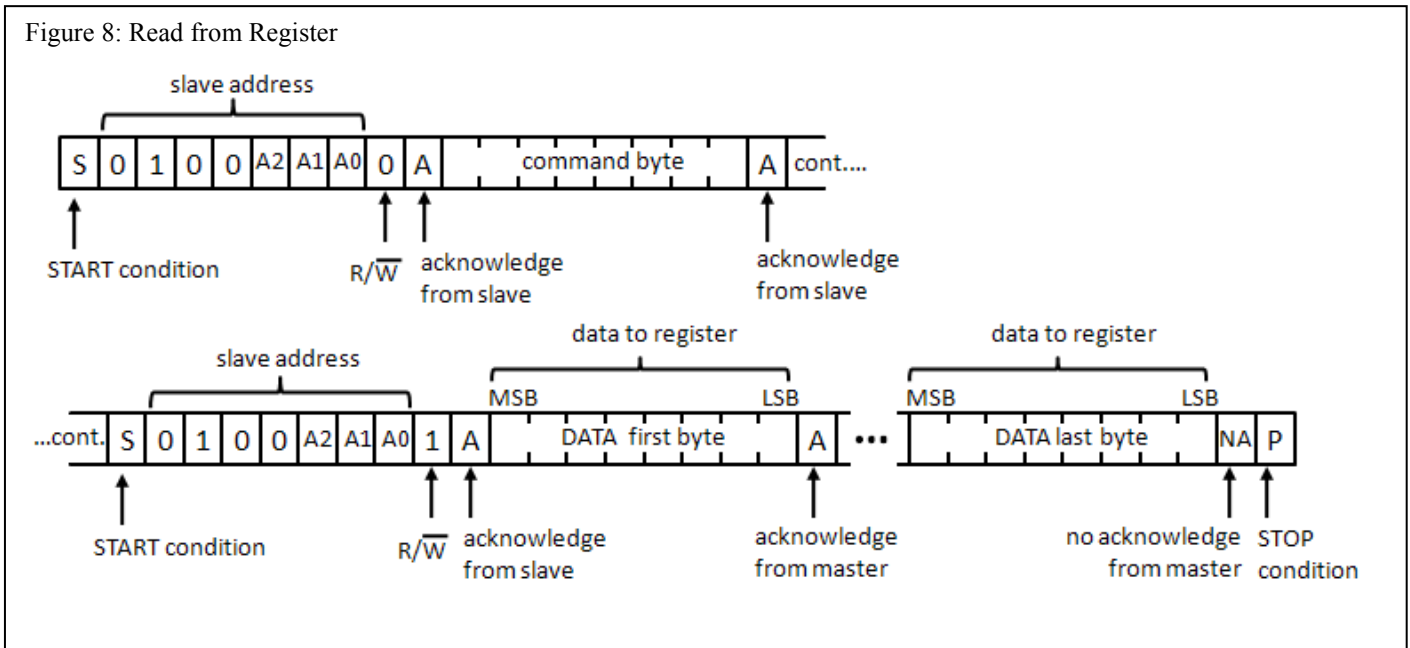
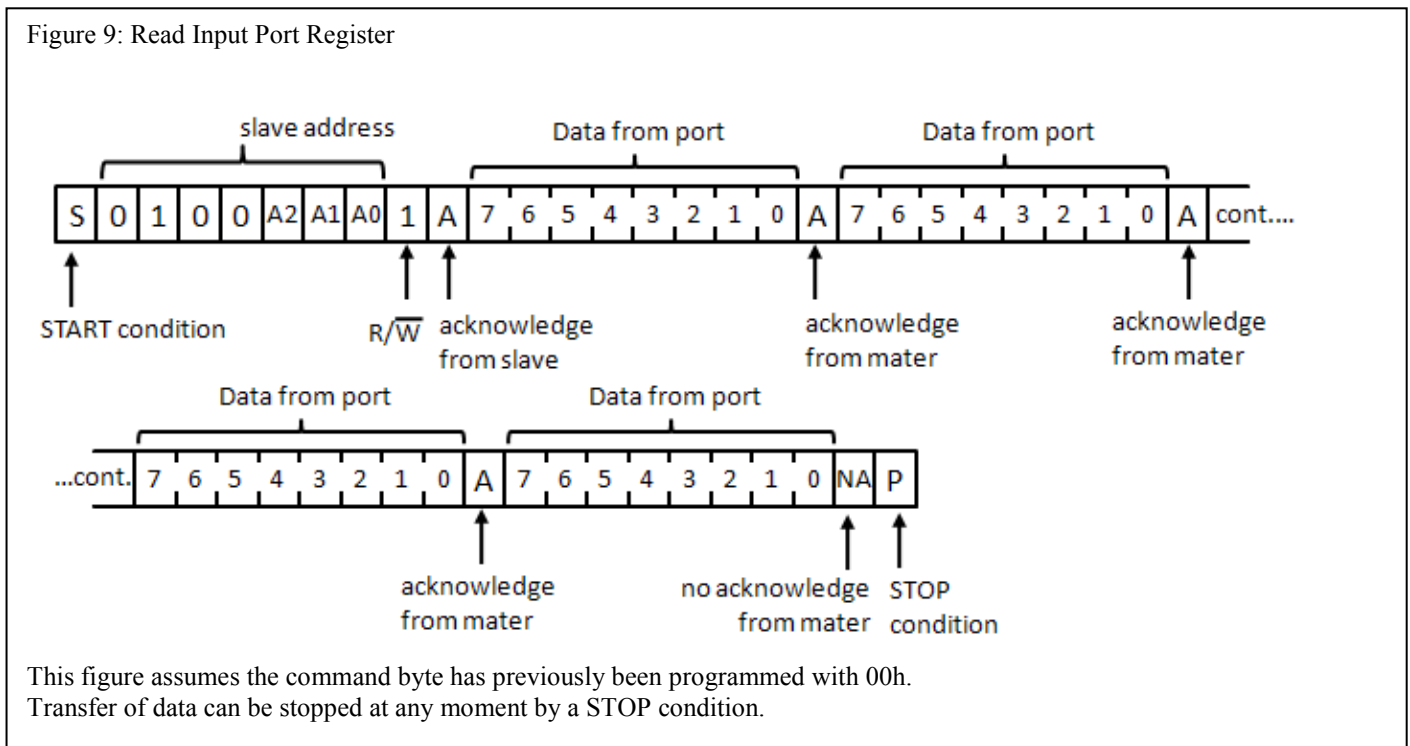


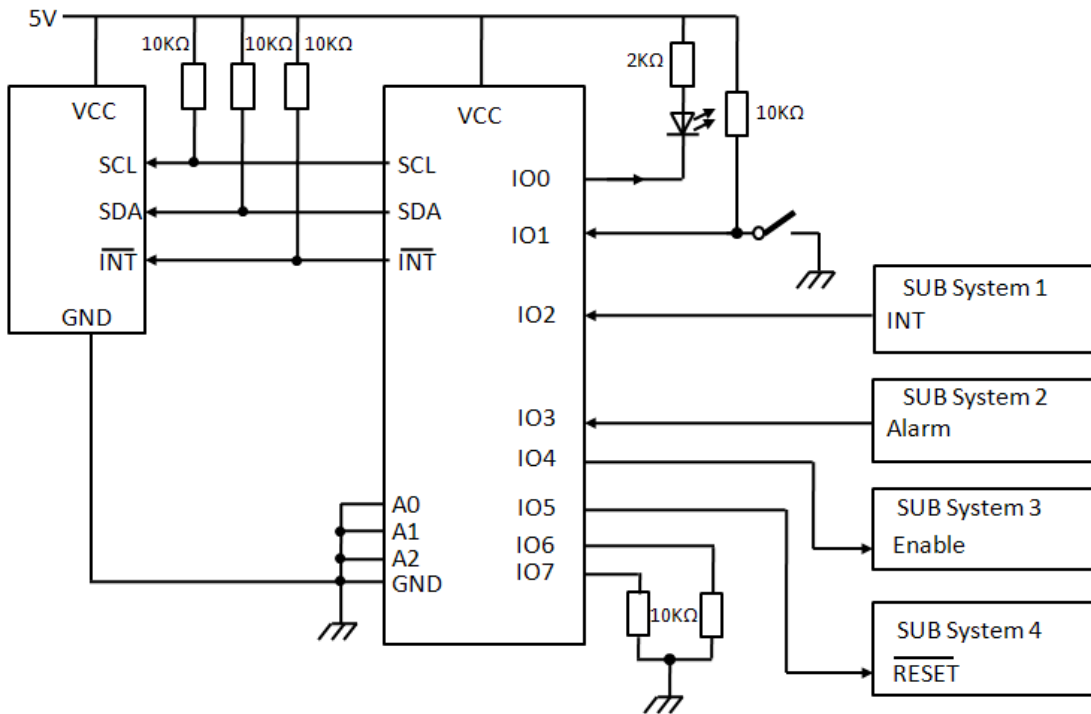
Figure 9: Read Input Port Register



This figure assumes the command byte has previously been programmed with 00h. Transfer of data can be stopped at any moment by a STOP condition.

**Application Design-in Information**

Figure 10: Typical Application

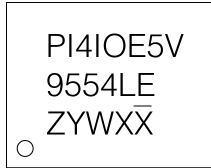


Device address configured as 0100100x for this example.  
 IO0, IO4, IO5 configured as outputs.  
 IO1, IO2, IO3 configured as inputs.  
 IO6, IO7 are not used and must be configured as outputs.

### Part Marking

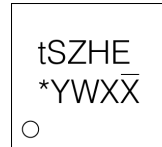
#### PI4IOE5V9554

L Package



Z: Die Rev  
Y: Year  
W: Workweek  
1st X: Assembly Site Code  
2nd X: Fab Site Code

ZH Package



\*: Die Rev  
Y: Date Code (Year)  
W: Date Code (Workweek)  
1st X: Assembly Site Code  
2nd X: Wafer Fab Site Code

#### PI4IOE5V9554A

L Package



Z: Die Rev  
Y: Year  
W: Workweek  
1st X: Assembly Site Code  
2nd X: Fab Site Code

**PI4IOE5V9554/9554A**

**Packaging Mechanical**  
SOIC-16(W)

SYMBOLS	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	—	—	1.75
A1	0.10	—	0.25
A2	1.00	—	—
b	0.31	—	0.51
c	0.10	—	0.25
D	9.80	9.90	10.0
E	5.80	6.00	6.20
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00
e	1.27 BSC		
L	0.40	—	1.27
h	0.15	—	0.50
θ°	0	—	8

**NOTES:**  
 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES IN DEGREES.  
 2. JEDEC OUTLINE : MS-012 AC  
 3. DIMENSIONS DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.  
 4. THE MIN. DIMENSION OF A2 AND h ARE OUT OF JEDEC SPEC.

		DATE: 06/30/16
DESCRIPTION: 16-Pin, 150mil Wide SOIC		
PACKAGE CODE: W		
DOCUMENT CONTROL #: PD-1004		REVISION: G

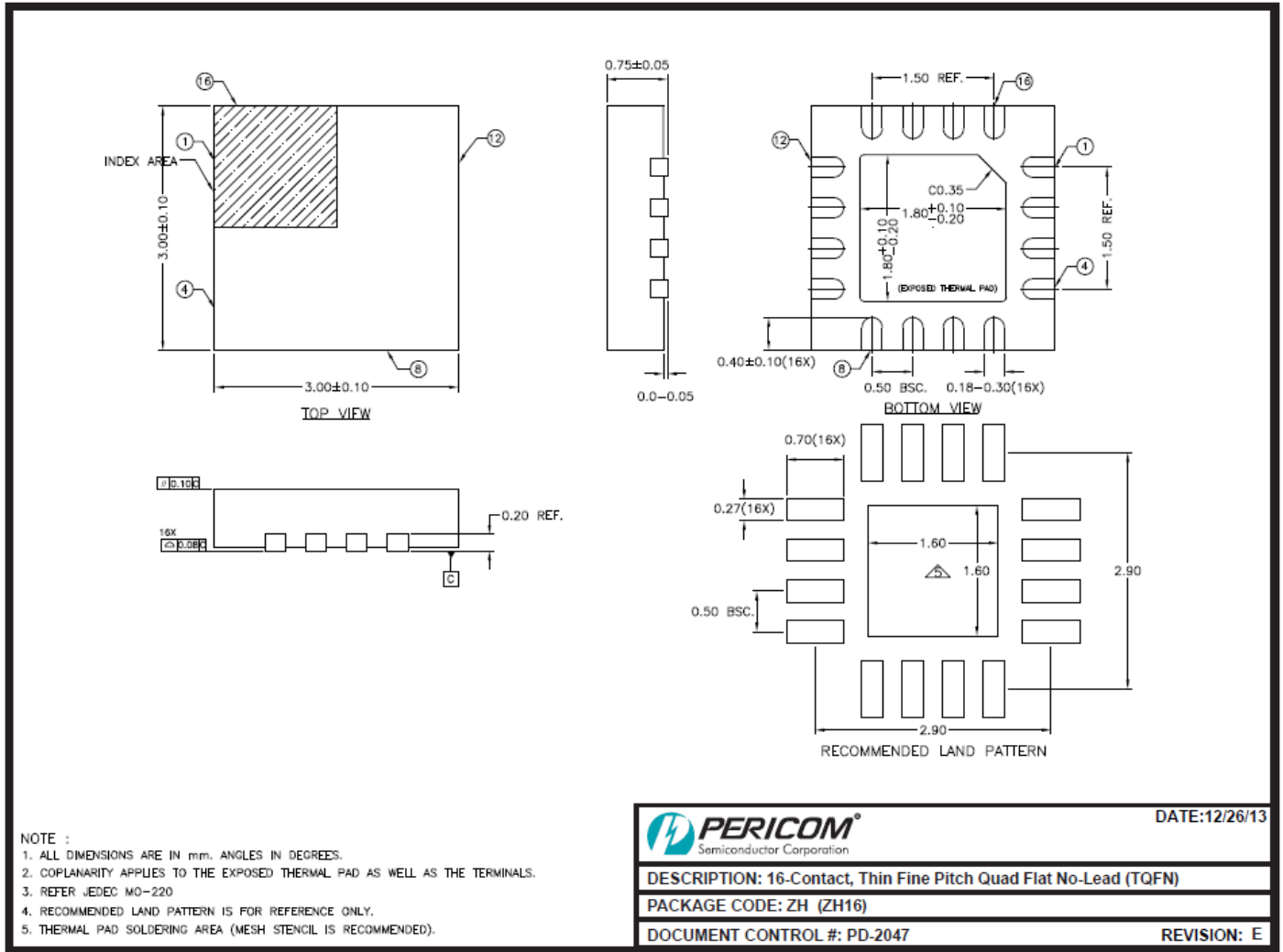
TSSOP-16(L)

SYMBOLS	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	–	–	1.20
A1	0.05	–	0.15
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
b	0.19	–	0.30
c	0.09	–	0.20
D	4.90	5.00	5.10
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
E	6.20	6.40	6.60
e	0.65 BSC		
L1	1.00 REF		
L	0.45	0.60	0.75
S	0.20	–	–
$\theta$	0°	–	8°

**NOTES:**  
 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES IN DEGREES.  
 2. JEDEC MO-153F  
 3. DIMENSIONS DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.

		DATE: 03/24/16
DESCRIPTION: 16-Pin, 173mil Wide TSSOP		
PACKAGE CODE: L (L16)		
DOCUMENT CONTROL #: PD-1310	REVISION: G	

**TQFN 3x3-16(ZH)**



For latest package information:

See <http://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/pericom-packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/>.

**Ordering Information**

Part Numbers	Package Code	Package Description
PI4IOE5V9554LEX	L	16-pin, 173 mil Wide (TSSOP)
PI4IOE5V9554ALEX	L	16-pin, 173 mil Wide (TSSOP)
PI4IOE5V9554ZHEX	ZH	16-contact, Thin Fine Pitch Quad Flat No-Lead (TQFN) 3.0×3.0

- Notes:**
1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
  2. See <https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/> for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
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  5. X suffix = Tape/Reel

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- B. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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-  Cost Control Management
-  Shortage Management
-  Alternative Solution
-  Excess Inventory Management