



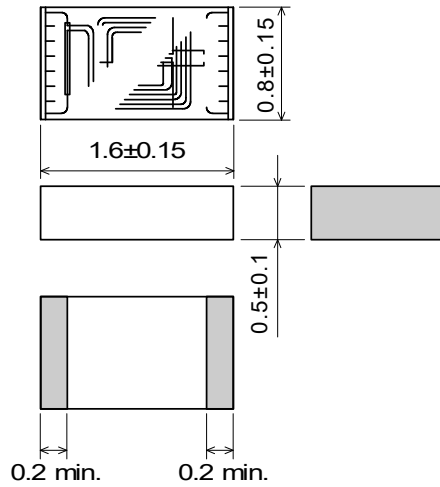
**THE DATASHEET OF  
LQP18MN82NG02D**





# Reference Only

## 5. Appearance and Dimensions



■ Unit Mass (Typical value)

0.002g

\*The pattern of the coil differs in each inductance value.

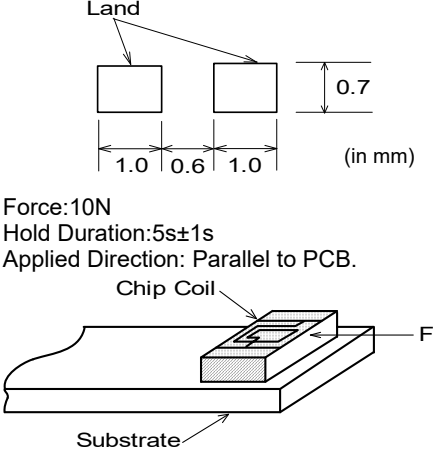
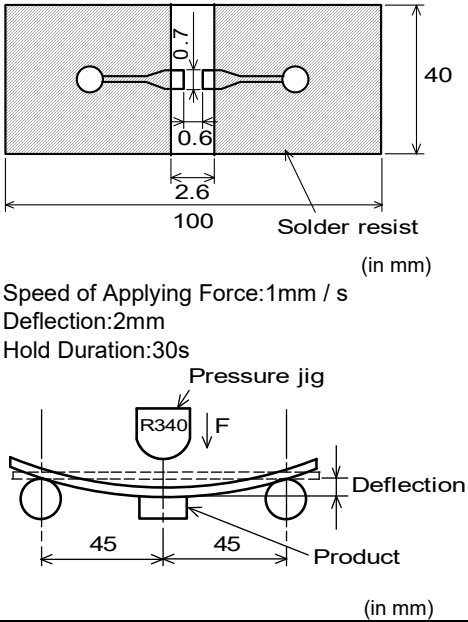
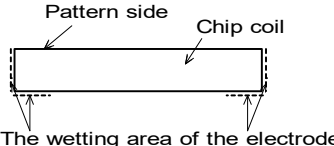
(in mm)

## 6. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
6.1	Inductance	Inductance shall meet item 3.	<p>Measuring Equipment: Agilent4291A or equivalent</p> <p>Measuring Frequency: 500MHz / 1.3nH to 39nH 300MHz / 47nH to 100nH</p> <p>Measuring Condition: Test signal level / about 7dBm Electrical length / 0.94cm Weight / about 1N to 5N</p> <p>Measuring Fixture: Agilent 16193A</p> <p>Position coil under test as shown in below and contact coil with each terminal by adding weight.</p> <p>Coil pattern should be a topside, and inner end of the coil should be in the direction of the fixture for position of chip coil.</p>
6.2	Q	Q shall meet item 3.	<p>1mm</p> <p>6.97mm</p> <p>Inner end of the coil.</p> <p>Measuring Method: See P.9 &lt;Electrical Performance: Measuring Method of Inductance/Q&gt;</p>
6.3	DC Resistance	DC Resistance shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment: Digital multi meter
6.4	Self Resonant Frequency(S.R.F)	S.R.F shall meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment: Agilent 8753C or equivalent
6.5	Rated Current	Self temperature rise shall be limited to 25°C max.	The rated current is applied.

# Reference Only

## 7. Mechanical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
7.1	Shear Test	Chip coil shall not be damaged after tested as test method.	<p>Substrate: Glass-epoxy substrate</p>  <p>Force: 10N          Hold Duration: 5s±1s          Applied Direction: Parallel to PCB.</p>
7.2	Bending Test	Chip coil shall not be damaged after tested as test method.	<p>Substrate: Glass-epoxy substrate          (100mm × 40mm × 1.6mm)</p>  <p>Speed of Applying Force: 1mm / s          Deflection: 2mm          Hold Duration: 30s</p>
7.3	Vibration	Appearance: No damage Inductance Change: ±10% within	<p>Oscillation Frequency:          10Hz to 55Hz to 10Hz for 1 min          Total Amplitude: 1.5mm          Testing Time: A period of 2 hours in each of          3 mutually perpendicular directions.</p>
7.4	Solderability	The wetting area of the electrode shall be at least 95% covered with new solder coating.	<p>Flux: Ethanol solution of rosin 25(wt)%          (Immersed for 5s to 10s)          Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu          Pre-Heating: 150°C±10°C / 60s to 90s          Solder Temperature: 240°C±5°C          Immersion Time: 3s±1s</p> 

# Reference Only

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
7.5	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Appearance: No damage Inductance Change: $\pm 10\%$ within	Flux: Ethanol solution of rosin 25(wt)% (Immersed for 5s to 10s) Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Pre-Heating: $150^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ / 60s to 90s Solder Temperature: $270^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Immersion Time: $10\text{s} \pm 1\text{s}$ Then measured after exposure in the room condition for $24\text{h} \pm 2\text{h}$ .

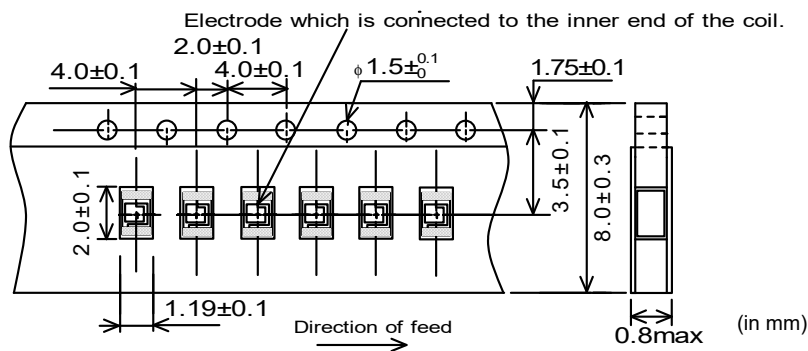
## 8.Environmental Performance

It shall be soldered on the substrate.

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
8.1	Heat Resistance	Appearance: No damage Inductance Change: $\pm 10\%$ within	Temperature: $85^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Time: 1000h (+48h.-0h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for $24\text{h} \pm 2\text{h}$ .
8.2	Cold Resistance		Temperature: $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Time: 1000h (+48h.-0h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for $24\text{h} \pm 2\text{h}$ .
8.3	Humidity		Temperature: $40^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity: 90%(RH) to 95%(RH) Time: 1000h (+48h.-0h) Then measured after exposure in the room condition for $24\text{h} \pm 2\text{h}$ .
8.4	Temperature Cycle		1 cycle: 1 step: $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ / 30min $\pm 3$ min 2 step: Ordinary temp. / 10 min to 15 min 3 step: $+85^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ / 30min $\pm 3$ min 4 step: Ordinary temp. / 10min to 15 min Total of 10 cycles Then measured after exposure in the room condition for $24\text{h} \pm 2\text{h}$ .

## 9.Specification of Packaging

### 9.1 Appearance and Dimensions of paper tape (8mm-wide)



### 9.2 Specification of Taping

- (1) Packing quantity (standard quantity)  
4,000 pcs / reel
- (2) Packing Method  
Products shall be packed in the cavity of the base tape and sealed by top tape and bottom tape.
- (3) Sprocket hole  
The sprocket holes are to the right as the tape is pulled toward the user.
- (4) Spliced point  
Base tape and Top tape has no spliced point.

# Reference Only

(5) Missing components number

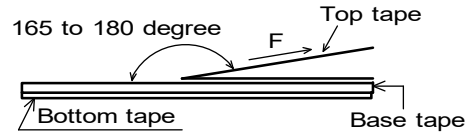
Missing components number within 0.1 % of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The Specified quantity per reel is kept.

**9.3 Pull Strength**

Top tape	5N min.
Bottom tape	

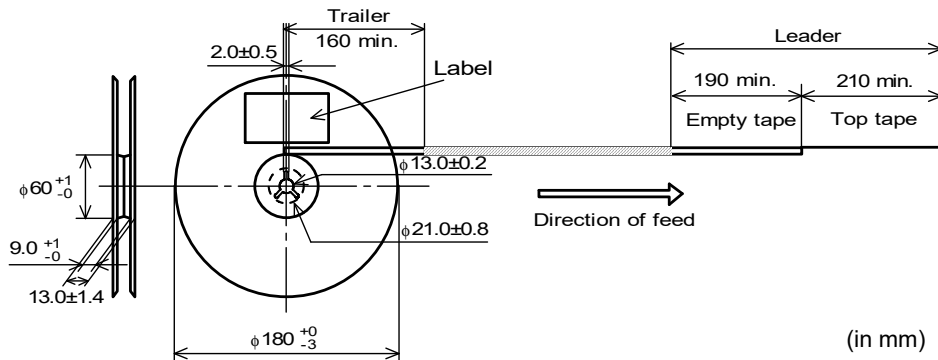
**9.4 Peeling off force of cover tape**

Speed of Peeling off	300mm/min
Peeling off force	0.1N to 0.6N (minimum value is typical)



**9.5 Dimensions of Leader-tape, Trailer and Reel**

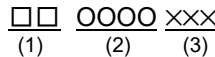
There shall be leader-tape ( top tape and empty tape ) and trailer-tape (empty tape) as follows.



**9.6 Marking for reel**

Customer part number, MURATA part number, Inspection number(\*1) , RoHS Marking (\*2), Quantity etc ...

\*1) <Expression of Inspection No.>



(1) Factory Code

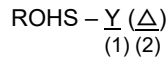
(2) Date First digit : Year / Last digit of year

Second digit : Month / Jan. to Sep. → 1 to 9, Oct. to Dec. → O,N,D

Third, Fourth digit : Day

(3) Serial No.

\*2) <Expression of RoHS Marking >



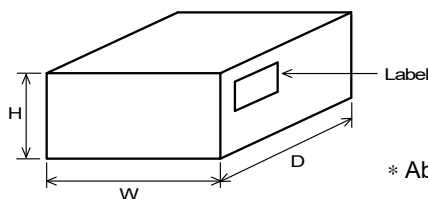
(1) RoHS regulation conformity parts.

(2) MURATA classification number

**9.7 Marking for Outside package (corrugated paper box)**

Customer name, Purchasing order number, Customer part number, MURATA part number, RoHS Marking (\*2) ,Quantity, etc ...

**9.8. Specification of Outer Case**



Outer Case Dimensions (mm)			Standard Reel Quantity in Outer Case (Reel)
W	D	H	
186	186	93	5

\* Above Outer Case size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.

# Reference Only

## 10. ⚠ Caution

### Limitation of Applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- |                                   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| (1) Aircraft equipment            | (6) Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)   |
| (2) Aerospace equipment           | (7) Traffic signal equipment   |
| (3) Undersea equipment            | (8) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment   |
| (4) Power plant control equipment | (9) Data-processing equipment  |
| (5) Medical equipment             | (10) Applications of similar complexity and /or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above |

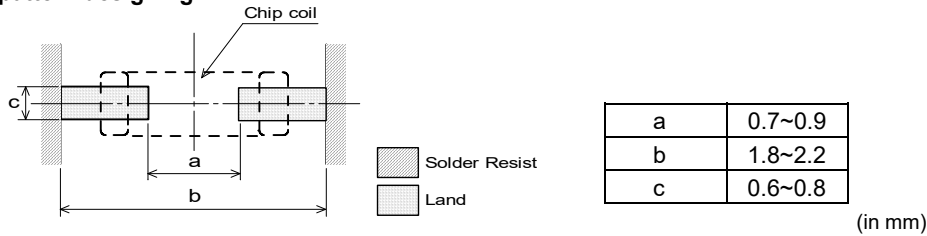
## 11. Notice

Products can only be soldered with reflow.

This product is designed for solder mounting.

Please consult us in advance for applying other mounting method such as conductive adhesive.

### 11.1 Land pattern designing



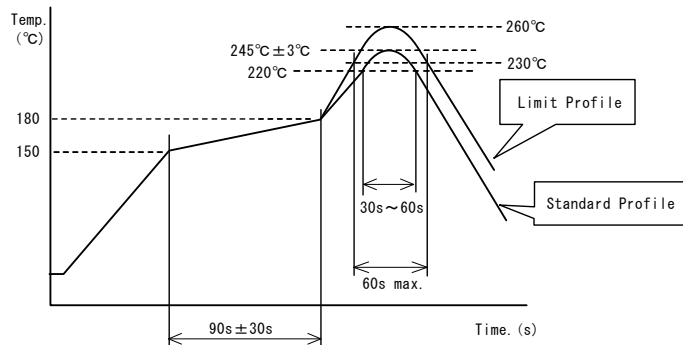
### 11.2 Flux, Solder

- Use rosin-based flux.
- Don't use highly acidic flux with halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value).
- Don't use water-soluble flux.
- Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder.
- Standard thickness of solder paste : 100 μm to 150 μm.

### 11.3 Reflow soldering conditions

- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 150°C max. Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max. Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of products quality.
- Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows. The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and / or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.

#### · Reflow soldering profile



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150°C~180°C , 90s±30s	
Heating	above 220°C, 30s~60s	above 230°C, 60s max.
Peak temperature	245°C±3°C	260°C, 10s
Cycle of reflow	2 times	2 times

# Reference Only

### 11.4 Reworking with soldering iron.

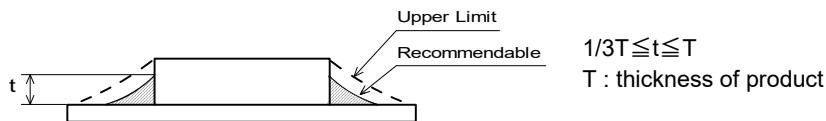
The following conditions must be strictly followed when using a soldering iron.

Pre-heating	150°C, 1 min
Tip temperature	350°C max.
Soldering iron output	80W max.
Tip diameter	Φ3mm max.
Soldering time	3(+1,-0)s
Times	2 times

Note : Do not directly touch the products with the tip of the soldering iron in order to prevent the crack on the products due to the thermal shock.

### 11.5 Solder Volume

- Solder shall be used not to be exceeded the upper limits as shown below.



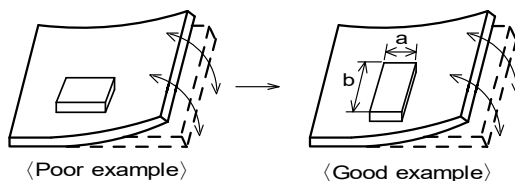
Accordingly increasing the solder volume, the mechanical stress to Chip is also increased. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

### 11.6 Attention regarding P.C.B. bending

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.

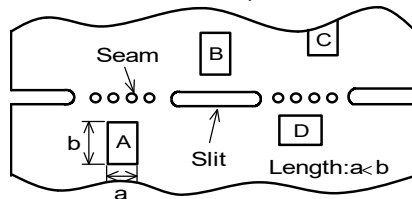
- P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]



Products shall be located in the sideways direction (Length:  $a < b$ ) to the mechanical stress.

- Products location on P.C.B. separation



Products (A,B,C,D) shall be located carefully so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board. Because they may be subjected the mechanical stress in order of  $A > C > B \cong D$ .

### 11.7 Cleaning Conditions

Products shall be cleaned on the following conditions.

- Cleaning temperature shall be limited to 60°C max.(40°C max for IPA)
- Ultrasonic cleaning shall comply with the following conditions with avoiding the resonance phenomenon at the mounted products and P.C.B.  
Power : 20 W / l max.    Frequency : 28kHz to 40kHz    Time : 5 min max.
- Cleaner
  - Alcohol type cleaner  
Isopropyl alcohol (IPA)
  - Aqueous agent  
PINE ALPHA ST-100S
- There shall be no residual flux and residual cleaner after cleaning.  
In the case of using aqueous agent, products shall be dried completely after rinse with de-ionized water in order to remove the cleaner.
- Other cleaning    Please contact us.

## 11.8 Resin coating

Inductance value may be changed due to the large cure-stress of the resin when products are coated with resin. In this case, take care when you select resin to prevent the deterioration of the product quality.

## 11.9 Caution for use

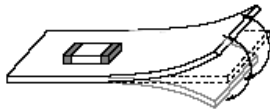
The pattern of the chip coil is covered with the protection film. But the handling the chip coil shall be taken care so that the chip coil would not be damaged with the pick-up nozzle, the sharp substance and so on.

## 11.10 Handling of a substrate

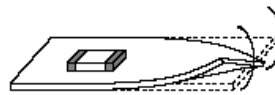
After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.

Bending



Twisting



## 11.11 Storage and Handling Requirements

### (1) Storage period

Use the products within 12 months after delivered.

Solderability should be checked if this period is exceeded.

### (2) Storage conditions

•Products should be stored in the warehouse on the following conditions.

Temperature : -10°C ~ 40°C

Humidity : 15% to 85% relative humidity No rapid change on temperature and humidity.

•Products should not be stored on bulk packaging condition to prevent the chipping of the core and the breaking of winding wire caused by the collision between the products.

•Products should be stored on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and so on.

•Products should be stored in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.

### (3) Handling Condition

Care should be taken when transporting or handling product to avoid excessive vibration or mechanical shock.

## 12. ⚠ Note

(1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.

(2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.

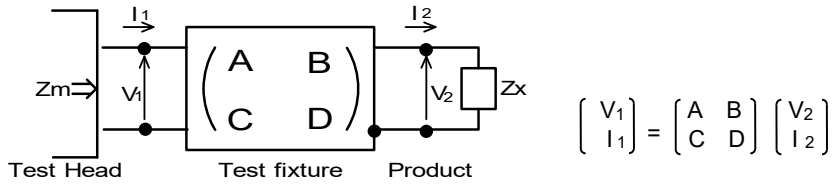
(3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice.

Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

# Reference Only

**<Electrical Performance:Measuring Method of Inductance/Q>**

(1) Residual elements and stray elements of test fixture can be described by F-parameter shown in following.



(2) The impedance of chip coil  $Z_x$  and measured value  $Z_m$  can be described by input/output current/voltage.

$$Z_m = \frac{V_1}{I_1} \quad , \quad Z_x = \frac{V_2}{I_2}$$

(3) Thus,the relation between  $Z_x$  and  $Z_m$  is following;

$$Z_x = \alpha \frac{Z_m - \beta}{1 - Z_m \Gamma} \quad \text{where, } \alpha = D / A = 1$$

$$\beta = B / D = Z_{sm} - (1 - Y_{om} Z_{sm}) Z_{ss}$$

$$\Gamma = C / A = Y_{om}$$



$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} Z_{sm}: \text{measured impedance of short chip} \\ Z_{ss}: \text{residual impedance of short chip (0.771nH)} \\ Y_{om}: \text{measured admittance when opening the fixture} \end{array} \right\}$

(4)  $L_x$  and  $Q_x$  shall be calculated with the following equation.

$$L_x = \frac{\text{Im}(Z_x)}{2\pi f} \quad , \quad Q_x = \frac{\text{Im}(Z_x)}{\text{Re}(Z_x)} \quad \begin{array}{l} L_x : \text{Inductance of chip coil} \\ Q_x : \text{Q of chip coil} \\ f : \text{Measuring frequency} \end{array}$$

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