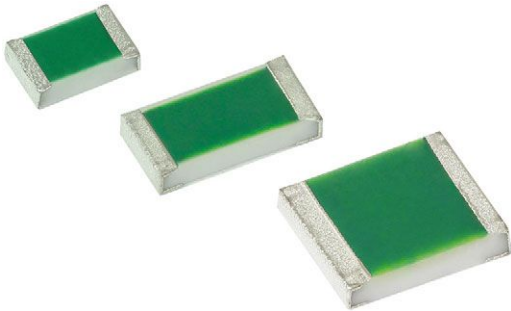




## High Voltage Thin Film Flat Chip Resistors



TNPV e3 precision thin film flat chip resistors are the perfect choice for most fields of modern electronics where the highest reliability and stability at high operating voltages are of major concern. Typical applications include industrial and automotive inverters, voltage measurement systems as implemented in battery management systems, and test and measuring equipment.

### FEATURES

- High operating voltage  $U_{max}$ . up to 1000 V
- Low voltage coefficient < 1 ppm/V
- Excellent overall stability at different environmental conditions  $\leq 0.05\%$  (1000 h rated power at 70 °C)
- Superior moisture resistivity (85 °C; 85 % RH)
- AEC-Q200 qualified
- Sulfur resistance verified according to ASTM B 809
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see [www.vishay.com/doc?99912](http://www.vishay.com/doc?99912)

 AUTOMOTIVE  
GRADE

**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT  
HALOGEN  
**FREE**

### APPLICATIONS

- Industrial and automotive inverters
- Battery management system
- Test and measuring equipment

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS			
DESCRIPTION	TNPV0805 e3	TNPV1206 e3	TNPV1210 e3
Imperial size	0805	1206	1210 <sup>(1)</sup>
Metric size code	RR2012M	RR3216M	RR3225M <sup>(1)</sup>
Resistance range	180 k $\Omega$ to 1 M $\Omega$	160 k $\Omega$ to 2 M $\Omega$	121 k $\Omega$ to 3.01 M $\Omega$
Resistance tolerance	$\pm 1\%$ ; $\pm 0.5\%$ ; $\pm 0.1\%$		
Temperature coefficient	$\pm 50$ ppm/K; $\pm 25$ ppm/K; $\pm 15$ ppm/K; $\pm 10$ ppm/K		
Voltage coefficient  c	< 1 ppm/V		
Rated dissipation, $P_{70}$ <sup>(2)</sup>	0.20 W	0.25 W	0.33 W
Maximum operating voltage, $U_{max}$ . AC <sub>RMS</sub> or DC <sup>(3)</sup>	450 V	700 V	1000 V
Permissible film temperature, $\vartheta_{F max}$ . <sup>(2)</sup>	155 °C		
Operating temperature range	-55 °C to 125 °C (155 °C)		
Internal thermal resistance <sup>(2)</sup>	38 K/W	32 K/W	tbd
Failure rate: FIT <sub>observed</sub>	$\leq 0.1 \times 10^{-9}/h$		

### Notes

- <sup>(1)</sup> Size not specified in EN 140401-801
- <sup>(2)</sup> Please refer to APPLICATION INFORMATION below
- <sup>(3)</sup> Application-specific safety requirements may set limitations to the applicability of the specified voltage

### APPLICATION INFORMATION

The power dissipation on the resistor generates a temperature rise against the local ambient, depending on the heat flow support of the printed circuit board (thermal resistance). The rated dissipation applies only if the permitted film temperature is not exceeded. Furthermore, a high level of ambient temperature or of power dissipation may raise the temperature of the solder joint, hence special solder alloys or board materials may be required to maintain the reliability of the assembly.

Please consider the application note “Thermal Management in Surface-Mounted Resistor Applications” ([www.vishay.com/doc?28844](http://www.vishay.com/doc?28844)) for information on the general nature of thermal resistance.

These resistors do not feature a lifetime limitation when operated within the limits of rated dissipation, permissible operating voltage, and permissible film temperature. However, the resistance typically increases due to the resistor's film temperature over operating time, generally known as drift. The drift may exceed the stability requirements of an individual application circuit and thereby limits the functional lifetime. The designer may estimate the performance of the particular resistor application or set certain load and temperature limits in order to maintain a desired stability.



MAXIMUM RESISTANCE CHANGE AT RATED DISSIPATION		
PARAMETER		VALUE
Rated dissipation, $P_{70}$	TNPV0805 e3	0.20 W
	TNPV1206 e3	0.25 W
	TNPV1210 e3	0.33 W
Applied maximum film temperature, $\vartheta_f$ max.		125 °C
Max. resistance change at $P_{70}$ for resistance range $\Delta R/R$ , after:	TNPV0805 e3	180 k $\Omega$ to 1 M $\Omega$
	TNPV1206 e3	160 k $\Omega$ to 2 M $\Omega$
	TNPV1210 e3	121 k $\Omega$ to 3.01 M $\Omega$
	1000 h	$\leq 0.05$ %
	8000 h	$\leq 0.10$ %
	225 000 h	$\leq 0.30$ %

TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT AND RESISTANCE RANGE				
TYPE / SIZE	TCR	TOLERANCE	RESISTANCE	E-SERIES
TNPV0805 e3	$\pm 50$ ppm/K	$\pm 1$ %	180 k $\Omega$ to 1.0 M $\Omega$	E24; E96
	$\pm 25$ ppm/K	$\pm 0.5$ %		E24; E192
	$\pm 15$ ppm/K	$\pm 0.1$ %		
	$\pm 10$ ppm/K	$\pm 0.1$ %		
TNPV1206 e3	$\pm 50$ ppm/K	$\pm 1$ %	160 k $\Omega$ to 2.0 M $\Omega$	E24; E96
	$\pm 25$ ppm/K	$\pm 0.5$ %		E24; E192
	$\pm 15$ ppm/K	$\pm 0.1$ %		
	$\pm 10$ ppm/K	$\pm 0.1$ %		
TNPV1210 e3	$\pm 50$ ppm/K	$\pm 1$ %	121 k $\Omega$ to 3.01 M $\Omega$	E24; E96
	$\pm 25$ ppm/K	$\pm 0.5$ %	121 k $\Omega$ to 2.13 M $\Omega$	E24; E192
	$\pm 15$ ppm/K	$\pm 0.1$ %		
	$\pm 10$ ppm/K	$\pm 0.1$ %		

PACKAGING						
TYPE / SIZE	CODE	QUANTITY	PACKAGING STYLE	WIDTH	PITCH	PACKAGING DIMENSIONS
TNPV0805 e3	E52 = EN	1000 <sup>(1)</sup>	Paper tape according IEC 60286-3, Type 1a	8 mm	4 mm	$\varnothing$ 180 mm / 7"
TNPV1206 e3	ET1 = EA	5000				$\varnothing$ 330 mm / 13"
TNPV1210 e3	ET6 = EC	20 000				

**Note**

<sup>(1)</sup> 1000 pieces packaging is available only for precision resistors with tolerance  $\pm 0.1$  %

PART NUMBER AND PRODUCT DESCRIPTION																	
Part Number: TNPV12061M24DEEA																	
T	N	P	V	1	2	0	6	1	M	2	4	D	E	E	A		
TYPE / SIZE		RESISTANCE		TOLERANCE		TCR		PACKAGING		SPECIAL							
TNPV0805 TNPV1206 TNPV1210		R = decimal K = thousand M = million (4 digits)		B = $\pm 0.1$ % D = $\pm 0.5$ % F = $\pm 1.0$ %		H = $\pm 50$ ppm/K E = $\pm 25$ ppm/K X = $\pm 15$ ppm/K Y = $\pm 10$ ppm/K		EA EC EN		Up to 2 digits Blank = standard							
Product Description: TNPV1206 1M24 0.5 % T-9 ET1 e3																	
TNPV1206		1M24		0.5 %		T-9		ET1		e3							
TYPE / SIZE		RESISTANCE		TOLERANCE		TCR		PACKAGING		LEAD (Pb)-FREE							
TNPV0805 TNPV1206 TNPV1210		Examples: 1M24 = 1.24 M $\Omega$ 560K = 560 k $\Omega$		$\pm 0.1$ % $\pm 0.5$ % $\pm 1.0$ %		T-2 = $\pm 50$ ppm/K T-9 = $\pm 25$ ppm/K T-10 = $\pm 15$ ppm/K T-13 = $\pm 10$ ppm/K		ET1 ET6 E52		e3 = pure tin termination finish							

**Note**

- Products can be ordered using either the PART NUMBER or the PRODUCT DESCRIPTION



## DESCRIPTION

Production is strictly controlled and follows an extensive set of instructions established for reproducibility. A homogeneous film of special metal alloy is deposited on a high grade ceramic substrate ( $Al_2O_3$ ) and conditioned to achieve the desired temperature coefficient. Specially designed inner contacts are deposited on both sides. A special laser is used to achieve the target value by smoothly fine trimming the resistive layer without damaging the ceramics. A further conditioning is applied in order to stabilize the trimming result. The resistor elements are covered by a protective coating designed for electrical, mechanical and climatic protection. The terminations receive a final pure matte tin on nickel plating.

The result of the determined production is verified by an extensive testing procedure and optical inspection performed on 100 % of the individual chip resistors. This includes full screening for the elimination of products with a potential risk of early life failures (feasible for  $R \geq 10 \Omega$ ). Only accepted products are laid directly into the tape in accordance with **IEC 60286-3, Type 1a** <sup>(1)</sup>.

## ASSEMBLY

The resistors are suitable for processing on automatic SMD assembly systems. They are suitable for automatic soldering using wave, reflow or vapour phase as shown in **IEC 61760-1** <sup>(1)</sup>. The encapsulation is resistant to all cleaning solvents commonly used in the electronics industry, including alcohols, esters and aqueous solutions. The suitability of conformal coatings, potting compounds and their processes, if applied, shall be qualified by appropriate means to ensure the long-term stability of the whole system.

The resistors are RoHS-compliant, the pure matte tin plating provides compatibility with lead (Pb)-free and lead-containing soldering processes. Solderability is specified for 2 years after production or requalification. The permitted storage time is 20 years. The immunity of the plating against tin whisker growth has been proven under extensive testing.

## MATERIALS

Vishay acknowledges the following systems for the regulation of hazardous substances:

- IEC 62474, Material Declaration for Products of and for the Electrotechnical Industry, with the list of declarable substances given therein <sup>(2)</sup>
- The Global Automotive Declarable Substance List (GADSL) <sup>(3)</sup>
- The REACH regulation (1907/2006/EC) and the related list of substances with very high concern (SVHC) <sup>(4)</sup> for its supply chain

The products do not contain any of the banned substances as per IEC 62474, GADSL, or the SVHC list, see [www.vishay.com/how/leadfree](http://www.vishay.com/how/leadfree).

Hence the products fully comply with the following directives:

- 2000/53/EC End-of-Life Vehicle Directive (ELV) and Annex II (ELV II)
- 2011/65/EU Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances Directive (RoHS) with amendment 2015/863/EU
- 2012/19/EU Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive (WEEE)

Vishay pursues the elimination of conflict minerals from its supply chain, see the Conflict Minerals Policy at [www.vishay.com/doc?49037](http://www.vishay.com/doc?49037).

## RELATED PRODUCTS

For products with ultra precision specification see the datasheet:

- TNPU e3 - Ultra Precision Thin Film Flat Chip Resistors ([www.vishay.com/doc?28779](http://www.vishay.com/doc?28779))

For products with high stability specification see the datasheet:

- TNPW e3 - High Stability Thin Film Flat Chip Resistors ([www.vishay.com/doc?28758](http://www.vishay.com/doc?28758))

## Notes

<sup>(1)</sup> The quoted IEC standards are also released as EN standards with the same number and identical contents

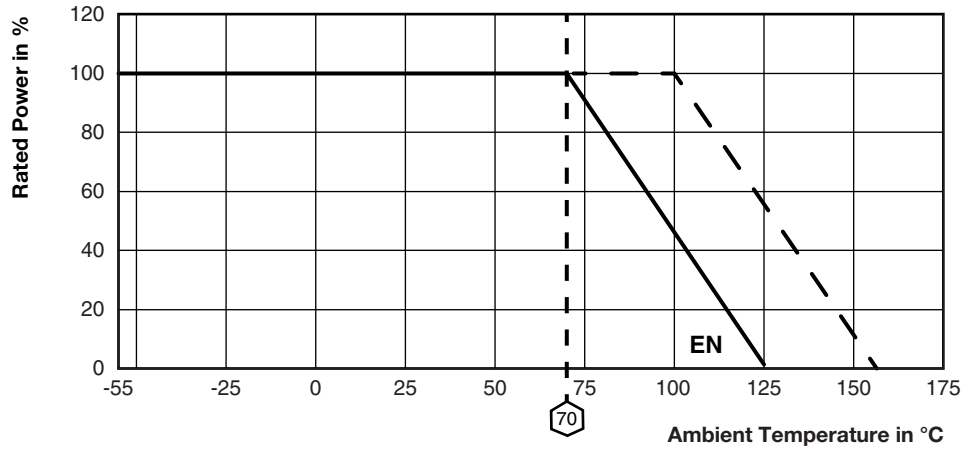
<sup>(2)</sup> The IEC 62474 list of declarable substances is maintained in a dedicated database, which is available at <http://std.iec.ch/iec62474>

<sup>(3)</sup> The Global Automotive Declarable Substance List (GADSL) is maintained by the American Chemistry Council and available at [www.gadsl.org](http://www.gadsl.org)

<sup>(4)</sup> The SVHC list is maintained by the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) and available at <http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table>



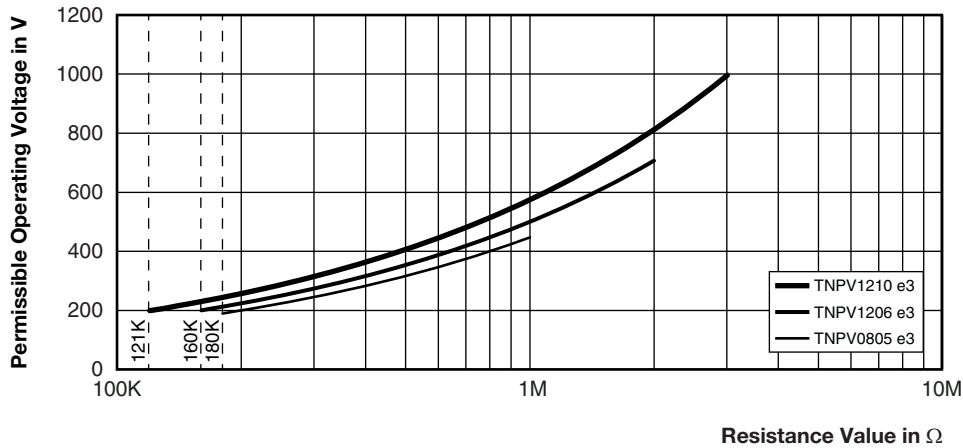
### FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE



### Derating

#### Note

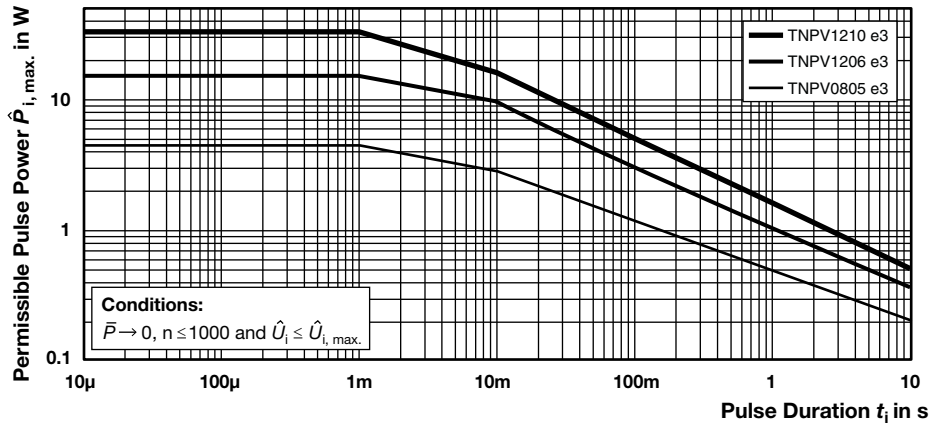
- The solid line is based on IEC/EN reference test conditions which is considered as standard mode. However, above that the maximum permissible film temperature is 155 °C (dashed line)



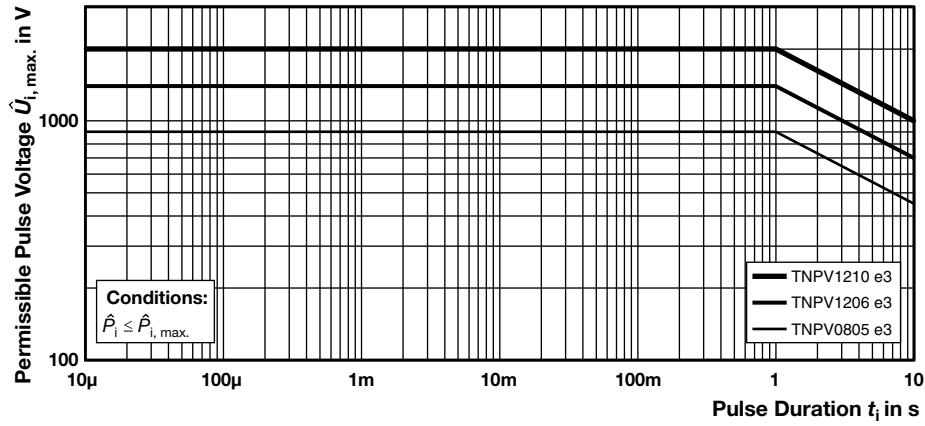
### Nominal Operating Voltage

#### Note

- The permissible operating voltage equals the rated voltage  $U_R = \sqrt{P_{70} \times R}$ . For ambient temperatures above 70 °C power derating must be considered



**Maximum Pulse Load  $\hat{P}_{i,max}$ . Single Pulses**



**Maximum Pulse Voltage  $\hat{U}_{i,max}$**



**TEST AND REQUIREMENTS**

All tests are carried out in accordance with the following specifications:

- EN 60115-1, generic specification
- EN 60115-8 (successor of EN 140400), sectional specification
- EN 140401-801, detail specification
- IEC 60068-2-xx, test methods

The parameters stated in the Test Procedures and Requirements table are based on the required tests and permitted limits of EN 140401-801. The table presents only the most important tests, for the full test schedule refer to the documents listed above. However, some additional tests and a number of improvements against those minimum requirements have been included.

The testing also covers most of the requirements specified by EIA / ECA-703 and JIS-C-5201-1.

The tests are carried out under standard atmospheric conditions in accordance with IEC 60068-1, 4.3, where upon the following values are applied:

- Temperature: 15 °C to 35 °C
- Relative humidity: 25 % to 75 %
- Air pressure: 86 kPa to 106 kPa (860 mbar to 1060 mbar)

A climatic category LCT / UCT / 56 is applied, defined by the lower category temperature (LCT), the upper category temperature (UCT), and the duration of exposure in the damp heat, steady state test (56 days).

The components are mounted for testing on printed circuit boards in accordance with EN 60115-8, 2.4.2, unless otherwise specified.

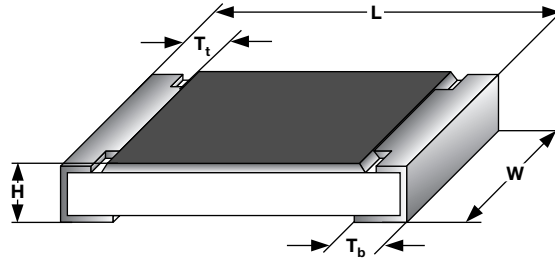
TEST PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS				
EN 60115-1 CLAUSE	IEC 60068-2 (1) TEST METHOD	TEST	PROCEDURE	REQUIREMENTS PERMISSIBLE CHANGE ( $\Delta R$ )
			<b>Stability for product types:</b>	
			TNPV0805 e3	180 k $\Omega$ to 1 M $\Omega$
			TNPV1206 e3	160 k $\Omega$ to 2 M $\Omega$
			TNPV1210 e3	121 k $\Omega$ to 3.01 M $\Omega$
4.5	-	Resistance	-	$\pm 1\%$ ; $\pm 0.5\%$ ; $\pm 0.1\%$
4.8.4.2	-	Temperature coefficient	At (20 / -55 / 20) °C and (20 / 125 / 20) °C	$\pm 50$ ppm/K; $\pm 25$ ppm/K; $\pm 15$ ppm/K; $\pm 10$ ppm/K
4.25.1	-	Endurance at 70 °C	$U = U_{max.}$ ; 1.5 h on; 0.5 h off; 70 °C; 1000 h 70 °C; 8000 h	$\pm (0.05\% R)$ $\pm (0.1\% R)$
4.25.3	-	Endurance at upper category temperature	125 °C; 1000 h 155 °C; 1000 h	$\pm (0.05\% R)$ $\pm (0.1\% R)$
4.24	78 (Cab)	Damp heat, steady state	(40 $\pm$ 2) °C; 56 days; (93 $\pm$ 3) % RH; $U = 0.1 \times U_{max.}$	$\pm (0.1\% R)$
4.19	14 (Na)	Rapid change of temperature	30 min at LCT and 30 min at UCT; LCT = -55 °C; UCT = 125 °C; 1000 cycles	$\pm (0.1\% R)$
4.13	-	Short time overload	$U = 2 \times$ permissible operating voltage; 5 s	$\pm (0.05\% R)$
4.27	-	Single pulse high voltage overload	Severity no. 4: $U = 2 \times U_{max.}$ ; 10 pulses 10 $\mu$ s/700 $\mu$ s	$\pm (0.1\% R)$
4.39	-	Periodic electric overload	$U = 2 \times U_{max.}$ ; 0.1 s on; 2.5 s off; 1000 cycles	$\pm (0.1\% R)$
4.22	6 (Fc)	Vibration	Endurance by sweeping; 10 Hz to 2000 Hz; no resonance; amplitude $\leq 1.5$ mm or $\leq 200$ m/s <sup>2</sup> ; 7.5 h	$\pm (0.05\% R)$



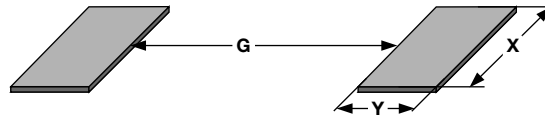
TEST PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS				
EN 60115-1 CLAUSE	IEC 60068-2 <sup>(1)</sup> TEST METHOD	TEST	PROCEDURE	REQUIREMENTS PERMISSIBLE CHANGE ( $\Delta R$ )
			<b>Stability for product types:</b>	
			<b>TNPV0805 e3</b>	180 k $\Omega$ to 1 M $\Omega$
			<b>TNPV1206 e3</b>	160 k $\Omega$ to 2 M $\Omega$
			<b>TNPV1210 e3</b>	121 k $\Omega$ to 3.01 M $\Omega$
4.38	-	Electrostatic discharge (Human Body Model)	IEC 61340-3-1 <sup>(1)</sup> ; 3 pos. + 3 neg. discharges; TNPV0805 e3: 2 kV TNPV1206 e3, TNPV1210 e3: 6 kV	$\pm (0.5 \% R)$
4.17.2	58 (Td)	Solderability	Solder bath method; SnPb40; non-activated flux (215 $\pm$ 3) $^{\circ}$ C; (3 $\pm$ 0.3) s  Solder bath method; SnAg3Cu0.5 or SnAg3.5; non-activated flux (235 $\pm$ 3) $^{\circ}$ C; (2 $\pm$ 0.2) s	Good tinning ( $\geq$ 95 % covered); no visible damage
4.18.2	58 (Td)	Resistance to soldering heat	Solder bath method; (260 $\pm$ 5) $^{\circ}$ C; (10 $\pm$ 1) s  Reflow method 2 (IR/forced gas convection); (260 $\pm$ 5) $^{\circ}$ C; (10 $\pm$ 1) s	$\pm (0.02 \% R)$
4.29	45 (XA)	Component solvent resistance	Isopropyl alcohol; 50 $^{\circ}$ C; method 2	No visible damage
4.30	45 (XA)	Solvent resistance of marking	Isopropyl alcohol; 50 $^{\circ}$ C; method 1, toothbrush	No visible damage
4.32	21 (Ue <sub>3</sub> )	Shear (adhesion)	45 N	No visible damage
4.33	21 (Ue <sub>1</sub> )	Substrate bending	Depth 2 mm, 3 times	$\pm (0.05 \% R)$ no visible damage, no open circuit in bent position
4.35	-	Flammability	IEC 60695-11-5 <sup>(1)</sup> , needle flame test; 10 s	No burning after 30 s
4.37	67 (Cy)	Damp heat, steady state, accelerated	(85 $\pm$ 2) $^{\circ}$ C; (85 $\pm$ 5) % RH; $U = 0.3 \times U_{max.}$ ; 1000 h	$\pm (0.25 \% R)$

**Note**

<sup>(1)</sup> The quoted IEC standards are also released as EN standards with the same number and identical contents

**DIMENSIONS**


<b>DIMENSIONS AND MASS</b>					
TYPE / SIZE	H (mm)	L (mm)	W (mm)	T <sub>t</sub> / T <sub>b</sub> (mm)	MASS (mg)
TNPV0805 e3	0.45 ± 0.10	2.0 ± 0.1	1.25 ± 0.15	0.4 ± 0.20	5.5
TNPV1206 e3	0.55 ± 0.10	3.2 + 0.1 / - 0.2	1.6 ± 0.15	0.5 ± 0.25	10
TNPV1210 e3	0.60 ± 0.15	3.2 + 0.1 / - 0.2	2.45 ± 0.15	0.5 ± 0.25	16

**SOLDER PAD DIMENSIONS**


<b>RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD DIMENSIONS</b>						
TYPE / SIZE	REFLOW SOLDERING			WAVE SOLDERING		
	Y (mm)	X (mm)	G (mm)	Y (mm)	X (mm)	G (mm)
TNPV0805 e3	0.7	1.3	1.2	0.9	1.3	1.3
TNPV1206 e3	0.9	1.7	2.0	1.1	1.7	2.3
TNPV1210 e3	0.9	2.5	2.0	1.1	2.5	2.3

**Note**

- Utilization of the full specified operating voltage may require special considerations on the creepage and clearance distance between conductors at different potential levels



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