



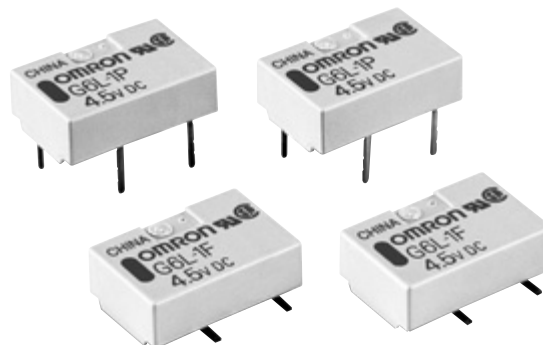
**THE DATASHEET OF
G6L-1P DC5**



Ultra-thin Low Signal Relay G6L

Extremely Thin SPST-NO Flat Relay, One of the Thinnest Relays in the World

- For high-density mounting and slim finished packaging, G6L uses 20% less mounting area and 67% less volume in comparison with the G5V-1 relay.
- Measures just 7.0 (W) x 10.6 (L) x 4.2 (H) mm for surface-mount or 3.8 (H) for through-hole.
- High dielectric strength: 1,000 VAC between coil and contacts and 750 VAC between contacts of the same polarity.
- Conforms to FCC Part 68 impulse withstand voltage rating of 1.5kV for 10 x 160 μs.
- Conforms to UL60950 (File No. E41515) / CSA C22.2 No. 60950 (File No. LR31928).
- Use of lead completely eliminated.



Ordering Information

Contact form	Construction	Mounting type	Model
SPST-NO	Fully sealed	Through-hole terminal	G6L-1P
		Surface-mount terminal	G6L-1F

Note: 1. When ordering, add the rated coil voltage to the model number.

Example: G6L-1P 12 VDC

└── Rated coil voltage

2. When ordering tape packing, add "-TR" to the model number.

Example: G6L-1F-TR 12 VDC

└── Tape packing

Be sure since "-TR" is not part of the relay model number, it is not marked on the relay case.

Model Number Legend:

G6L □ - 1 □ - □

1 2 3 4

1. Relay function

None: Non-latching

2. Contact form

1: SPST-NO

3. Terminal shape

P: PCB terminals

F: Surface-mount terminals

4. Packaging

None: Tube packaging

TR: Tape and reel packaging

Application Examples

- Peripherals of MODEM/PC
- Telephones
- Office automation machines
- Audio-visual products
- Communications equipment
- Measurement devices
- Amusement equipment
- Security equipment

Specifications

■ Contact Ratings

Item	Resistive load
Contact mechanism	Single crossbar
Rated load	0.3 A at 125 VAC, 1 A at 24 VDC
Carry current	1 A
Max. operating voltage	125 VAC, 60 VDC
Max. operating current	1 A

■ Coil Ratings

Item	Voltage Rating				
	3 VDC	4.5 VDC	5 VDC	12 VDC	24 VDC
Rated voltage	3 VDC	4.5 VDC	5 VDC	12 VDC	24 VDC
Rated current	60.0 mA	40.0 mA	36.0 mA	15.0 mA	9.6 mA
Coil resistance	50.0 Ω	112.5 Ω	139.0 Ω	800.0 Ω	2,504.0 Ω
Pick-up voltage	75% max. of rated voltage				
Dropout voltage	10% min. of rated voltage				
Maximum voltage	150% of rated voltage				130% of rated voltage
Power consumption	Approx. 180 mW				Approx. 230 mW

- Note:**
- The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C with a tolerance of ±10%.
 - The operating characteristics are measured at a coil temperature of 23°C.
 - The maximum voltage is the highest voltage that can be imposed on the relay coil.

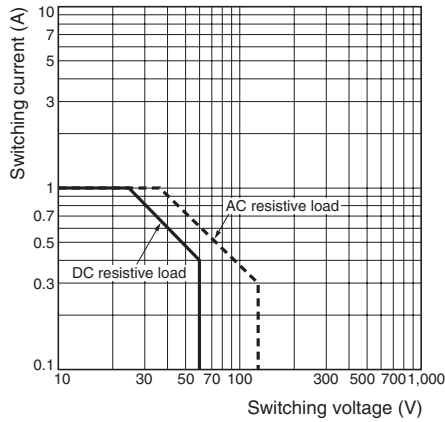
■ Characteristics

Item	Non-latching Relays	
	G6L-1P, G6L-1F	
Contact resistance (See Note 1)	100 mΩ max.	
Operate time (See Note 2)	5 ms max. (approx. 1.1 ms)	
Release time (See Note 2)	5 ms max. (approx. 0.4 ms)	
Insulation resistance (See Note 3)	1,000 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)	
Dielectric strength	Coil and contacts	1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min
	Contacts of same poles	750 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min
Surge withstand voltage	Coil and contacts	1,500 VAC, 10 × 160 μs
Vibration	Mechanical durability	10 to 55 Hz, 1.65-mm single amplitude (3.3-mm double amplitude)
	Malfunction durability	10 to 55 Hz, 1.65-mm single amplitude (3.3-mm double amplitude)
Shock	Mechanical durability	1,000 m/s ²
	Malfunction durability	100 m/s ²
Service life	Mechanical	5,000,000 operations min. (at 36,000 operations/hour)
	Electrical	100,000 operations min. (with a rated load at 1,800 operations/hour)
Failure rate (P level) (See Note 4)	1 mA at 5 VDC	
Ambient temperature	Operating: -40°C to 70°C (with no icing or condensation)	
Humidity	Operating: 5% to 85% RH	
Weight	Approx. 0.6 g	

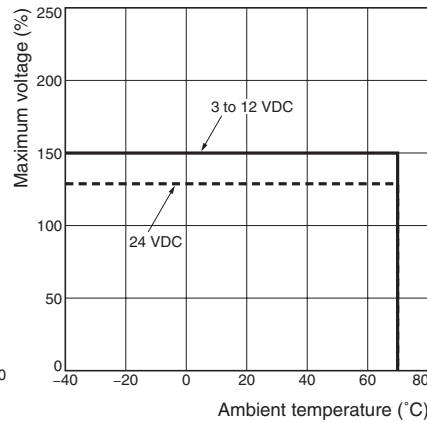
- Note:**
- The contact resistance was measured with 10 mA at 1 VDC with a fall-of-potential method.
 - Values in parentheses are actual values.
 - The insulation resistance was measured with a 500-VDC Megger Tester applied to the same parts as those used for checking the dielectric strength.
 - This value was measured at a switching frequency of 120 operations/min. This value may vary, depending on switching frequency, operating conditions, expected reliability level of the relay, etc. It is always recommended to double-check relay suitability under actual load conditions.
 - The above values are initial values.

Engineering Data

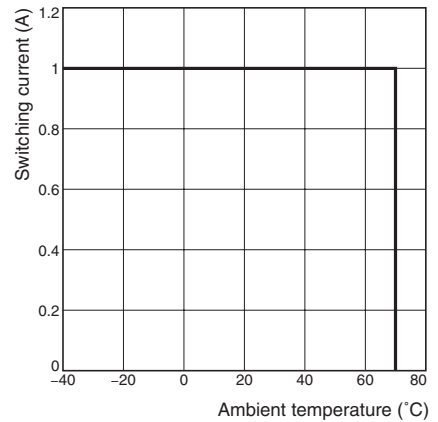
Maximum Switching Capacity



Ambient Temperature vs. Maximum Voltage

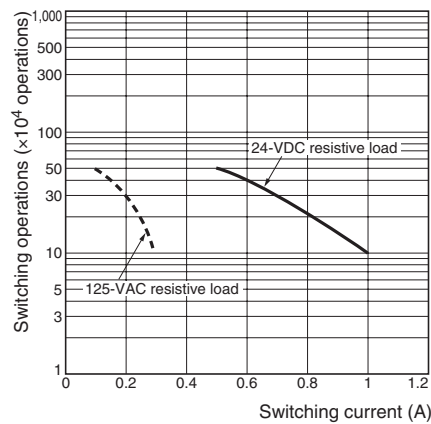


Ambient Temperature vs. Switching Current

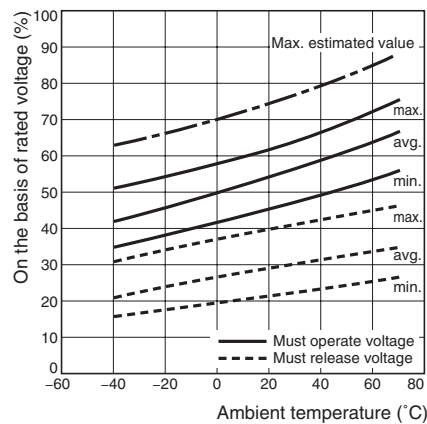


Note: "Maximum Voltage" is the maximum voltage that can be applied to the relay coil.

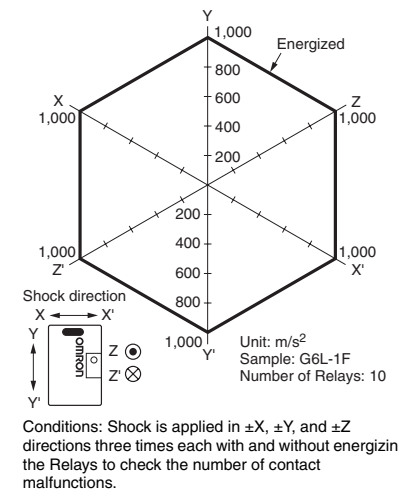
Endurance



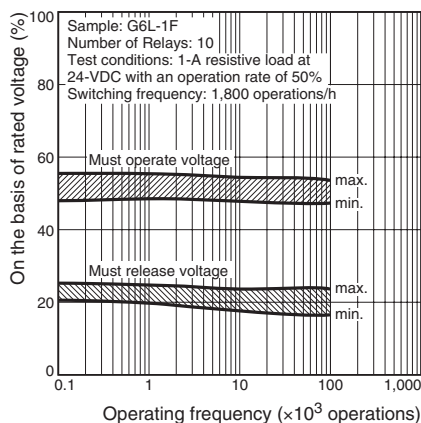
Ambient Temperature vs. Must Operate or Must Release Voltage



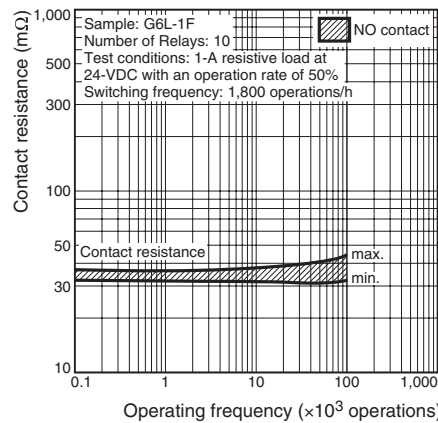
Shock Malfunction



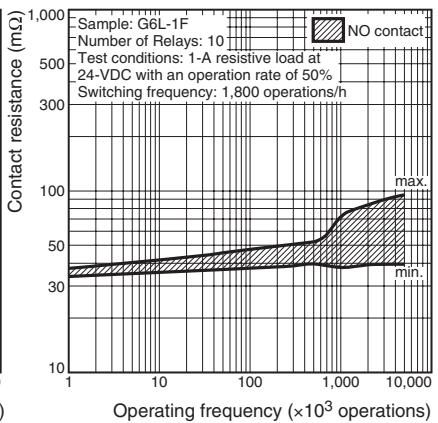
Electrical Endurance (with Must Operate and Must Release Voltage) (See Note)



Electrical Endurance (Contact Resistance) (See Note)

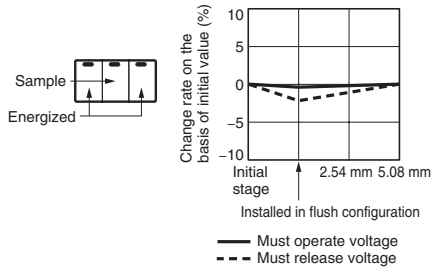


Contact Reliability Test (Contact Resistance) (See Note)

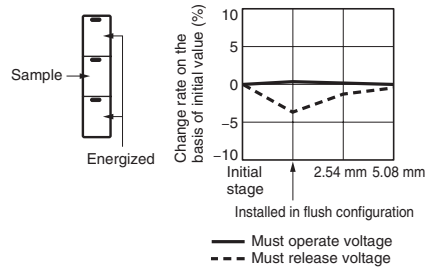


Note: The tests were conducted at an ambient temperature of 23°C.

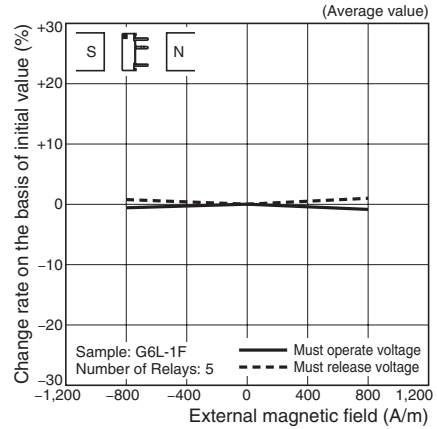
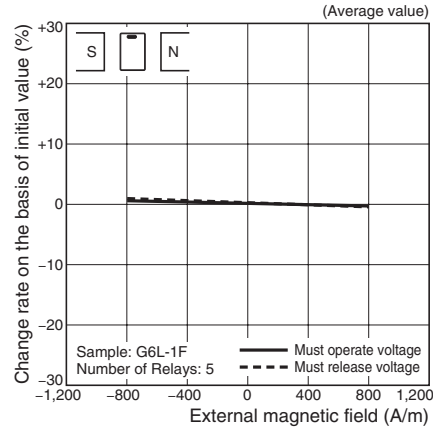
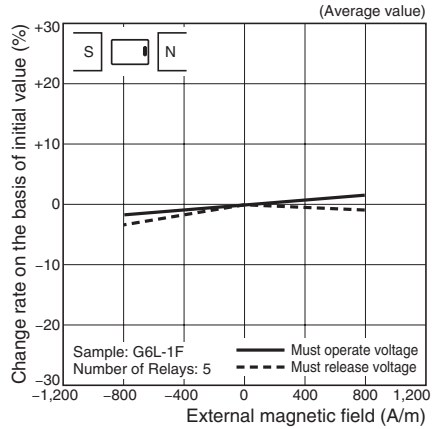
Mutual Magnetic Interference



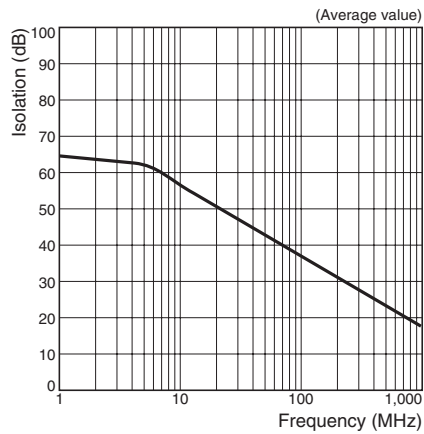
Mutual Magnetic Interference



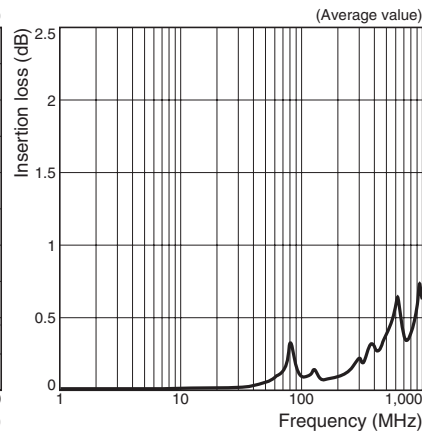
External Magnetic Interference



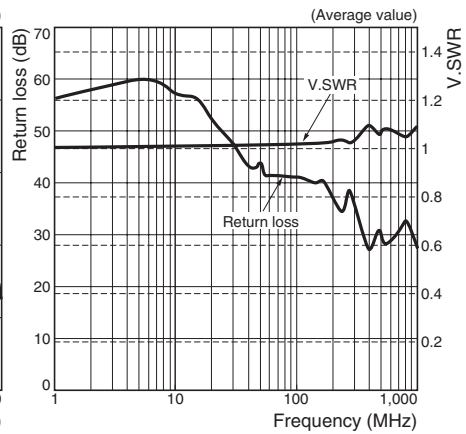
High-frequency Characteristics (Isolation)



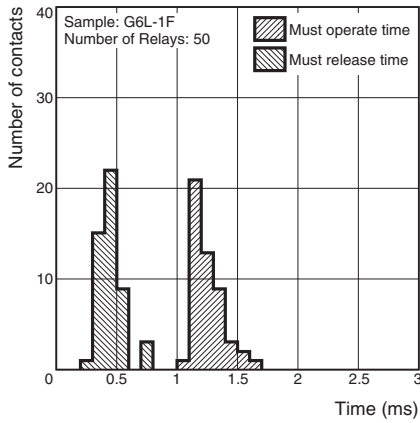
High-frequency Characteristics (Insertion Loss)



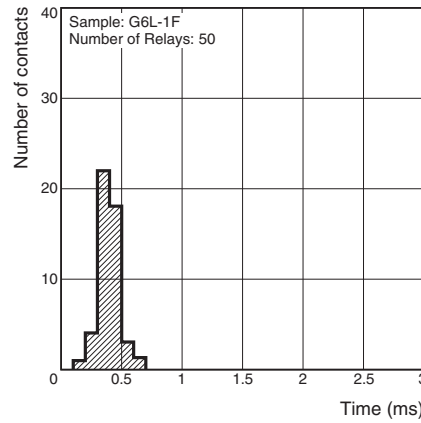
High-frequency Characteristics (Return Loss, V.SWR)



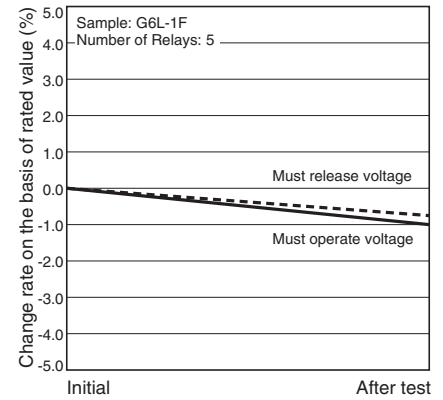
Must Operate and Must Release Time Distribution (See Note)



Distribution of Bounce Time (See Note)



Vibration Resistance

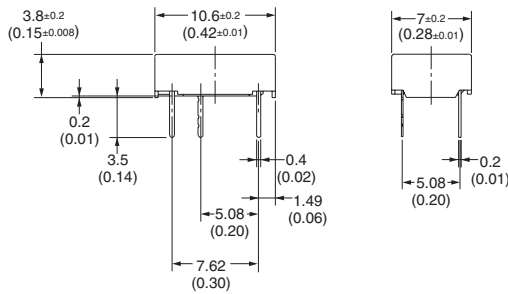
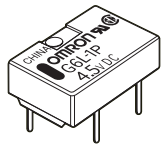


Note: The tests were conducted at an ambient temperature of 23°C.

Dimensions

Unit: mm (inch)

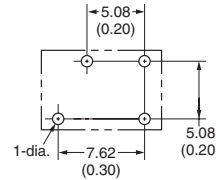
G6L-1P



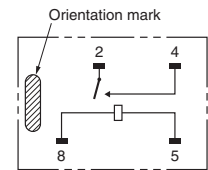
Note: Each value has a tolerance of ±0.3 mm.

PCB Mounting Holes (Bottom View)

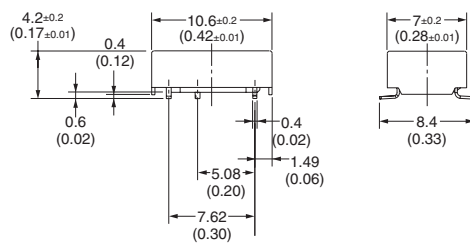
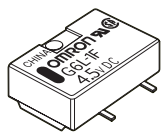
Tolerance: ±0.1 mm



Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (Bottom View)



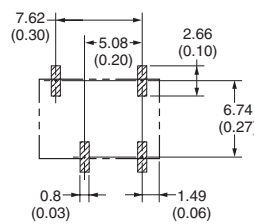
G6L-1F



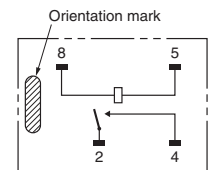
Note: Each value has a tolerance of ±0.3 mm.

PCB Mounting Holes (Top View)

Tolerance: ±0.1 mm



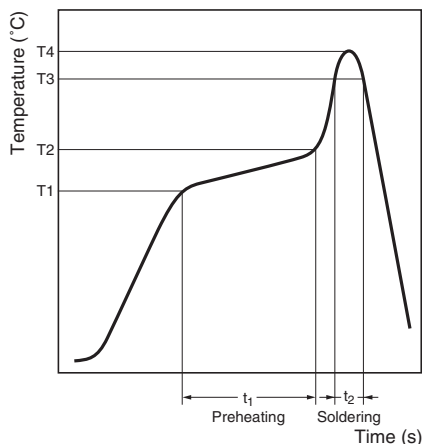
Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (Top View)



Recommended Soldering Method

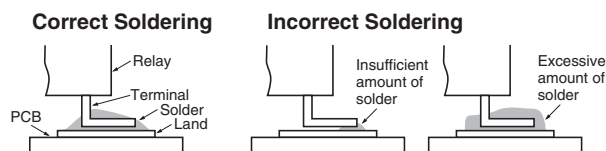
Temperature Profile According to IRS

When performing reflow-soldering, check the profile on an actual device after setting the temperature condition so that the temperatures at the relay terminals and the upper surface of the case do not exceed the limits specified in the following table.



Item Measuring position	Preheating (T1 to T2, t ₁)	Soldering (T3, t ₂)	Peak value (T4)
Terminal	150°C to 180°C, 120 s max.	180°C to 200°C, 20 to 30 s	245°C max.
Upper surface of case	—	—	250°C max.

The thickness of cream solder to be applied should be within a range between 150 and 200 μm on OMRON's recommended PCB pattern.



Visually check that the Relay is properly soldered.

Approved Standards

UL approval: UL60950 (File No. E41515)

CSA approval: C22.2 No.60950 (File No. LR31928)

Contact form	Coil rating	Contact rating	Number of test operations
SPST-NO	G6L-1P and G6L-1F: 3 to 24 VDC	1A at 30 VDC 0.5A at 60 VDC 0.3A at 125 VAC	6,000

Precautions

■ Correct Use

Handling

Leave the Relays packed until just prior to mounting them.

Soldering

Solder: JIS Z3282, H63A

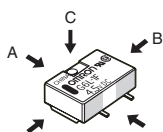
Soldering temperature: Approx. 250°C (At 260°C if the DWS method is used.)

Soldering time: Approx. 5 s max. (approx. 2 s for the first time and approx. 3 s for the second time if the DWS method is used.)

Be sure to adjust the level of the molten solder so that the solder will not overflow onto the PCB.

Claw Securing Force During Automatic Insertion

During automatic insertion of Relays, make sure to set the securing force of the claws to the following values so that the Relay characteristics will be maintained.



Direction A: 5.0 N max.
Direction B: 5.0 N max.
Direction C: 5.0 N max.

Secure the claws to the area indicated by shading.
Do not attach them to the center area or to only part of the Relay.

Environmental Conditions During Operation, Storage, and Transportation

Protect the Relays from direct sunlight and keep the Relays under normal temperature, humidity, and pressure.

Maximum Voltage

The maximum voltage of the coil can be obtained from the coil temperature increase and the heat-resisting temperature of coil insulating sheath material. (Exceeding the heat-resisting temperature may result in burning or short-circuiting). The maximum voltage also involves important restrictions which include the following:

- Must not cause thermal changes in or deterioration of the insulating material.
- Must not cause damage to other control devices.
- Must not cause any harmful effect on people.
- Must not cause fire.

Therefore, be sure not to exceed the maximum voltage specified in the catalog.

As a rule, the rated voltage must be applied to the coil. A voltage exceeding the rated value, however, can be applied to the coil provided that the voltage is less than the maximum voltage. It must be noted that continuous voltage application to the coil will cause a coil temperature increase thus affecting characteristics such as electrical life and resulting in the deterioration of coil insulation.

Coating

Relays mounted on PCBs may be coated or washed. Do not apply silicone coating or detergent containing silicone, otherwise the silicone coating or detergent may remain on the surface of the Relays.

ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS. To convert millimeters into inches, divide by 25.4

OMRON

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