



**THE DATASHEET OF
SX1302C868GW1**



User Guide to the LoRa® Corecell Gateway V1.0

Table of Contents

1	Introduction	4
2	Hardware Presentation	5
2.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings	5
2.2	RF Front-End Architecture	5
2.3	Corecell Gateway Block Diagram	6
2.4	Power Consumption	7
3	Software Overview	8
4	Use with Raspberry Pi	9
4.1	Corecell + Raspberry Pi Connection.....	9
4.2	Raspberry Pi Image Software Installation	10
4.3	Starting Raspberry Pi	11
4.3.1	Login: pi and Password: raspberry.....	11
4.3.2	Resize Partition / FS	12
4.3.3	Update and configure the RPI	13
4.3.4	Compile Semtech HAL + Packet Forwarder.....	14
4.3.5	Semtech HAL Compilation Check	15
4.3.6	Get the Unique ID to the Gateway.....	15
4.3.7	Run Packet Forwarder	17
5	JSON file for RF Parameter Tuning	18
6	References.....	21
7	Revision History	22
8	Glossary.....	23

List of Figures

Figure 1: LoRa® Corecell Gateway V1.0	4
Figure 2: Corecell Gateway V1.0 Block Diagram	6
Figure 3: GW Software Overview	8
Figure 4: Raspberry Pi and Corecell GW Connection.....	9
Figure 5: SDFormatter.....	10
Figure 6: Win32 Disk Imager.....	10
Figure 7 enable SSH connection on RPI	11
Figure 8: MobaXterm SSH Client.....	11
Figure 9: raspi-config Menu.....	12
Figure 10: raspi-config "Expand Filesystem"	12
Figure 11 Enable SPI/I2C/UART.....	13
Figure 12: Git clone.....	14
Figure 13 executables	14
Figure 14 : test_loragw_spi.....	15
Figure 15 util chip ID	15
Figure 17: Packet Forwarder	17

1 Introduction

This user guide introduces the Semtech LoRa® Corecell Gateway V1.0 reference design and how to set it up with a Raspberry Pi 3.

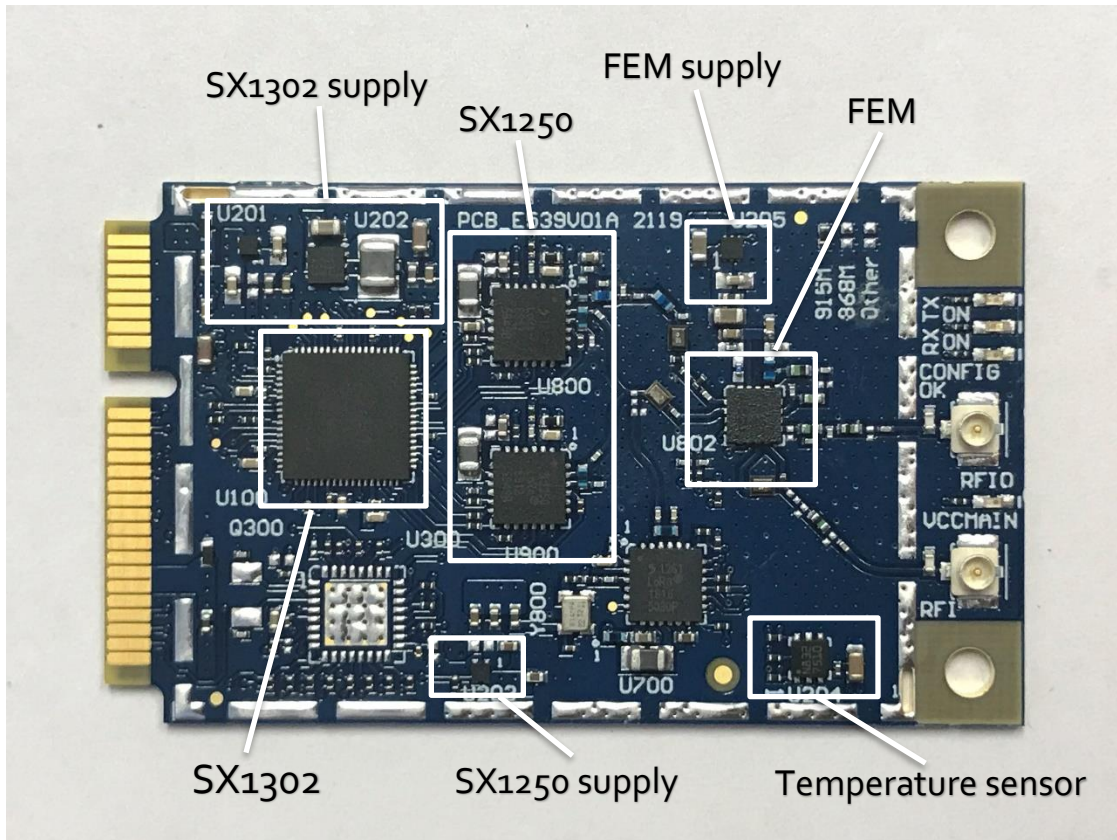


Figure 1: LoRa® Corecell Gateway V1.0

The LoRa® Corecell Gateway V1.0 is a multi-channel high performance transceiver designed to simultaneously receive several LoRa® packets using random spreading factors.

2 Hardware Presentation

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	-0.3	5.0	5.5	V
Operating Temperature	-40	25	85	°C
Maximum RF Input Level			+10	dBm

2.2 RF Front-End Architecture

The RF front-end architecture of the CoreCell GW displays the following characteristics:

- Half-duplex mode i.e. can't receive and transmit simultaneously
- Simultaneously receive 8 LoRa® channels multi-data rates (SF5 ~ SF12 / 125 kHz) + 2 mono-data rate (LoRa® 250 / 500 kHz and FSK 50 kbps)
- Maximum transmit output power = +27dBm
- Typical sensitivity level:
 - o -141 dBm at SF12 BW 125 kHz
 - o -127 dBm at SF7 BW 125 kHz
 - o -111 dBm at FSK 50 kbps
- Ability to work in hostile RF environments such as close to cellular mobile phones, WiFi routers, Bluetooth devices

2.3 Corecell Gateway Block Diagram

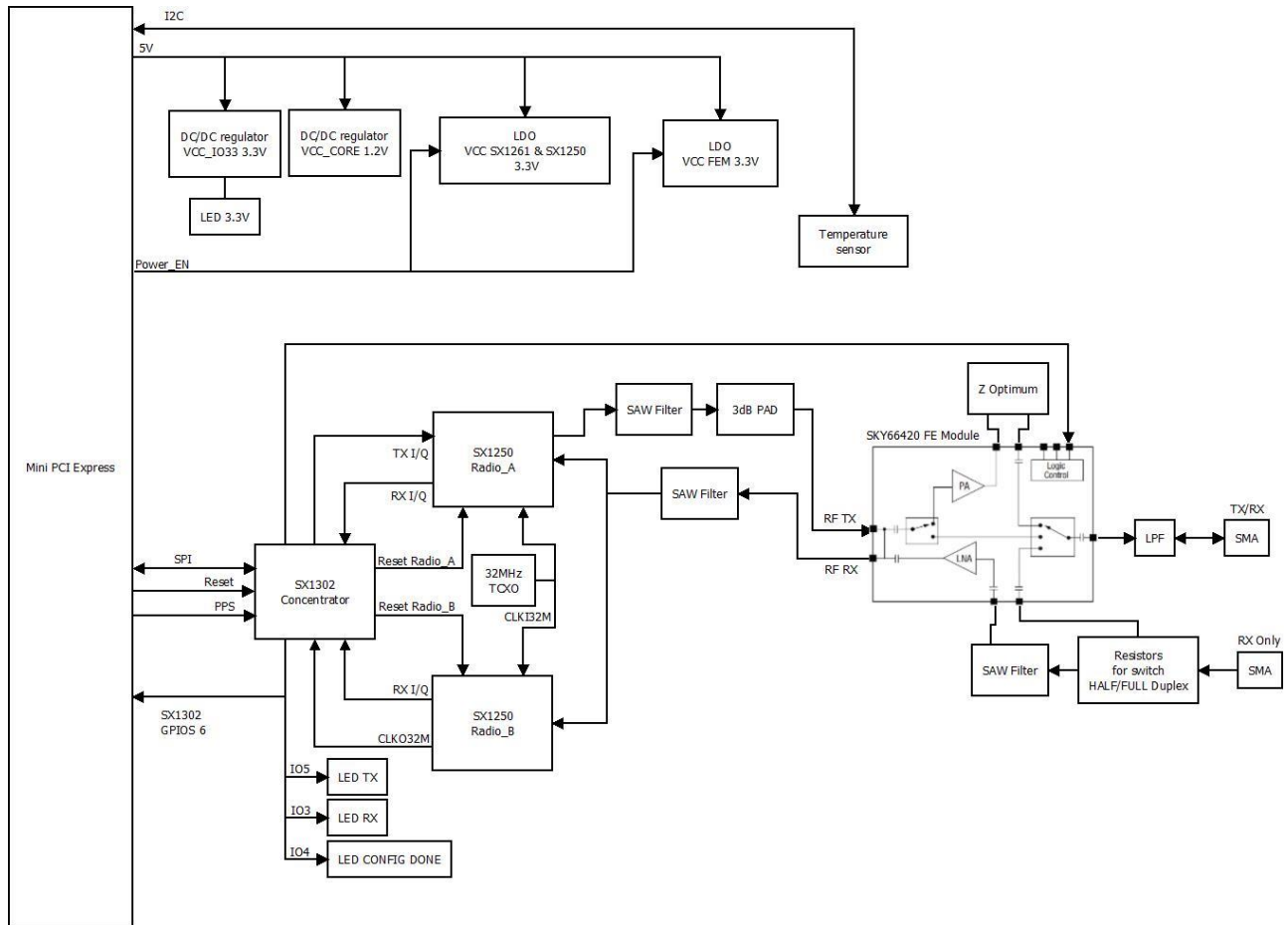


Figure 2: Corecell Gateway V1.0 Block Diagram

- The SX1302 digital baseband chip is a massive digital signal processing engine which integrates the LoRa® Concentrator IP
- The SX1250 is a half-duplex RF to IQ transceiver capable of low power operation in the 150-960 MHz ISM frequency bands. Two transceivers are used instead of one to be able to simultaneously receive 8 LoRa® 200 kHz channels.

The control signals from/to the Mini PCIe and the SX1302 device are described below:

On-board Mother board main requirements:

- 1 x SPI : coming from host to the SX1302 SPI interface
- 1 x I2C : coming from host to the temperature sensor I2C interface
- Power Enable line
- SX1302 reset line
- PPS

2.4 Power Consumption

Table 2: Typical Current Consumption at 5.0 V

MODE	DESCRIPTION	TYPICAL CURRENT CONSUMPTION	UNIT
8 RX CHANNELS ON TX OFF	HAL packet_forwarder	39	mA
8 RX CHANNELS OFF TX ON AT 27 DBM EU	HAL util_tx_continuous	474	mA
8 RX CHANNELS OFF TX ON AT 26 DBM US	HAL util_tx_continuous	TBC	mA
8 RX CHANNELS OFF TX ON AT 14 DBM EU	HAL util_tx_continuous	137	mA

3 Software Overview

The Corecell GW software can be split in two main parts:

The **packet forwarder** is a program running on the host of a LoRa® gateway that forwards RF packets received by the concentrator to a server through an IP/UDP link, and emits RF packets that are sent by the server.

The **sx1302_hal** is a host driver/HAL to build a Corecell GW which communicates through SPI with a concentrator board based on Semtech SX1302 multi-channel modem and SX1250 RF transceivers.

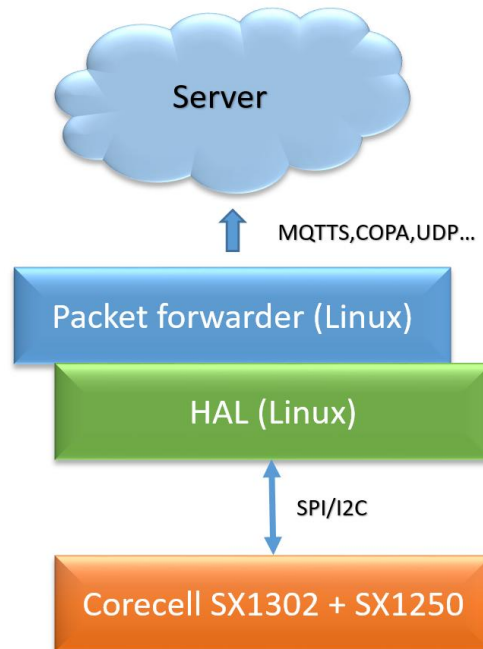


Figure 3: GW Software Overview

The packet_forwarder (gateway application) as well as sx1302_hal (SX1302 control library) source code can be found under LoRa® Github:

https://github.com/Lora-net/sx1302_hal

For more details see the readme.md file in the following directories:

- sx1302_hal
- sx1302_hal/libloragw
- sx1302_hal/packet_forwarder
- sx1302_hal/util_net_downlink
- sx1302_hal/util_chip_id

For basic testing, utilities such as test_loragw_hal_tx (FSK/LoRa modulation as well as CW), test_loragw_hal_rx, are provided on the LoRa® Github repository:

https://github.com/Lora-net/sx1302_hal/libloragw

Notice!

The default configuration file "global_conf.json.sx1250" is given as an example and may need to be adapted to your design. Several configuration file examples are located in the following directory: [PATH]/sx1302_hal/packet_forwarder.

4 Use with Raspberry Pi

The Semtech LoRa® Concentrator reference design has been tested with Raspberry Pi 3 model B

<https://www.raspberrypi.org/products/>

4.1 Corecell + Raspberry Pi Connection

Simply connect the Corecell GW to the interface board through the mini PCIe and connect the Raspberry pi on the socket as depicted on the picture below:

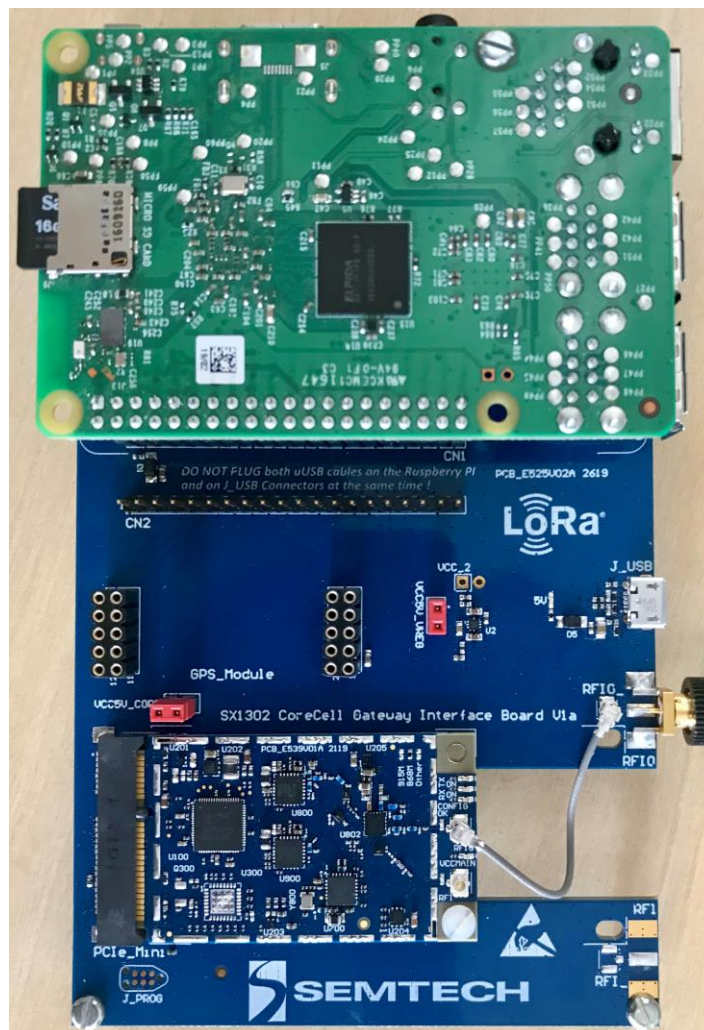


Figure 4: Raspberry Pi and Corecell GW Connection

4.2 Raspberry Pi Image Software Installation

- Download the Raspbian image:
 - Go to address <https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/raspbian/>
 - Choose "RASPBIAN BUSTER LITE"
- Refer to following guide to setup your SD card with the downloaded image:
<https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/installation/installing-images/>
 - Format the SD card:
https://www.sdcard.org/downloads/formatter/eula_windows/

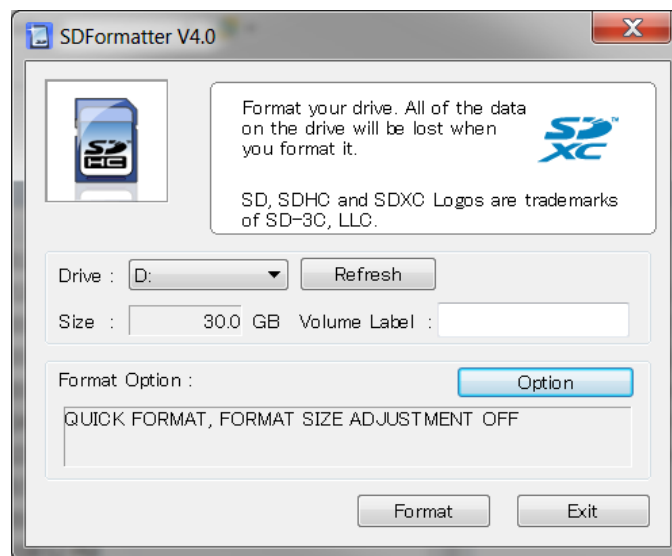


Figure 5: SDFormatter

- Write the image previously downloaded on the SD card:
<https://sourceforge.net/projects/win32diskimager/>

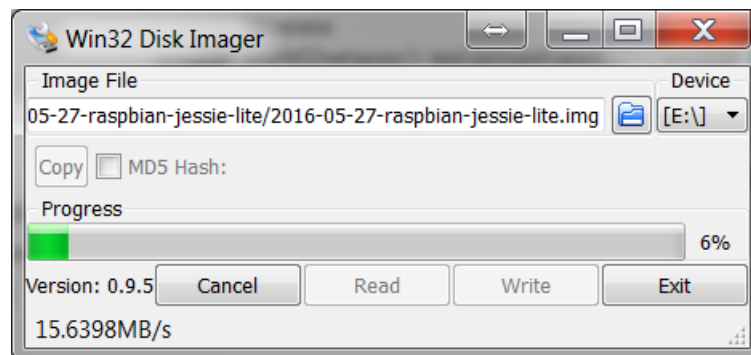


Figure 6: Win32 Disk Imager

4.3 Starting Raspberry Pi

Once the SD card is burned, insert it in the Raspberry Pi and choose a way to login Raspberry Pi:

- HDMI monitor and USB keyboard
- SSH connection :
 - o Enable [SSH](#) by placing a file named "ssh" (without any extension) onto the boot partition of the SD card:

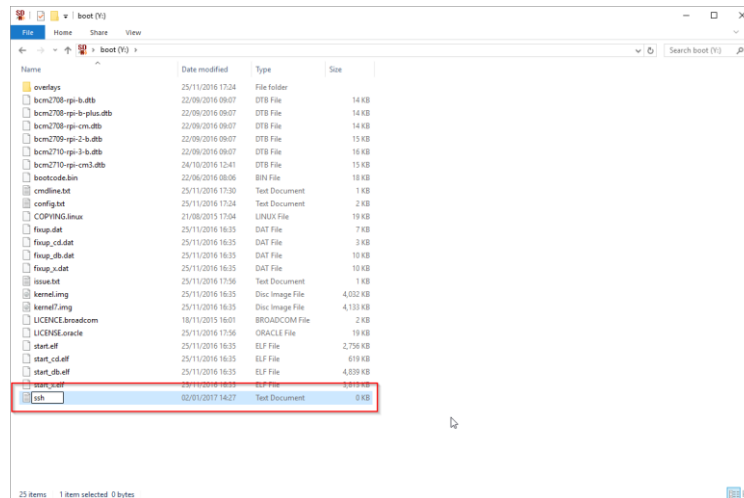


Figure 7 enable SSH connection on RPI

Below is the description through an SSH client enabled from *raspi-config* tool, *Interfacing Option* (is activated by HDMI monitor and USB keyboard)

4.3.1 Login: pi and Password: raspberry

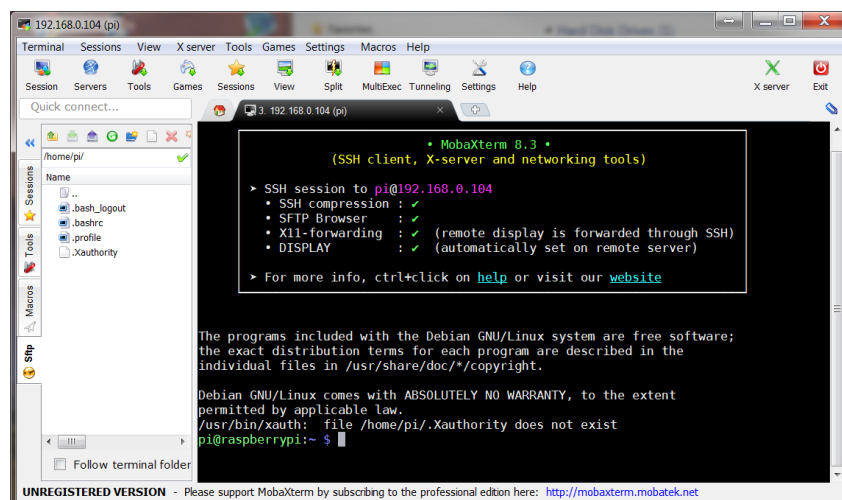


Figure 8: MobaXterm SSH Client

4-3.2 Resize Partition / FS

- On larger SD cards, the root partition can be resized to use extra space, using the *Expand Filesystem* option from raspi-config menu:

```
$ sudo raspi-config
```

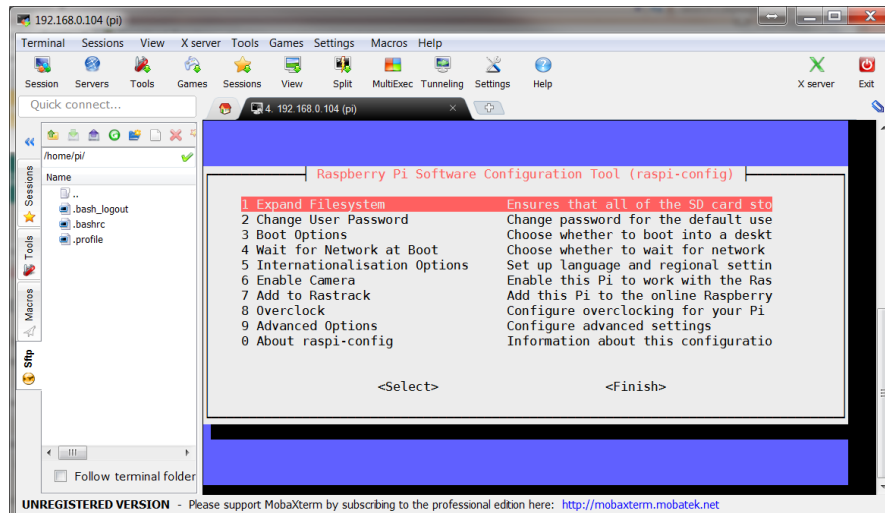


Figure 9: raspi-config Menu

- Select **1 Expand Filesystem** from raspi-config menu and press Enter:

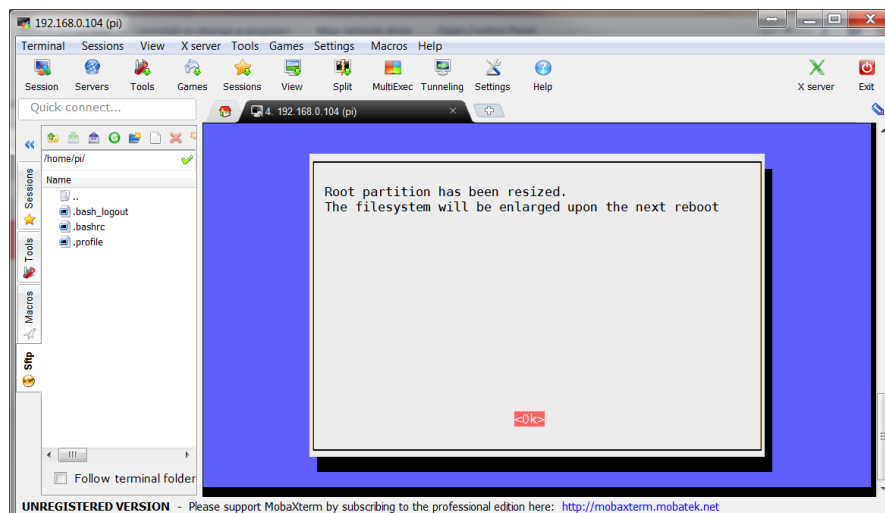


Figure 10: raspi-config "Expand Filesystem"

- The system must be then rebooted:

```
$ sudo reboot
```

For more details, go to the following address:

<https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/configuration/raspi-config.md>

4-3-3 Update and configure the RPI

Update

Enter the following commands:

- Sudo apt-get update
- Sudo apt-get upgrade
- Sudo apt-get dist-upgrade
- Sudo rpi-update

Install Git

- Sudo apt install git

Enable SPI/I2C/UART

- Sudo raspi-config:
 - o Interfacing options :
 - SPI
 - I2C
 - Serial

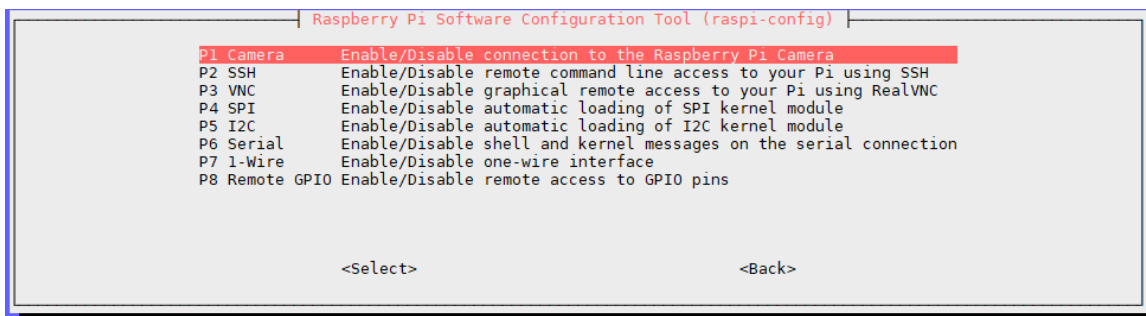


Figure 11 Enable SPI/I2C/UART

4-3-4 Compile Semtech HAL + Packet Forwarder

Get the latest Semtech software package from LoRa® Github (requires a connection to internet):

- `$ git clone https://github.com/Lora-net/sx1302_hal.git`

```
Cloning into 'sx1302_hal'...
Username for 'https://ch02git1.semtech.com': bboulet
Password for 'https://bboulet@ch02git1.semtech.com':
remote: Enumerating objects: 3425, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (3425/3425), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (1080/1080), done.
remote: Total 3425 (delta 2455), reused 3279 (delta 2333)
Receiving objects: 100% (3425/3425), 1.05 MiB | 0 bytes/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (2455/2455), done.
```

Figure 12: Git clone

- `$ cd ~/sx1302_hal/`
- `$ make clean all`
- `$ ssh-keygen -t rsa`
- `$ ssh-copy-id -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub pi@localhost`
 - o These both commands just above are executed in order to avoid entering the user password when installing the files
- `$ make install`
 - o You shall enter the password (raspberrypi) several times. → install all programs
- `$ make install_conf`
 - o install global_conf.json

The executables are be copied in the *bin* folder.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/sx1302_hal/bin $ ls -l
total 1532
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 119124 Jul 12 12:58 chip_id
-rw-r--r-- 1 pi pi 4092 Jul 12 12:58 global_conf.json.sx1250
-rw-r--r-- 1 pi pi 4630 Jul 12 12:59 global_conf.json.sx1257
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 199284 Jul 12 12:58 lora_pkt_fwd
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 50016 Jul 12 12:58 net_downlink
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 1672 Jul 12 12:58 reset_lgw.sh
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 136580 Jul 12 12:58 test_loragw_cal
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 31020 Jul 12 12:58 test_loragw_capture_ram
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 119452 Jul 12 12:58 test_loragw_counter
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 129460 Jul 12 12:58 test_loragw_gps
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 123560 Jul 12 12:58 test_loragw_hal_rx
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 128192 Jul 12 12:58 test_loragw_hal_tx
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 119304 Jul 12 12:58 test_loragw_i2c
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 119348 Jul 12 12:58 test_loragw_reg
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 119420 Jul 12 12:58 test_loragw_spi
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 119424 Jul 12 12:58 test_loragw_spi_sx1250
```

Figure 13 executables

4.3.5 Semtech HAL Compilation Check

The program *test_loragw_spi* is used to check the reliability of the link between the host platform (on which the program is run) and the LoRa® concentrator register file that is the interface through which all interactions with the LoRa® concentrator happen.

The tests run endlessly or until an error is detected: press Ctrl+C to stop the application.

- `$ cd ~/sx1302_hal/bin`
- `$./test_loragw_spi`

The output looks like this:

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/sx1302_hal/libloragw $ ./test_loragw_spi
Accessing CoreCellSX1302 reset pin through GPIO23...
Accessing CoreCellSX1302 power enable pin through GPIO18...
Beginning of test for loragw_spi.c
SX1302 version: 0x10
Cycle 0 > did a 980-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 1 > did a 638-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 2 > did a 748-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 3 > did a 275-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 4 > did a 426-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 5 > did a 781-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 6 > did a 907-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 7 > did a 422-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 8 > did a 293-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 9 > did a 589-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 10 > did a 317-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 11 > did a 243-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 12 > did a 990-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 13 > did a 216-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 14 > did a 385-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 15 > did a 226-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 16 > did a 22-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 17 > did a 566-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
Cycle 18 > did a 48-byte R/W on a data buffer with no error
```

Figure 14 : test_loragw_spi

4.3.6 Get the Unique ID to the Gateway

The Corecell GW has a unique ID given at production. This ID can be used as a 64-bit MAC address for the Corecell GW.

- `$ cd ~/sx1302_hal/bin`
- `$./chip_id`

Return a unique ID like the following:

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/sx1302_hal/bin $ ./chip_id
CoreCell reset through GPIO23...
CoreCell power enable through GPIO18...

INFO: concentrator EUI: 0x0016C00100002F30

CoreCell reset through GPIO23...
CoreCell power enable through GPIO18...
pi@raspberrypi:~/sx1302_hal/bin $
```

Figure 15 util chip ID

The gateway ID could be then replaced in the global_conf.json.sx1250 file within the repository:

```
~/sx1302_hal/bin/global_conf.json.sx1250
```

```
"gateway_conf": {  
  "gateway_ID": "AA555A0000000000",  
  /* change with default server address/ports */  
  "server_address": "localhost",  
  "serv_port_up": 1730,  
  "serv_port_down": 1730,  
  /* adjust the following parameters for your network */  
  "keepalive_interval": 10,  
  ...  
  ...  
}
```

4-3-7 Run Packet Forwarder

The Packet Forwarder is a program running on the host of a LoRa® Gateway that forward RF packets received by the concentrator to a server through an IP/UDP link, and emits RF packets that are sent by the server.

Run Packet Forwarder for a functional check:

```
$ cd ~/sx1302_hal/bin/  
$ ./lora_pkt_fwd -c global_conf.json.sx1250
```

The output looks like this:

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/sx1302_hal/packet_forwarder $ ./lora_pkt_fwd -c global_conf.json.sx1250  
*** Packet Forwarder ***  
Version: 1.0.0  
*** SX1302 HAL library version info ***  
Version: 1.0.0;  
***  
INFO: Little endian host  
INFO: found configuration file global_conf.json.sx1250, parsing it  
INFO: global_conf.json.sx1250 does contain a JSON object named SX130x_conf, parsing SX1302 parameters  
INFO: spidev_path /dev/spidev0.0, lorawan_public 1, clksrc 0, full_duplex 0  
INFO: antenna_gain 0 dBi  
INFO: Configuring legacy timestamp  
INFO: Configuring Tx Gain LUT for rf_chain 0 with 16 indexes for sx1250  
INFO: radio 0 enabled (type SX1250), center frequency 867500000, RSSI offset -215.399994, tx enabled 1  
INFO: radio 1 enabled (type SX1250), center frequency 868500000, RSSI offset -215.399994, tx enabled 0  
INFO: Lora multi-SF channel 0> radio 1, IF -400000 Hz, 125 kHz bw, SF 5 to 12  
INFO: Lora multi-SF channel 1> radio 1, IF -200000 Hz, 125 kHz bw, SF 5 to 12  
INFO: Lora multi-SF channel 2> radio 1, IF 0 Hz, 125 kHz bw, SF 5 to 12  
INFO: Lora multi-SF channel 3> radio 0, IF -400000 Hz, 125 kHz bw, SF 5 to 12  
INFO: Lora multi-SF channel 4> radio 0, IF -200000 Hz, 125 kHz bw, SF 5 to 12  
INFO: Lora multi-SF channel 5> radio 0, IF 0 Hz, 125 kHz bw, SF 5 to 12  
INFO: Lora multi-SF channel 6> radio 0, IF 200000 Hz, 125 kHz bw, SF 5 to 12  
INFO: Lora multi-SF channel 7> radio 0, IF 400000 Hz, 125 kHz bw, SF 5 to 12  
INFO: Lora std channel> radio 1, IF -200000 Hz, 250000 Hz bw, SF 7, Explicit header  
INFO: FSK channel> radio 1, IF 300000 Hz, 125000 Hz bw, 50000 bps datarate  
INFO: global_conf.json.sx1250 does contain a JSON object named gateway_conf, parsing gateway parameters  
INFO: gateway MAC address is configured to AA555A0000000000  
INFO: server hostname or IP address is configured to "localhost"  
INFO: upstream port is configured to "1730"  
INFO: downstream port is configured to "1730"  
INFO: downstream keep-alive interval is configured to 10 seconds  
INFO: statistics display interval is configured to 30 seconds  
INFO: upstream PUSH_DATA time-out is configured to 100 ms  
INFO: packets received with a valid CRC will be forwarded  
INFO: packets received with a CRC error will NOT be forwarded  
INFO: packets received with no CRC will NOT be forwarded  
INFO: GPS serial port path is configured to "/dev/ttyS0"  
INFO: Reference latitude is configured to 0.000000 deg  
INFO: Reference longitude is configured to 0.000000 deg  
INFO: Reference altitude is configured to 0 meters  
INFO: Beaconsing period is configured to 128 seconds  
INFO: Beaconsing signal will be emitted at 869525000 Hz  
INFO: Beaconsing datarate is set to SF9  
INFO: Beaconsing modulation bandwidth is set to 125000Hz  
INFO: Beaconsing TX power is set to 14dBm  
INFO: Beaconsing information descriptor is set to 0  
INFO: global_conf.json.sx1250 does contain a JSON object named debug_conf, parsing debug parameters  
INFO: got 2 debug reference payload  
INFO: reference payload ID 0 is 0xCAFE1234  
INFO: reference payload ID 1 is 0xCAFE2345  
INFO: setting debug log file name to loragw_hal.log  
INFO: [main] TTY port /dev/ttyS0 open for GPS synchronization  
Accessing CoreCellSX1302 reset pin through GPIO23...  
Accessing CoreCellSX1302 power enable pin through GPIO18...  
INFO: [main] concentrator started, packet can now be received  
INFO: concentrator EUI: 0x0016C00100001419  
  
INFO: Received pkt from mote: 260114D1 (fcnt=57252)
```

Figure 16: Packet Forwarder

5 JSON file for RF Parameter Tuning

Edit the file `~/sx1302_hal/bin/global_conf.json.sx1250` to update the following RF parameters:

- *freq*, *radio* and *if* to set frequency channels
 - o Frequency channels = [*freq* of selected *radio* + *if*] in Hz
- *rss_offset* to tune SX1250 + SX1302 RSSI
- 16 available gain tables *tx_lut_12* until *tx_lut_27* to tune Tx output power thanks to the 3 following parameters:
 - o *pa_gain* : [0 1] PA Enable Corecell GW V1.0, 0 means PA bypassed, 1 means PA ON
 - o *pwr_idx* : [0 22] possible gain settings from 0 (min. gain) to 22 (max. gain)
 - o *rf_power* : RF output power target in dBm

Within a Tx gain table index, the setting `{pa_gain, pwr_idx}` must correspond to the RF output power target defined in the parameter *rf_power*.

A typical Corecell GW *global_conf.json* file looks like this:

```
{
  "SX130x_conf": {
    "spidev_path": "/dev/spidev0.0",
    "lorawan_public": true,
    "clksrc": 0,
    "antenna_gain": 0, /* antenna gain, in dBi */
    "full_duplex": false,
    "precision_timestamp": {
      "enable": false,
      "max_ts_metrics": 255,
      "nb_symbols": 1
    },
    "radio_0": {
      "enable": true,
      "type": "SX1250",
      "freq": 867500000,
      "rssi_offset": -215.4,
      "rssi_tcomp": {"coeff_a": 0, "coeff_b": 0, "coeff_c": 20.41, "coeff_d": 2162.56,
"coeff_e": 0},
      "tx_enable": true,
      "tx_freq_min": 863000000,
      "tx_freq_max": 870000000,
      "tx_gain_lut": [
        {"rf_power": 12, "pa_gain": 0, "pwr_idx": 15},
        {"rf_power": 13, "pa_gain": 0, "pwr_idx": 16},
        {"rf_power": 14, "pa_gain": 0, "pwr_idx": 17},
        {"rf_power": 15, "pa_gain": 0, "pwr_idx": 19},
        {"rf_power": 16, "pa_gain": 0, "pwr_idx": 20},
        {"rf_power": 17, "pa_gain": 0, "pwr_idx": 22},
        {"rf_power": 18, "pa_gain": 1, "pwr_idx": 1},
        {"rf_power": 19, "pa_gain": 1, "pwr_idx": 2},
        {"rf_power": 20, "pa_gain": 1, "pwr_idx": 3},
        {"rf_power": 21, "pa_gain": 1, "pwr_idx": 4},
        {"rf_power": 22, "pa_gain": 1, "pwr_idx": 5},
        {"rf_power": 23, "pa_gain": 1, "pwr_idx": 6},
        {"rf_power": 24, "pa_gain": 1, "pwr_idx": 7},
        {"rf_power": 25, "pa_gain": 1, "pwr_idx": 9},
        {"rf_power": 26, "pa_gain": 1, "pwr_idx": 11},
        {"rf_power": 27, "pa_gain": 1, "pwr_idx": 14}
      ]
    },
    "radio_1": {
      "enable": true,
      "type": "SX1250",
      "freq": 868500000,
      "rssi_offset": -215.4,
      "rssi_tcomp": {"coeff_a": 0, "coeff_b": 0, "coeff_c": 20.41, "coeff_d": 2162.56,
"coeff_e": 0},
      "tx_enable": false
    }
  },
}
```

```

        "chan_multiSF_0": {"enable": true, "radio": 1, "if": -400000},
        "chan_multiSF_1": {"enable": true, "radio": 1, "if": -200000},
        "chan_multiSF_2": {"enable": true, "radio": 1, "if": 0},
        "chan_multiSF_3": {"enable": true, "radio": 0, "if": -400000},
        "chan_multiSF_4": {"enable": true, "radio": 0, "if": -200000},
        "chan_multiSF_5": {"enable": true, "radio": 0, "if": 0},
        "chan_multiSF_6": {"enable": true, "radio": 0, "if": 200000},
        "chan_multiSF_7": {"enable": true, "radio": 0, "if": 400000},
        "chan_Lora_std": {"enable": true, "radio": 1, "if": -200000, "bandwidth": 250000,
"spread_factor": 7,
        "implicit_hdr": false, "implicit_payload_length": 17, "implicit_crc_en": false, "implicit_coderate": 1},
        "chan_FSK": {"enable": true, "radio": 1, "if": 300000, "bandwidth": 125000, "datarate":
50000}
    },

    "gateway_conf": {
        "gateway_ID": "AA555A0000000000",
        /* change with default server address/ports */
        "server_address": "localhost",
        "serv_port_up": 1730,
        "serv_port_down": 1730,
        /* adjust the following parameters for your network */
        "keepalive_interval": 10,
        "stat_interval": 30,
        "push_timeout_ms": 100,
        /* forward only valid packets */
        "forward_crc_valid": true,
        "forward_crc_error": false,
        "forward_crc_disabled": false,
        /* GPS configuration */
        "gps_tty_path": "/dev/ttyS0",
        /* GPS reference coordinates */
        "ref_latitude": 0.0,
        "ref_longitude": 0.0,
        "ref_altitude": 0,
        /* Beacons parameters */
        "beacon_period": 128,
        "beacon_freq_hz": 869525000,
        "beacon_datarate": 9,
        "beacon_bw_hz": 125000,
        "beacon_power": 14,
        "beacon_infodesc": 0
    },

    "debug_conf": {
        "ref_payload": [
            {"id": "0xCAFE1234"},
            {"id": "0xCAFE2345"}
        ],
        "log_file": "loragw_hal.log"
    }
}

```

6 References

- [1] SX1302 information: <http://www.semtech.com/wireless-rf/rf-transceivers/sx1302/>
- [2] SX1250 datasheet: <http://www.semtech.com/images/datasheet/sx1250.pdf>

7 Revision History

Version	Date	Modifications
1.0	July 2019	First Release

8 Glossary

BB	BaseBand
BoM	Bill Of Materials
BW	BandWidth
CLK	Clock
CW	Continuous Wave
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standard Institute
DFU	Device Firmware Update
EU	Europe
EUI	Extended Unique Identifier
GB	GigaByte
GPS	Global Positioning System
GW	GateWay
HAL	Hardware Abstraction Layer
HDMI	High-Definition Multimedia Interface
HW	HardWare
IP	Intellectual Property
ISM	Industrial, Scientific and Medical applications
LAN	Local Area Network
LBT	Listen Before Talk
LO	Local Oscillator
LoRa®	LOng RAnge modulation technique
LoRaWAN	LoRa® low power Wide Area Network protocol
LPF	Low Pass Filter
LSB	Least Significant Bit
LUT	Look Up Table
MAC	Media Access Control address
MCU	Micro-Controller Unit
MPU	Micro-Processing Unit
PA	Power Amplifier
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indication
RF	Radio-Frequency
RX	Receiver
SAW	Surface Acoustic Wave filter
SD Card	Secure Digital Card
SF	Spreading Factor
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface
SPDT	Single-Pole, Double-Throw switch
SSH	Secure SHell
SW	SoftWare
TX	Transmitter
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
USB	Universal Serial Bus



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